STATE OF NEW YORK

6724

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

March 29, 2021

Introduced by M. of A. ENGLEBRIGHT, OTIS, THIELE, L. ROSENTHAL, AUBRY, COOK, MONTESANO, DeSTEFANO -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. BRAUN-STEIN, GOTTFRIED, LUPARDO, McDONOUGH, ROZIC -- read once and referred to the Committee on Corporations, Authorities and Commissions

AN ACT to amend the not-for-profit corporation law and the education law, in relation to the discovery and disposition of human remains and funerary objects; and to amend the parks, recreation and historic preservation law, in relation to requiring certain notice and consultation prior to the undertaking of certain projects

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "unmarked burial site protection act".

3 § 2. Legislative findings and declaration. The legislature finds and 4 declares that the sanctity of human burial sites is an intrinsic and 5 paramount value among all cultural and religious traditions which practice the custom of burying the dead. The legislature further finds that 6 there are numerous unmarked burial sites throughout the state, many of 7 8 which are of great cultural and historical significance to the people of 9 the state, particularly to members of the cultural and religious groups 10 affiliated with them. Such sites are vulnerable to unintentional 11 disturbance in the course of construction and other activities as well 12 as deliberate vandalism and looting. Such disturbance constitutes a 13 severe offense against the descendants of the dead and the beliefs and traditions of the culturally-affiliated groups. 14

15 The legislature finds and declares that existing laws are inadequate 16 to protect these unmarked burial sites from disturbance, and that New 17 York is one of the very few states which heretofore has provided no 18 express statutory protection for unmarked burial sites. It is therefore 19 declared to be the purpose of this act to ensure that human remains and 20 associated funerary artifacts remain undisturbed to the maximum extent 21 practicable, and are treated with the utmost respect consistent with the 22 wishes of lineal descendants and culturally-affiliated groups.

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD10076-01-1

1	§ 3. Section 1503 of the not-for-profit corporation law is amended by
2	adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:
3	(c) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c) of section fifteen
4	hundred seven and paragraph (m) of section fifteen hundred ten of this
5	article, this article does not apply to a burial site as defined in
б	paragraph (a) of section fifteen hundred eighteen of this article.
7	§ 4. The not-for-profit corporation law is amended by adding a new
8	section 1518 to read as follows:
9	§ 1518. Discovery and disposition of human remains and funerary objects.
10	(a) Definitions. As used in this section:
11	(1) "Burial site" means any location in which human remains are inter-
12	red, which is not a cemetery subject to provisions of this chapter, the
13	religious corporation law, the general municipal law, the county law,
14	<u>the town law or the village law.</u>
15	(2) "Committee" means the Native American burial site review committee
16	created by paragraph (c) of this section.
17	(3) "Culturally-affiliated group" means any group, including a Native
18	American tribe, whose past or present government, or traditional culture
19	or religion was or is affiliated with human remains or funerary objects
20	which are the subject of this section. Such group shall include a Native
21	American tribe whose aboriginal territory, as defined by the committee,
22	includes the location of a burial site containing Native American human
23	remains or funerary objects.
24	(4) "Forensic anthropologist or bioarchaeologist" means a person qual-
25	ified in the medicolegal or osteological investigation/examination of
26	human skeletal remains.
27	(5) "Funerary objects" means any item or items reasonably believed to
28	have been placed with human remains at the time of burial, including but
29	not limited to burial markers, items of personal adornment, vessels,
30	beads, tools, implements, ceremonial objects and other artifacts.
31	(6) "Human remains" means the remains of any part of the body of a
32	deceased person.
33	(7) "Lineal descendant" means a genealogical descendant established by
34	<u>oral tradition or written record.</u>
35	(8) "Native American tribe" means any Native American tribe, nation or
36	group.
37	(9) "State archaeologist" means the person appointed to such office
38	pursuant to section two hundred thirty-five of the education law.
39	(b) Applicability. This section shall apply to all lands within the
40	state, except for lands located upon any Native American reservation
41	located wholly or partly within the state.
42	(c) Native American burial site review committee. There is hereby
43	established a Native American burial site review committee consisting of
44	the following: one member to be appointed by each of the Native American
45	tribes in the state as the official representatives for the purposes of
46	the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act; the state
47	archaeologist; a forensic anthropologist or bioarchaeologist; the chair
48	of the human remains committee or other designee of the New York
49	Archaeological Council; and one member with expertise in the field of
50	historic preservation appointed by the commissioner of the office of
51	parks, recreation and historic preservation. The committee shall elect a
52	chairperson from among its members. The members who are not public
53	employees shall be reimbursed by the state for their reasonable and
54	necessary expenses incurred in the performance of committee functions.
55	It shall be the function of the committee to determine the lineal
56	descendants and/or culturally-affiliated groups for Native American

1	human remains and funerary objects subject to this section, and to
2	provide notice to such descendants and/or groups as provided in this
3	section. The state archaeologist shall prepare, and the committee shall
4	adopt, standard procedures for determining the lineal descendants and
5	culturally-affiliated groups for human remains as required by this
6	section, including acceptable types of proof of such descent and affil-
7	iation.
8	(d) Discovery of burial site; reporting requirements. (1) Any person
9	who in the course of any ground-disturbing activity discovers a burial
10	site, human remains or funerary objects shall immediately cease any
11	further disturbance of such site, remains or objects, and shall imme-
12	diately report such discovery to the coroner or medical examiner in the
13	county in which the remains were discovered. The coroner or medical
14	examiner shall within ninety-six hours determine whether any actions are
15	required pursuant to the provisions of article seventeen-A of the county
16	law. If any such remains appear to the coroner or medical examiner to be
17	more than fifty years old, the coroner or medical examiner shall imme-
18	diately provide notice of the discovery of such remains to the state
19	archaeologist, who shall in turn convey each such notice to the other
20	members of the committee. Any inspection or examination shall be made
21	in situ except as necessary to comply with such article seventeen-A or
22	to determine the age of the remains.
23	(2) The state archaeologist, or such qualified person as may be desig-
24	nated by the state archaeologist, shall, upon receiving notice from a
25	coroner or medical examiner of the discovery of human remains, inspect
26	the site, remains and/or objects which are the subject of such notice,
27	prepare a report thereon and provide a copy of the report to the commit-
28	tee. The report shall be based upon physical examination of the discov-
29	ered burial site, remains and/or objects, and shall contain the state
30	archaeologist's conclusion as to whether such site, remains and/or
31	objects may be of Native American origin. In preparing the report, the
32	state archaeologist may seek and obtain assistance from any employee of
33	the regents, from the committee, and from the office of parks, recre-
34	ation and historic preservation.
35	(e) Determination of and notification to lineal descendant or cultur-
36	ally-affiliated group. (1) If the state archaeologist, the forensic
37	anthropologist or bioarchaeologist, and the committee agree that the
38	burial site does not wholly or partly contain human remains or funerary
39	objects that are of Native American origin, it shall be the responsibil-
40	ity of the state archaeologist to determine, as soon as practicable,
41	whether there is any reasonably ascertainable lineal descendant or
42	culturally-affiliated group with respect to such site, remains or
43	objects and, immediately upon making such determination, to provide
44	notice to such descendants or group of the reported discovery.
45	(2) If the state archaeologist, the forensic anthropologist or bioar-
46	chaeologist, and the committee agree that the burial site wholly or
47	partly contains human remains or funerary objects that may be of Native
48	American origin, it shall be the responsibility of the committee to
49	determine the lineal descendants or culturally-affiliated groups. Such
50	determination shall be made as soon as practicable after the committee
51	receives a report from the state archaeologist concerning the burial
52 52	site. Immediately upon making such determination, the committee shall
53 E4	provide written notification to such descendants or groups of the
54 55	reported discovery.
55 56	(3) The committee shall have stewardship of Native American human remains and funerary objects from the time it receives notification from
56	Temains and functary objects from the time it receives notification from

the state archaeologist pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section until 1 the lineal descendants and/or culturally-affiliated groups receive 2 3 notification from the committee pursuant to this paragraph, at which 4 time such lineal descendants and/or culturally-affiliated groups shall 5 have the right of possession and stewardship of such remains and б objects. Upon notification to such lineal descendants or culturally-affiliated groups pursuant to this paragraph, ownership of and responsi-7 8 bility for the human remains and funerary objects shall vest exclusively 9 in such descendants or groups, which shall have exclusive authority to 10 determine their disposition. (4) The committee shall establish procedures for making the determi-11 nation as to whether discovered human remains or funerary objects may be 12 13 of Native American origin when the state archaeologist and the committee 14 can not come to agreement. (5) Where a burial site contains both Native American and non-Native 15 16 American human remains or funerary objects, the committee shall be 17 responsible for the Native American burials at the site, and the state archaeologist shall be responsible for all other burials at the site. 18 19 (f) Disposition of remains and objects. (1) Within ten days after 20 notification by the state archaeologist to a lineal descendant or 21 culturally-affiliated group, other than a Native American tribe of the discovery of a burial site, the descendant or group shall advise the 22 state archaeologist as to the preferred disposition of the discovered 23 remains or objects. The state archaeologist shall to the maximum extent 24 practicable facilitate such preferred disposition, which may consist of 25 26 reinterment and protection of the burial site or disinterment and 27 reburial or other disposition as determined. (2) Within ten days after notification by the committee to a lineal 28 descendant or culturally-affiliated group of the discovery of a burial 29 30 site, the descendant or group shall advise the committee in writing as 31 to the preferred disposition of the discovered remains or objects. The 32 committee shall to the maximum extent practicable facilitate such 33 preferred disposition, which may consist of reinterment and protection of the burial site or disinterment and reburial or other disposition as 34 35 determined. (g) Disposition of human remains and funerary objects, generally. (1) 36 37 Except as necessary to carry out the purposes of this section, burial 38 sites, human remains and funerary objects shall remain undisturbed after 39 <u>discovery.</u> (2) Unless express contrary direction is given by the committee, a 40 41 culturally-affiliated group or lineal descendant, the presumed disposi-42 tion of human remains and funerary objects shall be that they remain 43 undisturbed where buried, except as provided in subparagraphs three and 44 four of this paragraph. 45 (3) Notwithstanding subparagraph two of this paragraph, where there is 46 no practicable means of modifying the activity which led to the discovery of a burial site, human remains or funerary objects in order to 47 48 avoid disturbing such site, remains or objects, the remains or objects shall be removed and disposition be determined in accordance with the 49 directions of the committee, culturally-affiliated group, or lineal 50 descendant. 51 52 (4) Notwithstanding subparagraph two of this paragraph, where the 53 state archaeologist and the committee have been unable to identify the 54 lineal descendant or culturally-affiliated group for human remains or funerary objects, the state archaeologist shall determine the appropri-55 56 ate disposition of such remains or objects.

1	(h) Penalties. (1) Any person who fails to report the discovery of a
2	burial site, human remains or funerary objects as required by paragraph
3	(d) of this section shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor, as defined
4	in the penal law.
5	(2) Any person other than the state archaeologist, or a person or
6	group with a right of possession or stewardship pursuant to this
7	section, or a designee thereof, who intentionally removes human remains
8	or funerary objects from a burial site shall be guilty of a class A
9	misdemeanor, as defined in the penal law.
10	(3) Any person who defaces or destroys a burial site, human remains or
11	funerary objects, or who possesses human remains or funerary objects
12	with intent to sell such remains or artifacts, or who sells or attempts
13	to sell human remains or funerary objects, shall be guilty of a class E
14	felony, as defined in the penal law.
15	(i) Enforcement. The attorney general or any aggrieved party, includ-
16	ing the committee and any lineal descendant or culturally-affiliated
17	group, may bring an action in supreme court in the judicial district
18	where the remains or objects covered by this section are located to
19	enjoin violations or threatened violations of this section, and to
20	recover such remains or objects, and in the case of an aggrieved party,
21	compensatory and punitive damages for such violation.
22	§ 5. Section 235 of the education law is amended to read as follows:
23	§ 235. State science service. There shall be maintained in the
24	university a science service which shall be known as the state science
25	service and the state geologist, paleontologist, botanist [and], ento-
26	mologist, and archaeologist shall constitute its staff together with
27	such other scientists as the regents may employ or who are now employed
28	by them. This service is empowered and directed to make available its
29	services to all the departments of the state, and the residents of the
30	state under such rules and regulations as the regents may prescribe and
31	is empowered to engage in such scientific research as directed by law or
32	by the regents and shall cooperate with scientific units or agencies of
33	other states, the federal government, educational institutions and
34	industry in the discovery, analysis and dissemination of scientific
35	information. The director of the state museum shall also be the direc-
36	tor and head of the state science service and the staff of the service
37	shall be members of the staff of the state museum.
38	§ 6. Section 14.09 of the parks, recreation and historic preservation
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40	3. Prior to the preparation or approval of the final design or plan of
41	any project undertaken by a state agency, or prior to the funding of any
42	project by a state agency, or prior to an action of approval or entitle-
43	ment of any private project by a state agency, the agency's preservation
44	officer shall perform a diligent inquiry to determine whether any aspect
45	of the project may or will effect a disturbance of a known or suspected
46	burial site for which a culturally-affiliated Native American tribe,
47	group or lineal descendent can be identified. The terms "burial site",
48	"culturally-affiliated" and "Native American tribe" shall have the same
49	meanings as ascribed to such terms in paragraph (a) of section fifteen
50	hundred eighteen of the not-for-profit corporation law. In such event
51	such officer shall notify such Native American tribe and the Native
52	American burial site review committee established by section fifteen
53	hundred eighteen of the not-for-profit corporation law and consult with
53 54	the tribe and such committee to determine how to avoid such disturbance.
55	§ 7. This act shall take effect on the first of January next succeed-
55 56	ing the date on which it shall have become a law.
50	ing the date on which it shall have become a law.