

# STATE OF NEW YORK

2775

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

January 25, 2019

Introduced by M. of A. ORTIZ, DINOWITZ, COOK -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. GALEF, GOTTFRIED, RIVERA -- read once and referred to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to restricting the disclosure of health care information

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The public health law is amended by adding a new section  
2 18-b to read as follows:

3 § 18-b. Disclosure of health care information. 1. As used in this  
4 section:

5 (a) "Subject" means an individual concerning whom health care informa-  
6 tion is maintained or possessed.

7 (b) "Health care" means any preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, reha-  
8 bilitative, maintenance or palliative care, counseling, service or  
9 procedure provided by a medical professional or medical care facility  
10 with respect to a subject's physical or mental condition or affecting  
11 the structure or function of the human body or any part thereof, includ-  
12 ing but not limited to, banking of blood, sperm, organs or other tissue;  
13 and any sale or dispensing of any drug, substance, device, equipment or  
14 other item to a subject or for a subject's use, pursuant to a  
15 prescription.

16 (c) "Health care information" means any data or information, whether  
17 oral or recorded in any form or medium that identifies or can readily be  
18 associated with the identity of the subject and relates to the subject's  
19 health care; or is obtained in the course of a subject's health care  
20 from a medical professional or medical care facility, from the subject,  
21 from a member of the subject's family including spouse, parent or legal  
22 guardian or an individual with whom the subject has a relationship or  
23 any patient information as defined in paragraph (e) of subdivision one  
24 of section eighteen of this title.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 (d) "Medical professional" means any person licensed or certified to  
2 provide health care services including but not limited to physicians,  
3 dentists, clinical psychologists, podiatrists, chiropractors, nurses,  
4 optometrists, pharmacists, clinical dietitians, ophthalmologists, phys-  
5 ical or occupational therapists, certified social workers or speech  
6 therapists.

7 (e) "Medical care facility" means any institution that is licensed to  
8 provide health care services including but not limited to hospitals,  
9 skilled nursing home facilities, home health agencies, medical clinics,  
10 laboratories, rehabilitation agencies, public health agencies or health  
11 maintenance organizations.

12 (f) "Personal information" means any individually identifiable infor-  
13 mation gathered in connection with health care from which judgments can  
14 be made about a subject's character, habits, mode of living, avocations,  
15 finances, occupation, general reputation, credit, health condition or  
16 other personal characteristics. Personal information includes a  
17 subject's name, address and telephone number and "medical care informa-  
18 tion".

19 (g) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, association, part-  
20 nership or other legal entity.

21 (h) "Commercial purpose" means any purpose which has financial gain as  
22 a major objective.

23 2. No person shall disclose health care information or personal infor-  
24 mation to a person who engages in the business of accessing and compil-  
25 ing information for commercial purpose or whose use of such information  
26 will be in connection with the marketing of a product or service without  
27 the explicit written authorization of the subject. Such authorization  
28 shall be written in plain language; dated; specify the person to whom  
29 the health care information or personal information shall be disclosed;  
30 specify the purpose for which the health care information or personal  
31 information is to be used; specify the length of time such authorization  
32 shall remain valid; and shall advise the subject that such person is  
33 entitled to receive a copy of the authorization form.

34 3. Any agreement purporting to waive the provisions of this section is  
35 hereby prohibited and declared null and void and against public policy.

36 4. In addition to or in lieu of any criminal proceeding available  
37 under this section, whenever there shall be a violation of this section,  
38 application may be made by the attorney general in the name of the  
39 people of the state of New York to a court or justice having jurisdic-  
40 tion by a special proceeding to issue an injunction, and upon notice to  
41 the defendant of not less than five days, to enjoin and restrain the  
42 continuance of such violations; and if it shall appear to the satisfac-  
43 tion of the court or justice that the defendant has, in fact, violated  
44 this section, an injunction may be issued by such court or justice,  
45 enjoining and restraining any further violation, without requiring proof  
46 that any person has, in fact, been injured or damaged thereby. In any  
47 such proceeding, the court may make allowances to the attorney general  
48 as provided in paragraph six of subdivision (a) of section eighty-three  
49 hundred three of the civil practice law and rules, and direct restitu-  
50 tion. Whenever the court shall determine that a violation of this  
51 section has occurred, the court may impose a civil penalty of not more  
52 than one thousand dollars for each violation. In connection with any  
53 such proposed application, the attorney general is authorized to take  
54 proof and make a determination of the relevant facts and to issue  
55 subpoenas in accordance with the civil practice law and rules.

1     5. Any person who knowingly and willfully obtains health care informa-  
2 tion concerning a subject under false pretenses shall, upon conviction,  
3 be fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than  
4 one year, or both.

5     6. In addition to the right of action granted to the attorney general  
6 pursuant to this section, any person who has been injured by a violation  
7 of this section may bring an action in his or her name to recover his or  
8 her actual damages or one hundred dollars, whichever is greater. The  
9 court, may in its discretion, increase the award of damages to an amount  
10 not to exceed three times the actual damages, up to one thousand  
11 dollars, if the court finds the defendant, willingly or knowingly  
12 violated this section.

13     7. The court shall award reasonable attorney's fees to a prevailing  
14 plaintiff.

15     8. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit care manage-  
16 ment educational communications provided to a patient about the  
17 patient's health condition, adherence to a prescribed course of therapy  
18 or other information about the drug being dispensed.

19     § 2. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall  
20 have become a law.