2036--A

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 22, 2019

Introduced by M. of A. L. ROSENTHAL, GOTTFRIED, DINOWITZ -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. COLTON, GLICK, PERRY -- read once and referred to the Committee on Housing -- recommitted to the Committee on Housing in accordance with Assembly Rule 3, sec. 2 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the administrative code of the city of New York and the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, in relation to conditions precedent to the bringing of certain actions or proceedings

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 26-412 of the administrative code of the city of 2 New York is amended by adding a new subdivision g to read as follows: 3 g. (1) It shall be unlawful for a landlord to bring an action or 4 proceeding for rent or eviction against a tenant or tenants of housing 5 accommodations that are subject to an outstanding official charge of, or an uncured, violation of any applicable building code. The pleadings of 6 7 the landlord in any such action or proceeding shall be accompanied by a 8 certificate from the department of buildings stating whether or not 9 there are any such outstanding violations. In the event that a landlord 10 disputes a violation, he or she shall so state in his or her pleadings 11 his or her reasons for such dispute. He or she may then proceed with the 12 action or proceeding. 13 (2) During the pendency of the dispute over the violation, the tenant 14 or tenants shall pay rent, or any judgment or order therefor awarded to 15 the landlord, into an interest bearing account to be maintained by the 16 court. If the disputed violation is resolved in the landlord's favor, he or she shall receive all such payments together with interest thereon. 17 18 If the disputed violation is resolved against the landlord, such 19 payments shall first be applied to funding the curing of such violations

EXPLANATION--Matter in **italics** (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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and the balance thereof, if any, shall then be paid to the landlord. In 1 2 the event that a landlord or tenant or tenants are able to demonstrate 3 financial necessity therefor, the court may, in its discretion, apply 4 funds in its custody to the payment of utility bills, if such utilities 5 are currently provided by the landlord, and the making of necessary б repairs in the presence of conditions that threaten the health and 7 welfare of the tenant. 8 § 2. The administrative code of the city of New York is amended by 9 adding a new section 26-519.1 to read as follows: 10 <u>§ 26-519.1 Conditions precedent to action or proceeding. a. It shall</u> 11 be unlawful for a landlord to bring an action or proceeding for rent or eviction against a tenant or tenants of housing accommodations that are 12 13 subject to an outstanding official charge of, or an uncured, violation of the building code. The pleadings of the landlord in any such action 14 or proceeding shall be accompanied by a certificate from the department 15 16 of buildings stating whether or not there are any such outstanding violations. In the event that a landlord disputes a violation, he or she 17 shall so state in his or her pleadings his or her reasons for such 18 dispute. He or she may then proceed with the action or proceeding. 19 20 b. During the pendency of the dispute over the violation, the tenant 21 or tenants shall pay rent, or any judgment or order therefor awarded to the landlord, into an interest bearing account to be maintained by the 22 court. If the disputed violation is resolved in the landlord's favor, he 23 24 or she shall receive all such payments together with interest thereon. 25 If the disputed violation is resolved against the landlord, such 26 payments shall first be applied to funding the curing of such violations 27 and the balance thereof, if any, shall then be paid to the landlord. In the event that a landlord or tenant or tenants are able to demonstrate 28 29 financial necessity therefor, the court may, in its discretion, apply 30 funds in its custody to the payment of utility bills, if such utilities 31 are currently provided by the landlord, and the making of necessary 32 repairs in the presence of conditions that threaten the health and 33 welfare of the tenant. § 3. Section 4 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974, constituting the 34 emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, is amended by 35 adding a new section 12-b to read as follows: 36 37 § 12-b. Conditions precedent to action or proceeding. a. It shall be 38 unlawful for a landlord to bring an action or proceeding for rent or eviction against a tenant or tenants of housing accommodations that are 39 subject to an outstanding official charge of, or an uncured, violation 40 41 of any applicable building code. The pleadings of the landlord in any 42 such action or proceeding shall be accompanied by a certificate from the 43 department of buildings stating whether or not there are any such 44 outstanding violations. 45 b. During the pendency of the dispute over the violation, the tenant 46 or tenants shall pay rent, or any judgment or order therefor awarded to 47 the landlord, into an interest bearing account to be maintained by the 48 court. If the disputed violation is resolved in the landlord's favor, he 49 or she shall receive all such payments together with interest thereon. If the disputed violation is resolved against the landlord, such 50 51 payments shall first be applied to funding the curing of such violations 52 and the balance thereof, if any, shall then be paid to the landlord. In 53 the event that a landlord or tenant or tenants are able to demonstrate 54 financial necessity therefor, the court may, in its discretion, apply 55 funds in its custody to the payment of utility bills, if such utilities 56 are currently provided by the landlord, and the making of necessary

1 repairs in the presence of conditions that threaten the health and welfare of the tenant. 2 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that: 3 (a) the amendment to section 26-412 of the city rent and rehabili-4 tation law made by section one of this act shall remain in full force 5 and effect only so long as the public emergency requiring the regulation 6 and control of residential rents and evictions continues, as provided in 7 8 subdivision 3 of section 1 of the local emergency housing rent control 9 act; and 10 (b) the addition of section 26-519.1 to chapter 4 of title 26 of the 11 administrative code of the city of New York made by section two of this 12 act shall expire on the same date as such law expires and shall not 13 affect the expiration of such law as provided under section 26-520 of 14 such law.