

STATE OF NEW YORK

462

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

(Prefiled)

January 9, 2019

Introduced by M. of A. PAULIN, THIELE, ORTIZ, ABINANTI -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. COOK -- read once and referred to the Committee on Higher Education

AN ACT to amend the education law, in relation to local block anesthesia

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 6605-b of the education law, as added by chapter
2 437 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:
3 § 6605-b. Dental hygiene restricted local infiltration and block
4 anesthesia/nitrous oxide analgesia certificate. 1. A dental hygienist
5 shall not administer or monitor nitrous oxide analgesia or local infil-
6 tration or block anesthesia in the practice of dental hygiene without a
7 dental hygiene restricted local infiltration and block
8 anesthesia/nitrous oxide analgesia certificate and except under the
9 personal supervision of a dentist and in conjunction with the perform-
10 ance of dental hygiene procedures authorized by law and in accordance
11 with regulations promulgated by the commissioner. Personal supervision,
12 for purposes of this section, means that the supervising dentist remains
13 in the dental office where the local infiltration or block anesthesia or
14 nitrous oxide analgesia services are being performed, personally author-
15 izes and prescribes the use of local infiltration or block anesthesia or
16 nitrous oxide analgesia for the patient and, before dismissal of the
17 patient, personally examines the condition of the patient after the use
18 of local infiltration or block anesthesia or nitrous oxide analgesia is
19 completed. It is professional misconduct for a dentist to fail to
20 provide the supervision required by this section, and any dentist found
21 guilty of such misconduct under the procedures prescribed in section
22 sixty-five hundred ten of this [~~title~~] article shall be subject to the
23 penalties prescribed in section sixty-five hundred eleven of this
24 [~~title~~] article.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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2. The commissioner shall promulgate regulations establishing standards and procedures for the issuance of such certificate. Such standards shall require completion of an educational program and/or course of training or experience sufficient to ensure that a dental hygienist is specifically trained in the administration and monitoring of nitrous oxide analgesia and local infiltration or block anesthesia, the possible effects of such use, and in the recognition of and response to possible emergency situations.

3. The fee for a dental hygiene restricted local infiltration and block anesthesia/nitrous oxide analgesia certificate shall be twenty-five dollars and shall be paid on a triennial basis upon renewal of such certificate. A certificate may be suspended or revoked in the same manner as a license to practice dental hygiene.

§ 2. Subdivision 1 of section 6606 of the education law, as amended by chapter 239 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

1. The practice of the profession of dental hygiene is defined as the performance of dental services which shall include removing calcareous deposits, accretions and stains from the exposed surfaces of the teeth which begin at the epithelial attachment and applying topical agents indicated for a complete dental prophylaxis, removing cement, placing or removing rubber dam, removing sutures, placing matrix band, providing patient education, applying topical medication, placing and exposing diagnostic dental X-ray films, performing topical fluoride applications and topical anesthetic applications, polishing teeth, taking medical history, charting caries, taking impressions for study casts, placing and removing temporary restorations, administering and monitoring nitrous oxide analgesia and administering and monitoring local infiltration and block anesthesia, subject to certification in accordance with section sixty-six hundred five-b of this article, and any other function in the definition of the practice of dentistry as may be delegated by a licensed dentist in accordance with regulations promulgated by the commissioner. The practice of dental hygiene may be conducted in the office of any licensed dentist or in any appropriately equipped school or public institution but must be done either under the supervision of a licensed dentist or, in the case of a registered dental hygienist working for a hospital as defined in article twenty-eight of the public health law, pursuant to a collaborative arrangement with a licensed and registered dentist who has a formal relationship with the same hospital in accordance with regulations promulgated by the department in consultation with the department of health. Such collaborative arrangement shall not obviate or supersede any law or regulation which requires identified services to be performed under the personal supervision of a dentist. When dental hygiene services are provided pursuant to a collaborative agreement, such dental hygienist shall instruct individuals to visit a licensed dentist for comprehensive examination or treatment.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately.