STATE OF NEW YORK

1861--A

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 11, 2021

Introduced by M. of A. DINOWITZ, L. ROSENTHAL, GALEF, ABINANTI, FAHY, COLTON, WEPRIN, LAVINE, REYES, CRUZ, DE LA ROSA, LUNSFORD -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. COOK, GOTTFRIED, HYNDMAN -- read once and referred to the Committee on Labor -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the labor law, in relation to prohibiting an employer from requesting or requiring that an employee or applicant disclose any user name, password, or other means for accessing a personal account through specified electronic communications devices

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- Section 1. The labor law is amended by adding a new section 201-h to read as follows:
- § 201-h. Request for access to personal accounts prohibited. 1. For 4 purposes of this section, the following words shall have the following 5 meanings:
 - (a) "Applicant" means an applicant for employment.

3

6

- (b) "Electronic communications device" means any device that uses 7 8 electronic signals to create, transmit, and receive information, includ-9 ing, but not limited to computers, telephones, personal digital assist-10 ants and other similar devices.
- (c) "Employer" means (i) a person or entity engaged in a business, 11 industry, profession, trade or other enterprise in the state; or (ii) a 12 unit of state or local government; and (iii) shall include an agent, 13 representative or designee of the employer. 14
- 15 (d) "Personal account" means an account or profile on an electronic 16 medium where users may create, share, and view user-generated content, including uploading or downloading videos or still photographs, blogs, 17 18 video blogs, podcasts, instant messages, or Internet Web site profiles

EXPLANATION -- Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD04814-03-1

2 A. 1861--A

or locations that is used by an employee or an applicant exclusively for 2 personal purposes.

- 2. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, it shall be unlawful for any employer to request, require or coerce any employee or applicant for employment to:
- (i) disclose any user name and password, password, or other authentication information for accessing a personal account through an electronic communications device;
- 9 (ii) access the employee's or applicant's personal account in the 10 presence of the employer; or
- 11 (iii) reproduce in any manner photographs, video, or other information contained within a personal account obtained by the means prohibited in 12 this paragraph. 13
 - (b) An employer may require an employee to disclose any user name, password or other means for accessing nonpersonal accounts that provide access to the employer's internal computer or information systems.
 - (c) For the purposes of this section, "access" shall not include an employee or applicant voluntarily adding an employer, agent of the employer, or employment agency to their list of contacts associated with a personal internet account.
 - 3. An employer may not:

3

4 5

6

7

8

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

26

27

28

32

33

34

35

36

40

41 42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

- 22 (a) Discharge, discipline, or otherwise penalize or threaten to discharge, discipline, or otherwise penalize an employee for an employ-23 ee's refusal to disclose any information specified in paragraph (a) of 24 subdivision two of this section; or 25
 - (b) Fail or refuse to hire any applicant as a result of the applicant's refusal to disclose any information specified in paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section.
- 29 4. It shall be an affirmative defense to an action under this section 30 that the employer acted to comply with requirements of a federal, state 31 or local law.
 - 5. (a) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an employer from:
 - (i) requesting or requiring an employee to disclose access information to an account provided by the employer where such account is used for business purposes and the employee was provided prior notice of the employer's right to request or require such access information;
- 37 (ii) requesting or requiring an employee to disclose access informa-38 tion to an account known to an employer to be used for business 39 purposes;
 - (iii) accessing an electronic communications device paid for in whole or in part by the employer where the provision of or payment for such electronic communications device was conditioned on the employer's right to access such device and the employee was provided prior notice of and explicitly agreed to such conditions. However, nothing in this subparagraph shall permit an employer to access any personal accounts on such device;
 - (iv) complying with a court order in obtaining or providing information from, or access to, an employee's accounts as such court order may
- (v) restricting or prohibiting an employee's access to certain 50 51 websites while using an employer's network or while using an electronic communications device paid for in whole or part by the employer where 52 53 the provision of or payment for such electronic communications device 54 was conditioned on the employer's right to restrict such access and the employee was provided prior notice of and explicitly agreed to such 55

56 conditions.

3 A. 1861--A

1

7

8 9

(b) This section does not prohibit or restrict an employer from complying with a duty to screen employees or applicants prior to hiring 3 or to monitor or retain employee communications that is established under federal law or by a self regulatory organization, as defined in section 3(a)(26) of the securities and exchange act of 1934, 15 USC §78c(a)(26).

- (c) This section does not prohibit or restrict an employer from viewing, accessing, or utilizing information about an employee or applicant that can be obtained without any required access information, that is available in the public domain, or for the purposes of obtaining reports 10 11 of misconduct or investigating misconduct, photographs, video, messages, or other information that is voluntarily shared by an employee, client, 12 or other third party that the employee subject to such report or inves-13 14 tigation has voluntarily given access to contained within such employ-15 <u>ee's personal account.</u>
- 16 § 2. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after 17 it shall have become a law.