

STATE OF NEW YORK

2276

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 23, 2019

Introduced by Sens. HOYLMAN, KRUEGER -- read twice and ordered printed,
and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to mandatory influenza vaccine for persons attending daycare

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 2164 of the public health law, as amended by chapter 401 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

2 § 2164. Definitions; immunization against poliomyelitis, mumps,
3 measles, diphtheria, rubella, varicella, Haemophilus influenzae type b
4 (Hib), pertussis, tetanus, pneumococcal disease, meningococcal disease,
5 influenza virus, and hepatitis B. 1. As used in this section, unless the
6 context requires otherwise:

7 a. The term "school" means and includes any public, private or parochial child caring center, day nursery, day care agency, nursery school,
8 kindergarten, elementary, intermediate or secondary school.

9 b. The term "child" shall mean and include any person between the ages
10 of two months and eighteen years.

11 c. The term "person in parental relation to a child" shall mean and
12 include his father or mother, by birth or adoption, his legally
13 appointed guardian, or his custodian. A person shall be regarded as the
14 custodian of a child if he has assumed the charge and care of the child
15 because the parents or legally appointed guardian of the minor have
16 died, are imprisoned, are mentally ill, or have been committed to an
17 institution, or because they have abandoned or deserted such child or
18 are living outside the state or their whereabouts are unknown, or have
19 designated the person pursuant to title fifteen-A of article five of the
20 general obligations law as a person in parental relation to the child.

21 d. The term "health practitioner" shall mean any person authorized by
22 law to administer an immunization.
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EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD00713-01-9

2. a. Every person in parental relation to a child in this state shall have administered to such child an adequate dose or doses of an immunizing agent against poliomyelitis, mumps, measles, diphtheria, rubella, varicella, Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib), pertussis, tetanus, pneumococcal disease, and hepatitis B, which meets the standards approved by the United States public health service for such biological products, and which is approved by the department under such conditions as may be specified by the public health council.

b. Every person in parental relation to a child in this state born on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four and entering sixth grade or a comparable age level special education program with an unassigned grade on or after September first, two thousand seven, shall have administered to such child a booster immunization containing diphtheria and tetanus toxoids, and an acellular pertussis vaccine, which meets the standards approved by the United States public health service for such biological products, and which is approved by the department under such conditions as may be specified by the public health council.

c. Every person in parental relation to a child in this state entering or having entered seventh grade and twelfth grade or a comparable age level special education program with an unassigned grade on or after September first, two thousand sixteen, shall have administered to such child an adequate dose or doses of immunizing agents against meningococcal disease as recommended by the advisory committee on immunization practices of the centers for disease control and prevention, which meets the standards approved by the United States public health service for such biological products, and which is approved by the department under such conditions as may be specified by the public health and planning council.

d. Every person in parental relation to a child in this state entering or having entered a licensed and registered child daycare home, program or facility shall have administered to such child an adequate dose or doses of immunizing agents against influenza virus as recommended by the advisory committee on immunization practices of the centers for disease control and prevention, which meets the standards approved by the United States public health service for such biological products, and which is approved by the department under such conditions as may be specified by the public health and planning council.

3. The person in parental relation to any such child who has not previously received such immunization shall present the child to a health practitioner and request such health practitioner to administer the necessary immunization against poliomyelitis, mumps, measles, diphtheria, Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib), rubella, varicella, pertussis, tetanus, pneumococcal disease, meningococcal disease, influenza virus, and hepatitis B as provided in subdivision two of this section.

4. If any person in parental relation to such child is unable to pay for the services of a private health practitioner, such person shall present such child to the health officer of the county in which the child resides, who shall then administer the immunizing agent without charge.

5. The health practitioner who administers such immunizing agent against poliomyelitis, mumps, measles, diphtheria, Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib), rubella, varicella, pertussis, tetanus, pneumococcal disease, meningococcal disease, influenza virus, and hepatitis B to any such child shall give a certificate of such immunization to the person in parental relation to such child.

6. In the event that a person in parental relation to a child makes application for admission of such child to a school or has a child attending school and there exists no certificate or other acceptable evidence of the child's immunization against poliomyelitis, mumps, measles, diphtheria, rubella, varicella, hepatitis B, pertussis, tetanus, and, where applicable, Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib), meningococcal disease, influenza virus, and pneumococcal disease, the principal, teacher, owner or person in charge of the school shall inform such person of the necessity to have the child immunized, that such immunization may be administered by any health practitioner, or that the child may be immunized without charge by the health officer in the county where the child resides, if such person executes a consent therefor. In the event that such person does not wish to select a health practitioner to administer the immunization, he or she shall be provided with a form which shall give notice that as a prerequisite to processing the application for admission to, or for continued attendance at, the school such person shall state a valid reason for withholding consent or consent shall be given for immunization to be administered by a health officer in the public employ, or by a school physician or nurse. The form shall provide for the execution of a consent by such person and it shall also state that such person need not execute such consent if subdivision eight or nine of this section apply to such child.

7. (a) No principal, teacher, owner or person in charge of a school shall permit any child to be admitted to such school, or to attend such school, in excess of fourteen days, without the certificate provided for in subdivision five of this section or some other acceptable evidence of the child's immunization against poliomyelitis, mumps, measles, diphtheria, rubella, varicella, hepatitis B, pertussis, tetanus, and, where applicable, Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib), meningococcal disease, influenza virus, and pneumococcal disease; provided, however, such fourteen day period may be extended to not more than thirty days for an individual student by the appropriate principal, teacher, owner or other person in charge where such student is transferring from out-of-state or from another country and can show a good faith effort to get the necessary certification or other evidence of immunization.

(b) A parent, a guardian or any other person in parental relationship to a child denied school entrance or attendance may appeal by petition to the commissioner of education in accordance with the provisions of section three hundred ten of the education law.

8. If any physician licensed to practice medicine in this state certifies that such immunization may be detrimental to a child's health, the requirements of this section shall be inapplicable until such immunization is found no longer to be detrimental to the child's health.

8-a. Whenever a child has been refused admission to, or continued attendance at, a school as provided for in subdivision seven of this section because there exists no certificate provided for in subdivision five of this section or other acceptable evidence of the child's immunization against poliomyelitis, mumps, measles, diphtheria, rubella, varicella, hepatitis B, pertussis, tetanus, and, where applicable, Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib), meningococcal disease, influenza virus, and pneumococcal disease, the principal, teacher, owner or person in charge of the school shall:

a. forward a report of such exclusion and the name and address of such child to the local health authority and to the person in parental relation to the child together with a notification of the responsibility

1 of such person under subdivision two of this section and a form of
2 consent as prescribed by regulation of the commissioner, and

3 b. provide, with the cooperation of the appropriate local health
4 authority, for a time and place at which an immunizing agent or agents
5 shall be administered, as required by subdivision two of this section,
6 to a child for whom a consent has been obtained. Upon failure of a local
7 health authority to cooperate in arranging for a time and place at which
8 an immunizing agent or agents shall be administered as required by
9 subdivision two of this section, the commissioner shall arrange for such
10 administration and may recover the cost thereof from the amount of state
11 aid to which the local health authority would otherwise be entitled.

12 9. This section shall not apply to children whose parent, parents, or
13 guardian hold genuine and sincere religious beliefs which are contrary
14 to the practices herein required, and no certificate shall be required
15 as a prerequisite to such children being admitted or received into
16 school or attending school.

17 10. The commissioner may adopt and amend rules and regulations to
18 effectuate the provisions and purposes of this section.

19 11. Every school shall annually provide the commissioner, on forms
20 provided by the commissioner, a summary regarding compliance with the
21 provisions of this section.

22 § 2. This act shall take effect one year after it shall have become a
23 law.