STATE OF NEW YORK

8974

IN SENATE

September 11, 2020

Introduced by Sen. LANZA -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Rules

AN ACT to amend the penal law and the criminal procedure law, in relation to crimes committed during a riot

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The closing paragraph of section 240.06 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 294 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

Riot in the first degree is a class [~~E~~] **D** felony.

§ 2. The closing paragraph of section 240.05 of the penal law, as amended by section 791 of the laws of 1967, is amended to read as follows:

Riot in the second degree is a class [~~A misdemeanor~~] **E felony**.

§ 3. The closing paragraph of section 240.08 of the penal law, as added by section 791 of the laws of 1967, is amended to read as follows:

Inciting to riot is a class [~~A misdemeanor~~] **E felony**.

§ 4. Subdivision 4 of section 140.30 of the penal law, as amended by section 374 of the laws of 1973, is amended and a new subdivision 5 is added to read as follows:

4. Displays what appears to be a pistol, revolver, rifle, shotgun, machine gun or other firearm; except that in any prosecution under this subdivision, it is an affirmative defense that such pistol, revolver, rifle, shotgun, machine gun or other firearm was not a loaded weapon from which a shot, readily capable of producing death or other serious physical injury, could be discharged. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall constitute a defense to a prosecution for, or preclude a conviction of, burglary in the second degree, burglary in the third degree or any other crime[~~.~~]**; or**

5. Is simultaneously engaged in conduct that is an offense defined in section 240.05, 240.06 or 240.08 of this part.

§ 5. The opening paragraph of section 150.15 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 225 of the laws of 1979, is amended to read as follows:

EXPLANATION--Matter in ***italics*** (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD17287-01-0

A person is guilty of arson in the second degree when he intentionally damages a building or motor vehicle by starting a fire, and

1. when (a) another person who is not a participant in the crime is present in such building or motor vehicle at the time, and (b) the defendant knows that fact or the circumstances are such as to render the presence of such a person therein a reasonable possibility**; or**

2. such person is simultaneously engaged in conduct that is an offense defined in section 240.05, 240.06 or 240.08 of this part.

§ 6. Paragraphs (s) and (t) of subdivision 4 of section 510.10 of the criminal procedure law, as added by section 2 of part UU of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, are amended and a new paragraph (u) is added to read as follows:

(s) a felony, where the defendant qualifies for sentencing on such charge as a persistent felony offender pursuant to section 70.10 of the penal law; [~~or~~]

(t) any felony or class A misdemeanor involving harm to an identifiable person or property, where such charge arose from conduct occurring while the defendant was released on his or her own recognizance or released under conditions for a separate felony or class A misdemeanor involving harm to an identifiable person or property, provided, however, that the prosecutor must show reasonable cause to believe that the defendant committed the instant crime and any underlying crime. For the purposes of this subparagraph, any of the underlying crimes need not be a qualifying offense as defined in this subdivision[~~.~~]**; or**

(u) riot in the second degree as defined in section 240.05 of the penal law, riot in the first degree as defined in section 240.06 of the penal law or inciting a riot as defined in section 240.08 of the penal law.

§ 7. This act shall take effect immediately.