STATE OF NEW YORK

5045

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

February 10, 2021

Introduced by M. of A. DINOWITZ, RODRIGUEZ, GOTTFRIED, GALEF, JOYNER, RICHARDSON, ABINANTI, QUART, L. ROSENTHAL, STECK, SOLAGES, M. MILLER, WALKER, WEPRIN, VANEL -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. COOK, DAVILA, ENGLEBRIGHT, GLICK, RAMOS, ROZIC, SIMON -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the criminal procedure law, in relation to establishing the New York electronic communications privacy act ("NYECPA")

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

<pre>2 cle 695 to read as follows: 3 <u>ARTICLE 695</u> 4 <u>SEARCH AND SEIZURE OF ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND ELECTRONIC</u> 5 <u>COMMUNICATIONS</u></pre>						
4 <u>SEARCH AND SEIZURE OF ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND ELECTRONIC</u>						
5 COMMINICATIONS						
COMMUNICATIONS						
6 <u>Section 695.05 Search and seizure of electronic devices and elect</u>	ronic					
7 <u>communications; definitions.</u>	ronia					
8 695.10 Search and seizure of electronic devices and elect	<u>,101110</u>					
9 <u>communications; in general.</u>						
10 <u>695.15 Search and seizure of electronic devices and elect</u>	<u>ronic:</u>					
11 <u>communications; in an emergency.</u>						
12 695.20 Search and seizure of electronic devices and elect	<u>ronic</u> :					
13 <u>communications; when evidence can be suppressed.</u>						
14 <u>695.25 Search and seizure of electronic devices and elect</u>	<u>ronic</u> :					
15 <u>communications; annual report.</u>						
16 <u>§ 695.05 Search and seizure of electronic devices and electronic</u> of	<u>:ommu-</u>					
17 <u>nications; definitions.</u>						
18 As used in this article, the following definitions shall apply:						
19 <u>1. "Adverse result" means any of the following:</u>						
20 (a) danger to the life or physical safety of an individual;						
21 (b) flight from prosecution;						
22 (c) destruction of or tampering with evidence;						

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD05306-01-1

1	<u>(d) intimidation of potential witnesses; or</u>
2	<u>(e) serious jeopardy to an investigation.</u>
3	2. "Authorized possessor" means the person in possession of an elec-
4	tronic device when that person is the owner of the device or has been
5	authorized to possess the device by the owner of the device.
6	3. "Electronic communication" means the transmission of signs,
7	signals, writings, images, sounds, data, or intelligence of any nature
8	in whole or in part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectric, or
9	photo-optical system.
10	4. "Electronic communication information" means information related to
11	an electronic communication or the use of an electronic communication
12	service including, but not limited to the contents, sender, recipients,
13	or format of an electronic communication; the precise or approximate
14	location of the sender or recipients of an electronic communication at
15	any time during such communication; the time or date such communication
16	was created, sent, or received and information pertaining to an individ-
17	ual or device involved in the communication including but not limited to
18	an internet protocol address. Electronic communication information does
19	not include subscriber information as defined in this article and does
20	not include information in the public domain.
21	5. "Electronic communication service" means a service that provides
22	subscribers to or users of such service the ability to send or receive
23	an electronic communication as defined in this article, including a
24	service that acts as an intermediary in the transmission of electronic
25	communications, or that stores electronic communication information.
26	6. "Electronic device" means a device that stores, generates, or tran-
27	smits information in electronic form.
28	7. "Electronic device information" means information stored in or
29	generated through the operation of an electronic device, including
30	information related to the location of such device at any time.
31	8. "Electronic information" means electronic communication information
32	or electronic device information.
33	9. "Law enforcement agency" means any agency which is empowered by law
34	to conduct an investigation or to make an arrest for an offense under
35	the penal law, and an agency which is authorized by law to prosecute or
36	participate in the prosecution of an offense under the penal law.
37	10. "Law enforcement officer" means any public servant who is
38	empowered by law to conduct an investigation of or to make an arrest for
39	an offense under the penal law, and any attorney authorized by law to
	prosecute or participate in the prosecution of an offense under the
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41	penal law.
42	11. "Location information" means information regarding the general or
43	specific location of an electronic device.
44	12. "Service provider" means a person or entity that provides an elec-
45	tronic communication service.
46	13. "Specific consent" means consent provided directly to a law
47	enforcement agency or law enforcement officer seeking information
48	regarding an electronic communication, including but not limited to
49	circumstances in which a law enforcement agency or law enforcement offi-
50	cer is the addressee or intended recipient or a member of the intended
51	audience for such communication.
52	14. "Subscriber information" means the name, street address, telephone
53 E4	number, email address, or similar contact information provided by a
54	subscriber to the service provider in order to establish or maintain a
55	communication channel or an account for electronic communication
56	services, as well as a subscriber identifier or account number, the

1	period of time in which the subscriber receives service; and the types
2	of services used by a user of or subscriber to a service provider.
3	§ 695.10 Search and seizure of electronic devices and electronic commu-
4	nications; in general.
5	1. Except as provided in this section, a law enforcement agency or law
б	enforcement officer shall not:
7	(a) compel, induce or offer incentives for the production of or access
8	to electronic communication information from a service provider;
9	(b) compel the production of or access to electronic device informa-
10	tion from any person or entity other than the authorized possessor of
11	the device; or
12	(c) access electronic device information by means of physical inter-
13	action or electronic communication with the electronic device.
14	2. A law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer may compel the
15	production of or access to electronic communication information from a
16	service provider, or compel the production of or access to electronic
17	device information from any person or entity other than the authorized
18	possessor of the device only under the following circumstances:
19	(a) pursuant to a warrant issued in accordance with article six
20	hundred ninety of this title and subject to subdivision four of this
21	section, unless the law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer is
22	required under section 250.00 of the penal law and article seven hundred
23	of this title to obtain a warrant issued pursuant to article seven
24	hundred of this title; or
25	(b) pursuant to a warrant issued in accordance with article seven
26	hundred of this title.
27	3. A law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer may access,
28	without consent, as provided in this section, electronic device informa-
29	tion by means of physical interaction or electronic communication with
30	the device only as follows:
31	(a) pursuant to a warrant in accordance with article six hundred nine-
32	ty of this title and subject to subdivision four of this section, unless
33	the law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer is required under
34	section 250.00 of the penal law and article seven hundred of this title
35	to obtain a warrant issued pursuant to article seven hundred of this
36	title;
37	(b) pursuant to a warrant issued in accordance with article seven
38	hundred of this title;
39	(c) with the specific consent of the authorized possessor of the
40	device;
41	(d) with the specific consent of the owner of the device, only when
42	the device has been reported as lost or stolen; or
43	(e) if the law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer, in good
44	faith, believes the device to be lost, stolen, or abandoned, provided
45	that the law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer shall access
46	electronic device information only for the purpose of attempting to
47	identify, verify, or contact the owner or authorized possessor of the
48	device.
49	4. Any warrant for electronic information shall:
50	(a) describe with particularity the information to be seized by speci-
51	fying the time periods for which such information is sought and, as
52	appropriate and reasonable, the target individuals or accounts, the
53	applications or services covered, and the types of information sought;
54	and
55	(b) comply with all applicable provisions of state and federal law,
	including such provisions that prohibit or limit the use of search

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1	warrants, or that impose additional requirements, beyond the scope of
2	this article, regarding search warrants.
3	(c) If an affidavit, declaration, deposition, allegation of fact or
4	other material is submitted in support of the application for a warrant,
5	the judge must file it with the court within twenty-four hours of the
6	issuance of a warrant.
7	5. A service provider may voluntarily disclose electronic communi-
8	cation information or subscriber information when that disclosure is not
9	otherwise prohibited by this article or by other provisions of state law
10	or by federal law.
11	6. A law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer that receives
12	electronic communication information provided voluntarily shall seal
13	that information within ninety days and access to the information shall
14	be prohibited except in one or more of the following circumstances:
15	(a) a law enforcement officer or agency obtains specific consent from
16	the sender or recipient of the electronic communications about which
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17	information has been disclosed; or
18	(b) a law enforcement officer or agency obtains a court order author-
19	izing access to the electronic communication information. A court shall
20	issue an access order upon the same finding required for issuing a
21	warrant pursuant to article six hundred ninety of this title and subject
22	to subdivision four of this section.
23	(c) information retained by a law enforcement officer or agent that is
24	subject to this provision shall not be shared with:
25	(i) persons or entities that do not agree to limit the use of the
26	provided information to those purposes identified in the court authori-
27	zation; and
28	<u>(ii) persons or entities that:</u>
29	(A) are not legally obligated to destroy the provided information upon
30	the expiration or rescindment of the court's retention order; or
31	(B) do not voluntarily agree to destroy the provided information upon
32	the expiration or rescindment of the court's retention order.
33	7. A law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer that obtains
34	electronic information pursuant to an emergency involving danger of
35	death or serious physical injury to a person, which requires access to
36	the electronic information without delay, shall within three days after
37	obtaining the electronic information file with the appropriate court an
38	application for a warrant or order that authorizes access to such elec-
39	tronic information, or a motion seeking approval of the emergency
40	disclosures that sets forth the facts giving rise to the emergency, and
41	if applicable, a request supported by a sworn affidavit for an order
42	delaying notification to the court as required under paragraph (a) of
43	subdivision two of section 695.15 of this article. The court shall
	promptly rule on such application or motion, and shall order the immedi-
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45	ate destruction of all information obtained, and immediate notification
46	to the targets of a warrant or emergency request, pursuant to subdivi-
47	sion one of section 695.15 of this article, if such notice has not
48	already been given, upon a finding that the facts did not give rise to
49	an emergency, or upon a ruling that rejects the warrant or order appli-
50	cation on any other ground.
51	8. This section does not limit the authority of a law enforcement
52	agency or law enforcement officer to use an administrative, grand jury,
53	trial, or civil discovery subpoena to do any of the following:
54	(a) require an originator, addressee, or intended recipient of an
55	electronic communication to disclose any electronic communication infor-

56 mation associated with that communication;

1 (b) require an entity that provides electronic communications services 2 to its officers, directors, employees, or agents for the purpose of 3 carrying out their duties, to disclose electronic communication informa-4 tion associated with an electronic communication to or from an officer, 5 director, employee, or agent of the entity; or б (c) require a service provider to provide subscriber information. 7 9. This section does not prohibit the intended recipient of an elec-8 tronic communication from voluntarily disclosing electronic communi-9 cation information concerning that communication to a law enforcement 10 agency or law enforcement officer. 11 10. Nothing in this section shall be construed to expand any authority under state law to compel the production of or access to electronic 12 13 information. 14 § 695.15 Search and seizure of electronic devices and electronic communications; in an emergency. 15 16 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer that executes a warrant, or obtains 17 electronic information in an emergency pursuant to section 695.10 of 18 this article, shall serve upon or deliver to the target of a warrant or 19 20 emergency request by registered or first-class mail, electronic mail, or 21 by other means reasonably calculated to be effective, a notice that informs the recipient that information about the recipient has been 22 compelled or requested. Such notice shall state with reasonable specif-23 icity the nature of the government investigation pursuant to which the 24 25 information is sought. The notice shall include a copy of the warrant or 26 a written statement setting forth facts giving rise to the emergency. 27 The notice shall be provided contemporaneously with the execution of a warrant, or, in the case of an emergency, within three days after 28 29 obtaining the electronic information. The target of the warrant is 30 entitled to request a copy of the electronic information obtained in the 31 same form it was received upon request. Notice shall include 32 instructions for requesting copies and a law enforcement agency and law enforcement officer must provide copies of information obtained in the 33 34 same form within three days of receiving the request from the target of 35 the warrant. 36 2. (a) When a warrant is sought or electronic information is obtained 37 in an emergency under section 695.10 of this article, the law enforce-38 ment agency or law enforcement officer may submit a request to a court 39 supported by a sworn affidavit for an order delaying notification and prohibiting any party providing information from notifying any other 40 41 party that information has been sought. The court shall issue the order 42 if the court determines that there is reason to believe that notifica-43 tion may have an adverse result, but only for the period of time that the court finds there is reason to believe that the notification may 44 45 have that adverse result, and not to exceed ninety days. 46 (b) The court may grant extensions of the delay of up to ninety days 47 each on the same grounds as provided in paragraph (a) of this subdivision. 48 49 (c) Upon expiration of the period in which notification is delayed, a law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer shall serve upon the 50 51 identified targets of a warrant or deliver to those targets by registered or first-class mail, electronic mail, or other means reasonably 52 53 calculated to be effective as specified by the court issuing the order 54 authorizing delayed notification, a document that includes the informa-55 tion described in subdivision one of this section, along with a copy of 56 all electronic information obtained in the same form it was received,

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and a statement of the grounds for the court's determination to grant a 1 2 delay in notifying the individual. 3 3. If there is no identified target of a warrant or emergency request at the time of its issuance, the law enforcement agency or law enforce-4 5 ment officer shall submit to the attorney general of this state within б three days of the execution of the warrant or issuance of the request a report regarding the information required in subdivision one of this 7 8 section. If an order delaying notice is obtained pursuant to subdivision two of this section, the law enforcement agency or law enforcement offi-9 cer shall submit to the attorney general upon the expiration of the 10 11 period of delay of the notification a report regarding the information required in paragraph (c) of subdivision two of this section. The attor-12 13 ney general's office shall publish such reports on its internet website 14 within ninety days of receipt. The attorney general shall redact names and other personal identifying information from the reports. 15 4. Except as otherwise provided in this section, nothing in this arti-16 17 cle shall prohibit or limit a service provider or any other party from disclosing information about any request or demand for electronic infor-18 mation. 19 20 § 695.20 Search and seizure of electronic devices and electronic commu-21 nications; when evidence can be suppressed. 22 1. Persons who are party to or otherwise subject to a trial, hearing, or other legal or administrative proceeding may move to suppress elec-23 tronic information obtained or retained in violation of this article, 24 25 the United States Constitution, State Constitution, the New York State 26 Constitution or the provisions of the criminal procedure law. The motion 27 shall be made and shall be subject to review by a court in accordance with the procedures set forth in article seven hundred ten of this 28 29 title. 30 2. The attorney general of this state may commence a civil action to 31 compel a law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer to comply 32 with the provisions of this article. This does not preclude action by 33 an individual, service provider, or other recipient of a warrant, order, or other legal process that is inconsistent with this article. 34 35 3. An individual, service provider or other recipient of a warrant, order, or other legal process may petition the issuing court to quash or 36 modify the warrant, order, or process, or to order the destruction of 37 information that is sought pursuant to such a warrant, order or other 38 legal process, on the basis that the warrant, order or process violates 39 the United States Constitution, the New York State Constitution, or is 40 otherwise contrary to federal or state law. The warrant recipient may 41 42 also move the quash on the basis that the information or records 43 requested are unusually voluminous in nature or compliance with such order otherwise would cause an undue burden on such provider. The 44 45 court's decision to grant or deny that petition, in whole or in part, 46 filed under this paragraph is immediately appealable pursuant to section 47 fifty-seven hundred one of the civil practice law and rules. 48 4. A state, territory or commonwealth of the United States and foreign 49 and domestic corporations as well as officers, employees, and agents of these entities shall not be subject to a cause of action for providing 50 records, information, facilities, or other forms of assistance in 51 52 accordance with the terms of a warrant, court order, statutory authori-

54 <u>this article. This does not preclude a cause of action for providing</u> 55 <u>records, information, facilities, or other forms of assistance in a</u> 56 <u>manner that is inconsistent with this article.</u>

zation, emergency certification, or wiretap order issued pursuant to

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1	§ 695.25 Search and seizure of electronic devices and electronic commu-
2	<u>nications; annual report.</u>
3	1. A law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer that obtains
4	electronic communication information pursuant to this article shall make
5	an annual report to the attorney general of this state regarding such
б	information. The report shall be made on or before February first, two
7	thousand twenty-two, and on February first of each year thereafter. To
8	the extent such information can be reasonably determined, the report
9	shall include the following:
10	(a) the total number of times electronic information was sought or
11	obtained pursuant to this article;
12	(b) the number of times such information was sought or obtained, and
13	the number of records obtained for each of the following categories the
14	types of electronic information:
15	(i) electronic communication content;
16 17	(ii) location information; (iii) electronic device information (not including location informa-
17 18	tion); and
19	(iv) other electronic communication information.
20	(c) for each type of information identified in paragraph (b) of this
21	subdivision:
22	(i) the number of times the information was sought or obtained pursu-
23	ant to:
24	(1) wiretap orders obtained pursuant to this article;
25	(2) search warrants obtained pursuant to this article; and
26	(3) emergency requests subject to subdivision eight of section 695.10
27	<u>of this article.</u>
28	(ii) the total number of individuals whose information was sought or
29	obtained;
30	(iii) the total number of instances in which information was sought or
31	obtained that did not specify a target individual from whom or about
32	whom the information was requested;
33	(iv) for demands or requests issued upon a service provider, the
34	number of such demands or requests complied with in full, partially
35	complied with, and not complied with;
36 27	(v) the number of times notice to targeted individuals of a warrant, court order, statutory authorization, emergency certification, or wire-
37 38	tap order issued pursuant to this article was delayed and the average
39	length of the delay;
40	(vi) the number of times records obtained pursuant to a warrant, court
41	order, statutory authorization, emergency certification, or wiretap
42	order issued pursuant to this article were shared with other government
43	entities or any department or agency of the federal government, and the
44	agencies with which such records were shared;
45	(vii) the average period of time for which location information was
46	obtained or received; and
47	(viii) the number of instances in which electronic information sought
48	or obtained pursuant to this article was relevant to a criminal proceed-
49	ing that led to a conviction.
50	2. On or before April first, two thousand twenty-three, and each April
51	first thereafter, the attorney general's office shall publish on its
52	internet website a summary aggregating data related to each type of
53	electronic communication identified in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of
54	subdivision one of this section by county.

1	<u>3. Nothing ir</u>	<u>this artic</u>	<u>cle sh</u>	<u>all prohibit</u>	<u>: or restr</u>	<u>ict a service</u>
2	provider from	producing	an an	<u>nual report</u>	summarizing	the demands or
3	requests it rec	eives under	this a	<u>rticle.</u>		
4	§ 2. This act	shall take	effect	immediately.		