STATE OF NEW YORK

164--A

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

(Prefiled)

January 9, 2019

Introduced by M. of A. L. ROSENTHAL, SIMON, SEAWRIGHT, ROZIC, JAFFEE, NIOU, WRIGHT, DICKENS, GALEF, WALLACE, HYNDMAN, BICHOTTE, ARROYO, ENGLEBRIGHT, PICHARDO, RIVERA, D'URSO, TAYLOR, GOTTFRIED, B. MILLER, BARRON, BLAKE, LAVINE, EPSTEIN, THIELE, SIMOTAS, RAYNOR, CRUZ, FERNANDEZ, ORTIZ, SAYEGH, DE LA ROSA, SOLAGES, REYES, BUTTENSCHON, D. ROSENTHAL, MOSLEY, ROMEO, JEAN-PIERRE, GRIFFIN -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. COOK, HEVESI -- read once and referred to the Committee on Consumer Affairs and Protection -- reported and referred to the Committee on Codes -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the general business law, in relation to menstrual product labeling

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- 1 Section 1. The general business law is amended by adding a new section 2 399-aaaa to read as follows:
- § 399-aaaa. Menstrual product labeling. 1. For purposes of this section:
- 5 (a) "ingredient" shall mean a substance present in any quantity in the 6 menstrual product;
 - (b) "menstrual product" shall mean products used for the purpose of catching menstruation and vaginal discharge, including but not limited to tampons, pads, and menstrual cups. These products may be either disposable or reusable.
- 2. No later than eighteen months after this section shall have become a law, each package or box containing menstrual products sold in this
- 13 state shall contain a plain and conspicuous printed list of all ingredi-
- 14 ents with percentages of the components of the menstrual products. Such
- 15 list shall either be printed on the package or affixed thereto.

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EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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3. Manufacturers of such menstrual products shall also provide labels for product dispensers which provide an individual with a single use menstrual product, where the individual is not obtaining the menstrual product in its original package or box.

- 4. The requirements of this section shall apply in addition to any other labeling requirements established pursuant to any other provision of law.
- 8 5. Whenever a violation of this section has occurred, a civil penalty 9 of one percent of total annual in-state sales not to exceed up to one 10 thousand dollars per package or box shall be imposed on the manufactur-11 er. Where the manufacturer has failed to provide a label for product dispensers pursuant to subdivision three of this section, the manufac-12 turer shall be in violation of this section and a civil penalty of one 13 14 percent of total annual in-state sales not to exceed up to one thousand 15 dollars shall be imposed.
- § 2. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after it shall have become a law. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are authorized to be made and completed on or before such effective date.