

# STATE OF NEW YORK

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## IN SENATE

January 27, 2021

Introduced by Sen. KAVANAGH -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Banks -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- reported favorably from said committee, ordered to first and second report, ordered to a third reading, amended and ordered reprinted, retaining its place in the order of third reading

AN ACT to amend the banking law and the civil practice law and rules, in relation to licensing consumer debt collectors

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The banking law is amended by adding a new article 7 to  
2 read as follows:

### ARTICLE VII

#### LICENSED CONSUMER DEBT COLLECTORS

##### Section 295. Definitions.

6 296. License required; entities exempt.

7 297. Application for license; fees.

8 298. Surety bond required.

9 299. Examination; books and records; reports.

10 300. Prohibited acts.

11 301. Regulations; minimum standards.

12 302. Application for acquisition of control of a consumer debt  
13 collector.

14 303. Suspension and revocation.

15 304. Bad actors.

16 305. Penalties.

17 306. Preemption.

18 § 295. Definitions. As used in this article:

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscoring) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD02792-07-1

1 1. "Applicant" means a consumer debt collector who has filed an appli-  
2 cation to obtain a license under this article.

3 2. "Communication" and "communicate" means the conveying of informa-  
4 tion regarding a debt directly or indirectly to any person through any  
5 medium.

6 3. "Consumer debt" means any obligation of a natural person for the  
7 payment of money or its equivalent which arises out of a transaction  
8 which was primarily for personal, family, or household purposes. The  
9 term includes an obligation of a natural person who is a co-maker,  
10 endorser, guarantor or surety of such a transaction.

11 4. "Consumer debtor" means any natural person who owes or is asserted  
12 to owe any consumer debt.

13 5. "Consumer debt collector" means any person who engages in a busi-  
14 ness, a principal purpose of which is debt buying, or regularly collect-  
15 ing or attempting to collect, directly or indirectly, consumer debts:  
16 (a) owed or due or asserted to be owed or due to another person; or (b)  
17 obtained by or assigned to such person that are in default when obtained  
18 or acquired by such person. The term includes any creditor who, in the  
19 process of collecting its own consumer debts, and uses any name other  
20 than its own which would reasonably indicate that a third person is  
21 collecting or attempting to collect a consumer debt.

22 6. "Control" means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to  
23 direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a  
24 person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract,  
25 except a commercial contract for goods or non-management services, or  
26 otherwise. Control shall be presumed to exist if any person directly or  
27 indirectly owns, controls or holds with the power to vote ten percent or  
28 more of the voting securities of any other person.

29 7. "Creditor" means any person to whom a consumer debt is owed, due or  
30 asserted to be due or owed, or any assignee for value of said person.

31 8. "Licensee" means a consumer debt collector that possesses one or  
32 more licenses pursuant to this article.

33 9. "Person" means a natural person or any entity, including but not  
34 limited to any partnership, corporation, limited liability company,  
35 branch, agency, association, organization, any similar entity or any  
36 combination of the foregoing acting in concert.

37 § 296. License required; entities exempt. 1. No person shall act with-  
38 in this state as a consumer debt collector, directly or indirectly,  
39 without first obtaining a license from the superintendent. A consumer  
40 debt collector is acting within this state if it is physically located  
41 in New York or if it is seeking to collect from any consumer debtor that  
42 resides within this state.

43 2. No creditor, or the state or municipality of the state, may utilize  
44 the services of a consumer debt collector to collect from a consumer  
45 debtor that resides within this state unless the consumer debt collector  
46 is licensed by the superintendent.

47 3. No person shall accept payments from consumer debtors on behalf of  
48 a consumer debt collector acting within this state unless such consumer  
49 debt collector is licensed by the superintendent.

50 4. The requirements of subdivisions one, two and three of this section  
51 shall not apply to:

52 (a) any officer or employee of a licensed consumer debt collector when  
53 attempting to collect on behalf of such consumer debt collector;

54 (b) any officer or employee of a creditor while in the name of the  
55 creditor collecting debts for such creditor;

56 (c) any public officer acting in their official capacity;

1 (d) a person who is principally engaged in the business of servicing  
2 loans or accounts which are not delinquent for the owners thereof when  
3 in addition to requesting payment from delinquent consumer debtors, the  
4 person provides other services including receipt of payment, accounting,  
5 record-keeping, data processing services and remitting, for loans or  
6 accounts which are current as well as those which are delinquent;

7 (e) any person while serving or making a bona fide attempt to serve  
8 legal process on any other person in connection with the judicial  
9 enforcement of any debt;

10 (f) any non-profit organization which, at the request of a consumer  
11 debtor, performs bona fide consumer credit counseling and assists  
12 customers in the liquidation of their debts by receiving payments from  
13 such consumer debtors and distributing such amounts to creditors;

14 (g) any bank, trust company, savings banks, savings and loan associ-  
15 ation, credit union, or foreign banking corporation, whether incorpo-  
16 rated, chartered, organized or licensed under the laws of this state,  
17 any other state, or the United States, any agency or division of the  
18 federal government, or any insurer doing business under a license issued  
19 under the insurance law;

20 (h) a subsidiary or affiliate of any bank, trust company, savings  
21 banks, savings and loan association, credit union, or foreign banking  
22 corporation, whether incorporated, chartered, organized or licensed  
23 under the laws of this state, any other state, or the United States, any  
24 agency or division of the federal government, or any insurer doing busi-  
25 ness under a license issued under the insurance law, provided such  
26 affiliate or subsidiary is not primarily engaged in the business of  
27 purchasing and collecting upon delinquent debt, other than delinquent  
28 debt secured by real property;

29 (i) any person engaged in business, the principal purpose of which is  
30 to regularly collect or attempt to collect debts owed or due or asserted  
31 to be owed or due to another person where the debt is enforced for  
32 child support, spousal support, maintenance or alimony, provided, howev-  
33 er, that if such person also regularly collects or attempts to collect  
34 debts other than those enforced for child support, spousal support,  
35 maintenance or alimony, such person must comply with the requirements of  
36 this article;

37 (j) any person while acting as a consumer debt collector for another  
38 person, both of whom are related by common ownership or affiliated by  
39 corporate control, if the person acting as a consumer debt collector  
40 does so only for persons to whom it is so related or affiliated and if  
41 the principal business of such person is not the collection of debts;

42 (k) any attorney-at-law or law firm collecting a debt in such capacity  
43 on behalf of and in the name of a client solely through activities that  
44 may only be performed by a licensed attorney, but not any attorney-at-  
45 law or law firm or part thereof who regularly engages in activities  
46 traditionally performed by debt collectors, including, but not limited  
47 to, contacting a debtor through the mail or via telephone with the  
48 purpose of collecting a debt or other activities as determined by rule  
49 of the superintendent;

50 (l) any person employed by a utility regulated under the provisions of  
51 the public service law, acting for such utility;

52 (m) any person collecting or attempting to collect any debt owed or  
53 due or asserted to be owed or due another to the extent such activity:  
54 (i) is incidental to a bona fide fiduciary obligation or a bona fide  
55 escrow agreement; (ii) concerns a debt which was originated by such  
56 person; or (iii) concerns a debt which was not in default at the time it

1 was obtained by such person as a secured party in a commercial credit  
2 transaction involving the creditor; and

3 (n) any officer or employee of the United States, any state thereof or  
4 any political subdivision of any state to the extent that collecting or  
5 attempting to collect any debt owed is in the performance of his or her  
6 official duties.

7 § 297. Application for license; fees. 1. (a) An application for a  
8 license under this article shall be in writing, under oath, and in the  
9 form prescribed by the superintendent and shall contain such information  
10 as the superintendent may require. In addition to any other information  
11 required, the superintendent shall require the following information,  
12 and shall, as appropriate, require such information not only of the  
13 applicant but also of any of its principals, partners, officers and  
14 directors, or any person or entity controlling an interest greater than  
15 ten percent:

16 (i) the name and residence address of the applicant;

17 (ii) the business name, if other than the applicant;

18 (iii) the place, including the city, town or village, with the street  
19 and number, where the business is to be located;

20 (iv) the business telephone of the applicant;

21 (v) the length of time that the applicant has been a consumer debt  
22 collector;

23 (vi) a statement indicating whether the applicant has:

24 (A) been convicted of any crime or is a debtor on any unpaid civil  
25 judgment relating to work as a consumer debt collector; and

26 (B) at any time in the past been issued a license pursuant to this  
27 article, or has been issued a license for debt collection activities by  
28 any other state or local authority, and if so, whether such license was  
29 ever revoked or suspended;

30 (vii) a detailed description of the business practices or methods  
31 used, or intended to be used, by the applicant to confirm the validity  
32 of the debts it seeks to collect from consumers;

33 (viii) a summary of the applicant's record-keeping policy, including,  
34 but not limited to:

35 (A) the length of time the applicant maintains, or intends to main-  
36 tain, records pertaining to consumers; and

37 (B) the manner in which the applicant records and stores, or intends  
38 to record and store: consumer challenges to the validity of debt; bill-  
39 ing errors; payments made by a consumer; settlement agreements; infor-  
40 mation regarding parties responsible for debt; any statements made by a  
41 consumer alleging that the debt arose from identity theft; and any  
42 statements made by a consumer stating that the consumer received statu-  
43 torily exempt income as defined in section fifty-two hundred twenty-two  
44 of the civil practice law and rules;

45 (ix) whether the applicant regularly sells, or intends to sell, debts.  
46 If the applicant sells, or intends to sell debts, such applicant shall  
47 be required to provide the secretary with a summary of the applicant's  
48 policy with respect to the information regarding a consumer's account  
49 that it transmits, or will transmit, to the purchaser of a debt; and

50 (x) a sworn statement by the applicant that the information set forth  
51 in the application is current and accurate.

52 (b) The superintendent may reject an application for a license or an  
53 application for the renewal of a license if he or she is not satisfied  
54 that the financial responsibility, character, reputation, integrity and  
55 general fitness of the applicant and of the owners, partners or members  
56 thereof, if the applicant be a partnership or association, and of the

1 officers and directors, if the applicant be a corporation, are such as  
2 to command the confidence of the public and to warrant the belief that  
3 the business for which the application for a license is filed will be  
4 operated lawfully, honestly and fairly.

5 2. At the time of making the application for a license, the applicant  
6 shall pay to the superintendent a fee as prescribed pursuant to section  
7 eighteen-a of this chapter for each proposed location, for investigating  
8 the application.

9 3. In addition to any other fee imposed on an applicant or licensee,  
10 every licensee shall pay to the superintendent the sums provided to be  
11 paid under the provisions of section two hundred six of the financial  
12 services law.

13 4. The license shall be for a period of two years as of the first of  
14 January each year, or such other date as determined by the superinten-  
15 dent by regulation.

16 5. Each license shall plainly state the name of the licensee and the  
17 city or town with the name of the street and number, if any, of the  
18 place where the business is to be carried on. A licensee shall not  
19 change the location where the business of the licensee is to be carried  
20 on without first providing written notice to the superintendent. The  
21 relocation notice shall be in writing setting forth the reason for the  
22 relocation, and shall be accompanied by a relocation investigation fee  
23 to be determined pursuant to section eighteen-a of this chapter.

24 6. The business shall at all times be conducted in the name of the  
25 licensee as it appears on the license and in no other name, including a  
26 shortened or abbreviated version thereof.

27 7. The license shall not be transferable nor assignable.

28 8. The superintendent may participate in a multi-state licensing  
29 system for the sharing of regulatory information and for the licensing  
30 and application, by electronic or other means, of entities engaged in  
31 the business of debt collection. The superintendent may establish  
32 requirements for participation by an applicant in a multi-state licens-  
33 ing system which may vary from the provisions of this section. The  
34 superintendent may require a background investigation of each applicant  
35 for a consumer debt collector license by means of fingerprint, which  
36 shall be submitted by all applicants simultaneously with an application  
37 and which the superintendent may submit to the division of criminal  
38 justice services and the federal bureau of investigations for state and  
39 national criminal history record checks. If the applicant is a partner-  
40 ship, association, corporation or other form of business organization,  
41 the superintendent may require a background investigation for each  
42 member or shareholder holding more than five percent ownership, board  
43 director and principal officer of the applicant and any individual  
44 acting as a manager of an office location. The applicant shall pay  
45 directly to the multi-state licensing system any additional fees relat-  
46 ing to participation in the multi-state licensing system.

47 9. The superintendent shall issue each consumer debt collector a  
48 unique license number.

49 10. The department shall maintain and publish a registry of all  
50 licensed debt collection agencies, which shall list and identify, all  
51 licensed debt collection agencies doing business in this state. The  
52 department shall make the registry available on its website.

53 11. Each consumer debt collector engaged in collecting debts shall  
54 communicate his or her license number upon the request of any interested  
55 party. Any advertisement, letterhead, receipt or other printed matter  
56 of a licensee must contain the license number assigned to the licensee



1 by the department. Such license number shall be clearly and conspicuous-  
2 ly displayed.

3 12. No person shall: (a) present, or attempt to present, as his, her  
4 or its own, the license number of another;

5 (b) knowingly give false evidence of a material nature to the depart-  
6 ment for the purpose of procuring a license;

7 (c) falsely represent themselves to be a licensed consumer debt  
8 collector;

9 (d) use or attempt to use a license which has expired;

10 (e) offer to perform or perform any collection of debts without having  
11 a current license as is required under this article; or

12 (f) represent in any manner that his, her or its license constitutes  
13 an endorsement of the quality of workmanship or competency of the  
14 consumer debt collector.

15 § 298. Surety bond required. 1. (a) A consumer debt collector shall be  
16 required to file and maintain in force a surety bond, issued by a domes-  
17 tic insurer, as a condition precedent to the issuance or renewal and  
18 maintenance of a license under this article.

19 (b) The bond shall be for the benefit of creditors who obtain a judg-  
20 ment from a court of competent jurisdiction based on the failure of the  
21 consumer debt collector to remit money collected on account and owed to  
22 the creditor. The bond shall also be for the benefit of consumer  
23 debtors or the attorney general seeking restitution for consumer debtors  
24 when such consumer debtor or the attorney general obtains judgment from  
25 a court of competent jurisdiction based on a violation by the consumer  
26 debt collector of the federal Fair Debt Collection Practice Act or any  
27 other New York law or federal law which is applicable to the consumer  
28 debt collector.

29 (c) The bond shall be in a form prescribed by the superintendent in a  
30 sum based on the gross profit reported to the Internal Revenue Service  
31 for the previous year by such consumer debt collector as follows:

32 (i) ten thousand dollars for consumer debt collectors that reported a  
33 gross profit of less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars;

34 (ii) twenty-five thousand dollars for consumer debt collectors that  
35 reported a gross profit of two hundred fifty thousand dollars or more;

36 (iii) fifty thousand dollars for consumer debt collectors that  
37 reported a gross profit of five hundred thousand dollars or more;

38 (iv) seventy-five thousand dollars for consumer debt collectors that  
39 reported a gross profit of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars or more;

40 (v) one hundred thousand dollars for consumer debt collectors that  
41 reported a gross profit of one million dollars or more.

42 (d) The bond shall be continuous in form and run concurrently with the  
43 original and each renewal license period unless terminated by the insur-  
44 ance company. An insurance company may terminate a bond and avoid  
45 further liability by filing a notice of termination with the department  
46 sixty days prior to the termination and at the same time sending the  
47 same notice to the consumer debt collector.

48 2. A license shall be automatically cancelled on the termination date  
49 of the bond unless a new bond is filed with the department to become  
50 effective at the termination date of the prior bond.

51 3. If a license has been cancelled under this section, the consumer  
52 debt collector must file a new application to obtain a license and will  
53 be considered a new applicant if it obtains a new bond.

54 4. For the purposes of this section the term "domestic insurer" shall  
55 have the same meaning as given in section one hundred seven of the  
56 insurance law. If a bond required by this section is not reasonably

1 available from a domestic insurer the superintendent may, in his or her  
2 discretion, permit, on a case by case basis or by order, consumer debt  
3 collectors to obtain the bond required by this section from such other  
4 entities licensed by the department as the superintendent deems appro-  
5 priate.

6 § 299. Examination; books and records; reports. 1. For the purpose of  
7 enforcing the provisions of this article and for ensuring the safe and  
8 sound operation of the consumer debt collector business, the superinten-  
9 dent may at any time, and as often as may be determined, either  
10 personally or by a person duly appointed by the superintendent, investi-  
11 gate the loans, business, business practices, and business methods of  
12 any consumer debt collector, and examine the books, accounts, records,  
13 and files used therein of every licensee.

14 2. The superintendent and duly designated representatives and law  
15 enforcement officials whose presence is requested by the superintendent  
16 shall have free access to the offices and place of business, books,  
17 accounts, papers, records, audio recordings, files, safes and vaults of  
18 all such licensees wherever located. The superintendent shall have  
19 authority to require the attendance of and to examine under oath all  
20 persons whomsoever whose testimony may be required relative to such  
21 consumer debts, including the purchase, sale and collection thereof, as  
22 well as payment processing on such consumer debts, and related business.

23 3. The superintendent may also address to a licensee, or the officers,  
24 employees or agents thereof, any inquiry in relation to its trans-  
25 actions, operations, or conditions, or any matter connected therewith.  
26 Every person so addressed shall reply in writing to such inquiry prompt-  
27 ly and truthfully, and such reply shall be, if required by the super-  
28 intendent, subscribed by such individual, or by such officer or officers  
29 of a corporation, as the superintendent shall designate, and affirmed by  
30 them as true under the penalties of perjury.

31 4. Each licensee shall keep and use in its business such books,  
32 accounts, and records as will enable the superintendent to determine  
33 whether such licensee is complying with the provisions of this article  
34 and with the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder. Every licen-  
35 see shall keep recordings of consumer collection calls and make such  
36 recordings available to the superintendent upon request. Every licensee  
37 shall preserve such books, accounts, and records, for at least five  
38 years after making the final entry regarding a consumer debt. Preserva-  
39 tion of photographic reproduction thereof or records in photographic  
40 form, including an optical disk storage system and the use of electronic  
41 data processing equipment that provides comparable records to those  
42 otherwise required and which are available for examination upon request  
43 shall constitute compliance with the requirements of this section.

44 5. Each licensee shall annually, on or before April first, file a  
45 report with the superintendent giving such information as the super-  
46 intendent may require concerning the business and operations during the  
47 preceding calendar year of each licensed place of business conducted by  
48 such licensee within the state under authority of this article. Such  
49 report shall be subscribed and affirmed as true by the licensee under  
50 the penalties of perjury and shall be in the form prescribed by the  
51 superintendent.

52 6. In addition to annual reports, the superintendent may require such  
53 additional regular or special reports as may be deemed necessary to the  
54 proper supervision of licensees under this article. Such additional  
55 reports shall be in the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall  
56 be subscribed and affirmed as true under the penalties of perjury.

1     7. The expenses of every examination of the affairs of a consumer debt  
2 collector subject to this section shall be borne and paid by the licen-  
3 see.

4     § 300. Prohibited acts. 1. No consumer debt collector that is required  
5 to be licensed under this article shall engage in unfair, unconsciona-  
6 ble, deceptive, false, misleading, abusive, or unlawful acts or prac-  
7 tices.

8     2. Without limiting the general application of the prohibited acts in  
9 subdivision one of this section, it shall be unlawful for any consumer  
10 debt collector to:

11     (a) engage in any act or practice which would be a violation of the  
12 federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, any other New York law or  
13 federal law which is applicable to the consumer debt collector, or any  
14 act or practice which would be prohibited under section six hundred one  
15 of the general business law if the consumer debt collector was a princi-  
16 pal creditor or his or her agent;

17     (b) engage or retain the services of any person who, being required to  
18 be licensed under this article, does not have a valid license issued by  
19 the department; or

20     (c) cause any act to be done which violates this section.

21     3. No consumer debt collector licensed under this article shall:

22     (a) without the prior written or recorded and revocable consent of the  
23 consumer debtor given directly to the debt collector or the express  
24 permission of a court of competent jurisdiction, a consumer debt collec-  
25 tor may not communicate with a consumer debtor in connection with the  
26 collection of any debts;

27     (i) at any unusual time or place or a time or place known or which  
28 should be known to be inconvenient to the consumer debtor. In the  
29 absence of knowledge of circumstances to the contrary, a debt collector  
30 shall assume that the convenient time for communicating with a consumer  
31 debtor is after eight o'clock antemeridian and before nine o'clock post-  
32 meridian, local time at the consumer debtor's location;

33     (ii) if the debt collector knows the consumer debtor is represented by  
34 an attorney with respect to such debt and has knowledge of, or can read-  
35 ily ascertain, such attorney's name and address, unless the attorney  
36 fails to respond within a reasonable period of time to a communication  
37 from the debt collector or unless the attorney consents to direct commu-  
38 nication with the consumer debtor;

39     (iii) at the consumer debtor's place of employment;

40     (iv) more than two times by telephone in a seven day period unless  
41 returning a call made at the consumer debtor's request;

42     (v) by voicemail on to any telephone that is known or which reasonably  
43 should be known may be received by someone other than the consumer  
44 debtor; or

45     (vi) by means of electronic communications, including but not limited  
46 to SMS text message, messaging applications on mobile telephones, elec-  
47 tronic mail, Facebook, and other forms of social media.

48     (b) communicate with a consumer debtor by postcard;

49     (c) continue communication with a consumer debtor after the consumer  
50 debt collector's first communication if the debt collector fails to send  
51 the consumer debtor a notice in writing within five days of that first  
52 communication, which such notice shall be promulgated by the superinten-  
53 dent;

54     (d) continue to communicate with a consumer debtor about a consumer  
55 debt that the consumer debtor disputes without providing the consumer  
56 debtor with data or documents that verify the disputed consumer debt; or



1 (e) utilize a service or technology that intentionally causes the  
2 telephone network to indicate to the receiver of a call that the origi-  
3 nator of the call is a station other than the true originating station  
4 for the purpose of collecting a consumer debt.

5 § 301. Regulations; minimum standards. The superintendent may promul-  
6 gate rules and regulations giving effect to the provisions of this arti-  
7 cle. Such rules and regulations may include but shall not be limited to  
8 the establishment of minimum standards to be observed by consumer debt  
9 collectors acting within this state and further defining acts and prac-  
10 tices which are unfair, unconscionable, deceptive, false, misleading,  
11 abusive, or unlawful under section three hundred of this article.

12 § 302. Application for acquisition of control of a consumer debt  
13 collector. 1. No person shall acquire control of a licensee under this  
14 article without the prior approval of the superintendent.

15 2. Any person desirous of acquiring such control shall make written  
16 application to the superintendent, such application shall be in such  
17 form and shall contain such information, including the information  
18 required under section two hundred ninety-seven of this article, as the  
19 superintendent may require and such person, at the time of making such  
20 application if not licensed, shall pay to the superintendent an investi-  
21 gation fee as prescribed pursuant to section eighteen-a of this chapter.

22 3. In determining whether to approve or deny an application under this  
23 section, the superintendent shall consider:

24 (a) whether the financial responsibility, experience, character, and  
25 general fitness of the person seeking to acquire control, and of the  
26 members thereof if such person be a partnership or association, and of  
27 the officers, directors and controlling stockholders thereof if such  
28 person be a corporation, are such as to command the confidence of the  
29 community and to warrant belief that the business will be operated  
30 honestly, fairly, and efficiently within the purpose of this article;

31 (b) the effect the acquisition may have on competition; and

32 (c) whether the acquisition may be hazardous or prejudicial to debtors  
33 or creditors in this state.

34 4. If no such application has been made prior to the acquisition of  
35 control, the license for each place of business maintained and operated  
36 by the licensee shall, at the discretion of the superintendent, become  
37 null and void and each such license shall be surrendered to the super-  
38 intendent.

39 § 303. Suspension and revocation. 1. In addition to any other power  
40 provided by law, the superintendent may suspend or revoke the license of  
41 a consumer debt collector, if after notice and an opportunity to be  
42 heard, the superintendent finds that a consumer debt collector has:

43 (a) committed any fraud, engaged in any dishonest activities or made  
44 any misrepresentation;

45 (b) violated any provisions of this chapter or any regulation issued  
46 pursuant thereto, or has violated any other law in the course of its or  
47 his or her dealings as a consumer debt collector;

48 (c) made a false statement or material omission in the application for  
49 or renewal of a license under this article or failed to give a true  
50 reply to a question in such application; or

51 (d) demonstrated incompetency or untrustworthiness to act as a consum-  
52 er debt collector.

53 2. The department shall before revoking or suspending any license and  
54 at least fifteen days prior to the date set for the hearing, and upon  
55 due notice to the complainant or objector, notify in writing the holder  
56 of such license, of any charge made and shall afford such licensee an

1 opportunity to be heard in person or by counsel in reference thereto.  
2 Such written notice may be served personally to the licensee, or by  
3 certified mail to the last known business address of such licensee.

4 § 304. Bad actors. 1. In addition to any other power provided by law,  
5 the superintendent may require any licensee to remove any director,  
6 officer or employee or to refrain from engaging or retaining any inde-  
7 pendent contractor or service provider if such director, officer,  
8 employee, independent contractor or service provider has themselves had  
9 a license under this chapter suspended or revoked, or has caused the  
10 licensee to violate any provision of this chapter or regulations promul-  
11 gated thereunder.

12 2. No person that is the subject of an order under this section remov-  
13 ing them as a director, officer or employee or preventing a licensee  
14 from engaging or retaining them as an independent contractor or service  
15 provider, shall become engaged with any licensee without obtaining the  
16 prior written approval of the superintendent. Nor shall such person fail  
17 to disclose that it is the subject of an order under this section to any  
18 licensee for which it is acting or seeking to act as a director, offi-  
19 cer, employee, independent contractor or service provider.

20 3. Any consumer debt collector or entity claiming to be a consumer  
21 debt collector that is not licensed pursuant to this article and know-  
22 ingly conducts business involving debt collection shall be required to  
23 pay a civil penalty to the department of not more than the lesser of  
24 five hundred dollars per attempt to collect a debt or one hundred thou-  
25 sand dollars in total damages in violation of this article.

26 § 305. Penalties. 1. In addition to such penalties as may otherwise be  
27 applicable by law, including but not limited to the penalties available  
28 under section forty-four of this chapter, the superintendent may require  
29 a person operating as a consumer debt collector without a license to pay  
30 a civil penalty to the department a sum not to exceed five hundred  
31 dollars per attempt to collect a debt in violation of this article.

32 2. Whenever it appears to the attorney general, either upon complaint  
33 or otherwise, that any person has engaged in any of the acts or prac-  
34 tices stated to be unlawful under this article, the attorney general may  
35 bring an action or special proceeding in the name and on behalf of the  
36 people of the state of New York to enjoin any violation of this article,  
37 to obtain restitution of any moneys or property obtained directly or  
38 indirectly by any such violation, to obtain disgorgement of any profits  
39 obtained directly or indirectly by any such violation, and to obtain  
40 civil penalties of not more than the lesser of five hundred dollars per  
41 attempt to collect a debt or one hundred thousand dollars in total  
42 damages in violation of this article.

43 3. Nothing in this article shall limit any statutory or common-law  
44 right of any person to bring any action in any court for any act, or  
45 the right of the state to punish any person for any violation of any  
46 law.

47 § 306. Preemption. The provisions of this article shall exclusively  
48 govern the licensing of debt collection agencies in the state of New  
49 York notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary  
50 and further, no local law shall be enacted which shall require any fee  
51 or license for the licensure or registration of debt collection agen-  
52 cies.

53 § 2. Subdivision 10 of section 36 of the banking law, as amended by  
54 section 2 of part L of chapter 58 of the laws of 2019, is amended to  
55 read as follows:

10. All reports of examinations and investigations, correspondence and memoranda concerning or arising out of such examination and investigations, including any duly authenticated copy or copies thereof in the possession of any banking organization, bank holding company or any subsidiary thereof (as such terms "bank holding company" and "subsidiary" are defined in article three-A of this chapter), any corporation or any other entity affiliated with a banking organization within the meaning of subdivision six of this section and any non-banking subsidiary of a corporation or any other entity which is an affiliate of a banking organization within the meaning of subdivision six-a of this section, foreign banking corporation, licensed lender, licensed casher of checks, licensed mortgage banker, registered mortgage broker, licensed mortgage loan originator, licensed sales finance company, registered mortgage loan servicer, licensed student loan servicer, licensed insurance premium finance agency, licensed transmitter of money, licensed budget planner, licensed consumer debt collector, any other person or entity subject to supervision under this chapter, or the financial services law or the insurance law, or the department, shall be confidential communications, shall not be subject to subpoena and shall not be made public unless, in the judgment of the superintendent, the ends of justice and the public advantage will be subserved by the publication thereof, in which event the superintendent may publish or authorize the publication of a copy of any such report or any part thereof in such manner as may be deemed proper or unless such laws specifically authorize such disclosure. For the purposes of this subdivision, "reports of examinations and investigations, and any correspondence and memoranda concerning or arising out of such examinations and investigations", includes any such materials of a bank, insurance or securities regulatory agency or any unit of the federal government or that of this state any other state or that of any foreign government which are considered confidential by such agency or unit and which are in the possession of the department or which are otherwise confidential materials that have been shared by the department with any such agency or unit and are in the possession of such agency or unit.

§ 3. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 44 of the banking law, as amended by section 4 of part L of chapter 58 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Without limiting any power granted to the superintendent under any other provision of this chapter, the superintendent may, in a proceeding after notice and a hearing, require any safe deposit company, licensed lender, licensed casher of checks, licensed sales finance company, licensed insurance premium finance agency, licensed transmitter of money, licensed mortgage banker, licensed student loan servicer, registered mortgage broker, licensed mortgage loan originator, registered mortgage loan servicer, licensed consumer debt collector or licensed budget planner to pay to the people of this state a penalty for any violation of this chapter, any regulation promulgated thereunder, any final or temporary order issued pursuant to section thirty-nine of this article, any condition imposed in writing by the superintendent in connection with the grant of any application or request, or any written agreement entered into with the superintendent.

§ 4. The opening paragraph of subdivision (a) of section 3218 of the civil practice law and rules, as amended by chapter 311 of the laws of 1963, is amended to read as follows:

Affidavit of defendant. Except as provided in section thirty-two hundred one of this article and subdivision (e) of this section, a judg-

1 ment by confession may be entered, without an action, either for money  
2 due or to become due, or to secure the plaintiff against a contingent  
3 liability in behalf of the defendant, or both, upon an affidavit  
4 executed by the defendant;

5 § 5. Section 3218 of the civil practice law and rules is amended by  
6 adding a new subdivision (e) to read as follows:

7 (e) Prohibition on certain judgments by confession. 1. No judgment of  
8 confession may be entered on: (i) any amount due from one or more indi-  
9 viduals for personal, family, household, consumer, investment or non-bu-  
10 siness purposes;

11 (ii) any amount under two hundred fifty thousand dollars due from any  
12 person for any purpose; or

13 (iii) any amount due from any person that either: (A) is currently not  
14 a resident of the state, (B) was not a resident of the state at the time  
15 the affidavit authorizing the entry of the judgment of confession was  
16 executed, or (C) if not a natural person, does not have a place of busi-  
17 ness in the state or did not have a place of business in the state at  
18 the time the affidavit authorizing the entry of the judgment of  
19 confession was executed.

20 2. Paragraph one of this subdivision shall not apply to a judgment by  
21 confession entered or sought to be entered by the state, a domestic  
22 municipal corporation or any public officer acting in their official  
23 capacity.

24 § 6. The civil practice law and rules is amended by adding a new  
25 section 5022 to read as follows:

26 § 5022. Judgments obtained from unlicensed consumer debt collectors.  
27 Any judgment obtained against a consumer debtor by, or on behalf of, a  
28 consumer debt collector acting without a license from the superintendent  
29 of the department of financial services, when such license is required,  
30 in violation of section two hundred ninety-six of article seven of the  
31 banking law, shall be null and void.

32 § 7. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after  
33 it shall have become a law; provided, however that sections one, two and  
34 three of this act shall take effect October 1, 2021. Effective imme-  
35 diately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any rule or regulation  
36 necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are  
37 authorized to be made and completed on or before such effective date.