## STATE OF NEW YORK

4076--A

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

February 1, 2019

Introduced by M. of A. ROZIC -- read once and referred to the Committee on Governmental Operations -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the executive law, in relation to providing for electronic notarization

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- 1 Section 1. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 137-a 2 to read as follows:
- § 137-a. Electronic notarization. 1. Definitions. (a) "Electronic"
  4 shall have the same meaning as set forth in subdivision one of section
  5 three hundred two of the state technology law.
  - (b) "Electronic document" means information that is created, generated, sent, communicated, received or stored by electronic means.
- 8 (c) "Electronic notarial act" means an official act by a notary public
  9 on or involving an electronic document and using means authorized by the
  10 secretary of state.

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- 11 (d) "Electronic notary public" or "electronic notary" means a notary
  12 public who has registered with the secretary of state the capability of
  13 performing electronic notarial acts.
- 14 <u>(e) "Electronic signature" shall have the same meaning as set forth in</u>
  15 <u>subdivision three of section three hundred two of the state technology</u>
  16 <u>law.</u>
- (f) "Electronic notarial statement of authority" means the portion of a notarized electronic document that is completed by a notary public and contains the notary public's electronic signature and all information required by section one hundred thirty-seven of this article.
- 21 (g) "Notary electronic signature" means those forms of electronic
  22 signature, which have been approved by the secretary of state as an
  23 acceptable means for an electronic notary to affix the notary public's
  24 official signature to an electronic record that is being notarized.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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2. Identifying document signers. (a) The methods for identifying document signers for an electronic notarization shall be the same as the methods required for a paper-based notarization; provided, however, in the case of an electronic notarization, such methods may be based on video and audio conference technology that meet the following standards:

- (i) the persons communicating shall simultaneously see and speak to one another;
  - (ii) the signal transmission shall be in live, real time;
- (iii) the signal transmission shall be secure from interception through lawful means by anyone other than the persons communicating; and (iv) the technology shall permit the notary to communicate with and identify the document signer at the time of the notarial act, provided that such identification is confirmed by:
  - (A) personal knowledge;

- 15 (B) an antecedent in-person identity proofing process in accordance 16 with the specifications of the Federal Bridge Certification Authority; 17 or
  - (C) a valid digital certificate accessed by biometric data or by use of an interoperable Personal Identity Verification card that is designed, issued, and managed in accordance with the specifications published by the National Institute of Standards and Technology in Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 201-1, "Personal Identity Verification (PIV) of Federal Employees and Contractors", and supplements thereto or revisions thereof, including the specifications published by the Federal Chief Information Officers Council in "Personal Identity Verification Interoperability for Non-Federal Issuers".
  - (b) If video and audio conference technology has been used to ascertain a document signer's identity, the electronic notary shall keep a copy of the recording of the video and audio conference and a notation of the type of any other identification used. The recording shall be maintained for a period of at least ten years from the date of transaction.
  - (c) In addition to the methods described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision, identity may be verified by: (i) the remote online notary public's personal knowledge of the person creating the electronic signature; or
  - (ii) each of the following: (A) remote presentation by the person creating the electronic signature of a government-issued identification credential, including a passport or driver's license, that contains the signature and a photograph of the person; (B) credential analysis; and (C) identity proofing.
  - (d) For purposes of this subdivision: (i) "credential analysis" means a process or service that meets the standards established by the secretary of state through which a third person affirms the validity of a government-issued identification credential through review of public and proprietary data sources; and
- (ii) "identity proofing" means a process or service operating according to standards established by the secretary of state through which a
  third person affirms the identity of an individual: (A) by means of
  dynamic knowledge based authentication such as a review of personal
  information from public or proprietary data sources; or (B) by means of
  analysis of biometric data such as, but not limited to, facial recognition, voiceprint analysis, or fingerprint analysis.
- 3. Registration requirements. (a) Before performing any electronic notarial act or acts, a notary public shall register the capability to

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notarize electronically with the secretary of state on a form prescribed
by the secretary of state.

- 3 (b) In registering the capability to perform electronic notarial acts, 4 the notary public shall provide the following information to the secre-5 tary of state, notary processing unit:
- 6 (i) the applicant's name as currently commissioned and complete mail-7 ing address;
- 8 <u>(ii)</u> the expiration date of the notary public's commission and signa-9 ture of the commissioned notary public;
  - (iii) the applicant's e-mail address;

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- 11 (iv) the description of the electronic technology or technologies to 12 be used in attaching the notary public's electronic signature to the 13 electronic document; and
  - (v) an exemplar of the notary public's electronic signature, which shall contain the notary public's name and any necessary instructions or techniques that allow the notary public's electronic signature to be read.
  - 4. Types of electronic notarial acts. Any notarial act authorized by section one hundred thirty-five of this article may be performed electronically as prescribed by this section if under applicable law that document may be signed with an electronic signature.
  - 5. Form and manner of performing the electronic notarial act. (a) When performing an electronic notarial act, a notary public shall apply an electronic signature, which shall be attached to or logically associated with the electronic document such that removal or alteration of such electronic signature is detectable and will render evidence of alteration of the document containing the notary signature which may invalidate the electronic notarial act.
- 29 (b) The notary public's electronic signature is deemed to be reliable
  30 if the following requirements are met: (i) it is unique to the notary
  31 public;
  - (ii) it is capable of independent verification;
  - (iii) it is retained under the notary public's sole control;
  - (iv) it is attached to or logically associated with the electronic document; and
  - (v) it is linked to the data in such a manner that any subsequent alterations to the underlying document are detectable and may invalidate the electronic notarial act.
  - (c) The notary public's electronic signature shall be used only for the purpose of performing electronic notarial acts.
- 41 (d) The remote online notarial certificate for an electronic notarial 42 act shall state that the person making the acknowledgement or making the 43 oath appeared remotely online.
- (e) The secretary shall adopt rules necessary to establish standards, procedures, practices, forms, and records relating to a notary public's electronic signature. The notary public's electronic signature shall conform to any standards adopted by the secretary.
- 6. Recording of an electronic record. (a) If otherwise required by law as a condition for recording that a document be an original document, printed on paper or another tangible medium, or be in writing, the requirement is satisfied by paper copy of an electronic record that complies with the requirements of this section.
- 53 (b) If otherwise required by law as a condition for recording, that a
  54 document be signed, the requirement is satisfied by an electronic signa55 ture.

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(c) A requirement that a document or a signature associated with a document be notarized, acknowledged, verified, witnessed, or made under oath is satisfied if the electronic signature of the person authorized 4 to perform that act, and all other information required to be included, is attached to or logically associated with the document or signature. A physical or electronic image of a stamp, impression, or seal need not accompany an electronic signature if the notary has attached an electronic notarial certificate that meets the requirements of this section.

- 7. Change of e-mail address. Within five days after the change of an electronic notary public's e-mail address, the notary public shall electronically transmit to the secretary of state a notice of the change, signed with the notary public's official electronic signature.
- § 2. Section 136 of the executive law is amended by adding a new 14 subdivision 3 to read as follows:
- 15 3. For electronic notarial services, except where another fee is 16 specifically prescribed by statute, a fee not in excess of those speci-17 fied within this section.
- § 3. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall 18 19 have become a law. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or 20 repeal of any rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are authorized to be made on or before 22 such effective date.