

STATE OF NEW YORK

594--A

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

(Prefiled)

January 9, 2019

Introduced by Sens. KRUEGER, METZGER, BIAGGI, JACKSON, GAUGHRAN, MAYER, MAY, MARTINEZ, SKOUFIS, RAMOS, MYRIE, LIU, KAPLAN, KAMINSKY, BROOKS, SAVINO, HOYLMAN, KENNEDY, CARLUCCI, ANTONACCI, AMEDORE, JORDAN, BOYLE, AKSHAR, BAILEY, GOUNARDES, RIVERA, SALAZAR -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Judiciary -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

proposing that the constitution be amended by adding a new article V-A; in relation to state government integrity

Section 1. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the constitution be amended by adding a new article V-A to read as follows:

ARTICLE V-A

STATE GOVERNMENT INTEGRITY

Section 1. a. The people of New York expect officers and employees of the state to observe laws, rules and regulations that specify high standards of ethical conduct designed to avoid the reality and appearance of corruption, conflict of interest, self-dealing and breach of the public trust. Equally they expect that candidates for state office and others seeking to influence state elections to observe laws, rules and regulations designed to regulate actual and potential corruption and conflicts of interest by regulating the influence of money in politics and making transparent the financing and expenditures of efforts to influence voters. To protect the integrity and freedom from corruption of the use of state power to enact laws, establish rules and regulations, and contract for goods and services funded in whole or in part with state taxes and other revenues, the people of New York expect observance of laws, rules and regulations that regulate lobbying, lobbyists and government procurement. To ensure the appropriate workplace conduct of state officers and employees and those who interact with such officers and employees while dealing with the state and its instrumen-

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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talities, the people of New York expect that all such persons will observe laws, rules and regulations setting standards of appropriate and non-discriminatory workplace behavior.

b. Achieving this goal requires an independent and non-partisan agency with jurisdiction over matters pertaining to both the legislative and executive branches of government and that has the needed powers to train, advise, interpret, adopt rules and regulations, investigate, conduct fair hearings that afford due process and impose appropriate sanctions on a consistent basis so that, with fair and equal application of the law, no person or entity, no matter what their status, influence or role in government, can place themselves above the law or suffer detriment due to any lack of such status, influence or role.

§ 2. a. There shall be a New York state government integrity commission. The commission shall, on an independent and non-partisan basis: (i) receive, initiate, investigate and determine complaints with respect to laws, rules and regulations prohibiting unethical behavior, including, conflict of interest, self-dealing and breach of the public trust; (ii) administer and enforce laws, rules and regulations providing for the disclosure of financial and other interests by state government officers and employees; (iii) administer and enforce laws, rules and regulations relating to abuse of official position, including through discrimination and discriminatory and retaliatory harassment, by state government officers and employees; (iv) administer and enforce laws, rules and regulations regulating the influence of money in politics including those providing for the disclosure of receipts and expenditures by candidates and political parties; (v) administer and enforce laws, rules and regulations relating to public financing of political campaigns; (vi) administer and enforce laws, rules and regulations that regulate lobbying and lobbyists; and (vii) receive, initiate, investigate and determine complaints that laws, rules and regulations related to government procurement are not being faithfully executed. This jurisdiction shall be in addition to and not in derogation of the investigatory, disciplinary, vendor qualification or law enforcement authority of any other person or entity and of the right of an aggrieved person to seek civil redress in accordance with law. The commission may in its discretion decline to initiate, or suspend initiation of proceedings, or otherwise adjust its procedures, in view of such other proceedings undertaken or able to be undertaken by such other person or entity.

b. When, after hearing, the commission has determined that the respondent has violated a law, rule or regulation within the commission's jurisdiction to enforce, the commission may impose any civil sanction authorized by law and/or refer the matter for criminal prosecution. The commission may also caution, admonish or censure such respondent or, in the case of a non-elected state officer or employee, suspend, demote or remove such respondent from office or employment after such adjudicatory process that substantially complies with the terms of any relevant collective bargaining agreement. In deciding the severity of the sanction, the commission shall consider to what extent the violation is inadvertent, isolated and/or of insubstantial consequence on the one hand or willful, repeated, causing actual public harm or risk of public harm and/or otherwise egregious on the other. Determinations, other than a determination to refer for criminal prosecution, shall be subject to judicial review in accordance with law. If it finds such a violation it may also issue a cease and desist order and seek judicial enforcement of that order in accordance with law.

1 c. The commission shall consist of thirteen members, appointed as
2 follows: (i) two shall be appointed by the governor, at least one of
3 whom shall be, or within the prior five years shall have been, enrolled
4 in a different major political party than the governor; (ii) one shall
5 be appointed by each of the leaders in each house of the legislature of
6 the party conferences whose candidate for governor in the most recent
7 gubernatorial election received the largest and second largest number of
8 votes; and (iii) seven jointly by the chief judge of the state of New
9 York and the presiding justices of each of the appellate divisions,
10 three of whom shall be, and within the prior five years shall have been,
11 enrolled in each of the two majority political parties and one of whom
12 shall not be, and shall not within the past five years have been
13 enrolled in any political party. The chief judge shall request the pres-
14 ident and immediate past president of the state bar jointly to propose
15 seven persons for each of two appointments to the commission who as a
16 group of seven would be eligible for such appointment and two of those
17 appointed jointly by the chief judge and the presiding justices shall be
18 drawn from these two lists. No member of the commission shall have held
19 office in any political party organization, have been a state officer or
20 employee or have been engaged as a lobbyist within three years of
21 appointment or at any time during their term. The chair shall be elected
22 by the commission members from among its members. Commission members
23 shall be reimbursed for their actual expenses and paid a per diem salary
24 to be fixed by law but at least a per diem amount equal to the annual
25 salary paid to a justice of the supreme court divided by two hundred
26 twenty. A member may be removed for cause on application to the court of
27 appeals made by a majority vote of the full membership of the commis-
28 sion.

29 d. The persons first appointed by the governor shall have respectively
30 three and four-year terms as the governor shall designate. The persons
31 first appointed jointly by the chief judge of the state of New York and
32 the presiding justices of the appellate divisions shall have respective-
33 ly one, two, two, three, three, four, and four-year terms as that judge
34 and those justices shall designate. The person first appointed by the
35 legislative leaders in each house of the legislature of the party
36 conferences whose candidate for governor received the largest number of
37 votes shall have a four-year term in the case of the Senate and a three-
38 year term in the case of the Assembly. The person first appointed by the
39 legislative leaders in each house of the legislature of the party
40 conferences whose candidate for governor received the second largest
41 number of votes shall have a two-year term in the case of the Senate and
42 a one-year term in the case of the Assembly. Each member of the commis-
43 sion shall be appointed thereafter for a term of four years and shall be
44 appointed in the same manner with a person of the same political affil-
45 iation as his or her predecessor.

46 e. The organization and procedure of the commission shall be as
47 provided by law provided that the commission shall act by majority vote
48 of its membership and determine violations based on a preponderance of
49 the evidence except that any order of censure or removal shall be based
50 on clear and convincing evidence. The commission may establish its own
51 rules and procedures not inconsistent with law and due process. Those
52 rules shall bar ex parte communications regarding a potential or ongoing
53 investigation or other matter before the commission, direct or indirect,
54 between members of the commission and their appointing authority and
55 such rule shall bind both the member, the commission staff, the appoint-
56 ing authority and the staff, agents and representatives of the appoint-

1 ing authority. The commission shall be empowered to designate one or
2 more of its members or any other persons as hearing officers to hear and
3 report concerning any matter before the commission.

4 § 3. a. The commission may appoint an executive director, who may
5 appoint staff, and one or more deputy directors with such duties and
6 powers as the commission may fix. No person who would be disqualified
7 from being a member of the commission may be appointed as executive
8 director except that a person employed at the commission shall not be
9 disqualified by reason of that employment.

10 b. The commission and its designated hearing officers shall have the
11 power to administer oaths, compel the attendance of witnesses and issue
12 subpoenas.

13 c. The commission, shall have the duty to train all persons within the
14 commission's jurisdiction in compliance with the laws, rules and regu-
15 lations with respect to which the commission has jurisdiction and to
16 otherwise encourage persons subject to the commission's jurisdiction to
17 fulfill their duties under such laws and shall have the power to issue
18 and interpret rules and regulations subject to judiciary review for
19 conformance with law.

20 d. The commission may make a criminal prosecution referral to a
21 district attorney, the attorney general or a United States attorney.

22 e. The commission, after notice and opportunity for public comment,
23 may issue advisory opinions or bulletins which will have such protective
24 effect on those who act in compliance therewith as is specified in the
25 opinion or bulletin. It shall also establish an office of ethics and
26 lobbying guidance to give prompt, non-precedental informal advice to
27 persons whose conduct it oversees. Persons receiving such informal
28 advice may rely on that advice absent misrepresentation of material
29 facts to the office of ethics and lobbying guidance and such communi-
30 cations with the office of ethics and lobbying shall be treated as
31 confidential except as disclosure is needed to prevent or rectify a
32 crime or fraud or prevent a substantial threat to public safety.

33 § 4. The commission shall annually submit a budget which the governor
34 shall include in his executive budget and financial plan without
35 revision. The legislature may reduce the commission's budget and the
36 governor may veto that reduction and replace it with an amount not less
37 than that determined by the legislature. If such veto shall be overrid-
38 den by a two-thirds vote of both houses of the legislature, the amount
39 determined by the legislature shall become binding.

40 § 5. a. The commission shall administer and enforce the state code of
41 ethics established by law. The state code of ethics shall be construed,
42 and any revision or amendment thereto, shall be drafted and construed to
43 proscribe conduct that creates in the mind of a reasonable person an
44 appearance of corruption, conflicts of interest that materially impair
45 the performance of official duties and breaches of the public trust
46 including the misuse of official position or the abuse of official
47 authority for personal gain. The commission shall periodically review
48 the state code of ethics and may propose to the legislature revisions
49 and amendments to the code.

50 b. The state code of ethics shall, by virtue of this provision,
51 provide that it shall be the ethical duty of any person or entity within
52 the jurisdiction of the commission to promptly report to the commission
53 information not protected by the attorney-client or prosecutorial inves-
54 tigative privilege about activity known to be in violation of the state
55 code of ethics or other law which any person or entity has engaged in
56 with respect to activity that is within the jurisdiction of the commis-

1 sion. There shall be no retaliation against a person or entity making
2 such a report in good faith on information and belief, and any person
3 aggrieved by such retaliation may bring a civil action for compensatory
4 and exemplary damages.

5 c. The state code of ethics shall, by virtue of this provision,
6 provide that no person within the jurisdiction of the commission shall
7 commit an act of discriminatory or retaliatory harassment while serving
8 in his or her official capacity and no such person serving in a supervi-
9 sory capacity shall suffer an act of such harassment to occur without
10 taking care that there be due consequences in accordance with law. The
11 commission may by rule define the conduct that constitutes an act of
12 discriminatory or retaliatory harassment and shall establish a unit
13 responsible for harassment complaints and investigations.

14 § 6. The commission may recommend to the legislature limits for all
15 categories of campaign contributions to candidates and political organ-
16 izations that in its judgment are low enough to prevent an elected offi-
17 cial from being so beholden to a campaign contributor as to materially
18 impair such official's exercise of independent policy judgment in the
19 interests of the public and his or her constituents.

20 § 7. The commission shall be subject to all transparency and public
21 access laws subject to such reasonable exceptions for pending confiden-
22 tial investigations as shall be provided by law. The legislative branch
23 shall be subject to laws providing for transparency to the same extent
24 as is the executive branch.

25 § 8. Any commission appointment not made within sixty days following
26 the effective date of this article, or within sixty days of the occur-
27 rence of any vacancy, shall be filled by the president and president-e-
28 lect of the state bar acting jointly. For no more than ninety days
29 following the initial appointment all the members of the commission
30 shall prepare to commence operation, including the hiring of an execu-
31 tive director and managerial staff, and on such ninetieth day the joint
32 commission on public ethics and the legislative ethics commission shall
33 no longer exist, and the authority of the board of elections over
34 campaign finance shall cease all their powers, duties, non-managerial
35 employees and matters having been transferred to the commission.

36 § 2. Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment
37 be referred to the first regular legislative session convening after the
38 next succeeding general election of members of the assembly, and, in
39 conformity with section 1 of article 19 of the constitution, be
40 published for 3 months previous to the time of such election.