

# STATE OF NEW YORK

10564

## IN ASSEMBLY

July 6, 2022

Introduced by COMMITTEE ON RULES -- (at request of M. of A. Barclay, Palmesano, Angelino, J. M. Giglio, Byrnes, Hawley, Simpson, Gallahan, Brabenec, Durso) -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the penal law and the criminal procedure law, in relation to the commission of and sentencing for certain provisions of murder in the first degree

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subparagraph (xiii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 125.27 of the penal law, as added by chapter 300 of the laws of 2001, is amended and a new paragraph (xiv) is added to read as follows:

(xiii) the victim was killed in furtherance of an act of terrorism, as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 490.05 of this chapter; ~~and~~ or

(xiv) the defendant intentionally selected the victim in whole or in substantial part because of a belief or perception regarding the actual or perceived race, color, national origin, ancestry, gender, gender identity or expression, religion, religious practice, age, disability, or sexual orientation of such victim, regardless of whether such belief or perception is correct; and

§ 2. Section 60.06 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 482 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

§ 60.06 Authorized disposition; murder in the first degree offenders; aggravated murder offenders; certain murder in the second degree offenders; certain terrorism offenders; criminal possession of a chemical weapon or biological weapon offenders; criminal use of a chemical weapon or biological weapon offenders.

When a defendant is convicted of murder in the first degree as defined in section 125.27 of this chapter, the court shall, in accordance with the provisions of section 400.27 of the criminal procedure law, sentence the defendant to death, to life imprisonment without parole in accordance with subdivision five of section 70.00 of this title, or to a term of imprisonment for a class A-I felony other than a sentence of life

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets ~~[-]~~ is old law to be omitted.

LBD15898-01-2

1 imprisonment without parole, in accordance with subdivisions one through  
2 three of section 70.00 of this title. When a person is convicted of  
3 murder in the second degree as defined in subdivision five of section  
4 125.25 of this chapter or of the crime of aggravated murder as defined  
5 in subdivision one of section 125.26 of this chapter, or of the crime of  
6 murder in the first degree as defined in subparagraph (i), (ii), (ii-a),  
7 (iii), (viii), (xi), (xiii), or (xiv) of paragraph (a) of subdivision  
8 one of section 125.27 of this chapter and the sentence of death is not  
9 imposed the court shall sentence the defendant to life imprisonment  
10 without parole in accordance with subdivision five of section 70.00 of  
11 this title. When a defendant is convicted of the crime of terrorism as  
12 defined in section 490.25 of this chapter, and the specified offense the  
13 defendant committed is a class A-I felony offense, or when a defendant  
14 is convicted of the crime of criminal possession of a chemical weapon or  
15 biological weapon in the first degree as defined in section 490.45 of  
16 this chapter, or when a defendant is convicted of the crime of criminal  
17 use of a chemical weapon or biological weapon in the first degree as  
18 defined in section 490.55 of this chapter, the court shall sentence the  
19 defendant to life imprisonment without parole in accordance with subdivi-  
20 sion five of section 70.00 of this title; provided, however, that  
21 nothing in this section shall preclude or prevent a sentence of death  
22 when the defendant is also convicted of murder in the first degree as  
23 defined in section 125.27 of this chapter. When a defendant is convicted  
24 of aggravated murder as defined in subdivision two of section 125.26 of  
25 this chapter, the court shall sentence the defendant to life imprison-  
26 ment without parole or to a term of imprisonment for a class A-I felony  
27 other than a sentence of life imprisonment without parole, in accordance  
28 with subdivisions one through three of section 70.00 of this title.

29 § 3. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 of section  
30 70.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 107 of the laws of 2006,  
31 is amended to read as follows:

32 (i) For a class A-I felony, such minimum period shall not be less than  
33 fifteen years nor more than twenty-five years; provided, however, that  
34 (A) where a sentence, other than a sentence of death or life imprison-  
35 ment without parole, is imposed upon a defendant convicted of murder in  
36 the first degree as defined in subparagraph (iv), (v), (vi), (vii),  
37 (ix), (x), or (xii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section  
38 125.27 of this chapter such minimum period shall be not less than twenty  
39 years nor more than twenty-five years, and, (B) where a sentence is  
40 imposed upon a defendant convicted of murder in the second degree as  
41 defined in subdivision five of section 125.25 of this chapter or  
42 convicted of aggravated murder as defined in section 125.26 of this  
43 chapter, or where a sentence, other than a sentence of death, is imposed  
44 upon a defendant convicted of murder in the first degree as defined in  
45 subparagraph (i), (ii), (ii-a), (iii), (viii), (xi), (xiii), or (xiv) of  
46 paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section 125.27 of this chapter, the  
47 sentence shall be life imprisonment without parole, and, (C) where a  
48 sentence is imposed upon a defendant convicted of attempted murder in  
49 the first degree as defined in article one hundred ten of this chapter  
50 and subparagraph (i), (ii), (ii-a) or (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivi-  
51 sion one and paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 125.27 of this  
52 chapter or attempted aggravated murder as defined in article one hundred  
53 ten of this chapter and section 125.26 of this chapter such minimum  
54 period shall be not less than twenty years nor more than forty years.

§ 4. Subdivision 5 of section 70.00 of the penal law, as amended by section 40-a of part WWW of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

5. Life imprisonment without parole. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a defendant sentenced to life imprisonment without parole shall not be or become eligible for parole or conditional release. For purposes of commitment and custody, other than parole and conditional release, such sentence shall be deemed to be an indeterminate sentence. A defendant may be sentenced to life imprisonment without parole upon conviction for the crime of murder in the first degree as defined in section 125.27 of this chapter and in accordance with the procedures provided by law for imposing a sentence for such crime. A defendant who was eighteen years of age or older at the time of the commission of the crime must be sentenced to life imprisonment without parole upon conviction for the crime of terrorism as defined in section 490.25 of this chapter, where the specified offense the defendant committed is a class A-I felony; the crime of criminal possession of a chemical weapon or biological weapon in the first degree as defined in section 490.45 of this chapter; or the crime of criminal use of a chemical weapon or biological weapon in the first degree as defined in section 490.55 of this chapter; provided, however, that nothing in this subdivision shall preclude or prevent a sentence of death when the defendant is also convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree as defined in section 125.27 of this chapter. A defendant who was seventeen years of age or younger at the time of the commission of the crime may be sentenced, in accordance with law, to the applicable indeterminate sentence with a maximum term of life imprisonment. A defendant must be sentenced to life imprisonment without parole upon conviction for the crime of murder in the second degree as defined in subdivision five of section 125.25 of this chapter or for the crime of aggravated murder as defined in subdivision one of section 125.26 of this chapter. A defendant may be sentenced to life imprisonment without parole upon conviction for the crime of aggravated murder as defined in subdivision two of section 125.26 of this chapter or for the crime of murder in the first degree as defined in subparagraph (i), (ii), (ii-a), (iii), (viii), (xi), (xiii), or (xiv) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section 125.27 of this chapter and the sentence of death is not imposed.

§ 5. Subdivisions 1 and 10 of section 400.27 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chapter 1 of the laws of 1995, are amended to read as follows:

1. Upon ~~the~~ conviction of a defendant for the offense of murder in the first degree as defined by subparagraph (i), (ii), (ii-a), (iii), (viii), (xi), (xiii), or (xiv) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section 125.27 of the penal law, the court shall promptly conduct a separate sentencing proceeding to determine whether the defendant shall be sentenced to death or to life imprisonment without parole pursuant to subdivision five of section 70.00 of the penal law. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to preclude the people at any time from determining that the death penalty shall not be sought in a particular case, in which case the separate sentencing proceeding shall not be conducted and the court may sentence such defendant to life imprisonment without parole ~~[or to a sentence of imprisonment for the class A-I felony of murder in the first degree other than a sentence of life imprisonment without parole]~~.

10. (a) At the conclusion of all the evidence, the people and the defendant may present argument in summation for or against the sentence

1 sought by the people. The people may deliver the first summation and the  
2 defendant may then deliver the last summation. Thereafter, the court  
3 shall deliver a charge to the jury on any matters appropriate in the  
4 circumstances. In its charge, the court must instruct the jury that with  
5 respect to each count of murder in the first degree, as defined in  
6 subparagraph (i), (ii), (ii-a), (iii), (viii), (xi), (xiii), or (xiv) of  
7 paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section 125.27 of the penal law, the  
8 jury should consider whether or not a sentence of death should be  
9 imposed and whether or not a sentence of life imprisonment without  
10 parole should be imposed[~~, and that the jury must be unanimous with~~  
11 ~~respect to either sentence. The court must also instruct the jury that~~  
12 ~~in the event the jury fails to reach unanimous agreement with respect to~~  
13 ~~the sentence, the court will sentence the defendant to a term of impri-~~  
14 ~~sonment with a minimum term of between twenty and twenty-five years and~~  
15 ~~a maximum term of life. Following the court's charge, the jury shall~~  
16 ~~retire to consider the sentence to be imposed. Unless inconsistent with~~  
17 ~~the provisions of this section, the provisions of sections 310.10,~~  
18 ~~310.20 and 310.30 shall govern the deliberations of the jury].~~

19 (b) The court must instruct the jury that the jury must be unanimous  
20 with respect to the sentence to be imposed. The court must also instruct  
21 the jury that in the event the jury fails to reach unanimous agreement  
22 with respect to the sentence, the court will sentence the defendant to a  
23 term of life imprisonment without parole.

24 (c) Following the court's charge, the jury shall retire to consider  
25 the sentence to be imposed. Unless inconsistent with the provisions of  
26 this section, the provisions of sections 310.10, 310.20 and 310.30 of  
27 this part shall govern the deliberations of the jury.

28 § 6. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to  
29 offenses committed on or after such effective date.