STATE OF NEW YORK

5927--A

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

March 23, 2021

Introduced by Sens. HOYLMAN, RIVERA, BIAGGI, BRISPORT, BROUK, COMRIE, COONEY, HARCKHAM, HINCHEY, JACKSON, KAVANAGH, LIU, MANNION, MAY, MAYER, MYRIE, PERSAUD, RAMOS, REICHLIN-MELNICK, SALAZAR, SANDERS, SERRANO, STAVISKY -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to enacting the New York State COVID-19 Health Registry Act

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Article 21 of the public health law is amended by adding a new title 9 to read as follows:

TITLE 9

New York State COVID-19 Health Registry

Section 2185. Legislative findings and purpose.

2185-a. Definitions.

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2185-b. New York state COVID-19 health registry.

2185-c. Enrollment and eligibility.

2185-d. Confidentiality.

2185-e. Annual report.

§ 2185. Legislative findings and purpose. 1. The legislature hereby finds, determines and declares that COVID-19 has had a devastating 12 impact on the state of New York. Since the first recorded death of a 14 New York resident from the virus on March fourteenth, two thousand twen-15 ty, tens of thousands of New Yorkers have lost their lives to COVID-19, 16 and over one and a half million confirmed cases have been diagnosed as 17 of the effective date of this article. The sudden emergence and rapid 18 spread of COVID-19 around the world has led to an evolving understanding 19 of the transmissibility, virulence, and symptoms of the virus by scien-20 tists and public health experts that continues to this day. Questions

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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remain as to why approximately eighty percent of those infected with COVID-19 experience mild to no symptoms, while the remainder experience a more severe response that can result in hospitalization or death, and weeks-long recoveries for those who survive. There is also growing awareness and concern about post-COVID conditions, sometimes referred to as "long COVID," in which a small but significant percentage of patients experience persistent symptoms weeks or months after recovering from their initial infection.

It is vital that the state of New York commit to monitoring and tracking the long-term health impacts of COVID-19, even as effective vaccines become more widely available. The establishment of a voluntary registry of New Yorkers who survived COVID-19 infection holds the promise of providing public health experts with a database of information that may lead to a better understanding of trends in long-term illness and recovery, and the needs of survivors, particularly those suffering from post-COVID conditions.

§ 2185-a. Definitions. As used in this title:

- 18 <u>1. "COVID-19" means infection with or the disease caused by the severe</u> 19 <u>acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2);</u>
- 20 <u>2. "Registry" means the COVID-19 health registry established by this</u> 21 title.
 - § 2185-b. New York state COVID-19 health registry. The department is hereby authorized and directed to establish a voluntary statewide COVID-19 health registry for the purpose of monitoring the long-term health impacts of the virus. The registry shall serve, and shall be administered consistent with, the following public health purposes:
 - 1. Monitoring the long-term physical and mental health impacts of COVID-19 infections, including, but not limited to, post-COVID conditions;
- 2. Periodically surveying registry enrollees to gather relevant information for the purposes of monitoring the long-term physical and mental
 health impacts of COVID-19 infections;

 3. Sharing, subject to the confidentiality requirements of section
 - 3. Sharing, subject to the confidentiality requirements of section twenty-one hundred eighty-five-d of this title and any other applicable state or federal laws or regulations, de-identified survey data or other registry information with researchers for the purpose of medical, public health or other scientific research. As a condition of sharing such data or information, any subsequently published studies, reports or findings that used such data or information shall be made available at no charge to the public on the department's website; and
 - 4. Providing enrollees with information about COVID-19-related health studies, programs, benefits, and other relevant information.
 - § 2185-c. Enrollment and eligibility. 1. The initial enrollment period for the registry shall begin ninety days after the effective date of this section. The commissioner may set a date upon which the initial enrollment period ends, but such date shall not be prior to one year after the initial enrollment period begins.
- 2. The commissioner may, at his or her discretion, order additional enrollment periods subsequent to the initial enrollment period, of such lengths as he or she determines.
- 3. The commissioner shall promulgate regulations to establish eligibility for enrollment in the registry. Eligible participants shall, at a minimum, include New York residents who receive a diagnosis of post-CO-VID conditions made by an individual licensed to provide health care services within the state of New York.

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§ 2185-d. Confidentiality. 1. All registry information shall be kept confidential by the department and may not be disclosed except for a permitted purpose.

- 2. The commissioner shall promulgate regulations establishing permitted purposes and uses of registry information.
- (a) All such regulations shall maintain the anonymity of individuals enrolled in the registry and govern access to information maintained by the registry.
- 9 (b) It shall not be a permitted purpose for the department or any 10 authorized user of the registry to provide information contained in the 11 registry with immigration authorities.
 - 3. The registry shall comply with all state and federal laws and requlations related to maintaining the privacy and confidentiality of records contained with the registry.
- § 2185-e. Annual report. The commissioner shall submit on or before 16 December first, an annual report to the governor and the legislature concerning the operation of the registry. The first such report required under this section shall be published on December first of the calendar year following the commencement of the initial enrollment period for the registry, and shall include strategies for implementation of the registry and for promoting the registry to the general public, with a particular focus on eligible enrollees belonging to racial or ethnic groups that have been disproportionately impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Subsequent annual reports shall include the findings of any surveys conducted by the department of registry enrollees, the findings of any scientific studies, papers, or reports produced using data or information collected in the registry, and recommendations for state action to address health issues or trends identified by the department.
- 29 § 2. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall 30 have become a law.