

STATE OF NEW YORK

6474--A

Cal. No. 328

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

March 18, 2021

Introduced by M. of A. WEINSTEIN, HEVESI, McDONALD, FAHY -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes -- reported from committee, advanced to a third reading, amended and ordered reprinted, retaining its place on the order of third reading

AN ACT to amend the civil practice law and rules, in relation to the rate of interest applicable to money judgments arising out of consumer debt

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 5004 of the civil practice law and rules, as
2 amended by chapter 258 of the laws of 1981, is amended to read as
3 follows:

4 § 5004. Rate of interest. (a) Interest shall be at the rate of nine
5 per centum per annum, except where otherwise provided by statute;
6 provided the annual rate of interest to be paid in an action arising out
7 of a consumer debt where a natural person is a defendant shall be two
8 per centum per annum (i) on a judgment or accrued claim for judgments
9 entered on or after the effective date of the chapter of the laws of two
10 thousand twenty-one which amended this section, and (ii) for interest
11 upon a judgment pursuant to section five thousand three of this article
12 from the date of the entry of judgment on any part of a judgment entered
13 before the effective date of the chapter of the laws of two thousand
14 twenty-one which amended this section that is unpaid as of such effec-
15 tive date.

16 (b) For the purpose of this section "consumer debt" means any obli-
17 gation or alleged obligation of any natural person to pay money
18 arising out of a transaction in which the money, property, insurance or
19 services which are the subject of the transaction are primarily for
20 personal, family or household purposes, whether or not such obligation
21 has been reduced to judgment, including, but not limited to, a consumer

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD00043-15-1

1 credit transaction, as defined in subdivision (f) of section one hundred
2 five of this chapter.

3 (c) This section does not affect or create any rights or remedies
4 related to any amounts paid prior to the effective date of this subdivi-
5 sion, including amounts paid to satisfy judgments or to accrued interest
6 or fees paid, or with respect to judgments satisfied prior to the effec-
7 tive date of this subdivision. For amounts paid prior to the effective
8 date of this subdivision and lawfully applied in satisfaction or partial
9 satisfaction of interest or fees accrued prior to the effective date of
10 this subdivision, this section shall not be construed to require a judg-
11 ment creditor or sheriff to (i) return or refund such amounts to judg-
12 ment debtors; or (ii) apply such payments to satisfy any part of a money
13 judgment other than fees or interest upon judgment pursuant to section
14 five thousand three of this article.

15 (d) If any word, phrase, clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, or
16 part of this section or its application to any person or circumstance is
17 held invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction after exhaustion of
18 all further judicial review, the invalidity shall not affect, impair, or
19 invalidate the remainder of this section or applications of this article
20 which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application,
21 and to this end the provisions of this section are severable.

22 § 2. Subdivisions (f) and (i) of section 3215 of the civil practice
23 law and rules, subdivision (f) as amended by chapter 453 of the laws of
24 2006, and subdivision (i) as amended by chapter 31 of the laws of 1967
25 and relettered by chapter 255 of the laws of 1992, are amended to read
26 as follows:

27 (f) Proof. On any application for judgment by default, the applicant
28 shall file proof of service of the summons and the complaint, or a
29 summons and notice served pursuant to subdivision (b) of rule 305 or
30 subdivision (a) of rule 316 of this chapter, and proof of the facts
31 constituting the claim, the default and the amount due, including, if
32 applicable, a statement that the interest rate for consumer debt pursu-
33 ant to section five thousand four of this chapter applies, by affidavit
34 made by the party, or where the state of New York is the plaintiff, by
35 affidavit made by an attorney from the office of the attorney general
36 who has or obtains knowledge of such facts through review of state
37 records or otherwise. Where a verified complaint has been served, it may
38 be used as the affidavit of the facts constituting the claim and the
39 amount due; in such case, an affidavit as to the default shall be made
40 by the party or the party's attorney. When jurisdiction is based on an
41 attachment of property, the affidavit must state that an order of
42 attachment granted in the action has been levied on the property of the
43 defendant, describe the property and state its value. Proof of mailing
44 the notice required by subdivision (g) of this section, where applica-
45 ble, shall also be filed.

46 (i) Default judgment for failure to comply with stipulation of settle-
47 ment. 1. Where, after commencement of an action, a stipulation of
48 settlement is made, providing, in the event of failure to comply with
49 the stipulation, for entry without further notice of a judgment in a
50 specified amount with interest, if any, from a date certain, the clerk
51 shall enter judgment on the stipulation and an affidavit as to the fail-
52 ure to comply with the terms thereof, together with a complaint or a
53 concise statement of the facts on which the claim was based, and, if
54 applicable, a statement that the interest rate for consumer debt pursu-
55 ant to section five thousand four of this chapter applies.

1 2. Where, after commencement of an action, a stipulation of settlement
2 is made, providing, in the event of failure to comply with the stipu-
3 lation, for entry without further notice of a judgment dismissing the
4 action, the clerk shall enter judgment on the stipulation and an affida-
5 vit as to the failure to comply with the terms thereof, together with
6 the pleadings or a concise statement of the facts on which the claim and
7 the defense were based.

8 § 3. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) of section 3218 of the civil prac-
9 tice law and rules, as amended by chapter 214 of the laws of 2019, is
10 amended to read as follows:

11 1. stating the sum for which judgment may be entered, authorizing the
12 entry of judgment, [~~and~~] stating the county where the defendant resides
13 and, if applicable, stating that the interest rate for consumer debt
14 pursuant to section five thousand four of this chapter applies;

15 § 4. Subdivisions (a) and (b) of section 5230 of the civil practice
16 law and rules, subdivision (a) as amended by chapter 24 of the laws of
17 2009 and subdivision (b) as amended by chapter 59 of the laws of 1993,
18 are amended to read as follows:

19 (a) Form. An execution shall specify the date that the judgment or
20 order was entered, the court in which it was entered, the amount of the
21 judgment or order, the applicable interest rate and the date as of which
22 the new interest rate applies if the interest rate for consumer debt
23 pursuant to section five thousand four of this chapter applies and the
24 amount due thereon and it shall specify the names of the parties in
25 whose favor and against whom the judgment or order was entered. If the
26 applicable interest rate changes pursuant to section five thousand four
27 of this chapter while an execution is ongoing, the judgment creditor
28 shall issue an amended execution within sixty days of the effective date
29 of the chapter of the laws of two thousand twenty-one which amended this
30 subdivision, effective as of the date of the rate change. An execution
31 shall direct that only the property in which a named judgment debtor or
32 obligor who is not deceased has an interest, or the debts owed to the
33 named judgment debtor or obligor, be levied upon or sold thereunder and
34 shall specify the last known address of that judgment debtor or obligor.
35 Except in cases when the state of New York, or any of its agencies or
36 municipal corporations is the judgment creditor, or if the debt enforced
37 is for child support, spousal support, maintenance or alimony, provided
38 that in those instances the execution contains a legend at the top ther-
39 eof, above the caption, in sixteen point bold type with the following
40 language: "The judgment creditor is the state of New York, or any of its
41 agencies or municipal corporations, AND/OR the debt enforced is for
42 child support, spousal support, maintenance or alimony.", an execution
43 notice shall state that, pursuant to subdivision (1) of section fifty-
44 two hundred five of this article, two thousand five hundred dollars of
45 an account containing direct deposit or electronic payments reasonably
46 identifiable as statutorily exempt payments, as defined in paragraph two
47 of subdivision (1) of section fifty-two hundred five of this article, is
48 exempt from execution and that the garnishee cannot levy upon or
49 restrain two thousand five hundred dollars in such an account. Except in
50 cases when the state of New York, or any of its agencies or municipal
51 corporations is the judgment creditor, or if the debt enforced is for
52 child support, spousal support, maintenance or alimony, provided that in
53 those instances the execution contains a legend at the top thereof,
54 above the caption, in sixteen point bold type with the following
55 language: "The judgment creditor is the state of New York, or any of its
56 agencies or municipal corporations, AND/OR the debt enforced is for

1 child support, spousal support, maintenance or alimony.", an execution
2 notice shall likewise state that pursuant to subdivision (i) of section
3 fifty-two hundred twenty-two of this article, an execution shall not
4 apply to an amount equal to or less than ninety percent of the greater
5 of two hundred forty times the federal minimum hourly wage prescribed in
6 the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 or two hundred forty times the
7 state minimum hourly wage prescribed in section six hundred fifty-two of
8 the labor law as in effect at the time the earnings are payable, except
9 such part as a court determines to be unnecessary for the reasonable
10 requirements of the judgment debtor and his or her dependents. Where the
11 judgment or order was entered in a court other than the supreme, county
12 or a family court, the execution shall also specify the date on which a
13 transcript of the judgment or order was filed with the clerk of the
14 county in which the judgment was entered. Where jurisdiction in the
15 action was based upon a levy upon property or debt pursuant to an order
16 of attachment, the execution shall also state that fact, describe all
17 property and debts levied upon, and direct that only such property and
18 debts be sold thereunder. Where the judgment or order was recovered for
19 all or part of a mortgage debt, the execution shall also describe the
20 mortgaged property, specify the book and page where the mortgage is
21 recorded, and direct that no part of the mortgaged property be levied
22 upon or sold thereunder.

23 (b) Issuance. At any time before a judgment or order is satisfied or
24 vacated, an execution may be issued from the supreme court, county court
25 or a family court, in the county in which the judgment was first docket-
26 ed, by the clerk of the court or the attorney for the judgment creditor
27 as officer of the court, to the sheriffs of one or more counties of the
28 state, directing each of them to satisfy the judgment or order out of
29 the real and personal property of the judgment debtor or obligor and the
30 debts due to him or her. Provided, however, if the applicable interest
31 rate changes pursuant to section five thousand four of this chapter
32 while an execution is ongoing, the clerk of the court of the supreme
33 court, county court or a family court, in the county in which the judg-
34 ment was first docketed, or the attorney for the judgment creditor as
35 officer of the court, shall be authorized to issue an amended execution
36 to the sheriffs of one or more counties of the state and shall issue an
37 amended execution within sixty days of the effective date of the chapter
38 of the laws of two thousand twenty-one which amended this subdivision,
39 effective as of the date of the rate change. Where the judgment or order
40 is for support and is payable to the support collection unit designated
41 by the appropriate social services district, such unit shall be author-
42 ized to issue the execution and to satisfy the judgment or order out of
43 the real and personal property of the judgment debtor or obligor and the
44 debts due to him or her.

45 § 5. Subdivisions (a), (d), (j) and (k) of section 5231 of the civil
46 practice law and rules, subdivisions (a), (d) and (j) as amended by
47 chapter 550 of the laws of 2015, subdivision (k) as amended by chapter
48 241 of the laws of 1986 and as relettered by chapter 829 of the laws of
49 1987, are amended to read as follows:

50 (a) Form. An income execution shall specify, in addition to the
51 requirements of subdivision (a) of section 5230[7]: (i) the name and
52 address of the person or entity from whom the judgment debtor is receiv-
53 ing or will receive money; (ii) the amount of money, the frequency of
54 its payment and the amount of the installments to be collected there-
55 from; and (iii) shall contain a notice to the judgment debtor that he or
56 she shall commence payment of the installments specified to the sheriff

1 forthwith and that, upon his or her default, the execution will be
2 served upon the person or entity from whom he or she is receiving or
3 will receive money. Provided, however, that if a judgment creditor
4 issues an amended execution pursuant to section five thousand two
5 hundred thirty of this article because the applicable interest rate
6 changes pursuant to section five thousand four of this chapter, the
7 income execution need only specify paragraphs (i) and (ii) of this
8 subdivision.

9 (d) Service upon debtor; first service by sheriff. Within twenty days
10 after an income execution is delivered to the sheriff, the sheriff shall
11 serve a copy of it upon the judgment debtor, in the same manner as a
12 summons or, in lieu thereof, by certified mail return receipt requested
13 provided an additional copy is sent by regular mail to the debtor. If
14 service is by mail as herein provided, the person effecting service
15 shall retain the receipt together with a post office certificate of
16 mailing as proof of such service. Provided, however, that if a judgment
17 creditor issues an amended execution pursuant to section five thousand
18 two hundred thirty of this article because the applicable interest rate
19 changes pursuant to section five thousand four of this chapter, the
20 sheriff shall serve a copy of the income execution within forty-five
21 days after an income execution is delivered to the sheriff.

22 (j) Priority; delivery to another sheriff. Two or more income
23 executions issued against the same judgment debtor, specifying the same
24 person or entity from whom the money is received and delivered to the
25 same or different enforcement officers shall be satisfied out of that
26 money in the order in which the executions are delivered to an officer
27 authorized to levy in the county, town or city in which the debtor
28 resides or, in any county in which the person or entity from whom the
29 judgment debtor is receiving or will receive money has an office or
30 place of business, or where the judgment debtor is a non-resident, the
31 county, town or city in which he or she is employed. If the applicable
32 interest rate changes pursuant to section five thousand four of this
33 chapter while an execution is ongoing, the issuance of the amended
34 execution pursuant to section five thousand two hundred thirty of this
35 article shall retain the priority of the ongoing execution. If an income
36 execution delivered to a sheriff is returned unsatisfied in whole or in
37 part because the sheriff to whom it was delivered is unable to find
38 within the county the person or entity from whom the judgment debtor is
39 receiving or will receive money, the execution may be delivered to the
40 sheriff of any county in which such person or entity has an office or
41 place of business. The priority of an income execution delivered to a
42 sheriff within twenty days after its return by each previous sheriff
43 shall be determined by the time of delivery to the first sheriff.

44 (k) Accounting by sheriff. It shall be the duty of the sheriff to whom
45 such income execution shall be delivered, from time to time and at least
46 once every ninety days from the time a levy shall be made thereunder, to
47 account for and pay over to the person entitled thereto all monies
48 collected thereon, less his lawful fees and expenses for collecting the
49 same. Provided, however, that if a judgment creditor issues an amended
50 execution pursuant to section five thousand two hundred thirty of this
51 article because the applicable interest rate changes pursuant to section
52 five thousand four of this chapter, any money collected in excess of the
53 judgment amount shall be promptly returned to the debtor.

54 § 6. Subdivisions (a) and (c) of section 5222 of the civil practice
55 law and rules, subdivision (a) as amended by chapter 409 of the laws of

1 2000 and subdivision (c) as amended by chapter 575 of the laws of 2008,
2 are amended to read as follows:

3 (a) Issuance; on whom served; form; service. A restraining notice may
4 be issued by the clerk of the court or the attorney for the judgment
5 creditor as officer of the court, or by the support collection unit
6 designated by the appropriate social services district. It may be served
7 upon any person, except the employer of a judgment debtor or obligor
8 where the property sought to be restrained consists of wages or salary
9 due or to become due to the judgment debtor or obligor. It shall be
10 served personally in the same manner as a summons or by registered or
11 certified mail, return receipt requested or if issued by the support
12 collection unit, by regular mail, or by electronic means as set forth in
13 subdivision (g) of this section. It shall specify all of the parties to
14 the action, the date that the judgment or order was entered, the court
15 in which it was entered, the amount of the judgment or order and the
16 amount then due thereon, the names of all parties in whose favor and
17 against whom the judgment or order was entered, it shall set forth
18 subdivision (b) and shall state that disobedience is punishable as a
19 contempt of court, and it shall contain an original signature or copy of
20 the original signature of the clerk of the court or attorney or the name
21 of the support collection unit which issued it. If the applicable inter-
22 est rate changes pursuant to section five thousand four of this chapter
23 while a restraint is in effect, the judgment creditor shall issue an
24 amended restraining notice, and include the date as of which the new
25 interest rate applies, without leave of court as required under subdivi-
26 sion (c) of this section. Service of a restraining notice upon a depart-
27 ment or agency of the state or upon an institution under its direction
28 shall be made by serving a copy upon the head of the department, or the
29 person designated by him or her and upon the state department of audit
30 and control at its office in Albany; a restraining notice served upon a
31 state board, commission, body or agency which is not within any depart-
32 ment of the state shall be made by serving the restraining notice upon
33 the state department of audit and control at its office in Albany.
34 Service at the office of a department of the state in Albany may be made
35 by the sheriff of any county by registered or certified mail, return
36 receipt requested, or if issued by the support collection unit, by regu-
37 lar mail.

38 (c) Subsequent notice. Leave of court is required to serve more than
39 one restraining notice upon the same person with respect to the same
40 judgment or order. A judgment creditor shall not serve more than two
41 restraining notices per year upon a natural person's banking institution
42 account. If the applicable interest rate changes pursuant to section
43 five thousand four of this chapter while a restraint is in effect, the
44 judgment creditor shall issue an amended restraining notice without
45 leave of court.

46 § 7. This act shall take effect on the one hundred twentieth day after
47 it shall have become a law.