

STATE OF NEW YORK

8833

IN SENATE

July 20, 2020

Introduced by Sen. GIANARIS -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Judiciary

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

proposing an amendment to sections 2, 4, 5, 5-a and 5-b of article 3 of the constitution, in relation to the number of state senators and inclusion of incarcerated persons in the federal census for population determination for redistricting purposes and to the functioning of the independent redistricting commission in the determination of district lines for congressional and state legislative offices; and to repeal section 3 of article 3 of the constitution relating thereto

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section 2 of article 3 of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 2. The senate shall consist of [~~fifty~~ *sixty-three* members~~], -- except as hereinafter provided~~]. The senators elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five shall hold their offices for three years, and their successors shall be chosen for two years. The assembly shall consist of one hundred and fifty members. The assembly members elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight, and their successors, shall be chosen for two years.

§ 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section 3 of article 3 of the constitution be REPEALED.

§ 3. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section 4 of article 3 of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 4. (a) Except as herein otherwise provided, the federal census taken in the year nineteen hundred thirty and each federal census taken decennially thereafter shall be controlling as to the number of inhabitants in the state or any part thereof for the purposes of the apportionment of members of assembly and readjustment or alteration of senate and assembly districts next occurring, in so far as such census and the tabulation thereof purport to give the information necessary therefor. The legislature, by law, shall provide for the making and tabulation by state authorities of an enumeration of the inhabitants of the entire state to be used for such purposes, instead of a federal census, if the taking of a federal census in any tenth year from the year nineteen hundred thirty be omitted or if the federal census fails to show the

EXPLANATION--Matter in *italics* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [~~-~~] is old law to be omitted.

LBD89167-06-0

1 total number of inhabitants of the entire state, including the number of
2 aliens ~~[or]~~ and Indians not taxed. If a federal census, though giving
3 the requisite information as to the state at large, fails to give the
4 information as to any civil or territorial divisions which is required
5 to be known for such purposes, the legislature, by law, shall provide
6 for such an enumeration of the inhabitants of such parts of the state
7 only as may be necessary, which shall supersede in part the federal
8 census and be used in connection therewith for such purposes. If a
9 federal census fails to provide enumeration and identification of incar-
10 cerated persons, the appropriate state entities shall provide informa-
11 tion sufficient to re-enumerate incarcerated persons to their place of
12 last residence for the purposes of drawing district lines, no later than
13 September first of any year ending in one. The legislature, by law, may
14 provide in its discretion for an enumeration by state authorities of the
15 inhabitants of the state, to be used for such purposes, in place of a
16 federal census, when the return of a decennial federal census is delayed
17 so that it is not available at the beginning of the regular session of
18 the legislature in the second year after the year nineteen hundred thir-
19 ty or after any tenth year therefrom, or if an apportionment of members
20 of assembly and readjustment or alteration of senate districts is not
21 made at or before such a session. At the regular session in the year
22 nineteen hundred thirty-two, and at the first regular session after the
23 year nineteen hundred forty and after each tenth year therefrom the
24 senate districts shall be readjusted or altered, but if, in any decade,
25 counting from and including that which begins with the year nineteen
26 hundred thirty-one, such a readjustment or alteration is not made at the
27 time above prescribed, it shall be made at a subsequent session occur-
28 ring not later than the sixth year of such decade, meaning not later
29 than nineteen hundred thirty-six, nineteen hundred forty-six, nineteen
30 hundred fifty-six, and so on; provided, however, that if such districts
31 shall have been readjusted or altered by law in either of the years
32 nineteen hundred thirty or nineteen hundred thirty-one, they shall
33 remain unaltered until the first regular session after the year nineteen
34 hundred forty. No town, except a town having more than a full ratio of
35 apportionment~~[, and no block in a city inclosed by streets or public~~
36 ~~ways,~~ shall be divided in the formation of senate districts. ~~[In the~~
37 ~~reapportionment of senate districts, no district shall contain a greater~~
38 ~~excess in population over an adjoining district in the same county, than~~
39 ~~the population of a town or block therein adjoining such district. Coun-~~
40 ~~ties, towns or blocks which, from their location, may be included in~~
41 ~~either of two districts, shall be so placed as to make said districts~~
42 ~~most nearly equal in number of inhabitants, excluding aliens.~~

43 ~~No county shall have four or more senators unless it shall have a full~~
44 ~~ratio for each senator.]~~ No county shall have more than one-third of all
45 the senators; and no two counties or the territory thereof as now organ-
46 ized, which are adjoining counties, or which are separated only by
47 public waters, shall have more than one-half of all the senators.

48 (b) The independent redistricting commission established pursuant to
49 section five-b of this article shall prepare a redistricting plan to
50 establish senate, assembly, and congressional districts every ten years
51 commencing in two thousand twenty-one, and shall submit to the legisla-
52 ture such plan and the implementing legislation therefor on or before
53 ~~[January]~~ November first or as soon as practicable thereafter but no
54 later than ~~[January]~~ November fifteenth in the year ending in ~~[two~~
55 ~~beginning in two thousand twenty-two]~~ one. The redistricting plans for
56 the assembly and the senate shall be contained in and voted upon by the

1 legislature in a single bill, and the congressional district plan may be
2 included in the same bill if the legislature chooses to do so. The
3 implementing legislation shall be voted upon, without amendment, by the
4 senate or the assembly and if approved by the first house voting upon
5 it, such legislation shall be delivered to the other house immediately
6 to be voted upon without amendment. If approved by both houses, such
7 legislation shall be presented to the governor for action.

8 If either house shall fail to approve the legislation implementing the
9 first redistricting plan, or the governor shall veto such legislation
10 and the legislature shall fail to override such veto, each house or the
11 governor if he or she vetoes it, shall notify the commission that such
12 legislation has been disapproved. Within fifteen days of such notifica-
13 tion and in no case later than ~~February twenty-eighth~~ January first,
14 the redistricting commission shall prepare and submit to the legislature
15 a second redistricting plan and the necessary implementing legislation
16 for such plan. Such legislation shall be voted upon, without amendment,
17 by the senate or the assembly and, if approved by the first house voting
18 upon it, such legislation shall be delivered to the other house imme-
19 diately to be voted upon without amendment. If approved by both houses,
20 such legislation shall be presented to the governor for action. In the
21 year two thousand twenty-two only, the commission shall submit to the
22 legislature a first redistricting plan no later than January first, two
23 thousand twenty-two. If either house shall fail to approve the legis-
24 lation implementing the first redistricting plan, or the governor shall
25 veto such legislation and the legislature shall fail to override such
26 veto, each house or the governor if he or she vetoes it, shall promptly
27 notify the commission that such legislation has been disapproved. No
28 later than January fifteen, two thousand twenty-two, the redistricting
29 commission shall prepare and submit to the legislature a second redis-
30 tricting plan and the necessary implementing legislation for such plan.
31 Such legislation shall be voted upon, without amendment, by the senate
32 or the assembly and, if approved by the first house voting upon it, such
33 legislation shall be delivered to the other house immediately to be
34 voted upon without amendment. If approved by both houses, such legis-
35 lation shall be presented to the governor for action.

36 If either house shall fail to approve the legislation implementing the
37 second redistricting plan, or the governor shall veto such legislation
38 and the legislature shall fail to override such veto, or the redistrict-
39 ing commission fails to vote on a redistricting plan and implementing
40 legislation by the required deadline and makes a submission to the
41 legislature pursuant to subdivision (g-1) of section five-b of this
42 article, each house shall introduce such implementing legislation with
43 any amendments each house of the legislature deems necessary. All such
44 amendments shall comply with the provisions of this article. If
45 approved by both houses, such legislation shall be presented to the
46 governor for action.

47 All votes by the senate or assembly on any redistricting plan legis-
48 lation pursuant to this article shall be conducted in accordance with
49 the following rules:

50 (1) ~~[In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary~~
51 ~~president of the senate are members of two different political parties,~~
52 ~~approval]~~ Approval of legislation submitted by the independent redis-
53 tricting commission pursuant to subdivision (f) of section five-b of
54 this article shall require the vote in support of its passage by at
55 least a majority of the members elected to each house.

(2) [~~In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary president of the senate are members of two different political parties, approval~~] Approval of legislation submitted by the independent redistricting commission pursuant to subdivision (g) of section five-b of this article shall require the vote in support of its passage by at least sixty percent of the members elected to each house.

[~~(3) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary president of the senate are members of the same political party, approval of legislation submitted by the independent redistricting commission pursuant to subdivision (f) or (g) of section five b of this article shall require the vote in support of its passage by at least two thirds of the members elected to each house.~~]

(c) Subject to the requirements of the federal constitution and statutes and in compliance with state constitutional requirements, the following principles shall be used in the creation of state senate and state assembly districts and congressional districts:

(1) When drawing district lines, the commission shall consider whether such lines would result in the denial or abridgement of racial or language minority voting rights, and districts shall not be drawn to have the purpose of, nor shall they result in, the denial or abridgement of such rights. Districts shall be drawn so that, based on the totality of the circumstances, racial or minority language groups do not have less opportunity to participate in the political process than other members of the electorate and to elect representatives of their choice.

(2) To the extent practicable, districts shall contain as nearly as may be an equal number of inhabitants. For each district that deviates from this requirement, the commission shall provide a specific public explanation as to why such deviation exists.

(3) Each district shall consist of contiguous territory.

(4) Each district shall be as compact in form as practicable.

(5) Districts shall not be drawn to discourage competition or for the purpose of favoring or disfavoring incumbents or other particular candidates or political parties. The commission shall consider the maintenance of cores of existing districts, of pre-existing political subdivisions, including counties, cities, and towns, and of communities of interest.

(6) [~~In drawing senate districts, towns or blocks which, from their location may be included in either of two districts, shall be so placed as to make said districts most nearly equal in number of inhabitants. The requirements that senate districts not divide counties or towns, as well as the 'block-on-border' and 'town-on-border' rules, shall remain in effect~~] To the extent practicable, all incarcerated persons shall be re-numerated to their place of last residence for the purposes of drawing district lines.

During the preparation of the redistricting plan, the independent redistricting commission shall conduct not less than one public hearing on proposals for the redistricting of congressional and state legislative districts in each of the following (i) cities: Albany, Buffalo, Syracuse, Rochester, and White Plains; and (ii) counties: Bronx, Kings, New York, Queens, Richmond, Nassau, and Suffolk. Notice of all such hearings shall be widely published using the best available means and media a reasonable time before every hearing. At least thirty days prior to the first public hearing and in any event no later than September fifteenth of the year ending in one or as soon as practicable thereafter, the independent redistricting commission shall make widely available to the public, in print form and using the best available technology,

1 its draft redistricting plans, relevant data, and related information.
2 Such plans, data, and information shall be in a form that allows and
3 facilitates their use by the public to review, analyze, and comment upon
4 such plans and to develop alternative redistricting plans for presenta-
5 tion to the commission at the public hearings. The independent redis-
6 tricting commission shall report the findings of all such hearings to
7 the legislature upon submission of a redistricting plan.

8 (d) The ratio for apportioning senators shall always be obtained by
9 dividing the number of inhabitants[~~, excluding aliens,~~] by [~~fifty~~]
10 ~~sixty-three~~, and the senate shall always be composed of [~~fifty~~] ~~sixty-~~
11 ~~three~~ members[~~, except that if any county having three or more senators~~
12 ~~at the time of any apportionment shall be entitled on such ratio to an~~
13 ~~additional senator or senators, such additional senator or senators~~
14 ~~shall be given to such county in addition to the fifty senators, and the~~
15 ~~whole number of senators shall be increased to that extent~~].

16 The senate districts, including the present ones, as existing imme-
17 diately before the enactment of a law readjusting or altering the senate
18 districts, shall continue to be the senate districts of the state until
19 the expirations of the terms of the senators then in office, except for
20 the purpose of an election of senators for full terms beginning at such
21 expirations, and for the formation of assembly districts.

22 (e) The process for redistricting congressional and state legislative
23 districts established by this section and sections five and five-b of
24 this article shall govern redistricting in this state except to the
25 extent that a court is required to order the adoption of, or changes to,
26 a redistricting plan as a remedy for a violation of law.

27 A reapportionment plan and the districts contained in such plan shall
28 be in force until the effective date of a plan based upon the subsequent
29 federal decennial census taken in a year ending in zero unless modified
30 pursuant to court order.

31 § 4. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That sections 5-a and 5-b of
32 article 3 of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

33 [~~§ 5-a. For the purpose of apportioning senate and assembly districts~~
34 ~~pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this article, the term "inhabit-~~
35 ~~ants, excluding aliens" shall mean the whole number of persons.~~]

36 § 5-b. (a) On or before February first of each year ending with a zero
37 and at any other time a court orders that congressional or state legis-
38 lative districts be amended, an independent redistricting commission
39 shall be established to determine the district lines for congressional
40 and state legislative offices. The independent redistricting commission
41 shall be composed of ten members, appointed as follows:

42 (1) two members shall be appointed by the temporary president of the
43 senate;

44 (2) two members shall be appointed by the speaker of the assembly;

45 (3) two members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the
46 senate;

47 (4) two members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the
48 assembly;

49 (5) two members shall be appointed by the eight members appointed
50 pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (4) of this subdivision by a vote of
51 not less than five members in favor of such appointment, and these two
52 members shall not have been enrolled in the preceding five years in
53 either of the two political parties that contain the largest or second
54 largest number of enrolled voters within the state;

55 (6) one member shall be designated chair of the commission by a major-
56 ity of the members appointed pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (5) of

1 this subdivision to convene and preside over each meeting of the commis-
2 sion.

3 (b) The members of the independent redistricting commission shall be
4 registered voters in this state. No member shall within the last three
5 years:

6 (1) be or have been a member of the New York state legislature or
7 United States Congress or a statewide elected official;

8 (2) be or have been a state officer or employee or legislative employ-
9 ee as defined in section seventy-three of the public officers law;

10 (3) be or have been a registered lobbyist in New York state;

11 (4) be or have been a political party chairman, as defined in para-
12 graph (k) of subdivision one of section seventy-three of the public
13 officers law;

14 (5) be the spouse of a statewide elected official or of any member of
15 the United States Congress, or of the state legislature.

16 (c) To the extent practicable, the members of the independent redis-
17 tricting commission shall reflect the diversity of the residents of this
18 state with regard to race, ethnicity, gender, language, and geographic
19 residence and to the extent practicable the appointing authorities shall
20 consult with organizations devoted to protecting the voting rights of
21 minority and other voters concerning potential appointees to the commis-
22 sion.

23 (d) Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled
24 within thirty days in the manner provided for in the original appoint-
25 ments.

26 (e) The legislature shall provide by law for the compensation of the
27 members of the independent redistricting commission, including compen-
28 sation for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of
29 their duties.

30 (f) A minimum of five members of the independent redistricting commis-
31 sion shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business or
32 the exercise of any power of such commission prior to the appointment of
33 the two commission members appointed pursuant to paragraph (5) of subdivi-
34 sion (a) of this section, and a minimum of seven members shall consti-
35 tute a quorum after such members have been appointed, and no exercise of
36 any power of the independent redistricting commission shall occur with-
37 out the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the members, provided
38 that~~[, in order to approve any redistricting plan and implementing~~
39 ~~legislation, the following rules shall apply:~~

40 ~~(1) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary~~
41 ~~president of the senate are members of the same political party,~~
42 ~~approval of a redistricting plan and implementing legislation by the~~
43 ~~commission for submission to the legislature shall require the vote in~~
44 ~~support of its approval by at least seven members including at least one~~
45 ~~member appointed by each of the legislative leaders.~~

46 ~~(2) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary~~
47 ~~president of the senate are members of two different political parties,~~
48 approval of a redistricting plan and implementing legislation by the
49 commission for submission to the legislature shall require the vote in
50 support of its approval by at least seven members ~~[including at least~~
51 ~~one member appointed by the speaker of the assembly and one member~~
52 ~~appointed by the temporary president of the senate]~~.

53 (g) In the event that the commission is unable to obtain seven votes
54 to approve a redistricting plan on or before ~~[January]~~ November first in
55 the year ending in ~~[two]~~ one or as soon as practicable thereafter, the
56 commission shall submit to the legislature that redistricting plan and

1 implementing legislation that garnered the highest number of votes in
2 support of its approval by the commission with a record of the votes
3 taken. In the event that more than one plan received the same number of
4 votes for approval, and such number was higher than that for any other
5 plan, then the commission shall submit all plans that obtained such
6 number of votes. The legislature shall consider and vote upon such
7 implementing legislation in accordance with the voting rules set forth
8 in subdivision (b) of section four of this article.

9 (g-1) If the commission does not vote on any redistricting plan or
10 plans, for any reason, by the date required for submission of such plan
11 by this article, the commission shall submit to the legislature all
12 plans in its possession, both completed and in draft form, and the data
13 upon which such plans are based.

14 (h) (1) The independent redistricting commission shall appoint two
15 co-executive directors by a majority vote of the commission [~~in accord-~~
16 ~~ance with the following procedure:~~

17 ~~(i) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary~~
18 ~~president of the senate are members of two different political parties,~~
19 ~~the co-executive directors shall be approved by a majority of the~~
20 ~~commission that includes at least one appointee by the speaker of the~~
21 ~~assembly and at least one appointee by the temporary president of the~~
22 ~~senate.~~

23 ~~(ii) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary~~
24 ~~president of the senate are members of the same political party, the~~
25 ~~co-executive directors shall be approved by a majority of the commission~~
26 ~~that includes at least one appointee by each of the legislative lead-~~
27 ~~ers].~~

28 (2) [~~One of the co-executive directors shall be enrolled in the poli-~~
29 ~~tical party with the highest number of enrolled members in the state and~~
30 ~~one shall be enrolled in the political party with the second highest~~
31 ~~number of enrolled members in the state.] The co-executive directors
32 shall appoint such staff as are necessary to perform the commission's
33 duties, except that the commission shall review a staffing plan prepared
34 and provided by the co-executive directors which shall contain a list of
35 the various positions and the duties, qualifications, and salaries asso-
36 ciated with each position.~~

37 [~~(3) In the event that the commission is unable to appoint one or both~~
38 ~~of the co-executive directors within forty-five days of the establish-~~
39 ~~ment of a quorum of seven commissioners, the following procedure shall~~
40 ~~be followed:~~

41 ~~(i) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary~~
42 ~~president of the senate are members of two different political parties,~~
43 ~~within ten days the speaker's appointees on the commission shall appoint~~
44 ~~one co-executive director, and the temporary president's appointees on~~
45 ~~the commission shall appoint the other co-executive director. Also with-~~
46 ~~in ten days the minority leader of the assembly shall select a co-deputy~~
47 ~~executive director, and the minority leader of the senate shall select~~
48 ~~the other co-deputy executive director.~~

49 ~~(ii) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary~~
50 ~~president of the senate are members of the same political party, within~~
51 ~~ten days the speaker's and temporary president's appointees on the~~
52 ~~commission shall together appoint one co-executive director, and the two~~
53 ~~minority leaders' appointees on the commission shall together appoint~~
54 ~~the other co-executive director.~~

55 ~~(4) In the event of a vacancy in the offices of co-executive director~~
56 ~~or co-deputy executive director, the position shall be filled within ten~~

~~days of its occurrence by the same appointing authority or authorities that appointed his or her predecessor.]~~

(i) The state budget shall include necessary appropriations for the expenses of the independent redistricting commission, provide for compensation and reimbursement of expenses for the members and staff of the commission, assign to the commission any additional duties that the legislature may deem necessary to the performance of the duties stipulated in this article, and require other agencies and officials of the state of New York and its political subdivisions to provide such information and assistance as the commission may require to perform its duties.

§ 5. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That section 5 of article 3 of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 5. The members of the assembly shall be chosen by single districts and shall be apportioned pursuant to this section and sections four and five-b of this article at each regular session at which the senate districts are readjusted or altered, and by the same law, among the several counties of the state, as nearly as may be according to the number of their respective inhabitants~~[, excluding aliens]~~. Every county heretofore established and separately organized, except the county of Hamilton, shall always be entitled to one member of assembly, and no county shall hereafter be erected unless its population shall entitle it to a member. The county of Hamilton shall elect with the county of Fulton, until the population of the county of Hamilton shall, according to the ratio, entitle it to a member. But the legislature may abolish the said county of Hamilton and annex the territory thereof to some other county or counties.

The quotient obtained by dividing the whole number of inhabitants of the state, ~~[excluding aliens]~~, by the number of members of assembly, shall be the ratio for apportionment, which shall be made as follows: One member of assembly shall be apportioned to every county, including Fulton and Hamilton as one county, containing less than the ratio and one-half over. Two members shall be apportioned to every other county. The remaining members of assembly shall be apportioned to the counties having more than two ratios according to the number of inhabitants~~[, excluding aliens]~~. Members apportioned on remainders shall be apportioned to the counties having the highest remainders in the order thereof respectively. No county shall have more members of assembly than a county having a greater number of inhabitants~~[, excluding aliens]~~.

The assembly districts, including the present ones, as existing immediately before the enactment of a law making an apportionment of members of assembly among the counties, shall continue to be the assembly districts of the state until the expiration of the terms of members then in office, except for the purpose of an election of members of assembly for full terms beginning at such expirations.

In any county entitled to more than one member, the board of supervisors, and in any city embracing an entire county and having no board of supervisors, the common council, or if there be none, the body exercising the powers of a common council, shall assemble at such times as the legislature making an apportionment shall prescribe, and divide such counties into assembly districts as nearly equal in number of inhabitants, ~~[excluding aliens]~~, as may be, of convenient and contiguous territory in as compact form as practicable, each of which shall be wholly within a senate district formed under the same apportionment, equal to the number of members of assembly to which such county shall be entitled, and shall cause to be filed in the office of the secretary of

1 state and of the clerk of such county, a description of such districts,
2 specifying the number of each district and of the inhabitants thereof,
3 ~~[excluding aliens,]~~ according to the census or enumeration used as the
4 population basis for the formation of such districts; and such apportionment and districts shall remain unaltered until after the next reapportionment of members of assembly, except that the board of supervisors of any county containing a town having more than a ratio of apportionment and one-half over may alter the assembly districts in a senate district containing such town at any time on or before March first, nineteen hundred forty-six. In counties having more than one senate district, the same number of assembly districts shall be put in each senate district, unless the assembly districts cannot be evenly divided among the senate districts of any county, in which case one more assembly district shall be put in the senate district in such county having the largest, or one less assembly district shall be put in the senate district in such county having the smallest number of inhabitants, ~~[excluding aliens,]~~ as the case may require. Nothing in this section shall prevent the division, at any time, of counties and towns and the erection of new towns by the legislature.

20 An apportionment by the legislature, or other body, shall be subject to review by the supreme court, at the suit of any citizen, under such reasonable regulations as the legislature may prescribe; and any court before which a cause may be pending involving an apportionment, shall give precedence thereto over all other causes and proceedings, and if said court be not in session it shall convene promptly for the disposition of the same. The court shall render its decision within sixty days after a petition is filed. In any judicial proceeding relating to redistricting of congressional or state legislative districts, any law establishing congressional or state legislative districts found to violate the provisions of this article shall be invalid in whole or in part. In the event that a court finds such a violation, the legislature shall have a full and reasonable opportunity to correct the law's legal infirmities.

34 § 6. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendments be referred to the first regular legislative session convening after the next succeeding general election of members of the assembly, and, in conformity with section 1 of article 19 of the constitution, be published for 3 months previous to the time of such election.