

# STATE OF NEW YORK

3976

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

January 31, 2019

Introduced by M. of A. AUBRY -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to investment management services to a partnership or other entity

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 6 of section 208 of the tax  
2 law, as amended by section 5 of part T of chapter 59 of the laws of  
3 2015, is amended to read as follows:

4 (a) (i) The term "investment income" means income, including capital  
5 gains in excess of capital losses, from investment capital, to the  
6 extent included in computing entire net income, less, (A) in the  
7 discretion of the commissioner, any interest deductions allowable in  
8 computing entire net income which are directly or indirectly attribut-  
9 able to investment capital or investment income, (B) any of capital gain  
10 included in federal taxable income that has to be re-characterized as  
11 business income pursuant to paragraph (u) of subdivision nine of this  
12 section; provided, however, that in no case shall investment income  
13 exceed entire net income. (ii) If the amount of interest deductions  
14 subtracted under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph exceeds investment  
15 income, the excess of such amount over investment income must be added  
16 back to entire net income. (iii) If the taxpayer's investment income  
17 determined without regard to the interest deductions subtracted under  
18 subparagraph (i) of this paragraph comprises more than eight percent of  
19 the taxpayer's entire net income, investment income determined without  
20 regard to such interest deductions cannot exceed eight percent of the  
21 taxpayer's entire net income.

22 § 2. Subparagraph (ix) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section  
23 210 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause 8 to read as  
24 follows:

25 (8) the net operating loss deduction allowed under section one hundred  
26 seventy-two of the internal revenue code shall for purposes of this  
27 paragraph be determined taking into consideration the re-characteriza-

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 tion of income pursuant to paragraph (u) of subdivision nine of section  
2 two hundred eight of this article.

3 § 3. Subdivision 9 of section 208 of the tax law is amended by adding  
4 a new paragraph (u) to read as follows:

5 (u) Special rule for corporate partners performing investment manage-  
6 ment services. In the case of a taxpayer that is a partner who performs  
7 investment management services (as defined in subsection (h) of section  
8 six hundred thirty-one of this chapter) for the partnership, the taxpay-  
9 er will not be treated as a partner for purposes of this article with  
10 respect to the amount of the partner's distributive share of income,  
11 gain, loss and deduction (including any guaranteed payments) which is in  
12 excess of the amount that such distributive share would have been if the  
13 partner had performed no investment management services. Instead, such  
14 excess amount shall be treated as an amount received from a trade or  
15 business carried on by the taxpayer, and notwithstanding any state or  
16 federal law to the contrary, such excess amount shall be characterized  
17 as a payment for services rendered. For purposes of this paragraph, the  
18 amount of the distributive share that would have been determined if the  
19 partner performed no services, shall not be less than zero.

20 § 4. Section 210 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision  
21 4 to read as follows:

22 4. Rule for investment management services to a partnership or other  
23 entity. For purposes of subdivision three of this section, the amount of  
24 distributive share of partnership income, gain, loss or deduction  
25 (including any guaranteed payments) received as a partner by a corpo-  
26 ration which renders investment management services to a partnership or  
27 other entity, as defined in subsection (h) of section six hundred thir-  
28 ty-one of this chapter, which is in excess of the amount that such  
29 distributive share would have been if the partner had performed no  
30 investment management services, shall be treated as a business receipt  
31 that arises from the performance of services. For purposes of this  
32 subdivision, the amount of the distributive share that would have been  
33 determined if the partner performed no services, shall not be less than  
34 zero.

35 § 5. Subsection (b) of section 617 of the tax law, as amended by chap-  
36 ter 606 of the laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows:

37 (b) Character of items. Each item of partnership and S corporation  
38 income, gain, loss, or deduction shall have the same character for a  
39 partner or shareholder under this article as for federal income tax  
40 purposes. Where an item is not characterized for federal income tax  
41 purposes, it shall have the same character for a partner or shareholder  
42 as if realized directly from the source from which realized by the part-  
43 nership or S corporation or incurred in the same manner as incurred by  
44 the partnership or S corporation. See subsections (f) and (g) of  
45 section six hundred thirty-two of this article for special rules for  
46 partners and shareholders performing investment management services.

47 § 6. Subsection (d) of section 631 of the tax law, as amended by chap-  
48 ter 28 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read as follows:

49 (d) Purchase and sale for own account.-- (1) A nonresident, other than  
50 a dealer holding property primarily for sale to customers in the ordi-  
51 nary course of his or her trade or business, shall not be deemed to  
52 carry on a business, trade, profession or occupation in this state sole-  
53 ly by reason of the purchase and sale of property or the purchase, sale  
54 or writing of stock option contracts, or both, for his or her own  
55 account.

1 (2) This subsection shall not apply to a partner or shareholder  
2 performing investment management services as described under subsection  
3 (h) of this section.

4 § 7. Section 631 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection  
5 (h) to read as follows:

6 (h) Investment management services. (1) For purposes of this section,  
7 the term "investment management services" to a partnership, S corpo-  
8 ration or other entity means providing a substantial quantity of any of  
9 the following services to the partnership, S corporation or other enti-  
10 ty:

11 (i) advising the partnership, S corporation, or entity as to the  
12 advisability of investing in, purchasing, or selling any specified  
13 asset, or

14 (ii) managing, acquiring, or disposing of any specified asset, or

15 (iii) arranging financing with respect to acquiring specified assets,  
16 or

17 (iv) any activity in support of any service described in subparagraphs  
18 (i) through (iii) of this paragraph.

19 (2) For purposes of this subsection, the term "specified asset" means  
20 securities (as defined in section four hundred seventy-five (c)(2) of  
21 the internal revenue code without regard to the last sentence thereof),  
22 real estate held for rental or investment, interests in partnerships,  
23 commodities (as defined in section four hundred seventy-five (e)(2) of  
24 the internal revenue code), or options or derivative contracts with  
25 respect to any of the foregoing.

26 (3) A partner or shareholder will not be deemed to be providing  
27 investment management services under this subsection if at least eighty  
28 percent of the average fair market value of the specified assets of the  
29 partnership, S corporation or other entity during the taxable year  
30 consist of real estate.

31 § 8. Section 632 of the tax law is amended by adding two new  
32 subsections (f) and (g) to read as follows:

33 (f) Special rule for partners performing investment management  
34 services. In the case of a partner who performs investment management  
35 services for the partnership, the partner will not be treated as a part-  
36 ner for purposes of this article with respect to the amount of the part-  
37 ner's distributive share of income, gain, loss and deduction (including  
38 any guaranteed payments) which is in excess of the amount such distribu-  
39 tive share would have been if the partner had performed no investment  
40 management services. Instead, such excess amount shall be treated as an  
41 amount received from a trade, business, profession or occupation carried  
42 on in the partner's own capacity for purposes of this article. Notwith-  
43 standing any state or federal law to the contrary, such excess amount  
44 shall be characterized as a payment for services rendered for purposes  
45 of this article, and for purposes of section six hundred thirty-one of  
46 this article shall be allocated in accordance with the rules and regu-  
47 lations applicable to:

48 (1) individuals rendering personal services in the case of an individ-  
49 ual partner, or

50 (2) a business carried on in New York in the case of a partner that is  
51 a partnership, estate or trust, or

52 (3) a corporation under article nine-A of this chapter in the case of  
53 a partner that is an S corporation.

54 For purposes of this subsection, the amount of the distributive share  
55 that would have been determined if the partner performed no services,  
56 shall not be less than zero.

1 (g) Special rule for shareholders performing investment management  
2 services. In the case of a shareholder who performs investment manage-  
3 ment services for the S corporation, the shareholder will not be treated  
4 as a shareholder for purposes of this article with respect to the amount  
5 of the shareholder's pro rata share of income, gain, loss and deduction  
6 which is in excess of the amount such pro rata share would have been if  
7 the shareholder had performed no investment management services.  
8 Instead, such excess amount shall be treated as an amount received from  
9 a trade, business, profession or occupation carried on in the sharehold-  
10 er's own capacity for purposes of this article. Notwithstanding any  
11 state or federal law to the contrary, such excess amount shall be char-  
12 acterized as a payment for services rendered for purposes of this arti-  
13 cle, and for purposes of section six hundred thirty-one of this article  
14 shall be allocated in accordance with the rules and regulations applica-  
15 ble to:

16 (1) individuals rendering personal services in the case of an individ-  
17 ual shareholder, or

18 (2) a business carried on in New York in the case of a shareholder  
19 that is an estate or trust.

20 For purposes of this subsection, the amount of the pro rata share that  
21 would have been determined if the shareholder performed no services,  
22 shall not be less than zero.

23 § 9. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and  
24 before January 1, 2020, (i) no addition to tax under subsection (c) of  
25 section 685 or subsection (c) of section 1085 of the tax law shall be  
26 imposed with respect to any underpayment attributable to the amendments  
27 made by this act of any estimated taxes that are required to be paid  
28 prior to the effective date of this act, provided that the taxpayer  
29 timely made those payments; and (ii) the required installment of esti-  
30 mated tax described in clause (ii) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 3 of  
31 subsection (c) of section 685 of the tax law, and the exception to addi-  
32 tion for underpayment of estimated tax described in paragraph 1 or 2 of  
33 subsection (d) of section 1085 of the tax law, in relation to the  
34 preceding year's return, shall be calculated as if the amendments made  
35 by this act had been in effect for that entire preceding year.

36 § 10. Income from investment management services as defined in  
37 subsection (h) of section 631 of the tax law shall be subject to a 19%  
38 "carried interest fairness fee" payable to the state of New York until  
39 such time as the commissioner of taxation and finance has notified the  
40 legislative bill drafting commission that the United States Congress has  
41 passed and the President of the United States has signed legislation  
42 having an identical effect with this act applicable to such income  
43 earned in all of the states and territories.

44 § 11. This act shall take effect upon enactment into law by the states  
45 of Connecticut, New Jersey and Massachusetts of legislation having an  
46 identical effect with this act, but if the states of Connecticut, New  
47 Jersey and Massachusetts shall have already enacted such legislation,  
48 this act shall take effect immediately; provided that the commissioner  
49 of taxation and finance shall notify the legislative bill drafting  
50 commission upon the enactment of such legislation by the states of  
51 Connecticut, New Jersey and Massachusetts in order that such commission  
52 may maintain an accurate and timely effective data base of the official  
53 text of the laws of the state of New York in furtherance of effectuating  
54 the provisions of section 44 of the legislative law and section 70-b of  
55 the public officers law.