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Cal. No. 40

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 11, 2019

- Introduced by M. of A. SIMOTAS, COLTON, AUBRY, ENGLEBRIGHT, BRAUNSTEIN, Dendekker, JAFFEE, PERRY, COOK, WEPRIN, SANTABARBARA, ROZIC, HEVESI, QUART, LIFTON, OTIS, MOSLEY, FAHY, SEAWRIGHT, TAYLOR, ZEBROWSKI, L. ROSENTHAL, REYES, CRUZ -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. ARROYO, BUCHWALD, FINCH, FITZPATRICK, GALEF, GLICK, LUPARDO, MALLIOTAKIS, McDONOUGH, MONTESANO, PEOPLES-STOKES, RA -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- again reported from said committee with amendments, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- reported and referred to the Committee on Rules -- ordered to a third reading, passed by Assembly and delivered to the Senate, recalled from the Senate, vote reconsidered, bill amended, ordered reprinted, retaining its place on the special order of third reading -- ordered to a third reading, amended and ordered reprinted, retaining its place on the order of third reading -- ordered to a third reading, amended and ordered reprinted, retaining its place on the order of third reading
- AN ACT to amend the penal law, the criminal procedure law, the correction law, the social services law, the vehicle and traffic law, the family court act, the civil rights law, the civil practice law and rules, the agriculture and markets law, the judiciary law and the domestic relations law, in relation to sex offenses; and to repeal certain provisions of the penal law relating thereto

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Sections 130.40, 130.45 and 130.50 of the penal law are 2 REPEALED.

3 § 2. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 130.00 of the penal law, subdivi-4 sion 2 as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, are amended to 5 read as follows:

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 "[Sexual intercourse] Vaginal sexual contact" [has its ordinary 1. meaning and occurs upon any penetration, however slight] means conduct 2 between persons consisting of contact between the penis and the vagina 3 4 or vulva. 5 2. (a) "Oral sexual [contact means conduct between persons б consisting of contact between the mouth and the penis, the mouth and the 7 anus, or the mouth and the vulva or vagina. 8 (b) "Anal sexual [contact] contact means conduct between persons 9 consisting of contact between the penis and anus. 10 3. Section 130.25 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 1 of the § 11 laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows: § 130.25 Rape in the third degree. 12 13 A person is guilty of rape in the third degree when: 14 1. He or she engages in [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact 15 with another person who is incapable of consent by reason of some factor 16 other than being less than seventeen years old; 17 2. He or she engages in oral sexual contact with another person who is 18 incapable of consent by reason of some factor other than being less than 19 seventeen years old; 20 3. He or she engages in anal sexual contact with another person who is 21 incapable of consent by reason of some other factor other than being 22 less than seventeen years old; 4. Being twenty-one years old or more, he or she engages in [sexual 23 intercourse] vaginal sexual contact with another person less than seven-24 25 teen years old; [or 26 3. Being twenty-one years old or more, he or she engages in oral 27 sexual contact with another person less than seventeen years old; 28 6. Being twenty-one years old or more, he or she engages in anal sexu-29 al contact with another person less than seventeen years old; 30 7. He or she engages in [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact 31 with another person without such person's consent where such lack of 32 consent is by reason of some factor other than incapacity to consent $[-]_{:=}$ 33 8. He or she engages in oral sexual contact with another person without such person's consent where such lack of consent is by reason of 34 35 some factor other than incapacity to consent; or 36 9. He or she engages in anal sexual contact with another person with-37 out such person's consent where such lack of consent is by reason of 38 some factor other than the incapacity to consent. Rape in the third degree is a class E felony. 39 § 4. Section 130.30 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 1 of the 40 laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows: 41 42 § 130.30 Rape in the second degree. 43 A person is guilty of rape in the second degree when: 44 1. being eighteen years old or more, he or she engages in [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact with another person less than 45 46 fifteen years old; [er] 47 2. being eighteen years old or more, he or she engages in oral sexual contact with another person less than fifteen years old; 48 49 3. being eighteen years old or more, he or she engages in anal sexual contact with another person less than fifteen years old; 50 4. he or she engages in [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact 51 with another person who is incapable of consent by reason of being 52 53 mentally disabled or mentally incapacitated[+]; 54 5. he or she engages in oral sexual contact with another person who is incapable of consent by reason of being mentally disabled or mentally 55 56 incapacitated; or

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1 incapable of consent by reason of being mentally disabled or mentally 2 3 incapacitated. 4 shall be an affirmative defense to the crime of rape in the second Tt. 5 degree as defined in [**subdivision**] **subdivisions** one, two and three of this section that the defendant was less than four years older than the б 7 victim at the time of the act. 8 Rape in the second degree is a class D felony. 9 § 5. Section 130.35 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 1 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows: 10 11 § 130.35 Rape in the first degree. A person is guilty of rape in the first degree when: 12 13 1. he or she engages in [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact 14 with another person: 15 [1.] (a) By forcible compulsion; or 16 [2-] (b) Who is incapable of consent by reason of being physically 17 helpless; or [3.] (c) Who is less than eleven years old; or 18 19 [4-] (d) Who is less than thirteen years old and the actor is eighteen 20 years old or more[+]; 21 2. he or she engages in oral sexual contact with another person: 22 (a) By forcible compulsion; or (b) Who is incapable of consent by reason of being physically help-23 24 <u>less; or</u> 25 (c) Who is less than eleven years old; or 26 (d) Who is less than thirteen years old and the actor is eighteen years old or more; or 27 28 3. he or she engages in anal sexual contact with another person: 29 (a) By forcible compulsion; or 30 (b) Who is incapable of consent by reason of being physically help-31 less; or 32 (c) Who is less than eleven years old; or 33 (d) Who is less than thirteen years old and the actor is eighteen years old or more. 34 35 Rape in the first degree is a class B felony. 36 § 6. Paragraph 2 of subdivision 18 of section 10.00 of the penal law, 37 as amended by chapter 7 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as 38 follows: 39 (2) a person fourteen or fifteen years old who is criminally responsi-40 ble for acts constituting the crimes defined in subdivisions one and two of section 125.25 (murder in the second degree) and in subdivision three 41 42 of such section provided that the underlying crime for the murder charge one for which such person is criminally responsible; section 135.25 43 is (kidnapping in the first degree); 150.20 (arson in the first degree); 44 subdivisions one and two of section 120.10 (assault in the first 45 46 degree); 125.20 (manslaughter in the first degree); [subdivisions one 47 paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision one, paragraphs (a) and (b) and] of subdivision two, and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision three of 48 section 130.35 (rape in the first degree); [subdivisions one and two of 49 section 130.50 (criminal sexual act in the first degree); 130.70 50 (aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree); 140.30 (burglary in the 51 first degree); subdivision one of section 140.25 (burglary in the second 52 53 degree); 150.15 (arson in the second degree); 160.15 (robbery in the 54 first degree); subdivision two of section 160.10 (robbery in the second 55 degree) of this chapter; or section 265.03 of this chapter, where such 56 machine gun or such firearm is possessed on school grounds, as that

1 phrase is defined in subdivision fourteen of section 220.00 of this 2 chapter; or defined in this chapter as an attempt to commit murder in 3 the second degree or kidnapping in the first degree, or such conduct as 4 a sexually motivated felony, where authorized pursuant to section 130.91 5 of [the penal law] this chapter.

6 § 7. Subdivision 2 of section 30.00 of the penal law, as amended by 7 section 38 of part WWW of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to 8 read as follows:

9 2. A person thirteen, fourteen or, fifteen years of age is criminally 10 responsible for acts constituting murder in the second degree as defined 11 in subdivisions one and two of section 125.25 and in subdivision three of such section provided that the underlying crime for the murder charge 12 13 one for which such person is criminally responsible or for such is 14 conduct as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized pursuant to 15 section 130.91 of this chapter; and a person fourteen or, fifteen years 16 of age is criminally responsible for acts constituting the crimes defined in section 135.25 (kidnapping in the first degree); 150.20 17 (arson in the first degree); subdivisions one and two of section 120.10 18 19 (assault in the first degree); 125.20 (manslaughter in the first 20 degree); [subdivisions one and] paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 21 one, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision two and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision three of section 130.35 (rape in the first degree); 22 subdivisions one and two of section 130.50 (criminal sexual act in the 23 first degree); 130.70 (aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree); 24 25 140.30 (burglary in the first degree); subdivision one of section 140.25 26 (burglary in the second degree); 150.15 (arson in the second degree); 27 160.15 (robbery in the first degree); subdivision two of section 160.10 28 (robbery in the second degree) of this chapter; or section 265.03 of this chapter, where such machine gun or such firearm is possessed on 29 30 school grounds, as that phrase is defined in subdivision fourteen of 31 section 220.00 of this chapter; or defined in this chapter as an attempt 32 to commit murder in the second degree or kidnapping in the first degree, 33 or for such conduct as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized 34 pursuant to section 130.91 of this chapter.

35 § 8. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 2 of section 35.15 of the penal law, 36 as amended by chapter 511 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as 37 follows:

(b) He or she reasonably believes that such other person is committing
or attempting to commit a kidnapping, forcible rape, [forcible oriminal
forcible aggravated sexual abuse, or robbery; or

41 § 9. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 70.02 of the penal 42 law, as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read 43 as follows:

44 (c) Class D violent felony offenses: an attempt to commit any of the 45 class C felonies set forth in paragraph (b); reckless assault of a child 46 as defined in section 120.02, assault in the second degree as defined in 47 section 120.05, menacing a police officer or peace officer as defined in 48 section 120.18, stalking in the first degree, as defined in subdivision one of section 120.60, strangulation in the second degree as defined in 49 50 section 121.12, rape in the second degree as defined in section 130.30, 51 [criminal sexual act in the second degree as defined in section 130.45,] sexual abuse in the first degree as defined in section 130.65, course of 52 53 sexual conduct against a child in the second degree as defined in 54 section 130.80, aggravated sexual abuse in the third degree as defined 55 in section 130.66, facilitating a sex offense with a controlled 56 substance as defined in section 130.90, labor trafficking as defined in

1 paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision three of section 135.35, criminal 2 possession of a weapon in the third degree as defined in subdivision five, six, seven, eight, nine or ten of section 265.02, criminal sale of 3 4 a firearm in the third degree as defined in section 265.11, intimidating 5 a victim or witness in the second degree as defined in section 215.16, б soliciting or providing support for an act of terrorism in the second 7 degree as defined in section 490.10, and making a terroristic threat as 8 defined in section 490.20, falsely reporting an incident in the first 9 degree as defined in section 240.60, placing a false bomb or hazardous 10 substance in the first degree as defined in section 240.62, placing a 11 false bomb or hazardous substance in a sports stadium or arena, mass transportation facility or enclosed shopping mall as defined in section 12 13 240.63, aggravated unpermitted use of indoor pyrotechnics in the first 14 degree as defined in section 405.18, and criminal manufacture, sale, or 15 transport of an undetectable firearm, rifle or shotgun as defined in 16 section 265.50.

17 § 10. Paragraph b of subdivision 5 of section 120.40 of the penal law, 18 as amended by chapter 320 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as 19 follows:

20 b. a crime defined in section 130.20, 130.25, 130.30, [130.40, 21 130.45, 130.55, 130.60, 130.70, 255.25, 255.26 or 255.27;

§ 11. Paragraph (d) of subdivision 2 and paragraph (h) of subdivision of section 130.05 of the penal law, paragraph (d) of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 40 of the laws of 2004 and paragraph (h) of subdivision 3 as amended by section 2 of part G of chapter 501 of the laws of 2012, are amended to read as follows:

27 (d) Where the offense charged is rape in the third degree as defined 28 in [subdivision three] subdivision seven, eight or nine of section 130.25, [or criminal sexual act in the third degree as defined in subdi-29 30 vision three of section 130.40,] in addition to forcible vaginal sexual 31 contact compulsion, circumstances under which, at the time of the act of 32 intercourse, oral sexual [conduct] contact or anal sexual [conduct] 33 contact, the victim clearly expressed that he or she did not consent to 34 engage in such act, and a reasonable person in the actor's situation 35 would have understood such person's words and acts as an expression of 36 lack of consent to such act under all the circumstances.

(h) a client or patient and the actor is a health care provider or mental health care provider charged with rape in the third degree as defined in section 130.25, [oriminal sexual act in the third degree as defined in section 130.65-a, or sexual abuse in the fourth degree as defined in section 130.65-a, or sexual abuse in the third degree as defined in section 130.55, and the act of sexual conduct occurs during a treatment session, consultation, interview, or examination; or

44 § 12. The opening paragraph of subdivision 3 of section 125.25 of the 45 penal law, as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to 46 read as follows:

47 Acting either alone or with one or more other persons, he commits or attempts to commit robbery, burglary, kidnapping, arson, rape in the 48 first degree, [criminal sexual act in the first degree,] sexual abuse in 49 the first degree, aggravated sexual abuse, escape in the first degree, 50 51 or escape in the second degree, and, in the course of and in furtherance 52 of such crime or of immediate flight therefrom, he, or another partic-53 ipant, if there be any, causes the death of a person other than one of 54 the participants; except that in any prosecution under this subdivision, 55 in which the defendant was not the only participant in the underlying 56 crime, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant:

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read as follows:

§ 13. Subdivision 5 of section 125.25 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 320 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows: 5. Being eighteen years old or more, while in the course of committing rape in the first, second or third degree, [griminal gerual act in the first, second or third degree, aggravated sexual abuse in the first, second, third or fourth degree, or incest in the first, second or third degree, against a person less than fourteen years old, he or she intentionally causes the death of such person. 14. Subparagraph (vii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section § 125.27 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows: the victim was killed while the defendant was in the course of (vii) committing or attempting to commit and in furtherance of robbery, burglary in the first degree or second degree, kidnapping in the first degree, arson in the first degree or second degree, rape in the first degree, [criminal sexual act in the first degree,] sexual abuse in the first degree, aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree or escape in the first degree, or in the course of and furtherance of immediate flight after committing or attempting to commit any such crime or in the course of and furtherance of immediate flight after attempting to commit the crime of murder in the second degree; provided however, the victim is not a participant in one of the aforementioned crimes and, provided further that, unless the defendant's criminal liability under this subparagraph is based upon the defendant having commanded another person to cause the death of the victim or intended victim pursuant to section 20.00 of this chapter, this subparagraph shall not apply where the defendant's criminal liability is based upon the conduct of another pursuant to section 20.00 of this chapter; or § 15. Subdivision 3 of section 130.10 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows: 3. In any prosecution for the crime of rape in the third degree as defined in section 130.25, [griminal sexual act in the third degree **defined in section 130.40,**] aggravated sexual abuse in the fourth degree as defined in section 130.65-a, or sexual abuse in the third degree as defined in section 130.55 in which incapacity to consent is based on the circumstances set forth in paragraph (h) of subdivision three of section 130.05 of this article it shall be an affirmative defense that the client or patient consented to such conduct charged after having been expressly advised by the health care or mental health care provider that such conduct was not performed for a valid medical purpose. § 16. The opening paragraph and subdivision 2 of section 130.95 of the penal law, as added by chapter 107 of the laws of 2006, are amended to

A person is guilty of predatory sexual assault when he or she commits the crime of rape in the first degree, [criminal sexual act in the first degree,] aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree, or course of sexual conduct against a child in the first degree, as defined in this article, and when:

50 2. He or she has engaged in conduct constituting the crime of rape in 51 the first degree, [criminal sexual act in the first degree,] aggravated 52 sexual abuse in the first degree, or course of sexual conduct against a 53 child in the first degree, as defined in this article, against one or 54 more additional persons; or

55 § 17. The opening paragraph of section 130.96 of the penal law, as 56 added by chapter 107 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows: 1 A person is guilty of predatory sexual assault against a child when, 2 being eighteen years old or more, he or she commits the crime of rape in 3 the first degree, [oriminal sexual act in the first degree,] aggravated 4 sexual abuse in the first degree, or course of sexual conduct against a 5 child in the first degree, as defined in this article, and the victim is 6 less than thirteen years old.

7 § 18. Subdivision 2 of section 240.75 of the penal law, as amended by 8 section 8 of part NN of chapter 55 of the laws of 2018, is amended to 9 read as follows:

10 2. A "specified offense" is an offense defined in section 120.00 11 (assault in the third degree); section 120.05 (assault in the second degree); section 120.10 (assault in the first degree); section 120.13 12 (menacing in the first degree); section 120.14 (menacing in the second 13 14 degree); section 120.15 (menacing in the third degree); section 120.20 15 (reckless endangerment in the second degree); section 120.25 (reckless endangerment in the first degree); section 120.45 (stalking in the 16 fourth degree); section 120.50 (stalking in the third degree); section 17 18 120.55 (stalking in the second degree); section 120.60 (stalking in the first degree); section 121.11 (criminal obstruction of breathing or 19 20 blood circulation); section 121.12 (strangulation in the second degree); 21 section 121.13 (strangulation in the first degree); subdivision one of section 125.15 (manslaughter in the second degree); subdivision one, two 22 or four of section 125.20 (manslaughter in the first degree); section 23 (murder in the second degree); section 130.20 (sexual miscon-24 125.25 25 duct); section 130.25 (rape in the third degree); section 130.30 (rape 26 in the second degree); section 130.35 (rape in the first degree); 27 section 130.40 (criminal sexual act in the third degree); section 130.45 28 (criminal sexual act in the second degree); section 130.50 (criminal 29 sexual act in the first degree); section 130.52 (forcible touching); 30 section 130.53 (persistent sexual abuse); section 130.55 (sexual abuse 31 in the third degree); section 130.60 (sexual abuse in the second 32 degree); section 130.65 (sexual abuse in the first degree); section 33 130.66 (aggravated sexual abuse in the third degree); section 130.67 (aggravated sexual abuse in the second degree); section 130.70 (aggra-34 35 vated sexual abuse in the first degree); section 130.91 (sexually motivated felony); section 130.95 (predatory sexual assault); section 130.96 36 37 (predatory sexual assault against a child); section 135.05 (unlawful 38 imprisonment in the second degree); section 135.10 (unlawful imprisonment in the first degree); section 135.60 (coercion in the third 39 40 degree); section 135.61 (coercion in the second degree); section 135.65 41 (coercion in the first degree); section 140.20 (burglary in the third 42 degree); section 140.25 (burglary in the second degree); section 140.30 43 (burglary in the first degree); section 145.00 (criminal mischief in the fourth degree); section 145.05 (criminal mischief in the third degree); 44 45 section 145.10 (criminal mischief in the second degree); section 145.12 46 (criminal mischief in the first degree); section 145.14 (criminal 47 tampering in the third degree); section 215.50 (criminal contempt in the second degree); section 215.51 (criminal contempt in the first degree); 48 49 section 215.52 (aggravated criminal contempt); section 240.25 (harassment in the first degree); subdivision one, two or four of section 50 51 240.30 (aggravated harassment in the second degree); aggravated family offense as defined in this section or any attempt or conspiracy to 52 53 commit any of the foregoing offenses where the defendant and the person 54 against whom the offense was committed were members of the same family or household as defined in subdivision one of section 530.11 of the 55 56 criminal procedure law.

19. Section 255.26 of the penal law, as added by chapter 320 of the 1 S 2 laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows: 3 § 255.26 Incest in the second degree. 4 A person is guilty of incest in the second degree when he or she 5 commits the crime of rape in the second degree, as defined in section б 130.30 of this part, [or criminal sexual act in the second degree, as 7 defined in section 130.45 of this part,] against a person whom he or she 8 knows to be related to him or her, whether through marriage or not, as 9 an ancestor, descendant, brother or sister of either the whole or the 10 half blood, uncle, aunt, nephew or niece. 11 Incest in the second degree is a class D felony. § 20. Section 255.27 of the penal law, as added by chapter 320 of 12 the 13 laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows: 14 § 255.27 Incest in the first degree. 15 A person is guilty of incest in the first degree when he or she 16 commits the crime of rape in the first degree, as defined in paragraph (c) or (d) of subdivision [three or four] one, paragraph (c) or (d) of 17 subdivision two or paragraph (c) or (d) of subdivision three of section 18 130.35 of this part[, or criminal sexual act in the first degree, as 19 20 defined in subdivision three or four of section 130.50 of this part,] 21 against a person whom he or she knows to be related to him or her, whether through marriage or not, as an ancestor, descendant, brother or 22 sister of either the whole or half blood, uncle, aunt, nephew or niece. 23 24 Incest in the first degree is a class B felony. 25 21. Subdivision 3 of section 485.05 of the penal law, as amended by 8 26 section 3 of part R of chapter 55 of the laws of 2020, is amended to 27 read as follows: 28 3. A "specified offense" is an offense defined by any of the following provisions of this chapter: section 120.00 (assault in the third 29 30 degree); section 120.05 (assault in the second degree); section 120.10 31 (assault in the first degree); section 120.12 (aggravated assault upon a person less than eleven years old); section 120.13 (menacing in the 32 33 first degree); section 120.14 (menacing in the second degree); section 34 120.15 (menacing in the third degree); section 120.20 (reckless endan-35 germent in the second degree); section 120.25 (reckless endangerment in 36 the first degree); section 121.12 (strangulation in the second degree); 37 section 121.13 (strangulation in the first degree); subdivision one of 38 section 125.15 (manslaughter in the second degree); subdivision one, two 39 or four of section 125.20 (manslaughter in the first degree); section 125.25 (murder in the second degree); section 120.45 (stalking in the 40 41 fourth degree); section 120.50 (stalking in the third degree); section 42 120.55 (stalking in the second degree); section 120.60 (stalking in the 43 first degree); paragraph (a) of subdivision one, paragraph (a) of subdi-44 vision two and paragraph (a) of subdivision three of section 130.35 45 (rape in the first degree); subdivision one of section 130.50 (criminal 46 sexual act in the first degree); subdivision one of section 130.65 47 (sexual abuse in the first degree); paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section 130.67 (aggravated sexual abuse in the second degree); paragraph 48 (a) of subdivision one of section 130.70 (aggravated sexual abuse in the 49 first degree); section 135.05 (unlawful imprisonment in the second 50 51 degree); section 135.10 (unlawful imprisonment in the first degree); 52 section 135.20 (kidnapping in the second degree); section 135.25 53 (kidnapping in the first degree); section 135.60 (coercion in the third 54 degree); section 135.61 (coercion in the second degree); section 135.65 55 (coercion in the first degree); section 140.10 (criminal trespass in the third degree); section 140.15 (criminal trespass in the second degree); 56

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section 140.17 (criminal trespass in the first degree); section 140.20 1 2 (burglary in the third degree); section 140.25 (burglary in the second degree); section 140.30 (burglary in the first degree); section 145.00 3 4 (criminal mischief in the fourth degree); section 145.05 (criminal 5 mischief in the third degree); section 145.10 (criminal mischief in the б second degree); section 145.12 (criminal mischief in the first degree); 7 section 150.05 (arson in the fourth degree); section 150.10 (arson in 8 the third degree); section 150.15 (arson in the second degree); section 9 150.20 (arson in the first degree); section 155.25 (petit larceny); 10 section 155.30 (grand larceny in the fourth degree); section 155.35 11 (grand larceny in the third degree); section 155.40 (grand larceny in second degree); section 155.42 (grand larceny in the first degree); 12 the 13 section 160.05 (robbery in the third degree); section 160.10 (robbery in 14 the second degree); section 160.15 (robbery in the first degree); 15 section 240.25 (harassment in the first degree); subdivision one, two or four of section 240.30 (aggravated harassment in the second degree); 16 17 section 490.10 (soliciting or providing support for an act of terrorism in the second degree); section 490.15 (soliciting or providing support 18 19 for an act of terrorism in the first degree); section 490.20 (making a 20 terroristic threat); section 490.25 (crime of terrorism); section 490.30 21 (hindering prosecution of terrorism in the second degree); section 490.35 (hindering prosecution of terrorism in the first degree); section 22 490.37 (criminal possession of a chemical weapon or biological weapon in 23 the third degree); section 490.40 (criminal possession of a chemical 24 25 weapon or biological weapon in the second degree); section 490.45 (crim-26 inal possession of a chemical weapon or biological weapon in the first 27 degree); section 490.47 (criminal use of a chemical weapon or biological 28 weapon in the third degree); section 490.50 (criminal use of a chemical 29 weapon or biological weapon in the second degree); section 490.55 (crim-30 inal use of a chemical weapon or biological weapon in the first degree); 31 or any attempt or conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing offenses. 32 § 22. Subdivision 42 of section 1.20 of the criminal procedure law, as 33 amended by chapter 7 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows: 34 42. "Juvenile offender" means (1) a person, thirteen years old who is 35 criminally responsible for acts constituting murder in the second degree 36 as defined in subdivisions one and two of section 125.25 of the penal 37 law, or such conduct as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized 38 pursuant to section 130.91 of the penal law; and (2) a person fourteen 39 or fifteen years old who is criminally responsible for acts constituting the crimes defined in subdivisions one and two of section 125.25 (murder 40 41 in the second degree) and in subdivision three of such section provided 42 that the underlying crime for the murder charge is one for which such 43 person is criminally responsible; section 135.25 (kidnapping in the first degree); 150.20 (arson in the first degree); subdivisions one and 44 45 two of section 120.10 (assault in the first degree); 125.20 (manslaught-46 in the first degree); [subdivisions one and] paragraphs (a) and (b) er 47 of subdivision one, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision two and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision three of section 130.35 (rape in the 48 first degree); [subdivisions one and two of section 130.50 (oriminal 49 **sexual act in the first degree);**] 130.70 (aggravated sexual abuse in the 50 51 first degree); 140.30 (burglary in the first degree); subdivision one of 52 section 140.25 (burglary in the second degree); 150.15 (arson in the 53 second degree); 160.15 (robbery in the first degree); subdivision two of 54 section 160.10 (robbery in the second degree) of the penal law; or 55 section 265.03 of the penal law, where such machine gun or such firearm 56 is possessed on school grounds, as that phrase is defined in subdivision

1 fourteen of section 220.00 of the penal law; or defined in the penal law 2 as an attempt to commit murder in the second degree or kidnapping in the 3 first degree, or such conduct as a sexually motivated felony, where 4 authorized pursuant to section 130.91 of the penal law.

5 § 23. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 1, the opening paragraph 6 of subdivision 2 and paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 of section 140.20 of 7 the criminal procedure law, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 1 as 8 amended by chapter 324 of the laws of 1988, the opening paragraph of 9 subdivision 2 and paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 10 550 of the laws of 1987, are amended to read as follows:

11 (a) If the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felony or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 12 205.19 or 215.56 of the penal law committed in a town, but not in a 13 14 village thereof having a village court, and the town court of such town is not available at the time, the arrested person may be brought before 15 16 the local criminal court of any village within such town or, any adjoin-17 ing town, village embraced in whole or in part by such adjoining town, 18 or city of the same county; and

19 (b) If the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D 20 felony or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 21 205.19 or 215.56 of the penal law committed in a village having a village court and such court is not available at the time, the arrested 22 person may be brought before the town court of the town embracing such 23 village or any other village court within such town, or, if such town or 24 25 village court is not available either, before the local criminal court 26 of any adjoining town, village embraced in whole or in part by such 27 adjoining town, or city of the same county; and

If the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felony or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or 215.56 of the penal law, the arrested person need not be brought before a local criminal court as provided in subdivision one, and the procedure may instead be as follows:

33 (a) the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felo-34 ny or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or 35 215.56 of the penal law, and

36 § 24. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 and the opening paragraph of 37 subdivision 4 of section 140.27 of the criminal procedure law, as 38 amended by chapter 550 of the laws of 1987, are amended to read as 39 follows:

40 (a) the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felo-41 ny or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or 42 215.56 of the penal law and

If the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felony 44 or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or 45 215.56 of the penal law, the arrested person need not be brought before 46 a local criminal court as provided in subdivision two, and the procedure 47 may instead be as follows:

48 § 25. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 and the opening paragraph of 49 subdivision 3 of section 140.40 of the criminal procedure law, as 50 amended by chapter 550 of the laws of 1987, are amended to read as 51 follows:

52 (a) the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felo-53 ny or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or 54 215.56 of the penal law and

55 If the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felony 56 or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or 1 215.56 of the penal law, the arrested person need not be brought before 2 a local criminal court, as provided in subdivision one, and the proce-3 dure may instead be as follows:

4 § 26. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 150.20 of the criminal 5 procedure law, as amended by section 1-a of part JJJ of chapter 59 of 6 the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

7 (a) Whenever a police officer is authorized pursuant to section 140.10 8 of this title to arrest a person without a warrant for an offense other 9 than a class A, B, C or D felony or a violation of section 130.25, 10 [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or 215.56 of the penal law, he shall, 11 except as set out in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, subject to the provisions of subdivisions three and four of section 150.40 of this 12 13 title, instead issue to and serve upon such person an appearance ticket. 14 § 27. Subdivision (a) of section 190.71 of the criminal procedure law, 15 as amended by chapter 7 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as 16 follows:

17 (a) Except as provided in subdivision six of section 200.20 of this 18 chapter, a grand jury may not indict (i) a person thirteen years of age 19 for any conduct or crime other than conduct constituting a crime defined 20 in subdivisions one and two of section 125.25 (murder in the second 21 degree) or such conduct as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized pursuant to section 130.91 of the penal law; (ii) a person fourteen or 22 fifteen years of age for any conduct or crime other than conduct consti-23 24 tuting a crime defined in subdivisions one and two of section 125.25 25 (murder in the second degree) and in subdivision three of such section 26 provided that the underlying crime for the murder charge is one for 27 which such person is criminally responsible; 135.25 (kidnapping in the first degree); 150.20 (arson in the first degree); subdivisions one and 28 29 two of section 120.10 (assault in the first degree); 125.20 (manslaught-30 in the first degree); [subdivisions one and] paragraphs (a) and (b) er 31 of subdivision one, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision two and para-32 graphs (a) and (b) of subdivision three of section 130.35 (rape in the 33 first degree); [subdivisions one and two of section 130.50 (criminal **sexual act in the first degree);**] 130.70 (aggravated sexual abuse in the 34 35 first degree); 140.30 (burglary in the first degree); subdivision one of 36 section 140.25 (burglary in the second degree); 150.15 (arson in the 37 second degree); 160.15 (robbery in the first degree); subdivision two of 38 section 160.10 (robbery in the second degree) of the penal law; [subdi- vision four of section 265.02 of the penal law, where such firearm is 39 possessed on school grounds, as that phrase is defined in subdivision 40 fourteen of gection 220.00 of the penal law;] or section 265.03 of the 41 42 penal law, where such machine qun or such firearm is possessed on school 43 grounds, as that phrase is defined in subdivision fourteen of section 44 220.00 of the penal law; or defined in the penal law as an attempt to 45 commit murder in the second degree or kidnapping in the first degree, or 46 such conduct as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized pursuant 47 to section 130.91 of the penal law.

48 § 28. Subdivision 4 of section 722.20 of the criminal procedure law, 49 as added by section 1-a of part WWW of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, 50 is amended to read as follows:

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions two and three of this section, the court shall, at the request of the district attorney, order removal of an action against a juvenile offender to the family court pursuant to the provisions of article seven hundred twenty-five of this title if, upon consideration of the criteria specified in subdivision two of section 722.22 of this article, it is determined that to do

so would be in the interests of justice. Where, however, the felony 1 2 complaint charges the juvenile offender with murder in the second degree 3 as defined in section 125.25 of the penal law, rape in the first degree 4 as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision one, paragraph (a) of subdi-5 vision two and paragraph (a) of subdivision three of section 130.35 of б the penal law, [criminal sexual act in the first degree as defined in 7 subdivision one of section 130.50 of the penal law, or an armed felony 8 as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision forty-one of section 1.20 of 9 this chapter, a determination that such action be removed to the family 10 court shall, in addition, be based upon a finding of one or more of the 11 following factors: (i) mitigating circumstances that bear directly upon the manner in which the crime was committed; or (ii) where the defendant 12 13 was not the sole participant in the crime, the defendant's participation 14 was relatively minor although not so minor as to constitute a defense to 15 the prosecution; or (iii) possible deficiencies in proof of the crime. 16 § 29. Subdivision 5 of section 722.21 of the criminal procedure law, 17 as added by section 1-a of part WWW of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, 18 is amended to read as follows: 19 Notwithstanding subdivisions two and three of this section, at the 5. 20 request of the district attorney, the court shall order removal of an 21 action against an adolescent offender charged with an offense listed in paragraph (a) of subdivision two of section 722.23 of this article, to 22 family court pursuant to the provisions of article seven hundred 23 the twenty-five of this title and upon consideration of the criteria speci-24 25 fied in subdivision two of section 722.22 of this article, it is deter-26 mined that to do so would be in the interests of justice. Where, howev-27 er, the felony complaint charges the adolescent offender with murder in the second degree as defined in section 125.25 of the penal law, rape in 28 29 the first degree as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision one, para-30 graph (a) of subdivision two and paragraph (a) of subdivision three of section 130.35 of the penal law, [criminal sexual act in the first 31 32 degree as defined in subdivision one of section 130.50 of the penal **law**,] or an armed felony as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision 33 34 forty-one of section 1.20 of this chapter, a determination that such 35 action be removed to the family court shall, in addition, be based upon 36 a finding of one or more of the following factors: (i) mitigating 37 circumstances that bear directly upon the manner in which the crime was 38 committed; or (ii) where the defendant was not the sole participant in the crime, the defendant's participation was relatively minor although 39 not so minor as to constitute a defense to the prosecution; or (iii) 40 41 possible deficiencies in proof of the crime. 42 § 30. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 722.22 of the criminal 43 procedure law, as added by section 1-a of part WWW of chapter 59 of the 44 laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows: 45 (b) with the consent of the district attorney, order removal of an 46 action involving an indictment charging a juvenile offender with murder 47 in the second degree as defined in section 125.25 of the penal law; rape 48 the first degree, as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision one, in 49 paragraph (a) of subdivision two and paragraph (a) of subdivision three section 130.35 of the penal law[+ criminal sexual act in the first 50 of degree, as defined in subdivision one of section 130.50 of the penal 51 **law**]; or an armed felony as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision 52 53 forty-one of section 1.20 of this chapter, to the family court pursuant 54 to the provisions of article seven hundred twenty-five of this title if the court finds one or more of the following factors: (i) mitigating 55 56 circumstances that bear directly upon the manner in which the crime was

1 committed; (ii) where the defendant was not the sole participant in the 2 crime, the defendant's participation was relatively minor although not 3 so minor as to constitute a defense to the prosecution; or (iii) possi-4 ble deficiencies in the proof of the crime, and, after consideration of 5 the factors set forth in subdivision two of this section, the court 6 determined that removal of the action to the family court would be in 7 the interests of justice.

8 § 31. Subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (g) of subdivision 5 of section 9 220.10 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 264 of the 10 laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

11 (iii) Where the indictment does not charge a crime specified in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the district attorney may recommend 12 13 removal of the action to the family court. Upon making such recommenda-14 tion the district attorney shall submit a subscribed memorandum setting 15 forth: (1) a recommendation that the interests of justice would best be 16 served by removal of the action to the family court; and (2) if the 17 indictment charges a thirteen year old with the crime of murder in the second degree, or a fourteen or fifteen year old with the crimes of rape 18 19 in the first degree as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision one, 20 paragraph (a) of subdivision two and paragraph (a) of subdivision three 21 of section 130.35 of the penal law, [or criminal sexual act in the first degree as defined in subdivision one of section 130.50 of the penal 22 **law**,] or an armed felony as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision 23 24 forty-one of section 1.20 of this chapter specific factors, one or more 25 of which reasonably supports the recommendation, showing, (i) mitigating 26 circumstances that bear directly upon the manner in which the crime was 27 committed, or (ii) where the defendant was not the sole participant in the crime, that the defendant's participation was relatively minor 28 29 although not so minor as to constitute a defense to the prosecution, or 30 (iii) possible deficiencies in proof of the crime, or (iv) where the 31 juvenile offender has no previous adjudications of having committed a 32 designated felony act, as defined in subdivision eight of section 301.2 the family court act, regardless of the age of the offender at the 33 of 34 time of commission of the act, that the criminal act was not part of a 35 pattern of criminal behavior and, in view of the history of the offen-36 der, is not likely to be repeated.

37 § 32. Subdivision 6 of section 300.50 of the criminal procedure law, 38 as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as 39 follows:

40 6. For purposes of this section, the offenses of rape in the third degree as defined in [subdivision three] subdivisions seven, eight and 41 nine of section 130.25 of the penal law [and criminal gexual act in the 42 third degree as defined in subdivision three of section 130.40 of the 43 **penal law**], are not lesser included offenses of rape in the first 44 45 degree[, criminal sexual act in the first degree] or any other offense. 46 Notwithstanding the foregoing, [either] any such offense may be submit-47 ted as a lesser included offense of the applicable first degree offense when (i) there is a reasonable view of the evidence which would support 48 a finding that the defendant committed such lesser offense but did not 49 50 commit the greater offense, and (ii) both parties consent to its 51 submission.

52 § 32-a. Subdivision 6 of section 380.50 of the criminal procedure law, 53 as separately amended by chapters 368 and 394 of the laws of 2015, is 54 amended to read as follows:

6. Regardless of whether the victim requests to make a statement with regard to the defendant's sentence, where the defendant is sentenced for

a violent felony offense as defined in section 70.02 of the penal law or 1 2 a felony defined in article one hundred twenty-five of such law or any of the following provisions of such law sections 130.25, 130.30, 3 4 [130.40, 130.45, 255.25, 255.26, 255.27, article two hundred sixtythree, 135.10, 135.25, 230.05, 230.06, 230.11, 230.12, 230.13, subdivi-5 sion two of section 230.30 or 230.32, the prosecutor shall, within sixty б 7 days of the imposition of sentence, provide the victim with a form, 8 prepared and distributed by the commissioner of the division of criminal 9 justice services, in consultation with the director of the office of 10 victim services, on which the victim may indicate a demand to be 11 informed of any petition to change the name of such defendant. Such forms shall be maintained by such prosecutor. Upon receipt of a notice 12 13 of a petition to change the name of any such defendant, pursuant to 14 subdivision two of section sixty-two of the civil rights law, the prose-15 cutor shall promptly notify the victim at the most current address or 16 telephone number provided by such victim in the most reasonable and 17 expedient possible manner of the time and place such petition will be 18 presented to the court.

19 § 33. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 8 of section 700.05 of the crimi-20 nal procedure law, as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 2019, is 21 amended to read as follows:

22 (b) Any of the following felonies: assault in the second degree as 23 defined in section 120.05 of the penal law, assault in the first degree 24 as defined in section 120.10 of the penal law, reckless endangerment in 25 the first degree as defined in section 120.25 of the penal law, promot-26 ing a suicide attempt as defined in section 120.30 of the penal law, 27 strangulation in the second degree as defined in section 121.12 of the penal law, strangulation in the first degree as defined in section 28 121.13 of the penal law, criminally negligent homicide as defined in 29 30 section 125.10 of the penal law, manslaughter in the second degree as 31 defined in section 125.15 of the penal law, manslaughter in the first 32 degree as defined in section 125.20 of the penal law, murder in the 33 second degree as defined in section 125.25 of the penal law, murder in the first degree as defined in section 125.27 of the penal law, rape in 34 35 the third degree as defined in section 130.25 of the penal law, rape in 36 the second degree as defined in section 130.30 of the penal law, rape in 37 the first degree as defined in section 130.35 of the penal law, [crimi-38 nal sexual act in the third degree as defined in section 130.40 of the penal law, criminal sexual act in the second degree as defined in 39 section 130.45 of the penal law, criminal sexual act in the first degree 40 as defined in section 130.50 of the penal law,] sexual abuse in the 41 42 first degree as defined in section 130.65 of the penal law, unlawful imprisonment in the first degree as defined in section 135.10 of the 43 44 penal law, kidnapping in the second degree as defined in section 135.20 45 of the penal law, kidnapping in the first degree as defined in section 46 135.25 of the penal law, labor trafficking as defined in section 135.35 47 of the penal law, aggravated labor trafficking as defined in section 135.37 of the penal law, custodial interference in the first degree as 48 defined in section 135.50 of the penal law, coercion in the first degree 49 as defined in section 135.65 of the penal law, criminal trespass in the 50 first degree as defined in section 140.17 of the penal law, burglary in 51 the third degree as defined in section 140.20 of the penal law, burglary 52 53 the second degree as defined in section 140.25 of the penal law, in 54 burglary in the first degree as defined in section 140.30 of the penal 55 law, criminal mischief in the third degree as defined in section 145.05 56 of the penal law, criminal mischief in the second degree as defined in

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1 section 145.10 of the penal law, criminal mischief in the first degree as defined in section 145.12 of the penal law, criminal tampering in the 2 first degree as defined in section 145.20 of the penal law, arson in the 3 4 fourth degree as defined in section 150.05 of the penal law, arson in 5 the third degree as defined in section 150.10 of the penal law, arson in б the second degree as defined in section 150.15 of the penal law, arson 7 in the first degree as defined in section 150.20 of the penal law, grand 8 larceny in the fourth degree as defined in section 155.30 of the penal 9 law, grand larceny in the third degree as defined in section 155.35 of 10 the penal law, grand larceny in the second degree as defined in section 11 155.40 of the penal law, grand larceny in the first degree as defined in section 155.42 of the penal law, health care fraud in the fourth degree 12 13 as defined in section 177.10 of the penal law, health care fraud in the 14 third degree as defined in section 177.15 of the penal law, health care 15 fraud in the second degree as defined in section 177.20 of the penal 16 law, health care fraud in the first degree as defined in section 177.25 17 of the penal law, robbery in the third degree as defined in section 160.05 of the penal law, robbery in the second degree as defined in 18 19 section 160.10 of the penal law, robbery in the first degree as defined 20 in section 160.15 of the penal law, unlawful use of secret scientific 21 material as defined in section 165.07 of the penal law, criminal possession of stolen property in the fourth degree as defined in section 22 165.45 of the penal law, criminal possession of stolen property in the 23 24 third degree as defined in section 165.50 of the penal law, criminal 25 possession of stolen property in the second degree as defined by section 26 165.52 of the penal law, criminal possession of stolen property in the 27 first degree as defined by section 165.54 of the penal law, trademark 28 counterfeiting in the second degree as defined in section 165.72 of the penal law, trademark counterfeiting in the first degree as defined in 29 30 section 165.73 of the penal law, forgery in the second degree as defined 31 in section 170.10 of the penal law, forgery in the first degree as 32 defined in section 170.15 of the penal law, criminal possession of a 33 forged instrument in the second degree as defined in section 170.25 of 34 the penal law, criminal possession of a forged instrument in the first 35 degree as defined in section 170.30 of the penal law, criminal 36 possession of forgery devices as defined in section 170.40 of the penal 37 law, falsifying business records in the first degree as defined in 38 section 175.10 of the penal law, tampering with public records in the 39 first degree as defined in section 175.25 of the penal law, offering a false instrument for filing in the first degree as defined in section 40 41 175.35 of the penal law, issuing a false certificate as defined in 42 section 175.40 of the penal law, criminal diversion of prescription 43 medications and prescriptions in the second degree as defined in section 44 178.20 of the penal law, criminal diversion of prescription medications 45 and prescriptions in the first degree as defined in section 178.25 of 46 the penal law, residential mortgage fraud in the fourth degree as 47 defined in section 187.10 of the penal law, residential mortgage fraud in the third degree as defined in section 187.15 of the penal law, resi-48 dential mortgage fraud in the second degree as defined in section 187.20 49 50 of the penal law, residential mortgage fraud in the first degree as 51 defined in section 187.25 of the penal law, escape in the second degree 52 as defined in section 205.10 of the penal law, escape in the first 53 degree as defined in section 205.15 of the penal law, absconding from 54 temporary release in the first degree as defined in section 205.17 of the penal law, promoting prison contraband in the first degree as 55 56 defined in section 205.25 of the penal law, hindering prosecution in the

second degree as defined in section 205.60 of the penal law, hindering 1 prosecution in the first degree as defined in section 205.65 of the 2 penal law, sex trafficking as defined in section 230.34 of the penal 3 4 law, sex trafficking of a child as defined in section 230.34-a of the 5 penal law, criminal possession of a weapon in the third degree as б defined in subdivisions two, three and five of section 265.02 of the 7 penal law, criminal possession of a weapon in the second degree as 8 defined in section 265.03 of the penal law, criminal possession of a 9 weapon in the first degree as defined in section 265.04 of the penal 10 law, manufacture, transport, disposition and defacement of weapons and 11 dangerous instruments and appliances defined as felonies in subdivisions one, two, and three of section 265.10 of the penal law, sections 265.11, 12 13 265.12 and 265.13 of the penal law, or prohibited use of weapons as 14 defined in subdivision two of section 265.35 of the penal law, relating 15 to firearms and other dangerous weapons, criminal manufacture, sale or 16 transport of an undetectable firearm, rifle or shotgun as defined in 17 section 265.50 of the penal law, or failure to disclose the origin of a 18 recording in the first degree as defined in section 275.40 of the penal 19 law;

§ 34. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 720.10 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 316 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

(a) the conviction to be replaced by a youthful offender finding is for (i) a class A-I or class A-II felony, or (ii) an armed felony as defined in subdivision forty-one of section 1.20, except as provided in subdivision three, or (iii) rape in the first degree[, criminal sexual act in the first degree,] or aggravated sexual abuse, except as provided in subdivision three, or

§ 35. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 and paragraph (a) of subdivision 30 3 of section 168-a of the correction law, paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 31 as amended by chapter 405 of the laws of 2008, subparagraph (i) of para-32 graph (a) of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 189 of the laws of 2018 33 and paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 107 of the laws 34 of 2006, are amended to read as follows:

35 (a) (i) a conviction of or a conviction for an attempt to commit any 36 of the provisions of sections 120.70, 130.20, 130.25, 130.30, [130.40, 37 **130.45**, 130.60, 230.34, 230.34-a 250.50, 255.25, 255.26 and 255.27 or 38 article two hundred sixty-three of the penal law, or section 135.05, 135.10, 135.20 or 135.25 of such law relating to kidnapping offenses, 39 40 provided the victim of such kidnapping or related offense is less than 41 seventeen years old and the offender is not the parent of the victim, or 42 section 230.04, where the person patronized is in fact less than seven-43 teen years of age, 230.05, 230.06, 230.11, 230.12, 230.13, subdivision two of section 230.30, section 230.32, 230.33, or 230.34 of the penal 44 45 law, or section 230.25 of the penal law where the person prostituted is 46 in fact less than seventeen years old, or (ii) a conviction of or a 47 conviction for an attempt to commit any of the provisions of section 235.22 of the penal law, or (iii) a conviction of or a conviction for an 48 attempt to commit any provisions of the foregoing sections committed or 49 50 attempted as a hate crime defined in section 485.05 of the penal law or as a crime of terrorism defined in section 490.25 of such law or as a 51 52 sexually motivated felony defined in section 130.91 of such law; or 53 (a) (i) a conviction of or a conviction for an attempt to commit any 54 of the provisions of sections 130.35, [130.50, 130.65, 130.66, 130.67, 130.70, 130.75, 130.80, 130.95 and 130.96 of the penal law, or (ii) a 55 56 conviction of or a conviction for an attempt to commit any of the

1 provisions of sections 130.53, 130.65-a and 130.90 of the penal law, or 2 (iii) a conviction of or a conviction for an attempt to commit any 3 provisions of the foregoing sections committed or attempted as a hate 4 crime defined in section 485.05 of the penal law or as a crime of 5 terrorism defined in section 490.25 of such law; or

б § 36. Subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a), subparagraphs (i) and (ii) 7 of paragraph (b) and paragraph (e) of subdivision 8 of section 384-b of 8 the social services law, subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) and subpara-9 graph (i) of paragraph (b) as amended by chapter 430 of the laws of 10 2013, subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) as amended and paragraph (e) as 11 added by chapter 7 of the laws of 1999, are amended to read as follows: (ii) the child has been found to be an abused child, as defined in 12 13 paragraph (iii) of subdivision (e) of section ten hundred twelve of the 14 family court act, as a result of such parent's acts; provided, however, 15 the respondent must have committed or knowingly allowed to be committed 16 felony sex offense as defined in sections 130.25, 130.30, 130.35, а 17 [130.40, 130.45, 130.50, 130.65, 130.67, 130.70, 130.75, 130.80, 130.95 and 130.96 of the penal law and, for the purposes of this section the 18 corroboration requirements contained in the penal law shall not apply to 19 20 proceedings under this section; or

21 the child has been found to be an abused child, (A) as defined in (i) 22 paragraph (i) of subdivision (e) of section ten hundred twelve of the family court act, as a result of such parent's acts; or (B) as defined 23 in paragraph (iii) of subdivision (e) of section ten hundred twelve of 24 25 the family court act, as a result of such parent's acts; provided, 26 however, the respondent must have committed or knowingly allowed to be 27 committed a felony sex offense as defined in sections 130.25, 130.30, 130.35, [130.40, 130.45, 130.50,] 130.65, 130.67, 130.70, 130.75, 28 130.80, 130.95 and 130.96 of the penal law; and 29

30 (ii) (A) the child or another child for whose care such parent is or 31 has been legally responsible has been previously found, within the five 32 years immediately preceding the initiation of the proceeding in which 33 such abuse is found, to be an abused child, as defined in paragraph (i) 34 (iii) of subdivision (e) of section ten hundred twelve of the family or 35 court act, as a result of such parent's acts; provided, however, in the 36 case of a finding of abuse as defined in paragraph (iii) of subdivision 37 (e) of section ten hundred twelve of the family court act the respondent 38 must have committed or knowingly allowed to be committed a felony sex offense as defined in sections 130.25, 130.30, 130.35, [130.40, 130.45, 39 130.50, 130.65, 130.67, 130.70, 130.75 and 130.80 of the penal law, or 40 41 (B) the parent has been convicted of a crime under section 130.25, 42 130.30, 130.35, [130.40, 130.45, 130.50,] 130.65, 130.67, 130.70, 130.75 43 or 130.80 of the penal law against the child, a sibling of the child or 44 another child for whose care such parent is or has been legally respon-45 sible, within the five year period immediately preceding the initiation 46 of the proceeding in which abuse is found; and

47 (e) A determination by the court in accordance with article ten of the 48 family court act based upon clear and convincing evidence that a child 49 was abused (A) as defined in paragraph (i) of subdivision (e) of section 50 ten hundred twelve of the family court act, as a result of such parent's 51 acts; or (B) as defined in paragraph (iii) of subdivision (e) of section 52 ten hundred twelve of the family court act, as a result of such parent's 53 acts; provided, however, the respondent must have committed or knowingly 54 allowed to be committed a felony sex offense as defined in sections 55 130.25, 130.30, 130.35, [130.40, 130.45, 130.50,] 130.65, 130.67, 56 130.70, 130.75 and 130.80 of the penal law shall establish that the

1 child was an abused child for the purpose of a determination as required 2 by subparagraph (i) or (ii) of paragraph (b) of this subdivision. Such a 3 determination by the court in accordance with article ten of the family 4 court act based upon a fair preponderance of evidence shall be admissi-5 ble in any proceeding commenced in accordance with this section.

6 § 37. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 4 of section 509-cc of the 7 vehicle and traffic law, paragraph (a) as amended by chapter 189 of the 8 laws of 2018 and paragraph (b) as amended by chapter 400 of the laws of 9 2011, are amended to read as follows:

10 (a) The offenses referred to in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of 11 subdivision one and paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section that result in permanent disqualification shall include a conviction 12 under sections 125.12, 125.13, 125.14, 125.15, 125.20, 125.21, 125.22, 13 14 125.25, 125.26, 125.27, 130.30, 130.35, [130.45, 130.50,] 130.65, 130.66, 130.67, 130.70, 130.75, 130.80, 130.90, 130.95, 130.96, 135.25, 15 16 150.20, 230.30, 230.32, 230.34, 230.34-a, 235.22, 263.05, 263.10, 17 263.15, 263.16 of the penal law or an attempt to commit any of 263.11, the aforesaid offenses under section 110.00 of the penal law, or any 18 offenses committed under a former section of the penal law which would 19 20 constitute violations of the aforesaid sections of the penal law, or any 21 offenses committed outside this state which would constitute violations 22 of the aforesaid sections of the penal law.

(b) The offenses referred to in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of 23 24 subdivision one and paragraph (b) of subdivision two of this section 25 that result in permanent disqualification shall include a conviction under sections 100.13, 105.15, 105.17, 115.08, 120.12, 120.70, 125.10, 26 27 [130.40, 130.53, 130.60, 130.65-a, 135.20, 160.15, 220.18, 125.11, 220.21, 220.39, 220.41, 220.43, 220.44, 230.25, 260.00, 265.04 of the 28 29 penal law or an attempt to commit any of the aforesaid offenses under 30 section 110.00 of the penal law, or any offenses committed under a 31 former section of the penal law which would constitute violations of the 32 aforesaid sections of the penal law, or any offenses committed outside 33 this state which would constitute violations of the aforesaid sections 34 of the penal law.

35 38. Subdivision (b) of section 117 of the family court act, as § 36 amended by chapter 7 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows: 37 (b) For every juvenile delinquency proceeding under article three 38 involving an allegation of an act committed by a person which, if done 39 by an adult, would be a crime (i) defined in sections 125.27 (murder in the first degree); 125.25 (murder in the second degree); 135.25 (kidnap-40 41 ping in the first degree); or 150.20 (arson in the first degree) of the penal law committed by a person thirteen, fourteen or fifteen years 42 of 43 age; or such conduct committed as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized pursuant to section 130.91 of the penal law; (ii) defined in 44 45 sections 120.10 (assault in the first degree); 125.20 (manslaughter in 46 the first degree); 130.35 (rape in the first degree); [130.50 (criminal 47 **sexual** act in the first degree); 135.20 (kidnapping in the second degree), but only where the abduction involved the use or threat of use 48 49 of deadly physical force; 150.15 (arson in the second degree); or 160.15 (robbery in the first degree) of the penal law committed by a person 50 51 thirteen, fourteen or fifteen years of age; or such conduct committed as 52 a sexually motivated felony, where authorized pursuant to section 130.91 53 of the penal law; (iii) defined in the penal law as an attempt to commit 54 murder in the first or second degree or kidnapping in the first degree 55 committed by a person thirteen, fourteen or fifteen years of age; or 56 such conduct committed as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized

1 pursuant to section 130.91 of the penal law; (iv) defined in section 140.30 (burglary in the first degree); subdivision one of section 140.25 2 3 (burglary in the second degree); subdivision two of section 160.10 4 (robbery in the second degree) of the penal law; or section 265.03 of 5 the penal law, where such machine gun or such firearm is possessed on б school grounds, as that phrase is defined in subdivision fourteen of section 220.00 of the penal law committed by a person fourteen or 7 fifteen years of age; or such conduct committed as a sexually motivated 8 9 felony, where authorized pursuant to section 130.91 of the penal law; 10 defined in section 120.05 (assault in the second degree) or 160.10 (v) 11 (robbery in the second degree) of the penal law committed by a person fourteen or fifteen years of age but only where there has been a prior 12 13 finding by a court that such person has previously committed an act 14 which, if committed by an adult, would be the crime of assault in the 15 second degree, robbery in the second degree or any designated felony act 16 specified in clause (i), (ii) or (iii) of this subdivision regardless of the age of such person at the time of the commission of the prior act; 17 18 or (vi) other than a misdemeanor, committed by a person at least seven 19 but less than sixteen years of age, but only where there has been two 20 prior findings by the court that such person has committed a prior act 21 which, if committed by an adult would be a felony: 22 (i) There is hereby established in the family court in the city of New York at least one "designated felony act part." Such part or parts shall 23 be held separate from all other proceedings of the court, and shall have 24 25 jurisdiction over all proceedings involving such an allegation. All such 26 proceedings shall be originated in or be transferred to this part from 27 other parts as they are made known to the court. 28 (ii) Outside the city of New York, all proceedings involving such an 29 allegation shall have a hearing preference over every other proceeding 30 in the court, except proceedings under article ten. 31 § 39. Paragraph (ii) of subdivision 8 of section 301.2 of the family 32 court act, as amended by section 57 of part WWW of chapter 59 of the 33 laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

34 (ii) defined in sections 120.10 (assault in the first degree); 125.20 35 (manslaughter in the first degree); 130.35 (rape in the first degree); 36 [130.50 (criminal sexual act in the first degree); 130.70 (aggravated 37 sexual abuse in the first degree); 135.20 (kidnapping in the second 38 degree) but only where the abduction involved the use or threat of use 39 of deadly physical force; 150.15 (arson in the second degree) or 160.15 (robbery in the first degree) of the penal law committed by a person 40 41 thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, or sixteen, or, commencing October first, 42 two thousand nineteen, seventeen years of age; or such conduct committed 43 as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized pursuant to section 44 130.91 of the penal law;

45 § 40. Subdivision 4 of section 308.1 of the family court act, as 46 amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as 47 follows:

48 4. The probation service shall not adjust a case in which the child 49 has allegedly committed a delinquent act which would be a crime defined 50 in section 120.25, (reckless endangerment in the first degree), subdivi-51 sion one of section 125.15, (manslaughter in the second degree), [subdi**vision**] <u>subdivisions</u> one, two and three of section 130.25, (rape in the 52 53 third degree), [subdivision one of section 130.40, (criminal sexual act 54 **in the third degree)**, subdivision one or two of section 130.65, (sexual 55 abuse in the first degree), section 135.65, (coercion in the first degree), section 140.20, (burglary in the third degree), section 150.10, 56

(arson in the third degree), section 160.05, (robbery in the third 1 degree), subdivision two, three or four of section 265.02, 2 (criminal possession of a weapon in the third degree), section 265.03, (criminal 3 4 possession of a weapon in the second degree), or section 265.04, (crimi-5 nal possession of a dangerous weapon in the first degree) of the penal б law where the child has previously had one or more adjustments of a case 7 in which such child allegedly committed an act which would be a crime 8 specified in this subdivision unless it has received written approval from the court and the appropriate presentment agency. 9

10 § 41. Subdivision (c) of section 1052 of the family court act, as 11 added by chapter 739 of the laws of 1981, is amended to read as follows: (c) Prior to granting an order of disposition pursuant to subdivision 12 13 (a) of this section following an adjudication of child abuse, as defined 14 in paragraph (i) of subdivision (e) of section ten hundred twelve of 15 this act or a finding of a felony sex offense as defined in sections 16 130.25, 130.30, 130.35, [130.40, 130.45, 130.50, 130.65 and 130.70 of 17 the penal law, the court shall advise the respondent that any subsequent 18 adjudication of child abuse, as defined in paragraph (i) of subdivision 19 (e) of section one thousand twelve of this act or any subsequent finding 20 of a felony sex offense as defined in those sections of the penal law 21 herein enumerated, arising out of acts of the respondent may result in the commitment of the guardianship and custody of the child or another 22 child pursuant to section three hundred eighty-four-b of the social 23 24 services law. The order in such cases shall contain a statement that any 25 subsequent adjudication of child abuse or finding of a felony sex 26 offense as described herein may result in the commitment of the guardi-27 anship and custody of the child, or another child pursuant to section 28 three hundred eighty-four-b of the social services law.

29 § 42. Subdivision 2 of section 61 of the civil rights law, as amended 30 by section 54 of subpart B of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011, 31 is amended to read as follows:

32 2. If the petitioner stands convicted of a violent felony offense as 33 defined in section 70.02 of the penal law or a felony defined in article 34 one hundred twenty-five of such law or any of the following provisions such law sections 130.25, 130.30, [130.40, 130.45, 255.25, 255.26, 35 of 36 255.27, article two hundred sixty-three, 135.10, 135.25, 230.05, 230.06, 37 subdivision two of section 230.30 or 230.32, and is currently confined 38 as an inmate in any correctional facility or currently under the super-39 vision of the department of corrections and community supervision or a county probation department as a result of such conviction, the petition 40 41 shall for each such conviction specify such felony conviction, the date 42 of such conviction or convictions, and the court in which such 43 conviction or convictions were entered.

44 § 43. Subdivision 2 of section 62 of the civil rights law, as amended 45 by section 55 of subpart B of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011, 46 is amended to read as follows:

47 2. If the petition be to change the name of a person currently confined as an inmate in any correctional facility or currently under 48 the supervision of the department of corrections and community super-49 50 vision or a county probation department as a result of a conviction for 51 a violent felony offense as defined in section 70.02 of the penal law or 52 felony defined in article one hundred twenty-five of such law or any а 53 of the following provisions of such law sections 130.25, 130.30, 54 [130.40, 130.45,] 255.25, 255.26, 255.27, article two hundred sixtythree, 135.10, 135.25, 230.05, 230.06, subdivision two of section 230.30 55 56 or 230.32, notice of the time and place when and where the petition will

be presented shall be served, in like manner as a notice of a motion 1 2 upon an attorney in an action, upon the district attorney of every coun-3 ty in which such person has been convicted of such felony and upon the 4 court or courts in which the sentence for such felony was entered. 5 Unless a shorter period of time is ordered by the court, said notice б shall be served upon each such district attorney and court or courts not 7 less than sixty days prior to the date on which such petition is noticed 8 to be heard.

9 § 44. The closing paragraph of section 64 of the civil rights law, as 10 separately amended by chapters 258, 320 and 481 of the laws of 2006, is 11 amended to read as follows:

Upon compliance with the order and the filing of the affidavit of the 12 13 publication, as provided in this section, the clerk of the court in 14 which the order has been entered shall certify that the order has been 15 complied with; and, if the petition states that the petitioner stands 16 convicted of a violent felony offense as defined in section 70.02 of the 17 penal law or a felony defined in article one hundred twenty-five of such 18 law or any of the following provisions of such law sections 130.25, 130.30, [130.40, 130.45,] 255.25, 255.26, 255.27, article two hundred 19 20 sixty-three, 135.10, 135.25, 230.05, 230.06, subdivision two of section 21 230.30 or 230.32, such clerk (1) shall deliver, by first class mail, a copy of such certified order to the division of criminal justice 22 services at its office in the county of Albany and (2) upon the clerk of 23 the court reviewing the petitioner's application for name change and 24 25 subsequent in-court inquiry, may, in the clerk's discretion, deliver, by 26 first class mail, the petitioner's new name with such certified order to 27 the court of competent jurisdiction which imposed the orders of support. 28 Such certification shall appear on the original order and on any certi-29 fied copy thereof and shall be entered in the clerk's minutes of the 30 proceeding.

31 § 45. Section 213-c of the civil practice law and rules, as amended by 32 chapter 315 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

33 § 213-c. Action by victim of conduct constituting certain sexual offenses. Notwithstanding any other limitation set forth in this arti-34 35 cle, except as provided in subdivision (b) of section two hundred eight of this article, all civil claims or causes of action brought by any 36 person for physical, psychological or other injury or condition suffered 37 by such person as a result of conduct which would constitute rape in the 38 39 first degree as defined in section 130.35 of the penal law, or rape in the second degree as defined in subdivision two of section 130.30 of the 40 41 penal law, or rape in the third degree as defined in subdivision one or 42 three of section 130.25 of the penal law, [or criminal sexual act in the first degree as defined in section 130.50 of the penal law, or criminal 43 sexual act in the second degree as defined in subdivision two of section 44 45 130.45 of the penal law, or criminal sexual act in the third degree as 46 defined in subdivision one or three of section 130.40 of the penal law, or incest in the first degree as defined in section 255.27 of the penal 47 law, or incest in the second degree as defined in section 255.26 of the 48 49 penal law (where the crime committed is rape in the second degree as 50 defined in subdivision two of section 130.30 of the penal law or crimi-51 nal sexual act in the second degree as defined in subdivision two of section 130.45), or aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree as 52 53 defined in section 130.70 of the penal law, or course of sexual conduct 54 against a child in the first degree as defined in section 130.75 of the 55 penal law may be brought against any party whose intentional or negli-56 gent acts or omissions are alleged to have resulted in the commission of

1 the said conduct, within twenty years. Nothing in this section shall be 2 construed to require that a criminal charge be brought or a criminal 3 conviction be obtained as a condition of bringing a civil cause of 4 action or receiving a civil judgment pursuant to this section or be 5 construed to require that any of the rules governing a criminal proceed-6 ing be applicable to any such civil action.

7 § 46. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 8 of section 215 of the civil prac-8 tice law and rules, as added by chapter 3 of the laws of 2006, is 9 amended to read as follows:

10 (b) Whenever it is shown that a criminal action against the same 11 defendant has been commenced with respect to the event or occurrence from which a claim governed by this section arises, and such criminal 12 13 action is for rape in the first degree as defined in section 130.35 of 14 the penal law, [or griminal sexual act in the first degree as defined in 15 **section** 130.50 of the penal law,] or aggravated sexual abuse in the 16 first degree as defined in section 130.70 of the penal law, or course of sexual conduct against a child in the first degree as defined in section 17 130.75 of the penal law, the plaintiff shall have at least five years 18 19 from the termination of the criminal action as defined in section 1.20 20 of the criminal procedure law in which to commence the civil action, 21 notwithstanding that the time in which to commence such action has already expired or has less than a year remaining. 22

§ 47. Subdivision 11 of section 123 of the agriculture and markets law, as amended by chapter 392 of the laws of 2004, and such section as renumbered by section 18 of part T of chapter 59 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

27 11. The owner shall not be liable pursuant to subdivision six, seven, 28 eight, nine or ten of this section if the dog was coming to the aid or 29 defense of a person during the commission or attempted commission of a murder, robbery, burglary, arson, rape in the first degree as defined in 30 31 paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision one [or], paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision two or paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision three of section 32 33 130.35 of the penal law[, griminal sexual act in the first degree as defined in subdivision one or two of section 130.50 of the penal law] or 34 35 kidnapping within the dwelling or upon the real property of the owner of 36 the dog and the dog injured or killed the person committing such crimi-37 nal activity.

38 § 48. Section 4 of the judiciary law, as amended by chapter 1 of the 39 laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

§ 4. Sittings of courts to be public. The sittings of every court within this state shall be public, and every citizen may freely attend the same, except that in all proceedings and trials in cases for divorce, seduction, rape, assault with intent to commit rape, [oriminal sexual ast,] bastardy or filiation, the court may, in its discretion, exclude therefrom all persons who are not directly interested therein, excepting jurors, witnesses, and officers of the court.

47 § 49. Subdivision 2 of section 120.60 of the penal law, as amended by 48 chapter 434 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

2. commits a class A misdemeanor defined in article one hundred thirty of this chapter, or a class E felony defined in section 130.25, [130.40] or 130.85 of this chapter, or a class D felony defined in section 130.30 [or 130.45] of this chapter.

53 § 50. Subdivision 1 of section 210.16 of the criminal procedure law, 54 as added by chapter 571 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as 55 follows:

1 1. (a) In a case where an indictment or a superior court information 2 has been filed with a superior court which charges the defendant with a felony offense enumerated in any section of article one hundred thirty 3 4 of the penal law where an act of "[sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual 5 <u>contact</u>", "oral sexual [conduct] <u>contact</u>" or "anal sexual [conduct] contact," as those terms are defined in section 130.00 of the penal law, б 7 is required as an essential element for the commission thereof, the 8 court shall, upon a request of the victim within six months of the date of the crimes charged, order that the defendant submit to human immuno-9 10 deficiency virus (HIV) related testing. Testing of a defendant shall be 11 ordered when the result would provide medical benefit to the victim or a psychological benefit to the victim. Medical benefit shall be found when 12 13 the following elements are satisfied: (i) a decision is pending about 14 beginning, continuing, or discontinuing a medical intervention for the 15 victim; and (ii) the result of an HIV test of the accused could affect 16 that decision, and could provide relevant information beyond that which 17 would be provided by an HIV test of the victim. If testing the defendant 18 would provide medical benefit to the victim or a psychological benefit 19 to the victim, then the testing is to be conducted by a state, county, 20 or local public health officer designated by the order. Test results, 21 which shall not be disclosed to the court, shall be communicated to the defendant and the victim named in the order in accordance with the 22 23 provisions of section twenty-seven hundred eighty-five-a of the public 24 health law.

(b) For the purposes of this section, the terms "victim" and "applicant" mean the person with whom the defendant is charged to have engaged in an act of "[sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact", "oral sexual [conduct] contact" or "anal sexual [conduct] contact", as those terms are defined in section 130.00 of the penal law, where such conduct with such victim was the basis for charging the defendant with an offense specified in paragraph (a) of this subdivision.

32 § 51. Subdivision 1 of section 390.15 of the criminal procedure law, 33 as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as 34 follows:

35 1. (a) In any case where the defendant is convicted of a felony 36 offense enumerated in any section of article one hundred thirty of the 37 penal law, or any subdivision of section 130.20 of such law, where an 38 act of "[sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact", "oral sexual [conduct] contact " or "anal sexual [conduct] contact, " as those terms 39 are defined in section 130.00 of the penal law, is required as an essen-40 tial element for the commission thereof, the court must, upon a request 41 42 of the victim, order that the defendant submit to human immunodeficiency 43 (HIV) related testing. The testing is to be conducted by a state, county, or local public health officer designated by the order. Test 44 45 results, which shall not be disclosed to the court, shall be communi-46 cated to the defendant and the victim named in the order in accordance 47 with the provisions of section twenty-seven hundred eighty-five-a of the public health law, but such results and disclosure need not be completed 48 prior to the imposition of sentence. 49

50 (b) For the purposes of this section, the terms "defendant", "conviction" and "sentence" mean and include, respectively, an "eligible 51 youth," a "youthful offender finding" and a "youthful offender sentence" 52 53 those terms are defined in section 720.10 of this chapter. The term as 54 "victim" means the person with whom the defendant engaged in an act of "[**sexual intercourse**] **vaginal sexual contact**", "oral sexual [**conduct**] 55 56 <u>contact</u>" or "anal sexual [contact", as those terms are defined 1 2

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in section 130.00 of the penal law, where such conduct with such victim
was the basis for the defendant's conviction of an offense specified in
paragraph (a) of this subdivision.
§ 52. Subdivision 1 of section 347.1 of the family court act, as
amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as

б follows: 7 1. (a) In any proceeding where the respondent is found pursuant to 8 section 345.1 or 346.1 of this article, to have committed a felony 9 offense enumerated in any section of article one hundred thirty of the 10 penal law, or any subdivision of section 130.20 of such law, for which 11 an act of "[sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact", "oral sexual [conduct] contact or "anal sexual [conduct] contact", as those terms 12 13 are defined in section 130.00 of the penal law, is required as an essen-14 tial element for the commission thereof, the court must, upon a request 15 of the victim, order that the respondent submit to human immunodeficien-16 cy (HIV) related testing. The testing is to be conducted by a state, county, or local public health officer designated by the order. Test results, which shall not be disclosed to the court, shall be communi-17 18 cated to the respondent and the victim named in the order in accordance 19 20 with the provisions of section twenty-seven hundred eighty-five-a of the 21 public health law. 22 (b) For the purposes of this section, the term "victim" means the 23 person with whom the respondent engaged in an act of "[sexual inter**course**] vaginal sexual contact", "oral sexual [contact] contact" or 24

24 **course**] <u>vaginal sexual contact</u>", "oral sexual [conduct] <u>contact</u>" or 25 "anal sexual [conduct] <u>contact</u>", as those terms are defined in section 26 130.00 of the penal law, where such conduct with such victim was the 27 basis for the court's finding that the respondent committed acts consti-28 tuting one or more of the offenses specified in paragraph (a) of this 29 subdivision.

30 § 53. Subdivision (a) of section 130.16 of the penal law, as amended 31 by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

32 (a) Establish that an attempt was made to engage the victim in [sexual 33 intercourse] vaginal sexual contact, oral sexual [sondust] contact, anal 34 sexual [condust] contact, or sexual contact, as the case may be, at the 35 time of the occurrence; and

36 § 54. Section 130.20 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 1 of the 37 laws of 2000, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 38 2003, is amended to read as follows:

39 § 130.20 Sexual misconduct.

40 A person is guilty of sexual misconduct when:

41 1. He or she engages in [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact
42 with another person without such person's consent; or

43 2. He or she engages in oral sexual [conduct or anal sexual conduct]
44 contact with another person without such person's consent; or

45 3. <u>He or she engages in anal sexual contact with another person with-</u> 46 <u>out such person's consent; or</u>

47 <u>4.</u> He or she engages in sexual conduct with an animal or a dead human 48 body.

49 Sexual misconduct is a class A misdemeanor.

50 § 55. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 1 of section 130.75 of the 51 penal law, as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, are amended to 52 read as follows:

53 (a) he or she engages in two or more acts of sexual conduct, which 54 includes at least one act of [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual 55 contact, oral sexual [conduct] contact, anal sexual [conduct] contact or 56 aggravated sexual contact, with a child less than eleven years old; or manner,

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(b) he or she, being eighteen years old or more, engages in two or more acts of sexual conduct, which include at least one act of [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact, oral sexual [contact, anal sexual [contact] contact or aggravated sexual contact, with a child less than thirteen years old. § 56. Subdivision 1 of section 235.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows: 1. "Obscene." Any material or performance is "obscene" if (a) the average person, applying contemporary community standards, would find that considered as a whole, its predominant appeal is to the prurient interest in sex, and (b) it depicts or describes in a patently offensive actual or simulated: [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual <u>contact</u>, [criminal sexual act] <u>oral sexual contact</u>, <u>anal sexual contact</u>, sexual bestiality, masturbation, sadism, masochism, excretion or lewd exhibition of the genitals, and (c) considered as a whole, it lacks serious literary, artistic, political, and scientific value. Predominant appeal shall be judged with reference to ordinary adults unless it appears from the character of the material or the circumstances of its dissemination to be designed for children or other [specially] especial-

20 ly susceptible audience.

21 § 57. Subdivision 2 of section 235.22 of the penal law, as amended by 22 chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

2. by means of such communication he importunes, invites or induces a 23 minor to engage in [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact, oral 24 sexual [contact] contact or anal sexual [contact] contact, or sexual 25 26 contact with him, or to engage in a sexual performance, obscene sexual 27 performance, or sexual conduct for his benefit.

28 § 58. Section 255.25 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 320 of 29 the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

30 § 255.25 Incest in the third degree.

31 A person is quilty of incest in the third degree when he or she 32 marries or engages in [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact, oral 33 sexual [contact or anal sexual [contact with a person whom he or she knows to be related to him or her, whether through 34 35 marriage or not, as an ancestor, descendant, brother or sister of either 36 the whole or the half blood, uncle, aunt, nephew or niece.

37 Incest in the third degree is a class E felony.

38 § 59. Subdivision 3 of section 263.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows: 39

40 "Sexual conduct" means actual or simulated [sexual intercourse] 3. 41 vaginal sexual contact, oral sexual [contact] contact, anal sexual 42 [conduct]contact, sexual bestiality, masturbation, sado-masochistic 43 abuse, or lewd exhibition of the genitals.

44 § 60. Subdivision 3 of section 60.42 of the criminal procedure law, as 45 amended by section 1 of part R of chapter 55 of the laws of 2019, is 46 amended to read as follows:

47 3. rebuts evidence introduced by the people of the victim's failure to engage in [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact, oral sexual 48 [conduct] contact, anal sexual [conduct] contact or sexual contact 49 50 during a given period of time; or

51 § 61. Subdivision 3 of section 344.4 of the family court act, as 52 amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as 53 follows:

54 3. rebuts evidence introduced by the presentment agency of the 55 victim's failure to engage in [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual

<u>contact</u>, oral sexual [contact] contact, anal sexual [contact] contact or 1 2 sexual contact during a given period of time; or 3 § 62. Subdivision 4 of section 170 of the domestic relations law, as 4 amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as 5 follows: б (4) The commission of an act of adultery, provided that adultery for 7 the purposes of articles ten, eleven, and eleven-A of this chapter, is 8 hereby defined as the commission of an act of [sexual intercourse] vagi-9 **<u>nal sexual contact</u>**, oral sexual [conduct] <u>contact</u> or anal sexual 10 [conduct] contact, voluntarily performed by the defendant, with a person other than the plaintiff after the marriage of plaintiff and defendant. 11 Oral sexual [contact and anal sexual [contact include, 12 13 but are not limited to, sexual conduct as defined in subdivision two of 14 section 130.00 and subdivision [three] four of section 130.20 of the 15 penal law. 16 § 63. The first undesignated paragraph of section 135.61 of the penal 17 law, as added by section 2 of part NN of chapter 55 of the laws of 2018, 18 is amended to read as follows: 19 A person is guilty of coercion in the second degree when he or she 20 commits the crime of coercion in the third degree as defined in section 21 135.60 of this article and thereby compels or induces a person to engage in [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact, oral sexual [conduct] 22 **<u>contact</u>** or anal sexual [conduct] <u>contact</u> as such terms are defined in 23 section [130 of the penal law] 130.00 of this title. 24 25 § 64. The first undesignated paragraph of section 230.11 of the penal 26 law, as added by chapter 368 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as 27 follows: 28 A person is guilty of aggravated patronizing a minor for prostitution 29 in the third degree when, being twenty-one years old or more, he or she patronizes a person for prostitution and the person patronized is less 30 31 than seventeen years old and the person quilty of patronizing engages in 32 [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact, oral sexual [conduct] 33 <u>contact</u>, anal sexual [conduct] <u>contact</u>, or aggravated sexual [conduct] 34 contact as those terms are defined in section 130.00 of this part, with 35 the person patronized. 36 § 65. The first undesignated paragraph of section 230.12 of the penal 37 law, as added by chapter 368 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as 38 follows: 39 A person is guilty of aggravated patronizing a minor for prostitution 40 in the second degree when, being eighteen years old or more, he or she 41 patronizes a person for prostitution and the person patronized is less 42 than fifteen years old and the person guilty of patronizing engages in 43 [sexual intercourse] vaginal sexual contact, oral sexual [conduct] <u>contact</u>, anal sexual [conduct] <u>contact</u>, or aggravated sexual [conduct] 44 45 contact as those terms are defined in section 130.00 of this part, with 46 the person patronized. 47 § 66. The first undesignated paragraph of section 230.13 of the penal law, as added by chapter 368 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as 48 49 follows: 50 A person is guilty of aggravated patronizing a minor for prostitution 51 in the first degree when he or she patronizes a person for prostitution and the person patronized is less than eleven years old, or being eigh-52 teen years old or more, he or she patronizes a person for prostitution 53 54 and the person patronized is less than thirteen years old, and the 55 person guilty of patronizing engages in [sexual intercourse] vaginal 56 **<u>sexual</u>** contact, oral sexual [conduct] contact, anal sexual [conduct]

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3 § 67. Subdivision 4 of section 200 of the domestic relations law, as 4 amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as 5 follows:

6 4. The commission of an act of adultery by the defendant; except where 7 such offense is committed by the procurement or with the connivance of 8 the plaintiff or where there is voluntary cohabitation of the parties 9 with the knowledge of the offense or where action was not commenced 10 within five years after the discovery by the plaintiff of the offense 11 charged or where the plaintiff has also been guilty of adultery under such circumstances that the defendant would have been entitled, if inno-12 13 cent, to a divorce, provided that adultery for the purposes of this 14 subdivision is hereby defined as the commission of an act of [sexual 15 intercourse] vaginal sexual contact, oral sexual [conduct] contact or 16 anal sexual [contact, voluntarily performed by the defendant, with a person other than the plaintiff after the marriage of plaintiff 17 and defendant. Oral sexual [conduct] contact and anal sexual [conduct] 18 **<u>contact</u>** include, but are not limited to, sexual conduct as defined in 19 subdivision two of section 130.00 and subdivision [three] four of 20 21 section 130.20 of the penal law.

§ 68. As it pertains to the repealed sections of law, nothing in this act shall affect a requirement to register pursuant to article 6-C of the correction law; a lawfully required disclosure of a conviction; any restriction or prohibition for certain types of employment, housing, or government benefit; or any other ongoing matter related to a conviction of the sections repealed in this act.

28 § 69. This act shall take effect January 1, 2021 and shall apply to 29 any offense on or after such effective date.