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Cal. No. 61

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 15, 2019

- Introduced by Sens. MARTINEZ, BOYLE, BIAGGI, GOUNARDES, HOYLMAN, KAMIN-SKY, KRUEGER, THOMAS -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Codes -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- reported favorably from said committee, ordered to first and second report, ordered to a third reading, amended and ordered reprinted, retaining its place in the order of third reading -- again amended and ordered reprinted, retaining its place in the order of third reading
- AN ACT to amend the penal law, the criminal procedure law, the family court act and the civil rights law, in relation to establishing the crime of unlawful dissemination or publication of an intimate image

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1	Section 1. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 245.15 to
2	read as follows:
3	<u>§ 245.15 Unlawful dissemination or publication of an intimate image.</u>
4	1. A person is guilty of unlawful dissemination or publication of an
5	<u>intimate image when:</u>
б	(a) with intent to cause harm to the emotional, financial or physical
7	welfare of another person, he or she intentionally disseminates or
8	publishes a still or video image of such other person, who is identifi-
9	able from the still or video image itself or from information displayed
10	in connection with the still or video image, without such other person's
11	consent, which depicts:
12	(i) an unclothed or exposed intimate part of such other person; or
13	(ii) such other person engaging in sexual conduct as defined in subdi-
14	vision ten of section 130.00 of this chapter with another person; and
15	(b) such still or video image was taken under circumstances when the
16	person depicted had a reasonable expectation that the image would remain
17	private and the actor knew or reasonably should have known the person

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1	depicted intended for the still or video image to remain private,
2	regardless of whether the actor was present when the still or video
3	image was taken.
4	2. For purposes of this section "intimate part" means the naked geni-
5	tals, pubic area, anus or female nipple of the person.
6	2-a. For purposes of this section "disseminate" and "publish" shall
7	have the same meaning as defined in section 250.40 of this title.
8	3. This section shall not apply to the following:
9	(a) the reporting of unlawful conduct;
10	(b) dissemination or publication of an intimate image made during
11	lawful and common practices of law enforcement, legal proceedings or
12	medical treatment;
13	(c) images involving voluntary exposure in a public or commercial
14	setting; or
15	(d) dissemination or publication of an intimate image made for a
16	legitimate public purpose.
17	4. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit, or to enlarge,
18	the protections that 47 U.S.C § 230 confers on an interactive computer
$10 \\ 19$	service for content provided by another information content provider, as
20	such terms are defined in 47 U.S.C. § 230.
21	Unlawful dissemination or publication of an intimate image is a class
22	A misdemeanor.
23	§ 2. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 530.11 of the
24	criminal procedure law, as amended by section 4 of part NN of chapter 55
25	of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:
26	The family court and the criminal courts shall have concurrent juris-
27	diction over any proceeding concerning acts which would constitute
28	disorderly conduct, unlawful dissemination or publication of an intimate
29	image, harassment in the first degree, harassment in the second degree,
30	aggravated harassment in the second degree, sexual misconduct, forcible
31	touching, sexual abuse in the third degree, sexual abuse in the second
32	degree as set forth in subdivision one of section 130.60 of the penal
33	law, stalking in the first degree, stalking in the second degree, stalk-
34	ing in the third degree, stalking in the fourth degree, criminal
35	mischief, menacing in the second degree, menacing in the third degree,
36	reckless endangerment, strangulation in the first degree, strangulation
37	in the second degree, criminal obstruction of breathing or blood circu-
38	lation, assault in the second degree, assault in the third degree, an
39	attempted assault, identity theft in the first degree, identity theft in
40	the second degree, identity theft in the third degree, grand larceny in
41	the fourth degree, grand larceny in the third degree, coercion in the
42	second degree or coercion in the third degree as set forth in subdivi-
43	sions one, two and three of section 135.60 of the penal law between
44	spouses or former spouses, or between parent and child or between
45	spouses of former spouses, of between parent and child of between
46	members of the same family or household except that if the respondent
47	members of the same family or household except that if the respondent
47 48	members of the same family or household except that if the respondent would not be criminally responsible by reason of age pursuant to section
	members of the same family or household except that if the respondent would not be criminally responsible by reason of age pursuant to section 30.00 of the penal law, then the family court shall have exclusive
48	members of the same family or household except that if the respondent would not be criminally responsible by reason of age pursuant to section 30.00 of the penal law, then the family court shall have exclusive jurisdiction over such proceeding. Notwithstanding a complainant's election to proceed in family court, the criminal court shall not be
48 49	members of the same family or household except that if the respondent would not be criminally responsible by reason of age pursuant to section 30.00 of the penal law, then the family court shall have exclusive jurisdiction over such proceeding. Notwithstanding a complainant's election to proceed in family court, the criminal court shall not be divested of jurisdiction to hear a family offense proceeding pursuant to
48 49 50	members of the same family or household except that if the respondent would not be criminally responsible by reason of age pursuant to section 30.00 of the penal law, then the family court shall have exclusive jurisdiction over such proceeding. Notwithstanding a complainant's election to proceed in family court, the criminal court shall not be divested of jurisdiction to hear a family offense proceeding pursuant to this section. For purposes of this section, "disorderly conduct"
48 49 50 51	members of the same family or household except that if the respondent would not be criminally responsible by reason of age pursuant to section 30.00 of the penal law, then the family court shall have exclusive jurisdiction over such proceeding. Notwithstanding a complainant's election to proceed in family court, the criminal court shall not be divested of jurisdiction to hear a family offense proceeding pursuant to
48 49 50 51 52	members of the same family or household except that if the respondent would not be criminally responsible by reason of age pursuant to section 30.00 of the penal law, then the family court shall have exclusive jurisdiction over such proceeding. Notwithstanding a complainant's election to proceed in family court, the criminal court shall not be divested of jurisdiction to hear a family offense proceeding pursuant to this section. For purposes of this section, "disorderly conduct" includes disorderly conduct not in a public place. For purposes of this

1 § 3. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 812 of the 2 family court act, as amended by section 5 of part NN of chapter 55 of 3 the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

4 The family court and the criminal courts shall have concurrent juris-5 diction over any proceeding concerning acts which would constitute б disorderly conduct, unlawful dissemination or publication of an intimate 7 image, harassment in the first degree, harassment in the second degree, 8 aggravated harassment in the second degree, sexual misconduct, forcible 9 touching, sexual abuse in the third degree, sexual abuse in the second 10 degree as set forth in subdivision one of section 130.60 of the penal 11 law, stalking in the first degree, stalking in the second degree, stalking in the third degree, stalking in the fourth degree, criminal 12 mischief, menacing in the second degree, menacing in the third degree, 13 14 reckless endangerment, criminal obstruction of breathing or blood circu-15 lation, strangulation in the second degree, strangulation in the first 16 degree, assault in the second degree, assault in the third degree, an 17 attempted assault, identity theft in the first degree, identity theft in the second degree, identity theft in the third degree, grand larceny in 18 the fourth degree, grand larceny in the third degree, coercion in the 19 20 second degree or coercion in the third degree as set forth in subdivi-21 sions one, two and three of section 135.60 of the penal law between spouses or former spouses, or between parent and child or between 22 members of the same family or household except that if the respondent 23 would not be criminally responsible by reason of age pursuant to section 24 25 30.00 of the penal law, then the family court shall have exclusive 26 jurisdiction over such proceeding. Notwithstanding a complainant's 27 election to proceed in family court, the criminal court shall not be divested of jurisdiction to hear a family offense proceeding pursuant to 28 29 this section. In any proceeding pursuant to this article, a court shall 30 not deny an order of protection, or dismiss a petition, solely on the 31 basis that the acts or events alleged are not relatively contemporaneous 32 with the date of the petition, the conclusion of the fact-finding or the 33 conclusion of the dispositional hearing. For purposes of this article, 34 "disorderly conduct" includes disorderly conduct not in a public place. 35 For purposes of this article, "members of the same family or household" 36 shall mean the following:

37 § 4. The civil rights law is amended by adding a new section 52-b to 38 read as follows:

39 § 52-b. Private right of action for unlawful dissemination or publica-40 tion of an intimate image. 1. Any person depicted in a still or video 41 image, regardless of whether or not the original still or video image 42 was consensually obtained, shall have a cause of action against an indi-43 vidual who, for the purpose of harassing, annoying or alarming such 44 person, disseminated or published, or threatened to disseminate or 45 publish, such still or video image, where such image:

46 <u>a. was taken when such person had a reasonable expectation that the</u> 47 <u>image would remain private; and</u>

48 b. depicts (i) an unclothed or exposed intimate part of such person;
49 or (ii) such person engaging in sexual conduct, as defined in subdivi50 sion ten of section 130.00 of the penal law, with another person; and

51 <u>c. was disseminated or published, or threatened to be disseminated or</u> 52 <u>published, without the consent of such person.</u>

53 <u>2. In any action commenced pursuant to subdivision one of this</u> 54 <u>section, the finder of fact, in its discretion, may award injunctive</u> 55 <u>relief, punitive damages, compensatory damages and reasonable court</u>

56 costs and attorney's fees.

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1	3. This section shall not apply to the following:
2	a. the reporting of unlawful conduct;
3	b. dissemination or publication of an intimate still or video image
4	made during lawful and common practices of law enforcement, legal
5	proceedings or medical treatment;
б	c. images involving voluntary exposure in a public or commercial
7	setting; or
8	d. dissemination or publication of an intimate still or video image
9	<u>made for a legitimate public purpose.</u>
10	4. Any person depicted in a still or video image that depicts an
11	unclothed or exposed intimate part of such person, or such person engag-
12	ing in sexual conduct as defined in subdivision ten of section 130.00 of
13	the penal law with another person, which is disseminated or published
14	without the consent of such person and where such person had a reason-
15	able expectation that the image would remain private, may maintain an
16	action or special proceeding for a court order to require any website
17	that is subject to personal jurisdiction under subdivision five of this
18	section to permanently remove such still or video image; any such court
19	order granted pursuant to this subdivision may direct removal only as to
20	images that are reasonably within such website's control.
21	5. a. Any website that hosts or transmits a still or video image,
22	viewable in this state, taken under circumstances where the person
23	depicted had a reasonable expectation that the image would remain
24	private, which depicts:
25	(i) an unclothed or exposed intimate part, as defined in section
26	245.15 of the penal law, of a resident of this state; or
27	(ii) a resident of this state engaging in sexual conduct as defined in
28	subdivision ten of section 130.00 of the penal law with another person;
29	and
30	b. Such still or video image is hosted or transmitted without the
31	consent of such resident of this state, shall be subject to personal
32	jurisdiction in a civil action in this state to the maximum extent
33	permitted under the United States constitution and federal law.
34	6. A cause of action or special proceeding under this section shall be
35	commenced the later of either:
36	a. three years after the dissemination or publication of an image; or
37	b. one year from the date a person discovers, or reasonably should
38	have discovered, the dissemination or publication of such image.
30 39	7. Nothing herein shall be read to require a prior criminal complaint,
40	prosecution or conviction to establish the elements of the cause of
40 41	action provided for by this section.
42	8. The provisions of this section are in addition to, but shall not
42 43	supersede, any other rights or remedies available in law or equity.
43 44	9. If any provision of this section or its application to any person
	or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other
45 46	provisions or applications of this section which can be given effect
46	without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the
47	
48	provisions of this section are severable.
49 50	10. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit, or to
50 E 1	enlarge, the protections that 47 U.S.C § 230 confers on an interactive
51	computer service for content provided by another information content
52 52	provider, as such terms are defined in 47 U.S.C. § 230.
53	§ 5. This act shall take effect on the sixtieth day after it shall

54 have become a law.