

# STATE OF NEW YORK

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575--A

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

(Prefiled)

January 9, 2019

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Introduced by Sen. KENNEDY -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Local Government -- recommitted to the Committee on Local Government in accordance with Senate Rule 6, sec. 8 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the general municipal law, in relation to biodiversity in planting projects

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 96-b of the general municipal law, as added by  
2 chapter 686 of the laws of 1978, is amended to read as follows:

3 § 96-b. Tree conservation. 1. The legislature hereby finds that there  
4 is a direct relationship between the planting of trees, shrubs and asso-  
5 ciated vegetation in sufficient number in populated areas and the  
6 health, safety, and welfare of communities, and as related to the  
7 natural, scenic, and aesthetic values of trees and the physical and  
8 visual qualities of the environment which municipalities are authorized  
9 to protect. Trees and such vegetation abate noise, provide welcome shade  
10 to people, preserve the balance of oxygen in the air by removing carbon  
11 dioxide and fostering air quality, and add color and verdure to human  
12 construction. They also stabilize the soil and control water pollution  
13 by preventing soil erosion and flooding, yield advantageous microclimat-  
14 ic effects, and provide a natural habitat for wildlife. The destructive  
15 and indiscriminate removal of trees and related vegetation causes  
16 increased municipal costs for proper drainage control, impairs the bene-  
17 fits of occupancy of existing residential properties and impairs the  
18 stability and value of both improved and unimproved real property in the  
19 area of destruction, and adversely affects the health, safety, and  
20 general welfare of the inhabitants of the state. However, when tree  
21 removal is necessary to stop the spread of invasive species it is

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 crucial that municipalities replant lost trees and vegetation, while  
2 maintaining biodiversity in planting projects to avoid future loss.  
3 Biodiversity ensures resistance against mass susceptibility to invasive  
4 species.

5 2. In addition to any power or authority of a municipal corporation to  
6 regulate by planning or zoning laws or regulations or by local laws and  
7 regulations, the local legislative body of any county, city, town or  
8 village is hereby empowered to provide for the protection and conserva-  
9 tion of trees and related vegetation. Such legislative body may require  
10 appropriate conditions applicable to any activity involving the removal  
11 or destruction of trees or the substantial alteration of grade level  
12 around trees may include, where appropriate, requirements that the  
13 activity be done as specified in an approved landscape plan and that the  
14 removed trees be replaced by the planting of the same or alternate  
15 species of trees, and may provide, in connection therewith, required  
16 plantings for screening purposes. Such regulations, special conditions  
17 and restrictions, adopted in the exercise of the police power, shall be  
18 reasonable and appropriate to the purpose. The municipality may require  
19 the posting of a performance bond to assure compliance with this  
20 section. All charges and expenses incurred under this section by a town  
21 shall be a charge upon the taxable property of that part of the town  
22 outside any incorporated village.

23 3. When a municipality, parks department, highway department, or other  
24 local entity undertakes a tree planting project in public locations,  
25 they shall select and plant biologically diverse types of trees. To  
26 satisfy sufficient biodiversity, the municipality shall follow the  
27 10-20-30 principle when the municipality is planting new trees or  
28 replanting in an area. The 10-20-30 principle states that a tree popu-  
29 lation shall include no more than ten percent of any one species, twenty  
30 percent of any one genus, or thirty percent of any one family. This  
31 percentage shall be measured by the tree population as a whole, not by  
32 any one planting project solely.

33 § 2. This act shall take effect January 1, 2023 or on the two hundred  
34 seventieth day after it shall have become a law, whichever is later.