## STATE OF NEW YORK

8270

## IN SENATE

May 1, 2020

Introduced by Sen. GOUNARDES -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to establishing requirements for residential healthcare facilities during a state disaster emergency involving a disease outbreak

## The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 2803 of the public health law is amended by adding two new subdivisions 12 and 13 to read as follows:

12. In the event of a state disaster emergency as defined under 3 section twenty of the executive law that involves a disease outbreak, 4 5 the department shall issue quidance to residential healthcare facilities regarding precautions and procedures to take to protect and maintain the 7 health and safety of residents and staff during the course of an outbreak, and to prevent widespread transmission of a communicable disease. Such quidance shall include but not be limited to: 10 restrictions on visitation and entry into the facility by non-essential personnel, staff education and training on symptoms and transmission, 11 12 screening of all staff prior to the commencement of a work shift, daily inventory and reporting to the department of personal protective equip-13 ment and other supplies, hand hygiene and environmental disinfection, 14 15 mask use and source control, resident education and monitoring, place-16 ment of residents with confirmed or suspected infections, notification to family members or close friends of affected residents of a confirmed 17 or suspected infection, informing and educating family members or close 18 friends of the availability of alternative placement options, including 19 20 but not limited to home care services authorized under article thirty-21 six of this chapter, and making available means of communication for residents to communicate with family or other close friends three times 23 a day. Upon issuance of such guidance, the department shall disseminate it to all administrators of residential healthcare facilities and 24 publish it on the department's website no less than twenty-four hours 26 after a state disaster emergency has been declared.

LBD16240-01-0

S. 8270 2

1

2

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

22 23

24

25

26

27

28

29 30

31

32

33

34 35

36

37

38

39

40 41

42

43

44

45

46

47

13. In the event of a state disaster emergency as defined under section twenty of the executive law that involves a disease outbreak, the department may utilize public health emergency appropriations for the purpose of securing alternative placement options, including but not limited to home care services under article thirty-six of this chapter, for residents of residential healthcare facilities for the duration of the state disaster emergency.

§ 2. The public health law is amended by adding a new section 2808-e to read as follows:

§ 2808-e. Residential healthcare facility reporting requirements. In the event of a state outbreak of a communicable disease or infection, all residential healthcare facilities shall report the following information on a daily basis to the department and the local health department in the county in which the facility is based: the number of residents or staff with suspected or confirmed infection of the disease; the number of residents with severe infection resulting in hospitalization or death; and the number of fatalities following hospitalization resulting from suspected or confirmed infection of the disease. The department shall aggregate and publish de-identified data, submitted by residential healthcare facilities under this section on a weekly basis, in a manner that is consistent with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, as amended, and any regulations promulgated thereunder.

- § 3. Section 2806-a of the public health law is amended by adding a new subdivision 9 to read as follows:
- 9. Notwithstanding any other provisions or requirements established pursuant to this section, in the event of a state disaster emergency as defined under section twenty of the executive law that involves disease outbreak, for any residential healthcare facility that experiences a fatality rate of at least five percent of the resident census as a result of such state disaster emergency or disease outbreak as well as strong indications that the infection rate within the facility is increasing exponentially, the commissioner shall establish daily communications with such facility to determine and provide, to the extent practicable, all necessary supplies, equipment, personnel and personnel training to ensure the facility is adequately prepared to ensure the health and safety of the residents. If, in the event that the fatality and infection rate remains the same or increases over a fifteen day period from the commissioner's initial contact, due to negligent and willful actions of the facility director, which may in part include a willful failure to comply with procedures or utilization of supplies and equipment provided, the commissioner shall appoint a temporary operator to assume sole control and sole responsibility for the operations of the facility until the residents of the facility may be safely relocated to another residential healthcare facility or can establish eligibility and make the necessary connections to receive home care services under article thirty-six of this chapter.
- 48 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that 49 the amendments to section 2806-a of the public health law made by 50 section three of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section 51 and shall be deemed to repeal therewith.