## STATE OF NEW YORK

8594

## IN SENATE

June 17, 2020

Introduced by Sen. RAMOS -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Rules

AN ACT to amend the executive law, in relation to creating a written policy on the use of sustained auditory dispersal tools

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 837 of the executive law is amended by adding a new 2 subdivision 23 to read as follows:

- 23. (a) Establish a written policy prohibiting police agencies from using sustained auditory dispersal tools.
- 4 using sustained auditory dispersal tools.
  5 (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "sustained auditory
- 6 <u>dispersal tool" shall mean any long range acoustic device, sonic weapon,</u>
  7 <u>sonic cannon, or any high powered sound magnifier, using piezoelectric</u>
- 8 transducer or other technology, to emit sustained tones, beeps, chirps,
- 9 or any deterrent tone or other non-verbal communication at decibels
- 10 shown to cause hearing loss or other dangerous effects for a sustained
- 11 period. Any such tone or non-verbal communication over ninety decibels
- 12 shall be considered presumptively unreasonable. The term "sustained
- 13 <u>auditory dispersal tool" shall not include any device designed to magni-</u>
- 14 fy information or orders via verbal communication at ninety decibels or
- 15 below, and properly administered according to health and safety stand-
- 16 ards, by properly trained personnel, provided, however, that such use of
- any such device as a deterrent and not as a mode of verbal communication shall cause such device to be a "sustained auditory dispersal tool".
- 19 (c) (i) Any individual who has been subjected to a sustained auditory
- dispersal tool by a law enforcement officer in violation of this section or the written policy of the division of criminal justice services
- 22 promulgated under this section may institute a civil action against the
- 23 employing agency of such law enforcement officer for any of the follow-
- 24 **ing:**

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- 25 (A) One thousand dollars per violation or actual damages, whichever is greater;
- 27 (B) Punitive damages;
  - (C) Injunctive or declaratory relief; and/or

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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- 1 (D) Any other relief the court deems proper.
- 2 (ii) In assessing the amount of punitive damages, the court shall
  3 consider:
- 4 (A) The number of times the person was unlawfully subjected to a sustained auditory dispersal tool;
  - (B) The decibel level used;

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- 7 (C) Medical complications resulting from the use of sustained auditory 8 dispersal tool; and
- 9 <u>(D) The persistence of violations by the particular law enforcement</u> 10 <u>agency and law enforcement officer.</u>
- 11 (iii) In any action brought under this section, the court may award 12 reasonable attorneys' fees to a prevailing plaintiff.
- 13 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.