STATE OF NEW YORK

8064--A

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

May 31, 2019

Introduced by M. of A. EPSTEIN, BRONSON, REYES -- read once and referred to the Committee on Labor -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the labor law, in relation to maximum hours for home care aides

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The labor law is amended by adding a new section 167-a to 2 read as follows:

3 § 167-a. Hours of labor for home care aides. 1. For purposes of this 4 section: (a) "Home care aide" means a home health aide, personal care aide, personal care attendant, consumer directed personal assistant, home attendant or other licensed or unlicensed person whose primary responsibility includes the provision of in-home assistance with activ-8 ities of daily living, instrumental activities of daily living or 9 health-related tasks, or the provision of companionship or fellowship. 10 The provisions of this section shall apply equally to services provided by home care aides who work on episodes of care as direct employees of 11 the care recipient, certified home health agencies, long term home 12 13 health care programs, or managed care plans, or as employees of licensed 14 home care services agencies, limited licensed home care services agencies, or under any other arrangement. 15

- 16 (b) "Unforeseeable emergent circumstance" means an unpredictable or unavoidable occurrence that requires immediate action.
- 18 <u>(c) "Maximum home care hours" shall mean a single shift that consists</u>
 19 <u>of twelve hours per day or multiple shifts that in combination total</u>
 20 fifty hours per week.
- 21 2. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no 22 employer shall assign a home care aide to more than the maximum home 23 care hours except as provided for in subdivision four of this section.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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(b) Any requirement of a home care aide to accept an assignment for more than the maximum home care hours contained in any contract, agreement or understanding executed or renewed after the effective date of this section shall be void.

- 3. The agreement of any home care aide to accept an assignment for more than the maximum home care hours shall be voluntary. Consent to accept an assignment for more than the maximum home care hours must be expressly provided by the employee. Consent to accept an assignment for more than the maximum home care hours on a specific occasion shall not constitute implied consent to accept such assignment in the future. The refusal of a home care aide to accept an assignment for more than the maximum home care hours shall not be grounds for discrimination, dismissal, discharge, threats, or any other penalty or employment decision adverse to the employee.
- 4. (a) The provisions set forth in subdivision two of this section shall not apply in case of an unforeseeable emergent circumstance when assignment for more than the maximum home care hours is determined necessary, provided that the employer has exhausted all reasonable efforts to obtain proper staffing. However, such assignment shall not exceed four hours over a twelve-hour shift or a fifty-hour cumulative workweek that the home care aide has already performed, and shall be subject to the requirement of consent pursuant to subdivision three of this section.
- (b) Where an unforeseeable emergent circumstance is due to the delayed arrival of a home care aide who is relieving a home care aide who has worked the maximum number of hours for such day pursuant to subdivision two of this section, such assignment shall not exceed two hours without acceptance of such overtime pursuant to the provisions of subdivision three of this section.
- (c) Except as provided for in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, a staffing shortage may not constitute an unforeseeable circumstance.
 - 5. An employer shall not threaten, discharge or in any other manner discriminate, penalize or take adverse action against a home health care because they have made any complaint that the employee has been required to accept an assignment for more than the maximum home care hours in violation of the provisions of this section:
- 37 (a) to their employer, including the employer's representative or 38 agent;
 - (b) to the commissioner or the department; or
 - (c) to any other city, state or federal agency.
- 6. (a) A home care aide may bring a civil action in a court of compe-tent jurisdiction against any employer or his or her agent, or the offi-cer or agent of any corporation, partnership, or limited liability company, or any other person who violates subdivision two, three, four, or five this section. An employer or other person who violates such subdivisions shall be liable for all legal and/or equitable relief as may be appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this section, including but not limited to compensatory damages for loss of consortium, liqui-dated damages, punitive damages, and reinstatement and back wages, in addition to injunctive relief and any other appropriate relief. An employer or other person who is found to have violated subdivision two, three, four or five of this section shall also be liable for the payment of reasonable attorney's fees.
- 54 (b) On behalf of any home care aide, the commissioner may bring any
 55 legal action necessary, including administrative action and civil
 56 action, to bring a claim for a violation of subdivisions two, three,

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four, or five of this section. Further, if the commissioner determines that an employer or employer's agent or the officer or agent of any corporation, partnership, or limited liability company, or any other person has violated subdivision two, three, four or five of this section the commissioner may issue sanctions and penalties, including, but not limited to compensatory damages for loss of consortium, liquidated damages, and punitive damages, and may also order reinstatement, back wages, injunctive relief, and all other appropriate relief.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.