STATE OF NEW YORK

5870

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

March 19, 2021

Introduced by Sen. GOUNARDES -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Investigations and Government Operations

AN ACT to amend the executive law, in relation to retaliation against certain unlawful discriminatory practices by employers

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Subdivision 7 of section 296 of the executive law, as 2 amended by chapter 166 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as 3 follows:

4 7. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for any person 5 engaged in any activity to which this section applies to retaliate or 6 discriminate against any person because he or she has opposed any prac-7 tices forbidden under this article or because he or she has filed a 8 complaint, testified or assisted in any proceeding under this article. 9 Retaliation may include, but is not limited to, disclosing an employee's 10 personnel files because he or she has opposed any practices forbidden under this article or because he or she has filed a complaint, testified 11 or assisted in any proceeding under this article, except where such 12 13 disclosure is made in the course of commencing or responding to a 14 complaint in any proceeding under this article or any other civil or 15 criminal action or other judicial or administrative proceeding as permitted by applicable law. 16

17 § 2. Subdivision 9 of section 297 of the executive law, as separately 18 amended by chapter 160 of the laws of 2019 and chapter 236 of the laws 19 of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

9. Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an unlawful discriminatory practice shall have a cause of action in any court of appropriate jurisdiction for damages, including, in cases of employment discrimination related to private employers and housing discrimination only, punitive damages, and such other remedies as may be appropriate, including any

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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civil fines and penalties provided in subdivision four of this section, 1 2 unless such person had filed a complaint hereunder or with any local commission on human rights, or with the superintendent pursuant to the 3 4 provisions of section two hundred ninety-six-a of this [chapter] 5 article, provided that, where the division has dismissed such complaint б on the grounds of administrative convenience, on the grounds of untime-7 liness, or on the grounds that the election of remedies is annulled, 8 such person shall maintain all rights to bring suit as if no complaint 9 had been filed with the division. At any time prior to a hearing before 10 a hearing examiner, a person who has a complaint pending at the division 11 may request that the division dismiss the complaint and annul his or her election of remedies so that the human rights law claim may be pursued 12 13 in court, and the division may, upon such request, dismiss the complaint 14 on the grounds that such person's election of an administrative remedy is annulled. Notwithstanding subdivision (a) of section two hundred four 15 16 of the civil practice law and rules, if a complaint is so annulled by 17 the division, upon the request of the party bringing such complaint before the division, such party's rights to bring such cause of action 18 19 before a court of appropriate jurisdiction shall be limited by the stat-20 ute of limitations in effect in such court at the time the complaint was 21 initially filed with the division. Any party to a housing discrimination complaint shall have the right within twenty days following a determi-22 23 nation of probable cause pursuant to subdivision two of this section to 24 elect to have an action commenced in a civil court, and an attorney 25 representing the division of human rights will be appointed to present 26 the complaint in court, or, with the consent of the division, the case 27 may be presented by complainant's attorney. A complaint filed by the 28 equal employment opportunity commission to comply with the requirements 29 of 42 USC 2000e-5(c) and 42 USC 12117(a) and 29 USC 633(b) shall not 30 constitute the filing of a complaint within the meaning of this subdivi-31 sion. No person who has initiated any action in a court of competent 32 jurisdiction or who has an action pending before any administrative 33 agency under any other law of the state based upon an act which would be 34 an unlawful discriminatory practice under this article, may file a 35 complaint with respect to the same grievance under this section or under 36 section two hundred ninety-six-a of this article. In cases of housing 37 discrimination only, a person whose complaint has been dismissed by the division after investigation for lack of jurisdiction or lack of proba-38 ble cause may file the same cause of action in a court of appropriate 39 jurisdiction pursuant to this section, unless judicial review of such 40 41 dismissal has been sought pursuant to section two hundred ninety-eight 42 of this article. The attorney general shall have the power to commence 43 an action or proceeding in the supreme court of the state of New York, 44 if, upon information or belief, the attorney general is of the opinion 45 that an employer has been, is, or is about to violate the provisions 46 regarding unlawful discriminatory retaliation pursuant to subdivision 47 seven of section two hundred ninety-six of this article. Nothing in this section shall in any way limit rights or remedies which are otherwise 48 available under law to the attorney general or any other person author-49 50 ized to bring an action under this section.

51 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.