STATE OF NEW YORK

3842--D

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

February 19, 2019

- Introduced by Sens. STAVISKY, LAVALLE, ADDABBO, COMRIE, FUNKE, GOUNARDES, HOYLMAN, KAMINSKY, KENNEDY, MAYER, RAMOS, SALAZAR, SEPULVE-DA -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Higher Education -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- recommitted to the Committee on Higher Education in accordance with Senate Rule 6, sec. 8 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee
- AN ACT to amend the business corporation law, the partnership law and the limited liability company law, in relation to certified public accountants

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1	Section 1. Section 1503 of the business corporation law is amended by
2	adding a new paragraph (h) to read as follows:
3	(h) Any firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as
4	a professional service corporation formed to lawfully engage in the
5	practice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined
6	under article one hundred forty-nine of the education law shall be
7	required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the
8	firm, in terms of financial interests, and voting rights held by the
9	firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public
10	accountancy in some state, and (2) that all shareholders of a profes-
11	sional service corporation whose principal place of business is in this
12	state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this
13	state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred
14	four of the education law. For purposes of this paragraph, "financial

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1	interest means capital stock, capital accounts, capital contributions,
2	capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings of a business
3	entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and
4	its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of
5	regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm incorporated under this
6	section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the
7	words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants,"
8	or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm
9	that is incorporated under this section shall be a natural person who
10	actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated
11	entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means
12	to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in
13	the day-to-day business or management of the firm. Such a firm shall
14	have attached to its certificate of incorporation a certificate or
15	certificates demonstrating the firm's compliance with this paragraph, in
16	lieu of the certificate or certificates required by subparagraph (ii) of
17	paragraph (b) of this section.
18	§ 2. Section 1507 of the business corporation law is amended by adding
19	a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:
20	(c) Any firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as
21	a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section
22	fifteen hundred three of this article may issue shares to individuals
23	who are authorized by law to practice in this state the profession which
24	such corporation is authorized to practice and who are or have been
25	engaged in the practice of such profession in such corporation or a
26	predecessor entity, or who will engage in the practice of such profes-
27	sion in such corporation within thirty days of the date such shares are
20	issued and may also issue shares to employees of the corporation not
28	
29	licensed as certified public accountants, provided that:
29 30	<u>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that:</u> (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of
29 30 31	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants,</pre>
29 30 31 32	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public</pre>
29 30 31 32 33	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants,</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants,</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants.</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor-</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h)</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in another person, other than another shareholder of the same corporation,</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in another person, other than another shareholder of the same corporation, the authority to exercise voting power of any or all of his or her</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in another person, other than another shareholder of the same corporation, the authority to exercise voting power of any or all of his or her shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in another person, other than another shareholder of the same corporation, the authority to exercise voting power of any or all of his or her shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in violation of this section shall be void.</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in another person, other than another shareholder of the same corporation, the authority to exercise voting power of any or all of his or her shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in violation of this section shall be void. § 3. Section 1508 of the business corporation law is amended by adding</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in another person, other than another shareholder of the same corporation, the authority to exercise voting power of any or all of his or her shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in violation of this section shall be void. § 3. Section 1508 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in another person, other than another shareholder of the same corporation, the authority to exercise voting power of any or all of his or her shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in violation of this section shall be void. § 3. Section 1508 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows: (c) The directors and officers of any firm established for the busi-</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in another person, other than another shareholder of the same corporation, the authority to exercise voting power of any or all of his or her shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in violation of this section shall be void. § 3. Section 1508 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows: (c) The directors and officers of any firm established for the busi- ness purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 9 50	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in another person, other than another shareholder of the same corporation, the authority to exercise voting power of any or all of his or her shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in violation of this section shall be void. § 3. Section 1508 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows: (c) The directors and officers of any firm established for the busi- ness purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this arti-</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 9 50 51	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in another person, other than another shareholder of any or all of his or her shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in violation of this section shall be void. § 3. Section 1508 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows: (c) The directors and officers of any firm established for the business ness purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this arti- cle may include individuals who are not licensed to practice public</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 9 50 152	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in another person, other than another shareholder of any or all of his or her shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in violation of this section shall be void. § 3. Section 1508 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows: (c) The directors and officers of any firm established for the business purpose of incorporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article cle may include individuals who are not licensed to practice public accountancy, provided however that at least fifty-one percent of the</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 243 44 45 46 47 48 950 52 53	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in another person, other than another shareholder of the same corporation, the authority to exercise voting power of any or all of his or her shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in violation of this section shall be void. § 3. Section 1508 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows: (c) The directors and officers of any firm established for the busi- ness purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article cle may include individuals who are not licensed to practice public accountancy, provided however that at least fifty-one percent of the directors, at least fifty-one percent of the officers and the president, </pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 9 50 152	<pre>licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants, (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants, (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor- porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in another person, other than another shareholder of any or all of his or her shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in violation of this section shall be void. § 3. Section 1508 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows: (c) The directors and officers of any firm established for the business purpose of incorporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article cle may include individuals who are not licensed to practice public accountancy, provided however that at least fifty-one percent of the</pre>

either shareholders of such corporation or engaged in the practice of 1 2 their professions in such corporation. § 4. Section 1509 of the business corporation law, as amended by chap-3 4 ter 550 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows: 5 § 1509. Disgualification of shareholders, directors, officers and 6 employees. 7 If any shareholder, director, officer or employee of a professional service corporation, including a design professional service corpo-8 9 ration, who has been rendering professional service to the public 10 becomes legally disqualified to practice his or her profession within 11 this state, he or she shall sever all employment with, and financial interests (other than interests as a creditor) in, such corporation 12 13 forthwith or as otherwise provided in section 1510 of this article. All 14 provisions of law regulating the rendering of professional services by a 15 person elected or appointed to a public office shall be applicable to a 16 shareholder, director, officer and employee of such corporation in the 17 same manner and to the same extent as if fully set forth herein. Such 18 legal disqualification to practice his or her profession within this 19 state shall be deemed to constitute an irrevocable offer by the disqual-20 ified shareholder to sell his or her shares to the corporation, pursuant 21 the provisions of section 1510 of this article or of the certificate to of incorporation, by-laws or agreement among the corporation and all 22 shareholders, whichever is applicable. Compliance with the terms of such 23 offer shall be specifically enforceable in the courts of this state. A 24 25 professional service corporation's failure to enforce compliance with 26 this provision shall constitute a ground for forfeiture of its certif-27 icate of incorporation and its dissolution. 28 § 5. Paragraph (a) of section 1511 of the business corporation law, as 29 amended by chapter 550 of the laws of 2011, is amended and a new para-30 graph (c) is added to read as follows: 31 (a) No shareholder of a professional service corporation [or], includ-32 ing a design professional service corporation, may sell or transfer his 33 or her shares in such corporation except to another individual who is eligible to have shares issued to him or her by such corporation or 34 35 except in trust to another individual who would be eligible to receive 36 shares if he or she were employed by the corporation. Nothing herein 37 contained shall be construed to prohibit the transfer of shares by oper-38 ation of law or by court decree. No transferee of shares by operation 39 law or court decree may vote the shares for any purpose whatsoever of except with respect to corporate action under sections 909 and 1001 of 40 41 this chapter. The restriction in the preceding sentence shall not apply, 42 however, where such transferee would be eligible to have shares issued to him <u>or her</u> if he <u>or she</u> were an employee of the corporation and, 43 if 44 there are other shareholders, a majority of such other shareholders 45 shall fail to redeem the shares so transferred, pursuant to section 1510 46 of this article, within sixty days of receiving written notice of such 47 transfer. Any sale or transfer, except by operation of law or court decree or except for a corporation having only one shareholder, may be 48 49 made only after the same shall have been approved by the board of direc-50 tors, or at a shareholders' meeting specially called for such purpose by 51 such proportion, not less than a majority, of the outstanding shares as 52 may be provided in the certificate of incorporation or in the by-laws of 53 such professional service corporation. At such shareholders' meeting the 54 shares held by the shareholder proposing to sell or transfer his or her 55 shares may not be voted or counted for any purpose, unless all share-56 holders consent that such shares be voted or counted. The certificate of

incorporation or the by-laws of the professional service corporation, or 1 2 the professional service corporation and the shareholders by private agreement, may provide, in lieu of or in addition to the foregoing 3 4 provisions, for the alienation of shares and may require the redemption 5 or purchase of such shares by such corporation at prices and in a manner б specifically set forth therein. The existence of the restrictions on the 7 sale or transfer of shares, as contained in this article and, if appli-8 cable, in the certificate of incorporation, by-laws, stock purchase or 9 stock redemption agreement, shall be noted conspicuously on the face or 10 back of every certificate for shares issued by a professional service 11 corporation. Any sale or transfer in violation of such restrictions 12 shall be void. 13 (c) A firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a 14 professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section 15 fifteen hundred three of this article, shall purchase or redeem the 16 shares of a non-licensed professional shareholder in the case of his or her termination of employment within thirty days after such termination. 17 A firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a 18 19 professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section 20 fifteen hundred three of this article, shall not be required to purchase 21 or redeem the shares of a terminated non-licensed professional shareholder if such shares, within thirty days after such termination, are 22 sold or transferred to another employee of the corporation pursuant to 23 24 this article. 25 § 6. Section 1514 of the business corporation law is amended by adding 26 a new paragraph (c) to read as follows: 27 (c) Each firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as 28 a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section 29 fifteen hundred three of this article shall, at least once every three years on or before the date prescribed by the licensing authority, 30 31 furnish a statement to the licensing authority listing the names and 32 residence addresses of each shareholder, director and officer of such corporation and certify as the date of certification and at all times 33 34 over the entire three year period that: 35 (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of 36 the corporation are and were owned by certified public accountants, 37 (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are and were certi-38 fied public accountants, 39 (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are and were certi-40 fied public accountants, 41 (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the 42 chief executive officer or officers are and were certified public 43 accountants. 44 The statement shall be signed by the president or any certified public 45 accountant vice-president and attested to by the secretary or any 46 assistant secretary of the corporation. 47 § 7. Paragraph (d) of section 1525 of the business corporation law, as 48 added by chapter 505 of the laws of 1983, is amended to read as follows: 49 (d) "Foreign professional service corporation" means a professional 50 service corporation, whether or not denominated as such, organized under 51 the laws of a jurisdiction other than this state, all of the sharehold-52 ers, directors and officers of which are authorized and licensed to 53 practice the profession for which such corporation is licensed to do 54 business; except that all shareholders, directors and officers of a 55 foreign professional service corporation which provides health services 56 in this state shall be licensed in this state. A foreign professional

service corporation formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public 1 accountancy, as such practice is defined under article one hundred 2 3 forty-nine of the education law, or equivalent state law, shall be 4 required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the 5 firm, in terms of financial interests, and voting rights held by the б firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public 7 accountancy in some state, and (2) that all shareholders of a foreign 8 professional service corporation whose principal place of business is in 9 this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four 10 hundred four of the education law. For purposes of this paragraph, 11 "financial interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital 12 contributions, capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings 13 14 of a business entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, 15 the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state 16 board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name 17 includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public 18 accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee 19 20 owner of a firm that is operating under this section shall be a natural 21 person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, provided each beneficial owner of an equity inter-22 est in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the 23 24 business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this paragraph, "actively participate" means to provide services to 25 26 clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day busi-27 ness or management of the firm. § 8. Subdivision (q) of section 121-1500 of the partnership law, 28 as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as 29 30 follows:

31 (q) Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed 32 to provide medical services in this state must be licensed pursuant to 33 article 131 of the education law to practice medicine in this state and each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to 34 35 provide dental services in this state must be licensed pursuant to arti-36 cle 133 of the education law to practice dentistry in this state. Each 37 partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide 38 veterinary services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 39 135 of the education law to practice veterinary medicine in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to 40 41 provide public accountancy services, whose principal place of business 42 is in this state and who provides public accountancy services, must be 43 licensed pursuant to article 149 of the education law to practice public 44 accountancy in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liabil-45 ity partnership formed to provide professional engineering, land survey-46 ing, geological services, architectural and/or landscape architectural 47 services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 145, article 48 147 and/or article 148 of the education law to practice one or more of such professions in this state. Each partner of a registered limited 49 liability partnership formed to provide licensed clinical social work 50 services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 154 of the 51 education law to practice clinical social work in this state. Each part-52 53 a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide ner of 54 creative arts therapy services in this state must be licensed pursuant 55 to article 163 of the education law to practice creative arts therapy in 56 this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership

formed to provide marriage and family therapy services in this state 1 must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to prac-2 3 tice marriage and family therapy in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide mental health 4 5 counseling services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article б 163 of the education law to practice mental health counseling in this 7 state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed 8 to provide psychoanalysis services in this state must be licensed pursu-9 ant to article 163 of the education law to practice psychoanalysis in 10 this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership 11 formed to provide applied behavior analysis service in this state must be licensed or certified pursuant to article 167 of the education law to 12 13 practice applied behavior analysis in this state. A limited liability 14 partnership formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accoun-15 tancy, as such practice is respectively defined under article 149 of the 16 education law, shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of 17 the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to 18 19 practice public accountancy in some state, and (2) that all partners of 20 a limited liability partnership whose principal place of business is in 21 this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four 22 hundred four of the education law. For purposes of this subdivision, 23 24 "financial interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital 25 contributions, capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings 26 of a business entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, 27 the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under 28 this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name 29 30 includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accounts," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner 31 32 of a firm that is formed under this section shall be (1) a natural 33 person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a 34 partnership or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner 35 36 of an equity interest in such entity is a natural person who actively 37 participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated 38 entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means 39 to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in 40 the day-to-day business or management of the firm.

§ 9. Subdivision (q) of section 121-1502 of the partnership law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

44 (q) Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which 45 provides medical services in this state must be licensed pursuant to 46 article 131 of the education law to practice medicine in the state and 47 each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides 48 dental services in the state must be licensed pursuant to article 133 of 49 the education law to practice dentistry in this state. Each partner of a 50 foreign limited liability partnership which provides veterinary service 51 in the state shall be licensed pursuant to article 135 of the education 52 law to practice veterinary medicine in this state. Each partner of a 53 foreign limited liability partnership which provides professional engi-54 neering, land surveying, geological services, architectural and/or land-55 scape architectural services in this state must be licensed pursuant to 56 article 145, article 147 and/or article 148 of the education law to

practice one or more of such professions. Each partner of a foreign 1 registered limited liability partnership formed to provide public 2 accountancy services, whose principal place of business is in this state 3 4 and who provides public accountancy services, must be licensed pursuant 5 to article 149 of the education law to practice public accountancy in б this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides licensed clinical social work services in this state must 7 8 be licensed pursuant to article 154 of the education law to practice 9 licensed clinical social work in this state. Each partner of a foreign 10 limited liability partnership which provides creative arts therapy services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the 11 education law to practice creative arts therapy in this state. Each 12 13 partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides 14 marriage and family therapy services in this state must be licensed 15 pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice marriage and 16 family therapy in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liabil-17 ity partnership which provides mental health counseling services in this 18 state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice mental health counseling in this state. Each partner of a 19 20 foreign limited liability partnership which provides psychoanalysis 21 services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice psychoanalysis in this state. Each partner of 22 23 a foreign limited liability partnership which provides applied behavior 24 analysis services in this state must be licensed or certified pursuant 25 to article 167 of the education law to practice applied behavior analy-26 sis in this state. A foreign limited liability partnership formed to 27 lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice 28 is respectively defined under article 149 of the education law, shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the 29 30 firm, in terms of financial interests, and voting rights held by the 31 firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public 32 accountancy in some state, and (2) that all partners of a foreign limit-33 ed liability partnership whose principal place of business is in this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this 34 35 state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred 36 four of the education law. For purposes of this subdivision, "financial 37 interest means capital stock, capital accounts, capital contributions, 38 capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings of a business entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and 39 40 its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this 41 42 section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," 43 or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is formed under this section shall be (1) a natural person who 44 45 46 actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated 47 entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership 48 or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity 49 interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For 50 51 purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide 52 services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-

53 to-day business or management of the firm.

54 § 10. Subdivision (h) of section 121-101 of the partnership law, as 55 added by chapter 950 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:

"Limited partnership" and "domestic limited partnership" mean, 1 (h) 2 unless the context otherwise requires, a partnership (i) formed by two or more persons pursuant to this article or which complies with subdivi-3 4 sion (a) of section 121-1202 of this article and (ii) having one or more 5 general partners and one or more limited partners. Notwithstanding any б other provisions of law a limited partnership or domestic limited part-7 nership formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, 8 as such practice is respectively defined under article 149 of the education law shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the 9 10 ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, including owner-11 ship-based compensation, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some 12 13 state, and (2) that all partners of a limited partnership or domestic 14 limited partnership, whose principal place of business is in this state, 15 and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, 16 hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred four of 17 the education law or are public accountants licensed under section seventy-four hundred five of the education law. Although firms may 18 19 include non-licensee owners, the firm and its owners must comply with 20 rules promulgated by the state board of regents. Notwithstanding the 21 foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public 22 accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the abbreviations 23 24 "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is registered 25 under this section shall be (1) a natural person who actively partic-26 ipates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, or (2) an 27 entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest in 28 29 such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the busi-30 ness conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to 31 32 clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day busi-33 ness or management of the firm.

34 § 11. Subdivision (b) of section 1207 of the limited liability company 35 law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read 36 as follows:

37 (b) With respect to a professional service limited liability company 38 formed to provide medical services as such services are defined in article 131 of the education law, each member of such limited liability 39 company must be licensed pursuant to article 131 of the education law to 40 41 practice medicine in this state. With respect to a professional service 42 limited liability company formed to provide dental services as such 43 services are defined in article 133 of the education law, each member of 44 such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 133 45 of the education law to practice dentistry in this state. With respect 46 to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide veterinary services as such services are defined in article 135 of the 47 education law, each member of such limited liability company must be 48 licensed pursuant to article 135 of the education law to practice veter-49 50 inary medicine in this state. With respect to a professional service 51 limited liability company formed to provide professional engineering, land surveying, architectural, landscape architectural and/or geological 52 53 services as such services are defined in article 145, article 147 and 54 article 148 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 145, article 147 and/or 55 56 article 148 of the education law to practice one or more of such

professions in this state. With respect to a professional service 1 limited liability company formed to provide public accountancy services 2 as such services are defined in article 149 of the education law each 3 4 member of such limited liability company whose principal place of busi-5 ness is in this state and who provides public accountancy services, must б be licensed pursuant to article 149 of the education law to practice 7 public accountancy in this state. With respect to a professional service 8 limited liability company formed to provide licensed clinical social 9 work services as such services are defined in article 154 of the educa-10 tion law, each member of such limited liability company shall be licensed pursuant to article 154 of the education law to practice 11 licensed clinical social work in this state. With respect to a profes-12 13 sional service limited liability company formed to provide creative arts 14 therapy services as such services are defined in article 163 of the 15 education law, each member of such limited liability company must be 16 licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice crea-17 tive arts therapy in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide marriage and family therapy 18 services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education 19 20 law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed 21 pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice marriage and family therapy in this state. With respect to a professional service 22 limited liability company formed to provide mental health counseling 23 24 services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed 25 26 pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice mental health 27 counseling in this state. With respect to a professional service limited 28 liability company formed to provide psychoanalysis services as such 29 services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of 30 such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 163 31 of the education law to practice psychoanalysis in this state. With 32 respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to 33 provide applied behavior analysis services as such services are defined in article 167 of the education law, each member of such limited liabil-34 35 ity company must be licensed or certified pursuant to article 167 of the 36 education law to practice applied behavior analysis in this state. A 37 professional service limited liability company formed to lawfully engage 38 in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined under article 149 of the education law shall be required to show 39 40 (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of 41 financial interests, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, 42 belongs to individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some 43 state, and (2) that all members of a limited professional service limited liability company, whose principal place of business is in this 44 45 state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this 46 state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred 47 four of the education law. For purposes of this subdivision, "financial 48 interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital contributions, 49 capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings of a business entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and 50

51 its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of 52 regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this 53 section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the 54 words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," 55 or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm 56 that is registered under this section shall be (1) a natural person who

actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated 1 entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership 2 or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity 3 4 interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in 5 the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide б 7 services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-8 to-day business or management of the firm. 9 § 12. Subdivision (a) of section 1301 of the limited liability company 10 law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read 11 as follows: (a) "Foreign professional service limited liability company" means a 12 13 professional service limited liability company, whether or not denomi-14 nated as such, organized under the laws of a jurisdiction other than 15 this state, (i) each of whose members and managers, if any, is a profes-16 sional authorized by law to render a professional service within this state and who is or has been engaged in the practice of such profession 17 in such professional service limited liability company or a predecessor 18 entity, or will engage in the practice of such profession in the profes-19 20 sional service limited liability company within thirty days of the date 21 such professional becomes a member, or each of whose members and managers, if any, is a professional at least one of such members is author-22 ized by law to render a professional service within this state and who 23 24 or has been engaged in the practice of such profession in such is 25 professional service limited liability company or a predecessor entity, 26 or will engage in the practice of such profession in the professional 27 service limited liability company within thirty days of the date such professional becomes a member, or (ii) authorized by, or holding a 28 license, certificate, registration or permit issued by the licensing 29 30 authority pursuant to, the education law to render a professional 31 service within this state; except that all members and managers, if any, 32 of a foreign professional service limited liability company that 33 provides health services in this state shall be licensed in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company 34 35 which provides veterinary services as such services are defined in arti-36 cle 135 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional 37 service limited liability company shall be licensed pursuant to article 38 135 of the education law to practice veterinary medicine. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which 39 provides medical services as such services are defined in article 131 of 40 41 the education law, each member of such foreign professional service 42 limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 131 of 43 the education law to practice medicine in this state. With respect to a 44 foreign professional service limited liability company which provides 45 dental services as such services are defined in article 133 of the 46 education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited 47 liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 133 of the education law to practice dentistry in this state. With respect to a foreign 48 professional service limited liability company which provides profes-49 50 sional engineering, land surveying, geologic, architectural and/or land-51 scape architectural services as such services are defined in article 145, article 147 and article 148 of the education law, each member of 52 53 such foreign professional service limited liability company must be 54 licensed pursuant to article 145, article 147 and/or article 148 of the 55 education law to practice one or more of such professions in this state. 56 With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company

11

which provides public accountancy services as such services are defined 1 in article 149 of the education law, each member of such foreign profes-2 3 sional service limited liability company whose principal place of busi-4 ness is in this state and who provides public accountancy services, 5 shall be licensed pursuant to article 149 of the education law to pracб tice public accountancy in this state. With respect to a foreign profes-7 sional service limited liability company which provides licensed clin-8 ical social work services as such services are defined in article 154 of 9 the education law, each member of such foreign professional service 10 limited liability company shall be licensed pursuant to article 154 of 11 the education law to practice clinical social work in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company 12 which provides creative arts therapy services as such services are 13 14 defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign 15 professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant 16 to article 163 of the education law to practice creative arts therapy in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited 17 liability company which provides marriage and family therapy services as 18 such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each 19 20 member of such foreign professional service limited liability company 21 must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to prac-22 tice marriage and family therapy in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides 23 24 mental health counseling services as such services are defined in arti-25 cle 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional 26 service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 27 163 of the education law to practice mental health counseling in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability 28 29 company which provides psychoanalysis services as such services are 30 defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign 31 professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant 32 to article 163 of the education law to practice psychoanalysis in this 33 state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides applied behavior analysis services as such 34 services are defined in article 167 of the education law, each member of 35 36 such foreign professional service limited liability company must be 37 licensed or certified pursuant to article 167 of the education law to 38 practice applied behavior analysis in this state. A foreign professional 39 service limited liability company formed to lawfully engage in the prac-40 tice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined 41 under article 149 of the education law shall be required to show (1) 42 that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of finan-43 cial interests, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to 44 individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some state, and 45 (2) that all members of a foreign limited professional service limited 46 liability company, whose principal place of business is in this state, 47 and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, 48 hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred four of 49 the education law. For purposes of this subdivision, "financial interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital contributions, capi-50 51 tal interest, or interest in undistributed earnings of a business enti-52 ty. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and its 53 owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. 54 Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words 55 56 "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the

1 abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is registered under this section shall be (1) a natural person who actively 2 3 participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, or 4 (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership or profes-5 sional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest б in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes 7 8 of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to 9 clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day busi-10 ness or management of the firm. § 13. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, 11

12 there is hereby established a fee for each non-licensee owner of a firm 13 that is registered in this state to lawfully engage in the practice of 14 public accountancy. Such non-licensee owner shall pay a fee of nine 15 hundred dollars to the department of education on a triennial basis. 16 § 14. This act shall take effect immediately.