## STATE OF NEW YORK

18

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

## (Prefiled)

January 9, 2019

Introduced by Sen. ADDABBO -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Racing, Gaming and Wager-ing

AN ACT to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and the penal law, in relation to allowing certain interactive poker games

## The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1	Section 1. The racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law is
2	amended by adding a new article 15 to read as follows:
3	ARTICLE 15
4	INTERACTIVE GAMING
5	Section 1500. Legislative findings and purpose.
6	1501. Definitions.
7	1502. Authorization.
8	<u>1503. Required safeguards/minimum standards.</u>
9	1504. Scope of licensing review.
10	<u>1505. State tax.</u>
11	1506. Disposition of taxes.
12	§ 1500. Legislative findings and purpose. The legislature hereby finds
13	and declares that: 1. Under the New York penal law a person engages in
14	gambling when he or she stakes or risks something of value upon the
15	outcome of a contest of chance or a future contingent event not under
16	his or her control or influence, upon an agreement or understanding that
17	he or she will receive something of value in the event of a certain
18	outcome.
19	2. A contest of chance is defined as any contest, game, gaming scheme
20	or gaming device in which the outcome depends in a material degree upon
21	an element of chance, notwithstanding that skill of the contestants may
22	also be a factor therein. (Subdivision 1 of section 225.00 of the penal
23	law). Thus, games of chance may involve some skill, but in those games
	EXPLANATIONMatter in <b>italics</b> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets

[-] is old law to be omitted.

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the level of skill does not determine the outcome regardless of the 1 degree of skill employed. See People v. Turner, 165 Misc. 2d 222, 224, 2 3 629 N.Y.S.2d 661, 662 (Crim. Ct. 1995). On the other hand, where a contest pits the skill levels of the players against each other, New 4 5 York courts have found a game to be one of skill rather than chance. See б People v. Hunt, 162 Misc. 2d 70, 72, 616 N.Y.S.2d 168, 170 (Crim. Ct. 1994) ("Played fairly, skill rather than chance is the material compo-7 8 nent of three-card monte."); 9 3. Poker in many instances has been defined as a game of skill and a 10 New York federal court in U.S. v. DiCristina, 886 F. Supp. 2d 164, 224, 11 assessed that under federal law poker was predominantly a game of skill; 4. New York courts have interpreted New York law to apply a more 12 rigorous test in identifying a "contest of chance" than is applied by 13 most states in this nation and the courts have found that where a 14 contest pits the skill levels of the players against each other, those 15 16 games are games of skill and not games of chance. Furthermore, the courts have not limited the legislature's ability to determine that 17 certain forms of poker should fall outside the general definition of 18 19 gambling since those games are games of skill; 20 5. Texas Hold'em poker involves two cards dealt face down to each 21 player and then five community cards placed face-up by the dealer, a series of three, then two additional single cards, with players deter-22 mining whether to check, bet, raise or fold after each deal. Omaha 23 Hold'em poker is a similar game, in which each player is dealt four 24 25 cards and makes his or her best hand using exactly two of them, plus 26 exactly three of the five community cards. These games are considered to 27 be complex forms of poker which involve player strategy and decisionmaking and which pit the skill levels of the players against each other. 28 29 As games of skill, these forms of poker do not fall under the definition 30 of gambling as prohibited by the penal law; and 31 6. The legislature further finds that as the internet has become an 32 integral part of society, and internet poker a major form of entertainment for many consumers, any interactive gaming enforcement and 33 regulatory structure must begin from the bedrock premise that partic-34 35 ipation in a lawful and licensed gaming industry is a privilege and not a right, and that regulatory oversight is intended to safeguard the 36 integrity of the games and participants and to ensure accountability and 37 38 the public trust. § 1501. Definitions. As used in this article, the following terms 39 40 shall have the following meanings: 41 1. "Authorized game" means Omaha Hold'em and Texas Hold'em poker, as 42 well as any other poker game that the commission determines is the mate-43 rial equivalent of either of those, whether in a cash game or tourna-44 ment. 45 "Authorized participants" means persons who are either physically 2. 46 present in this state when placing a wager or who otherwise are permit-47 ted by applicable law, as determined by the commission, to place a 48 wager. The intermediate routing of electronic data in connection with interactive gaming shall not determine the location or locations in 49 which a wager is initiated, received or otherwise made. 50 51 3. "Core function" means any of the following: (a) the management, administration or control of wagers on interactive gaming; (b) the 52 53 management, administration or control of the games with which those 54 wagers are associated; or (c) the development, maintenance, provision or 55 operation of an interactive gaming platform.

56 <u>4. "Commission" means the New York state gaming commission.</u>

"Covered asset" means any of the following categories of assets if 1 5. 2 used in connection with the knowing and willful acceptance of any wager 3 from persons located in the United States of any form of interactive 4 gaming (including but not limited to poker) after December thirty-first, 5 two thousand six, that has not been affirmatively authorized by law of б the United States or of each state in which persons making such wager 7 were located: (a) any trademark, trade name, service mark or similar 8 intellectual property that was used to identify any aspect of the inter-9 net website or of the operator offering the wagers or games to its 10 patrons; (b) any database or customer list of individuals residing in the United States who placed such wagers; (c) any derivative of a data-11 base or customer list described in paragraph (b) of this subdivision; or 12 13 (d) an asset used to provide a core function. 14 6. "Division" means the division of gaming, established under paragraph (c) of subdivision two of section one hundred three of this chap-15 16 ter. 17 "Interactive gaming" means the conduct of games through the use of 7. 18 the internet or other communications technology that allows a person, utilizing money, checks, electronic checks, electronic transfers of 19 20 money, credit cards, debit cards or any other instrumentality, to trans-21 mit to a computer information to assist in the placing of a wager and corresponding information related to the display of the game, game 22 outcomes or other similar information. The term does not include the 23 conduct of (a) non-gambling games that do not otherwise require a 24 25 license under state or federal law; or (b) games that occur entirely 26 among participants who are located on a licensed casino premises. For 27 purposes of this provision, "communications technology" means any method used and the components employed by an establishment to facilitate the 28 29 transmission of information, including, without limitation, transmission 30 and reception by systems based on wire, cable, radio, microwave, light, 31 optics or computer data networks, including, without limitation, the 32 internet and intranets. 33 8. "Interactive gaming gross revenue" means the total of all sums paid 34 to a licensee from interactive gaming involving authorized participants, 35 less only the total of all sums paid out as winnings to patrons and promotional gaming credits; provided, however, that the cash equivalent 36 37 value of any merchandise or other non-cash thing of value included in a contest or tournament shall not be included in the total of all sums 38 39 paid out as winnings to players for purposes of determining interactive 40 gaming gross revenue. 41 (a) Neither amounts deposited with a licensee for purposes of interac-42 tive gaming nor amounts taken in fraudulent acts perpetrated against a 43 licensee for which the licensee is not reimbursed shall be considered to 44 have been "paid" to the licensee for purposes of calculating interactive 45 gaming gross revenue. 46 (b) "Promotional gaming credit" includes bonuses, promotions and any 47 amount received by a licensee from a patron for which the licensee can 48 demonstrate that it or its affiliate has not received cash. 9. "Interactive gaming platform" means the combination of hardware, 49 software and data networks used to manage, administer or control wagers 50 51 on interactive gaming or the games with which those wagers are associ-<u>ated.</u> 52 53 10. "Internet" means a computer network of interoperable packet-54 switched data networks. 55 11. "Licensee" means a person who is licensed by the commission to 56 offer interactive gaming, using an interactive gaming platform to

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1	authonized menticipants . Diseases may utilize multiple interesting
1 2	authorized participants. A licensee may utilize multiple interactive
∠ 3	gaming platforms provided that each platform is approved by the commis- sion.
4	<u>12. "Omaha Hold'em poker" means the poker game marketed as Omaha</u> Hold'em poker or Omaha poker in which each player is dealt four cards
5	
6	and must make his or her best hand using exactly two of them, plus
7	exactly three of the five community cards.
8	13. "Significant vendor" means any person who offers or who proposes
9	to offer any of the following services with respect to interactive
10	gaming: (a) a core function; (b) sale, licensing or other receipt of
11	compensation for selling or licensing a database or customer list of
12	individuals residing in the United States selected in whole or in part
13	because they placed wagers or participated in gambling games with or
14	through an internet website or operator (or any derivative of such a
15	database or customer list); (c) provision of any trademark, tradename,
16	service mark or similar intellectual property under which a licensee or
17	significant vendor identifies interactive games to customers; or (d)
18	provision of any product, service or asset to a licensee or significant
19	vendor in return for a percentage of interactive gaming revenue (not
20	including fees to financial institutions and payment providers for
21	facilitating a deposit or withdrawal by an authorized participant). The
22	term "significant vendor" shall not include a provider of goods or
23	services to a licensee that are not specifically designed for use and
24	not principally used in connection with interactive gaming.
25	14. "Texas Hold'em poker" means the type of poker marketed as Texas
26	Hold'em poker that involves two cards being dealt face down to each
27	player and then five community cards being placed face-up by the dealer,
28	a series of three then two additional single cards, with players having
29	the option to check, bet, raise or fold after each deal.
30	§ 1502. Authorization. 1. The commission shall, within one hundred
31	eighty days of the date this article becomes law, promulgate regulations
32	to implement interactive gaming in this state and shall authorize up to
33	eleven licenses to operate interactive gaming involving authorized
34	participants, subject to the provisions of this article and other appli-
35	<u>cable provisions of law.</u>
36	2. Applicants eligible to apply for a license as an operator pursuant
37	to this article shall be those entities:
38	(a) licensed by the state pursuant to section sixteen hundred seven-
39	teen-a of the tax law to operate video lottery gaming and has experience
40	in the operation of interactive gaming by being licensed in a state with
41	comparable licensing requirements or guarantees acquisition of adequate
42	business competence and experience in the operation of interactive
43	gaming; or
44	(b) licensed by the state to operate a class III gaming facility
45	pursuant to article thirteen of this chapter and has experience in the
46	operation of interactive gaming by being licensed in a state with compa-
47	rable licensing requirements or guarantees acquisition of adequate busi-
48	ness competence and experience in the operation of interactive gaming.
49	3. The commission shall, to the extent practicable, issue licenses to
50	multiple applicants no sooner than one hundred eighty days after the
51	promulgation of regulations in order to ensure a robust and competitive
52	market for consumers and to prevent early licensees from gaining an
53	unfair competitive advantage.
54	4. No person may operate, manage or make available an interactive
55	gaming platform or act as a significant vendor with respect to interac-
56	tive gaming that is offered to persons located in this state unless

1	licensed by the commission pursuant to this article and only those games
2	authorized by the commission shall be permitted.
3	5. License applicants may form a partnership, joint venture or other
4	contractual arrangement in order to facilitate the purposes of this
5	<u>article.</u>
6	6. Any person found suitable by the commission may be issued a license
7	as an operator or significant vendor pursuant to this article. In deter-
8	mining suitability, the commission shall consider those factors it deems
9	relevant in its discretion, including but not limited to:
10	(a) Whether the applicant is a person of good character, honesty and
11	integrity;
12	(b) Whether the applicant is person whose prior activities, criminal
13	record, if any, reputation, habits and associations do not:
14	(i) pose a threat to the public interest or to the effective regu-
15	lation and control of interactive gaming; or
16	(ii) create or enhance the dangers of unsuitable, unfair or illegal
17	practices, methods and activities in the conduct of interactive gaming
18	or in the carrying on of the business and financial arrangements inci-
19	dental to such gaming;
20	(c) Whether the applicant is capable of and likely to conduct the
21	activities for which the applicant is licensed in accordance with the
22	provisions of this article, any regulations prescribed under this arti-
23	cle and all other applicable laws;
24 25	(d) Whether the applicant has or guarantees acquisition of adequate
25 26	business competence and experience in the operation of licensed gaming or of interactive gaming in this state or in a state with comparable
26 27	licensing requirements;
28	(e) Whether the applicant has or will obtain sufficient financing for
29	the nature of the proposed operation and from a suitable source; and
30	(f) Whether the applicant:
31	(i) has at any time, either directly, or through another person whom
32	it owned, in whole or in significant part, or controlled:
33	(A) knowingly and willfully accepted or made available wagers on
34	interactive gaming (including poker) from persons located in the United
35	States after December thirty-first, two thousand six, unless such wagers
36	were affirmatively authorized by law of the United States or of each
37	state in which persons making such wagers were located; or
38	(B) knowingly facilitated or otherwise provided services with respect
39	to interactive gaming (including poker) involving persons located in the
40	United States for a person described in clause (A) of this subparagraph
41	and acted with knowledge of the fact that such wagers or interactive
42	gaming involved persons located in the United States; or
43	(ii) has purchased or acquired, directly or indirectly, in whole or in
44	significant part, a person described in subparagraph (i) of this para-
45	graph or will use that person or a covered asset in connection with
46	interactive gaming licensed pursuant to this article.
47	7. The commission further shall develop standards by which to evaluate
48	and approve interactive gaming platforms for use with interactive
49	gaming. Interactive gaming platforms must be approved by the commission
50	before being used by a licensee or significant vendor to conduct inter-
51	active gaming in this state.
52	8. The commission shall require all licensees to operate interactive
53	gaming to pay a one-time fee of ten million dollars. Such fee paid by
54	each licensee shall be applied to satisfy, in whole or in part, as
55	applicable, that licensee's tax obligation pursuant to section fifteen
56	hundred five of this article in sixty equal monthly installments, allo-

1	cated to each of the first sixty months of tax owed after the licensee
2	has begun operating interactive gaming pursuant to this article. No
3	amounts not required to be used to satisfy such tax obligation during
4	that period shall be allocated to payment of such tax obligation after
5	that period.
б	9. Licenses to operate interactive gaming issued by the commission
7	shall remain in effect for ten years.
8	10. The commission, by regulation, may authorize and promulgate any
9	rules necessary to implement agreements with other states, or authorized
10	agencies thereof (a) to enable patrons in those states to participate in
11	interactive gaming offered by licensees under this article or (b) to
12	enable patrons in this state to participate in interactive gaming
13	offered by licensees under the laws of those other states, provided that
14	such other state or authorized agency applies suitability standards and
15	review materially consistent with the provisions of this article.
16	11. Any regulations adopted pursuant to subdivision ten of this
17	section must set forth provisions that address:
18	(a) Any arrangements to share revenue between New York and any other
19	state or agency within another state; and
20	(b) Arrangements to ensure the integrity of interactive gaming offered
21	pursuant to any such agreement and the protection of patrons located in
22	this state.
23	12. The commission may delegate its responsibilities to administer the
24	provisions of this article to the division, as it sees fit, except for
	its responsibilities to approve licenses.
25	
26	§ 1503. Required safeguards/minimum standards. The commission shall
27	require licensees to implement measures to meet the standards set out in
28	this section, along with such other standards that the commission in its
29	discretion may choose to require.
30	(a) Appropriate safeguards to ensure, to a reasonable degree of
31	certainty, that participants in interactive gaming are not younger than
32	twenty-one years of age.
33	(b) Appropriate safeguards to ensure, to a reasonable degree of
34	certainty, that participants in interactive gaming are physically
35	located within the state or such other jurisdiction that the commission
36	has determined to be permissible.
37	(c) Appropriate safeguards to protect, to a reasonable degree of
38	certainty, the privacy and online security of participants in interac-
39	tive gaming.
40	(d) Appropriate safeguards to ensure, to a reasonable degree of
41	certainty, that the interactive gaming is fair and honest and that
42	appropriate measures are in place to deter, detect and, to the extent
43	reasonably possible, to prevent cheating, including collusion, and use
44	of cheating devices, including use of software programs (sometimes
45	referred to as "bots") that make bets or wagers according to algorithms.
46	<u>(e) Appropriate safeguards to minimize compulsive gaming and to</u>
47	provide notice to participants of resources to help problem gamblers.
48	(f) Appropriate safeguards to ensure participants' funds are held in
49	accounts segregated from the funds of licensees and otherwise are
50	protected from corporate insolvency, financial risk or criminal or civil
51	actions against the licensee.
52	§ 1504. Scope of licensing review. 1. In connection with any license
53	issued pursuant to this article, the licensee, significant vendor or
54	applicant shall identify and the commission shall review the suitability
	applicant shall identify and the commission shall review the suitability
55	of such licensee's, significant vendor's or applicant's owner, chief

employee who the commission deems is significantly involved in the 1 management or control of the licensee, significant vendor or applicant 2 or of the interactive gaming platform. "Owner" for purposes of this 3 4 provision means any person who directly or indirectly holds any benefi-5 cial or ownership interest in the applicant of five percent or greater б or any amount of ownership that the commission determines to be signif-7 icant ownership of the licensee, significant vendor, or applicant. 8 2. Institutional investors are subject to the provisions set out in 9 this section. 10 (a) An institutional investor holding under twenty-five percent of the 11 equity securities of a licensee's or significant vendor's (or applicant's) holding or intermediary companies, shall be granted a waiver of 12 13 any investigation of suitability or other requirement if such securities 14 are those of a corporation, whether publicly traded or privately held, and its holdings of such securities were purchased for investment 15 16 purposes only and it files a certified statement to the effect that it 17 has no intention of influencing or affecting the affairs of the issuer, the licensee (or significant vendor or applicant, as applicable) or its 18 19 holding or intermediary companies; provided, however, that it shall be 20 permitted to vote on matters put to the vote of the outstanding security 21 holders. The commission may grant such a waiver to an institutional 22 investor holding a higher percentage of such securities upon a showing of good cause and if the conditions specified above are met. Any insti-23 24 tutional investor granted a waiver under this paragraph which subseguently determines to influence or affect the affairs of the issuer 25 26 shall provide not less than thirty days' notice of such intent and shall 27 file with the commission a request for determination of suitability before taking any action that may influence or affect the affairs of the 28 29 issuer; provided, however, that it shall be permitted to vote on matters 30 put to the vote of the outstanding security holders. If an institutional investor changes its investment intent, or if the commission finds 31 reasonable cause to believe that the institutional investor may be found 32 33 unsuitable, no action other than divestiture shall be taken by such investor with respect to its security holdings until there has been 34 compliance with any requirements established by the commission, which 35 36 may include the execution of a trust agreement. The licensee (or signif-37 icant vendor or applicant, as applicable) and its relevant holding, 38 intermediary or subsidiary company shall notify the commission immediately of any information about, or actions of, an institutional inves-39 tor holding its equity securities where such information or action may 40 impact upon the eligibility of such institutional investor for a waiver 41 42 pursuant to this paragraph. (b) If at any time the commission finds that an institutional investor 43 holding any security of a holding or intermediary company of a licensee 44 45 or significant vendor or applicant, or, where relevant, of another 46 subsidiary company of a holding or intermediary company of a licensee or 47 significant vendor or applicant which is related in any way to the financing of the licensee or significant vendor or applicant, fails to 48 49 comply with the terms of paragraph (a) of this section, or if at any time the commission finds that, by reason of the extent or nature of its 50 51 holdings, an institutional investor is in a position to exercise such a substantial impact upon the controlling interests of a licensee or 52 53 significant vendor or applicant that investigation and determination of 54 suitability of the institutional investor is necessary to protect the public interest, the commission may take any necessary action otherwise 55 56 authorized under this article to protect the public interest.

1 (c) For purposes of this section, an "institutional investor" shall mean any retirement fund administered by a public agency for the exclu-2 3 sive benefit of federal, state, or local public employees; investment 4 company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. § 5 80a-1 et seq.); collective investment trust organized by banks under б Part Nine of the Rules of the Comptroller of the Currency; closed end 7 investment trust; chartered or licensed life insurance company or prop-8 erty and casualty insurance company; banking and other chartered or 9 licensed lending institution; investment advisor registered under The 10 Investment Advisors Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. § 80b-1 et seq.); and such other persons as the commission may determine for reasons consistent 11 with the public interest. 12 § 1505. State tax. Licensees engaged in the business of conducting 13 14 interactive gaming pursuant to this article shall pay a privilege tax based on the licensee's interactive gaming gross revenue at a fifteen 15 16 percent rate. 17 § 1506. Disposition of taxes. The commission shall pay into the state lottery fund all taxes imposed by this article; any interest and penal-18 19 ties imposed by the commission relating to those taxes; all penalties 20 levied and collected by the commission; and the appropriate funds, cash 21 or prizes forfeited from interactive gaming. § 2. Subdivision 1 of section 225.00 of the penal law is amended to 22 read as follows: 23 1. "Contest of chance" means any contest, game, gaming scheme or 24 25 gaming device in which the outcome depends [in a material degree] 26 predominantly upon an element of chance, notwithstanding that skill of 27 the contestants may also be a factor therein. 28 § 3. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 225.36 to read 29 as follows: 30 § 225.36 Interactive gaming offenses and exceptions. 31 1. The knowing and willful offering of unlicensed interactive gaming 32 to persons in this state, or the knowing and willful provision of services with respect thereto, shall constitute a gambling offense under 33 34 this article. 35 2. Licensed interactive gaming activities under section fifteen hundred two of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law shall 36 not be a gambling offense under this article. 37 3. A person offering unlicensed interactive gaming to persons in this 38 39 state shall be liable for all taxes set forth in section fifteen hundred five of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law in the same 40 41 manner and amounts as if such person were a licensee. Timely payment of 42 such taxes shall not constitute a defense to any prosecution or other 43 proceeding in connection with the interactive gaming except for a prose-44 cution or proceeding alleging failure to make such payment. 45 § 4. Severability clause. If any provision of this act or application 46 thereof shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or 47 invalidate the remainder of the act, but shall be confined in its opera-48 tion to the provision thereof directly involved in the controversy in 49 50 which the judgment shall have been rendered. 51 § 5. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after

52 it shall have become a law.