STATE OF NEW YORK

5143

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

February 25, 2021

Introduced by Sen. RATH -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Budget and Revenue

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a credit against income tax for the rehabilitation of distressed residential properties

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1	Section 1. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new
2	subsection (kkk) to read as follows:
3	(kkk) Credit for rehabilitation of distressed residential properties.
4	(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand
5	twenty-one, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter
б	provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to
7	thirty percent of the qualified rehabilitation expenditures made by the
8	taxpayer with respect to a qualified distressed residential property.
9	Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed one hundred thousand
10	dollars.
11	(2) Tax credits allowed pursuant to this subsection shall be allowed
12	in the taxable year in which the property is deemed a certified rehabil-
13	<u>itation.</u>
14	(3) If the amount of the credit allowable under this subsection for
15	any taxable year shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, the
16	excess may be carried over to the following year or years, and may be
17	applied against the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.
18	(4) (A) The term "qualified rehabilitation expenditure" means, for
19	purposes of this subsection, any amount properly chargeable to a capital
20	account:
21	(i) in connection with the certified rehabilitation of a qualified
22	distressed residential property, and
23	(ii) for property for which depreciation would be allowable under
24	section 168 of the internal revenue code.

EXPLANATION--Matter in **italics** (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD10019-01-1

S. 5143

1	(B) Such term shall not include (i) the cost of acquiring any building
2	or interest therein, (ii) any expenditure attributable to the enlarge-
3	ment of an existing building, or (iii) any expenditure made prior to
4	January first, two thousand twenty-one or after December thirty-first,
5	two thousand twenty-six.
6	(5) The term "certified rehabilitation" means, for purposes of
7	distressed residential property in this subsection, any rehabilitation
8	of a certified distressed residential property which has been approved
9	and certified by a local government as being completed, with a certif-
10	icate of occupancy issued, and that the costs are consistent with the
11	work completed. Such certification shall be acceptable as proof that the
12^{11}	expenditures related to such rehabilitation gualify as gualified reha-
13	bilitation expenditures for purposes of the credit allowed under para-
14^{13}	graph one of this subsection.
15	(6) (A) The term "qualified residential property" means, for purposes
16	of this subsection, a distressed residential property located within New
17	York state:
18	(i) which has been substantially rehabilitated,
19	(ii) which was constructed prior to January first, nineteen hundred
20	sixty-two,
21	(iii) which is owned by the taxpayer, and
22	(iv) which is located within a distressed residential or mixed-use
23	area, as identified by each locality through local law, that is deemed
24	an area in need of community renewal due to dilapidation and vacancies.
25	(B) If the distressed residential property is rental property, such
26	property shall have been vacant for at least six months while actively
27	marketed for lease.
28	(C) A building shall be treated as having been "substantially rehabil-
29	itated" if the qualified rehabilitation expenditures in relation to such
30	<u>building total ten thousand dollars or more.</u>
31	(7) (A) If the taxpayer disposes of such taxpayer's interest in the
32	qualified distressed residential property, or such property ceases to be
33	used as a residential property of the taxpayer within five years of
34	receiving the credit under this subsection, the taxpayer's tax imposed
35	by this article for the taxable year in which such disposition or cessa-
36	tion occurs shall be increased by the recapture portion of the credit
37	allowed under this subsection for all prior taxable years with respect
38	to such rehabilitation.
39	(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the recapture
40	portion shall be the product of the amount of credit claimed by the
41	taxpayer multiplied by a ratio, the numerator of which is equal to sixty
42	less the number of months the building is owned or used as residential
43	property by the taxpayer and the denominator of which is sixty.
44	(8) Any expenditure for which a credit is claimed under this
45	subsection shall not be eligible for any other credit under this chap-
46	ter.
	§ 2. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606
47 48	of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xlvi) to read as
49	follows:
F 0	(wlad) Guadit fan webekilitetien - Prove of swedit
50	(xlvi) Credit for rehabilitation Amount of credit
51	of distressed residential under subdivision fifty-five
52	properties under subsection (kkk) of section two hundred ten-B

53 § 3. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-54 sion 55 to read as follows: S. 5143

1	55. Credit for rehabilitation of distressed residential properties.
2	(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand
3	twenty-one, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter
4	provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to
5	thirty percent of the qualified rehabilitation expenditures made by the
6	taxpayer with respect to a qualified distressed residential property.
7	Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed one hundred thousand
8	dollars.
9	(2) Tax credits allowed pursuant to this subdivision shall be allowed
10	in the taxable year in which the property is deemed a certified rehabil-
11	itation.
12	(3) If the amount of the credit allowable under this subdivision for
13	any taxable year shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, the
14	excess may be carried over to the following year or years, and may be
15	applied against the taxpayer's tax for such year or years, but shall not
16	exceed twenty-five thousand dollars.
17	(4) (A) The term "qualified rehabilitation expenditure" means, for
18	purposes of this subdivision, any amount properly chargeable to a capi-
19	tal account:
20	(i) in connection with the certified rehabilitation of a qualified
21	residential property, and
22	(ii) for property for which depreciation would be allowable under
23	section 168 of the internal revenue code.
24	(B) Such term shall not include (i) the cost of acquiring any building
25	or interest therein, (ii) any expenditure attributable to the enlarge-
26	ment of an existing building, or (iii) any expenditure made prior to
27	January first, two thousand twenty-one or after December thirty-first,
28	two thousand twenty-six.
29	(5) The term "certified rehabilitation" means, for purposes of this
30	subdivision, any rehabilitation of a certified distressed residential
31	property which has been approved and certified by a local government as
32	being completed, with a certificate of occupancy issued, and that the
33	costs are consistent with the work completed. Such certification shall
34	be acceptable as proof that the expenditures related to such rehabili-
35	tation qualify as qualified rehabilitation expenditures for purposes of
36	the credit allowed under paragraph one of this subdivision.
37	(6) (A) The term "qualified residential property" means, for purposes
38	of this subdivision, a distressed residential property located within
39	New York state:
40	(i) which has been substantially rehabilitated,
41	(ii) which was constructed prior to January first, nineteen hundred
42	<u>sixty-two,</u>
43	(iii) which is owned by the taxpayer, and
44	(iv) which is located within a distressed residential or mixed-use
45	area, as identified by each locality through local law, that is deemed
46	an area in need of community renewal due to dilapidation and vacancies.
47	(B) If the distressed residential property is rental property, such
48	property shall have been vacant for at least six months while actively
49	marketed for lease.
50 E 1	(C) A building shall be treated as having been "substantially rehabil-
51 52	itated" if the qualified rehabilitation expenditures in relation to such
52 52	building total ten thousand dollars or more.
53 54	(7) (A) If the taxpayer disposes of such taxpayer's interest in the
54 55	qualified distressed residential property, or such property ceases to be used as a residential property of the taxpayer within five years of
55 56	receiving the credit under this subdivision, the taxpayer's tax imposed
50	TCCCIAINA CHE CIENIC MINEI CHIB BUDUIAIBION, CHE CAVbasei & CAY IMBOSEN

3

S. 5143

1	by this article for the taxable year in which such disposition or cessa-
2	tion occurs shall be increased by the recapture portion of the credit
3	allowed under this subdivision for all prior taxable years with respect
4	to such rehabilitation.
5	(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the recapture
б	portion shall be the product of the amount of credit claimed by the
7	taxpayer multiplied by a ratio, the numerator of which is equal to sixty
8	less the number of months the building is owned or used as residential
9	property by the taxpayer and the denominator of which is sixty.
10	(8) Any expenditure for which a credit is claimed under this subdivi-
11	sion shall not be eligible for any other credit under this chapter.
12	§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable
13	years beginning on or after January 1, 2021.