6770

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

March 29, 2021

- Introduced by M. of A. WEINSTEIN, DINOWITZ, ZEBROWSKI, LAVINE, L. ROSEN-THAL, AUBRY, PAULIN, COLTON, PICHARDO, RICHARDSON, HYNDMAN, ABINANTI, WEPRIN, JOYNER, SANTABARBARA, TAYLOR, GRIFFIN, DE LA ROSA, CARROLL, SAYEGH, FRONTUS, JACOBSON, BURKE, STECK, SIMON, DILAN, EICHENSTEIN, FALL, JEAN-PIERRE, SEAWRIGHT, DICKENS, DARLING, SOLAGES, WALLACE, NIOU -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. BRAUNSTEIN, CYMBROWITZ, ENGLEBRIGHT, GLICK, GOTTFRIED, LUPARDO, NORRIS, PERRY, SCHMITT -- read once and referred to the Committee on Judiciary
- AN ACT to amend the estates, powers and trusts law, in relation to the payment and distribution of damages in wrongful death actions

## The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Paragraph 1 of section 5-4.1 of the estates, powers and 2 trusts law, as amended by chapter 114 of the laws of 2003, is amended to 3 read as follows:

4 1. The personal representative, duly appointed in this state or any other jurisdiction, of a decedent [who is survived by distributees] may 5 6 maintain an action to recover damages for a wrongful act, neglect or 7 default which caused the decedent's death against a person who would 8 have been liable to the decedent by reason of such wrongful conduct if 9 death had not ensued. Such an action must be commenced within [two] 10 three years and six months after the decedent's death; provided, however, that an action on behalf of a decedent whose death was caused by the 11 terrorist attacks on September eleventh, two thousand one, other than a 12 decedent identified by the attorney general of the United States as a 13 14 participant or conspirator in such attacks, must be commenced within 15 [two] four years [and six months after the decedent's death]. When the 16 [distributees] persons for whose benefit an action pursuant to this part 17 may be brought do not participate in the administration of the 18 decedent's estate under a will appointing an executor who refuses to 19 bring such action, the [distributees] persons for whose benefit an

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 <u>action pursuant to this part may be brought</u> are entitled to have an 2 administrator appointed to prosecute the action for their benefit.

3 § 2. Paragraph (a) of section 5-4.3 of the estates, powers and trusts 4 law, as amended by chapter 100 of the laws of 1982, is amended to read 5 as follows:

б (a) The damages awarded to the plaintiff may be such sum as the jury 7 or, where issues of fact are tried without a jury, the court or referee 8 deems to be fair and just compensation for the [peduniary] injuries 9 resulting from the decedent's death to the persons for whose benefit the 10 action is brought. In every such action, in addition to any other lawful element of recoverable damages, [the reasonable expenses of medical aid, 11 nursing and attention incident to the injury causing death and the 12 reasonable funeral expenses of the decedent paid by the distributees, or 13 14 for the payment of which any distributee is responsible, shall also be proper elements of damage] compensation for the following damages may 15 16 be recovered: (i) reasonable funeral expenses of the decedent paid by the persons for whose benefit the action is brought, or for the payment 17 of which any persons for whose benefit the action is brought is respon-18 19 sible; (ii) reasonable expenses for medical care incident to the injury 20 causing death, including but not limited to doctors, nursing, attendant 21 care, treatment, hospitalization of the decedent, and medicines; (iii) grief or anguish caused by the decedent's death, and for any disorder 22 caused by such grief or anguish; (iv) loss of love, society, protection, 23 comfort, companionship, and consortium resulting from the decedent's 24 25 death; (v) pecuniary injuries, including loss of services, support, 26 assistance, and loss or diminishment of inheritance, resulting from the 27 decedent's death; and (vi) loss of nurture, guidance, counsel, advice, training, and education resulting from the decedent's death. Interest 28 29 upon the principal sum recovered by the plaintiff from the date of the 30 decedent's death shall be added to and be a part of the total sum 31 awarded.

32 § 3. Section 5-4.4 of the estates, powers and trusts law, paragraph 33 (a) as amended by chapter 357 of the laws of 1975, and the opening para-34 graph of paragraph (a) as amended by chapter 595 of the laws of 1992, is 35 amended to read as follows:

36 § 5-4.4 Distribution of damages recovered

37 (a) The damages, as prescribed by 5-4.3, whether recovered in an 38 action or by settlement without an action, are exclusively for the benefit of the decedent's [distributees and, when collected, shall be distributed to the persons entitled thereto under 4-1.1 and 5-4.5, 39 40 except that where the decedent is survived by a parent or parents and a 41 42 spouse and no issue, the parent or parents will be deemed to be distributees for purposes of this section ] surviving close family members, 43 44 which may include, but are not limited to, spouse or domestic partner, 45 issue, parents, grandparents, step-parents and siblings. The finder of 46 fact shall determine which persons are close family members of the dece-47 dent under this section based upon the specific circumstances relating to the person's relationship with the decedent. The damages shall be 48 49 distributed subject to the following: 50 (1) Such damages shall be distributed by the personal representative

50 (1) Such damages shall be distributed by the personal representative 51 to the persons entitled thereto in proportion to the [pecuniary] inju-52 ries suffered by them, such proportions to be determined after a hear-53 ing, on application of the personal representative or any [distributee] 54 persons for whose benefit the action is brought, at such time and on 55 notice to all interested persons in such manner as the court may direct. 56 If no action is brought, such determination shall be made by the surro1 gate of the county in which letters were issued to the plaintiff; if an 2 action is brought, by the court having jurisdiction of the action or by 3 the surrogate of the county in which letters were issued.

4 (2) The court which determines the proportions of the [pecuniary] 5 injuries suffered by the [distributees] persons for whose benefit the 6 action is brought, as provided in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, 7 shall also decide any question concerning the disqualification of a 8 parent, under 4-1.4 of this chapter, or a surviving spouse, under 5-1.2 9 of this article, to share in the damages recovered.

10 (b) The reasonable expenses of the action or settlement and, if 11 included in the damages recovered, the reasonable expenses of medical aid, nursing and attention incident to the injury causing death and the 12 13 reasonable funeral expenses of the decedent may be fixed by the court 14 which determines the proportions of the [pecuniary] injuries suffered by the [distributees] persons for whose benefit the action is brought, as 15 16 provided in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, upon notice given in such manner and to such persons as the court may direct, and such expenses may be deducted from the damages recovered. The commissions of 17 18 the personal representative upon the residue may be fixed by the surro-19 20 gate, upon notice given in such manner and to such persons as the surro-21 gate may direct or upon the judicial settlement of the account of the personal representative, and such commissions may be deducted from the 22 23 damages recovered.

(c) In the event that an action is brought, as authorized in this part, and there is no recovery or settlement, the reasonable expenses of such unsuccessful action, excluding counsel fees, shall be payable out of the assets of the decedent's estate.

28 (d) For the purposes of this section, the term "domestic partner" 29 shall have the same meaning as defined pursuant to section two thousand 30 nine hundred sixty-one of the public health law.

31 § 4. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 5-4.6 of the estates, powers 32 and trusts law, paragraph (a) as amended and paragraph (b) as added by 33 chapter 719 of the laws of 2005, are amended to read as follows:

(a) Within sixty days of the application of an administrator appointed 34 35 under section 5-4.1 of this part or a personal representative to the 36 court in which an action for wrongful act, neglect or default causing 37 the death of a decedent is pending, the court shall, after inquiry into 38 the merits of the action and the amount of damages proposed as a compro-39 mise either disapprove the application or approve in writing a compromise for such amount as it shall determine to be adequate including 40 approval of attorneys fees and other payable expenses as set forth 41 42 below, and shall order the defendant to pay all sums payable under the 43 order of compromise, within the time frames set forth in section five 44 thousand three-a of the civil practice law and rules, to the attorney 45 for the administrator or personal representative for placement in an 46 interest bearing escrow account for the benefit of the [distributees] 47 persons for whose benefit the action is brought. The order shall also 48 provide for the following:

(1) Upon collection of the settlement funds and creation of an interso est bearing escrow account, the attorney for the administrator or personal representative shall pay from the account all due and payable expenses, excluding attorneys fees, approved by the court, such as medical bills, funeral costs and other liens on the estate.

54 (2) All attorneys fees approved by the court for the prosecution of 55 the action for wrongful act, neglect or default, inclusive of all 56 disbursements, shall be immediately payable from the escrow account upon 1 submission to the trial court proof of filing of a petition for allo-2 cation and distribution in the surrogate's court on behalf of the 3 decedent's estate.

4 (3) The attorney for the administrator or personal representative in 5 the action for wrongful act, neglect or default who receives payment 6 under this section shall continue to serve as attorney for the estate 7 until the entry of a final decree in the surrogate's court.

8 (b) If any of the [distributees] persons for whose benefit the action 9 is an infant, incompetent, person who is incarcerated or 10 person under disability, the court shall determine whether a guardian ad litem is required before any payments are made, in which case the court 11 will seek an immediate appointment of a guardian ad litem by the surro-12 gate's court or, if the surrogate's court defers, the court shall make 13 14 such appointment. Any guardian appointed for this purpose shall continue to serve as the guardian ad litem for the person requiring same for all 15 16 other purposes.

17 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to all 18 pending actions and actions commenced on or after such date.