

# STATE OF NEW YORK

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525

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

(Prefiled)

January 6, 2021

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Introduced by Sens. BIAGGI, SERINO -- read twice and ordered printed,  
and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law and the executive law, in relation  
to the treatment of domestic violence victims and documentation of  
injury and evidence

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assem-  
bly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 2805-z of the public health law, as amended by  
2 chapter 37 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

3 § 2805-z. Hospital domestic violence policies and procedures. 1. Every  
4 general hospital shall: (a) develop, maintain and disseminate written  
5 policies and procedures for the identification, assessment, treatment  
6 and referral of confirmed or suspected cases of domestic violence; (b)  
7 establish, and implement on an ongoing basis, a training program for all  
8 nursing, medical, social work and other clinical personnel, and security  
9 personnel working in hospital service units regarding the policies and  
10 procedures established pursuant to this section; and (c) designate a  
11 staff member to contact the domestic violence or victim assistance  
12 organization identified by the commissioner under subdivision [~~three~~]  
13 seven of this section providing victim assistance to the geographic area  
14 served by such hospital to establish the coordination of services to  
15 domestic violence victims.

16 2. Upon admittance or commencement of treatment of a confirmed or  
17 suspected domestic violence victim, such hospital shall advise the  
18 victim of the availability of the services of a domestic violence or  
19 victim assistance organization. If after receiving such advice the  
20 domestic violence victim wishes the presence of a domestic violence or  
21 victim assistance advocate, such hospital shall contact the appropriate  
22 organization and request that one be provided.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[~~-~~] is old law to be omitted.

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3. Upon the request and consent of the patient, every hospital providing treatment to alleged victims of domestic violence shall be responsible for:

(a) providing documentation of domestic violence evidence, including but not limited to the maintenance of domestic violence evidence and the chain of custody as provided in subdivision four of this section;

(b) contacting a domestic violence assistance organization or shelter, if any, providing domestic violence services and assistance to the geographic area served by the hospital to establish the coordination of non-medical services to domestic violence victims who request such coordination and services; and

(c) ensuring that domestic violence victims are not billed for domestic violence forensic exams and are notified orally and in writing of the option to decline to provide private health insurance information and have the office of victim services reimburse the hospital for the exam pursuant to subdivision thirteen of section six hundred thirty-one of the executive law.

4. Domestic violence evidence shall be collected and maintained as follows:

(a) All domestic violence evidence, including but not limited to photographic evidence, shall be provided to the alleged victim upon their request. Upon the consent of the victim, all domestic violence evidence, including photographic evidence, shall be kept in a locked, separate and secure area for five years from the date of collection; provided that such evidence shall be transferred to a new location or locations pursuant to this subdivision.

(b) Domestic violence evidence shall include, but not be limited to, slides, cotton swabs, photographs, clothing and other items. Where appropriate, such items shall be refrigerated and the cloths and swabs shall be dried, stored in paper bags, and labeled. Each item of evidence shall be marked and logged with a code number corresponding to the alleged domestic violence victim's medical record.

(c) Upon collection, the hospital shall notify the alleged domestic violence victim that, after five years, the domestic violence evidence will be discarded in compliance with state and local health codes and that the alleged domestic violence victim's clothes or personal effects will be returned to the alleged domestic violence victim at any time upon request. The alleged domestic violence victim shall be given the option of providing contact information for purposes of receiving notice of the planned destruction of such evidence after the expiration of the five-year period.

5. Nothing within this section shall preclude the reporting hospital from using the resources, procedures, or means of notification previously established under any other law with respect to the collection of evidence that does not mitigate or abrogate any responsibilities herein.

6. Notwithstanding any provision of this section, where the person is an alleged victim of a sexual assault or offense the hospital shall treat and maintain evidence in accordance with section twenty-eight hundred five-i of this article.

[3] 7. The commissioner shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper to carry out effectively the provisions of this section. Prior to promulgating such rules and regulations, the commissioner shall consult with the office for the prevention of domestic violence and other such persons as the commissioner deems necessary to develop a model policy for hospitals to utilize in complying with this section and to identify the domestic violence or victim assistance

1 organizations operating in each hospital's geographic area, a list of  
2 which the commissioner shall provide to hospitals with the model policy.

3 § 2. Subdivision 1 of section 631 of the executive law, as separately  
4 amended by chapters 189 and 295 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read  
5 as follows:

6 1. No award shall be made unless the office finds that (a) a crime was  
7 committed, (b) such crime directly resulted in personal physical injury  
8 to or the exacerbation of a preexisting disability, or condition, or  
9 death of, the victim, and (c) criminal justice agency records show that  
10 such crime was promptly reported to the proper authorities; and in no  
11 case may an award be made where the criminal justice agency records show  
12 that such report was made more than one week after the occurrence of  
13 such crime unless the office, for good cause shown, finds the delay to  
14 have been justified. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this  
15 subdivision, in cases involving an alleged sex offense as contained in  
16 article one hundred thirty of the penal law or incest as defined in  
17 section 255.25, 255.26 or 255.27 of the penal law or labor trafficking  
18 as defined in section 135.35 of the penal law or sex trafficking as  
19 defined in sections 230.34 and 230.34-a of the penal law or an offense  
20 chargeable as a family offense as described in section eight hundred  
21 twelve of the family court act or section 530.11 of the criminal proce-  
22 dure law, the criminal justice agency report need only be made within a  
23 reasonable time considering all the circumstances, including the  
24 victim's physical, emotional and mental condition and family situation.  
25 For the purposes of this subdivision, "criminal justice agency" shall  
26 include, but not be limited to, a police department, a district attor-  
27 ney's office, and any other governmental agency having responsibility  
28 for the enforcement of the criminal laws of the state provided, however,  
29 that in cases involving such sex offense or family offense a criminal  
30 justice agency shall also mean a family court, a governmental agency  
31 responsible for child and/or adult protective services pursuant to title  
32 six of article six of the social services law and/or title one of arti-  
33 cle nine-B of the social services law, and any medical facility estab-  
34 lished under the laws of the state that provides a forensic physical  
35 examination for victims of rape and sexual assault or a forensic exam-  
36 ination of domestic violence victims pursuant to section twenty-eight  
37 hundred five-z of the public health law.

38 § 3. Section 631 of the executive law is amended by adding a new  
39 subdivision 19 to read as follows:

40 19. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule, or regulation to  
41 the contrary, when any New York state accredited hospital, accredited  
42 sexual assault examiner program, or licensed health care provider  
43 furnishes services to any alleged domestic violence victim, including  
44 but not limited to a forensic examination of domestic violence victims  
45 pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred five-z of the public health law  
46 in accordance with the domestic violence offense evidence collection  
47 protocol and standards established by the department of health, such  
48 hospital, sexual assault examiner program, or licensed health care  
49 provider shall provide such services to the person without charge and  
50 shall bill the office directly. The office, in consultation with the  
51 department of health, shall define the specific services to be covered  
52 by the domestic violence forensic exam reimbursement fee, which must  
53 include at a minimum forensic examiner services, hospital or health care  
54 facility services related to the exam, and related laboratory tests. The  
55 office, in consultation with the department of health, shall also gener-  
56 ate the necessary regulations and forms for the direct reimbursement

1 procedure. The rate for reimbursement shall be the amount of itemized  
2 charges not exceeding eight hundred dollars, to be reviewed and adjusted  
3 annually by the office in consultation with the department of health.  
4 The hospital, sexual assault examiner program, or licensed health care  
5 provider must accept this fee as payment in full for these specified  
6 services. No additional billing of the victim for said services is  
7 permissible. A domestic violence victim may voluntarily assign any  
8 private insurance benefits to which he or she is entitled for the health  
9 care forensic examination, in which case the hospital or health care  
10 provider may not charge the office; provided, however, in the event the  
11 domestic violence victim assigns any private health insurance benefit,  
12 such coverage shall not be subject to annual deductibles or coinsurance  
13 or balance billing by the hospital, sexual assault examiner program or  
14 licensed health care provider. A hospital, sexual assault examiner  
15 program or licensed health care provider shall, at the time of the  
16 initial visit, request assignment of any private health insurance bene-  
17 fits to which the domestic violence victim is entitled on a form  
18 prescribed by the office; provided, however, such domestic violence  
19 victim shall be advised orally and in writing that he or she may decline  
20 to provide such information regarding private health insurance benefits  
21 if he or she believes that the provision of such information would  
22 substantially interfere with his or her personal privacy or safety and  
23 in such event, the domestic violence forensic exam fee shall be paid by  
24 the office. Such domestic violence victim shall also be advised that  
25 providing such information may provide additional resources to pay for  
26 services to other victims. If he or she declines to provide such health  
27 insurance information, he or she shall indicate such decision on the  
28 form provided by the hospital, sexual assault examiner program or  
29 licensed health care provider, which form shall be prescribed by the  
30 office.

31 § 4. This act shall take effect on the same date and in the same  
32 manner as chapter 37 of the laws of 2020, takes effect.