STATE OF NEW YORK

1603

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 15, 2019

Introduced by M. of A. JONES, ORTIZ, COLTON, DICKENS, WALLACE, CRESPO, WILLIAMS, RIVERA, MORINELLO, BLANKENBUSH, HEVESI, CARROLL -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. SIMON -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to creating a tax credit for employers who reduce the governmental education loans of their employees and said employees who receive such reduction in governmental education loans

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 53 to read as follows:

53. Employee indebtedness reduction credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, against the tax imposed by this article, if it provides for a payment, on behalf of an employee, of any indebtedness of the employee under a governmental education loan or any interest relating to such a loan. For purposes of this subdivision, "governmental education loan" shall mean any education loan debt, including judgments, owed to the federal or New York state government or any other institution.

(b) Amount of credit. The credit allowed pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be in an amount equal to the taxpayer's payment, on behalf of an employee, of any indebtedness of the employee under a governmental education loan or any interest relating to such a loan. Provided, however, that no such credit allowed under this subdivision shall exceed ten thousand dollars for each employee employed by such employer.

(c) Application of credit. The credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year shall not reduce the tax due for such year to less than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of

EXPLANATION--Matter in *italics* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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section two hundred ten of this article. If, however, the amount of credits allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount, any amount of credit thus not deductible in such taxable year shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section one thousand eighty-six of this chapter. Provided, however, the provisions of subsection (c) of section one thousand eighty-eight of this chapter notwithstanding, no interest shall be paid thereon.

§ 2. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xliv) to read as follows:

(xliv) Employee indebtedness reduction credit under subsection (jjj)	Amount of credit under subdivision fifty-three of section two hundred ten-B

§ 3. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding two new subsections (jjj) and (kkk) to read as follows:

(jjj) Employee indebtedness reduction credit. (1) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computer as provided in paragraph two of this subsection, against the tax imposed by this article, if it provides for a payment, on behalf of an employee, of any indebtedness of the employee under a governmental education loan or any interest relating to such a loan. For purposes of this subsection, "governmental education loan" shall mean any education loan debt, including judgments, owed to the federal or New York state government or any other institution.

(2) Amount of credit. The credit allowed pursuant to paragraph one of this subsection shall be in an amount equal to the taxpayer's payment, on behalf of an employee, of any indebtedness of the employee under a governmental education loan or any interest relating to such a loan. Provided, however, that no such credit allowed under this subsection shall exceed ten thousand dollars for each employee employed by such employer.

(3) Application of credit. If the amount of the credit allowed under this subsection for any taxable year shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section six hundred eighty-six of this article, provided, however, that no interest shall be paid thereon.

(kkk) Employer education loan reduction credit. (1) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in paragraph two of this subsection, against the tax imposed by this article, if the taxpayer's employer provides for a payment, on behalf of such taxpayer, of any indebtedness of such taxpayer under a governmental education loan or any interest relating to such a loan. For purposes of this subsection, "governmental education loan" shall mean any education loan debt, including judgments, owed to the federal or New York state government or any other institution.

(2) Amount of credit. The credit allowed pursuant to paragraph one of this subsection shall be in an amount equal to the amount paid by the taxpayer's employer to reduce any indebtedness of the taxpayer under a governmental education loan or any interest relating to such a loan. Provided, however, that no such credit allowed under this subsection shall exceed ten thousand dollars.

(3) Application of credit. If the amount of the credit allowed under this subsection for any taxable year shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for

such year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section six hundred eighty-six of this article, provided, however, that no interest shall be paid thereon.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to taxable years beginning on and after the first of January next succeeding the date on which it shall have become a law.