STATE OF NEW YORK

942

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 9, 2019

Introduced by Sen. O'MARA -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Environmental Conservation

AN ACT to amend the environmental conservation law, in relation to enacting the "solar panel collection act"; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as 2 the "solar panel collection act".

§ 2. Article 27 of the environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new title 31 to read as follows:

TITLE 31

SOLAR PANEL COLLECTION ACT

Section 27-3101. Definitions.

27-3103. Solar panel collection.

27-3105. Solar panel wholesaler and retailer requirements.

27-3107. Department responsibilities.

27-3109. Disposal prohibition.

12 <u>§ 27-3101. Definitions.</u>

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- 1. "Collection program" means a system for the collection, transporta-14 tion and recycling of out-of-service solar panels that is financed and managed or provided by a solar panel manufacturer individually or 15 16 collectively with other solar panel manufacturers within this state in accordance with this section.
- 2. "Out-of-service solar panel" means a solar panel that is removed, 18 19 <u>replaced or otherwise taken out of service.</u>
- 20 "Qualified contractor" means a person engaged in the business of 21 installing, repairing, servicing or the removal of solar panels and who 22 employs seven or more service technicians.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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4. "Qualified local government authorities" means any municipal corporation or planning unit as defined in section 27-0107 of this article, or county departments of health.

- 5. "Solar panel" means a bank of solar cells that, when exposed to radiation from the sun, can generate heating or electricity.
- 6. "Solar panel manufacturer" means a person who manufactures one or more name brand solar panels within this state.
- 7. "Solar panel retailer" means a person who sells solar panels of any kind primarily to homeowners or other consumers through any sale or distribution mechanism including sales using the internet or catalogs.
- 8. "Solar panel wholesaler" means a person who is engaged in the distribution and wholesale selling of solar panels to qualified contractors or other consumers, and whose total wholesale sales account for eighty percent or more of its total sales. A solar panel manufacturer is not, by virtue of manufacturing, a solar panel wholesaler.
- 9. "Consumer" means an individual, business, partnership, association, corporation, company, municipality, political subdivision or other legal entity that purchases, operates, owns or uses one or more solar panels.
- 19 10. "Recycling" means refurbishing out-of-service solar panels for continued reuse as a product or capturing the metals via reclamation.
 21 § 27-3103. Solar panel collection.
- 22 <u>1. Each solar panel manufacturer shall, individually or collectively,</u>
 23 with other solar panel manufacturers, establish and maintain a program
 24 for the collection, transportation and recycling of out-of-service solar
 25 panels in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- 2. Each solar panel manufacturer shall, individually or collectively
 with other solar panel manufacturers through a collection program, do
 the following:
 - (a) On and after July first, two thousand twenty-one, compile a list of solar panel wholesalers within this state.
 - (b) Establish a system to collect, transport and recycle out-of-service solar panels from all collection sites.
 - (c) Not include any fees or other charges to consumers or persons participating in the program.
 - (d) Beginning July first, two thousand twenty-one, conduct education and outreach efforts, including, but not limited to the following:
 - (i) establish and maintain a public website for the dissemination of educational materials to promote the collection and recycling of out-of-service solar panels. This website shall include templates of the educational materials on the internet website in a form and format that can be easily downloaded and printed. The link to this website shall be provided to the department;
 - (ii) contact solar panel wholesalers at least once a year to encourage their support and participation in educating consumers on the importance of statutory requirements for the collection and recycling of out-of-service solar panels;
- 47 (iii) create and maintain a web-based program that allows contractors
 48 and consumers to identify collection sites for out-of-service solar
 49 panels in the state and provide a list of collection sites to the
 50 department; and
- 51 (iv) develop informational articles, press releases, and news stories 52 pertaining to the importance of and opportunities for collecting and 53 recycling out-of-service solar panels and distribute those materials to 54 trade publications, local media, and stakeholder groups.
- 55 <u>(e) On or before July first, two thousand twenty-one, develop and</u> 56 <u>update as necessary educational and other outreach materials for</u>

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distribution to qualified contractors, contractor associations and consumers. These materials shall be made available for use by participating solar panel wholesalers, solar panel retailers, qualified contractors, and qualified government authorities. The materials shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (i) signage, such as posters and cling signage, that can be prominently displayed to promote the recycling of out-of-service solar panels to qualified contractors and consumers; and
- 9 (ii) written materials or templates of materials for reproduction by
 10 solar panel wholesalers and solar panel retailers to be provided to
 11 consumers at the time of purchase or delivery of a solar panel. The
 12 materials shall include, but not be limited to, information on the
 13 importance of recycling out-of-service solar panels and opportunities
 14 for the collection of these solar panels.
- 15 (f) Provide an opportunity for the department to review and offer 16 feedback and suggestions on the collection program.
 - 3. No later than April first, two thousand twenty-two, and no later than April first of each year thereafter, each solar panel manufacturer shall, individually or collectively with other solar panel manufacturers, submit an annual report on its collection program to the department covering the one-year period ending December thirty-first of the previous year. Each report shall be posted on the solar panel manufacturer's or program operator's respective internet website. The annual report shall include the following:
 - (a) the number of out-of-service solar panels collected and recycled under this section during the previous calendar year;
 - (b) a list of all solar panel manufactures, solar panel wholesalers, contractors, qualified local government authorities, and solar panel retailers participating in the program as solar panel collection sites;
 - (c) an accounting of the program's administrative costs;
- 31 (d) a description of outreach strategies employed under paragraph (d) 32 of subdivision two of this section;
 - (e) examples of outreach and educational materials used under paragraph (d) of subdivision two of this section;
- 35 (f) the internet website address or addresses where the annual report 36 may be viewed online;
- 37 (g) a description of how the out-of-service solar panels were 38 collected and recycled;
- 39 (h) any modifications that the solar panel manufacturer is planning to 40 make in its collection program; and
 - (i) the identification of a collection program contact and the business phone number, mailing address, and e-mail address for the contact.
 - 4. All solar panel manufacturers participating in the program shall handle and manage any out-of-service solar panels that cannot be recycled and have been determined to be or to contain hazardous waste, as defined pursuant to regulations of the department, consistent with the requirements for the management and disposal of hazardous waste.
- 5. On and after July first, two thousand twenty-one, no solar panel
 manufacturer shall sell, offer to sell, distribute, or offer to distribute solar panels unless the manufacturer participates as a collection
 site for out-of-service solar panels or requests and receives a waiver
 from the department following a demonstration that such participation
 would pose an undue burden.
- 54 <u>§ 27-3105. Solar panel wholesaler and retailer requirements.</u>
- No solar panel wholesaler or solar panel retailer located within this state shall sell, offer for sale or distribute any solar panel for final

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sale unless the solar panel manufacturer of such solar panel is listed on the department's website, in accordance with the provisions of this 3 title.

- 4 § 27-3107. Department responsibilities.
- 1. No later than June first, two thousand twenty-two, the department 6 shall maintain on its website information regarding the collection and 7 recycling of out-of-service solar panels in the state. The information 8 shall include the following:
- 9 (a) a description of the collection programs established under this section and a list of solar panel manufacturers of such solar panels 10 11 participating in the collection program pursuant to this title; and
- (b) a list of all solar panel wholesalers, qualified contractors, 12 qualified local government authorities, and solar panel retailers 13 14 participating in the program as collection sites.
- 2. No later than November first, two thousand twenty-three, the 15 16 department shall submit a written report to the governor and the legis-17 lature regarding the effectiveness of the collection programs established under this section, information on the number of out-of-service 18 19 solar panels collected, and how the out-of-service solar panels were 20 managed. The department shall use this information to recommend whether 21 the provisions of this section should be extended, along with any other statutory changes. In preparing the report, the department shall consult 22 with solar panel manufacturers, environmental organizations, municipal 23 recyclers, and other interest groups. 24
- 25 § 27-3109. Disposal prohibition.
- 26 1. No transporter shall knowingly commingle solar panels with solid 27 waste or recyclable materials.
- 2. No transporter shall knowingly deliver solar panels or knowingly 28 29 cause such materials to be delivered to the following facilities located 30 within this state:
 - (a) an incinerator;
 - (b) a landfill;

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- (c) a transfer station; or
- 34 (d) a facility who the transporter knows or should know will either 35 commingle such materials with other solid waste or deliver such materi-36 als to an incinerator or a landfill for disposal.
- 3. No operator of an incinerator or a landfill shall knowingly accept 38 solar panels for disposal.
- 4. No operator of a transfer station shall knowingly commingle solar panels with other solid waste or cause such materials to be transferred 40 to an incinerator or landfill for disposal.
- 42 5. Each landfill and incinerator shall post, in a conspicuous location at the facility, a sign stating that solar panels are not accepted at 43 44 the facility.
- § 3. a. Any consumer or qualified contractor who replaces a solar 46 panel from a building shall deliver the solar panel to an appropriate 47 collection site.
- 48 b. Any person or contractor who demolishes a building shall ensure that all solar panels are removed from the building prior to demolition 49 50 and shall deliver the solar panels to a collection site.
- 51 c. Any department, authority, instrumentality, or municipal corpo-52 ration of the state administering a program that involves the removal or replacement of solar panels as a result of any statutory requirement, 54 shall inform contractors of their statutory obligations to deliver the 55 solar panels to a collection site and prohibiting the disposal of such solar panels in a solid-waste facility.

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d. Any contractor, organization or subcontractor of such organization, who contracts with or receives funding or financing provided in whole or in part by or through any department, agency, instrumentality, or political subdivision of this state for the sale, distribution, service, removal, collection and recycling of solar panels, shall ensure the collection, transportation and proper management of out-of-service solar panels in accordance with the provisions of title 31 of article 27 of the environmental conservation law.

9 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately, and shall expire and be 10 deemed repealed January 1, 2031.