

# STATE OF NEW YORK

10450

## IN ASSEMBLY

May 18, 2020

Introduced by COMMITTEE ON RULES -- (at request of M. of A. Glick) --  
read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to extending the top state income tax rate; to amend the state finance law, in relation to providing additional funding for the general support of public schools; and to amend the state finance law, in relation to creating the supplemental public higher education fund

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Clauses (iii) and (iv) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1  
2 of subsection (a) of section 601 of the tax law, as amended by section 1  
3 of part P of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, are amended to read as  
4 follows:  
5 (iii) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty the following  
6 rates shall apply:  
7 If the New York taxable income is: The tax is:  
8 Not over \$17,150 4% of the New York taxable income  
9 Over \$17,150 but not over \$23,600 \$686 plus 4.5% of excess over  
10 \$17,150  
11 Over \$23,600 but not over \$27,900 \$976 plus 5.25% of excess over  
12 \$23,600  
13 Over \$27,900 but not over \$43,000 \$1,202 plus 5.9% of excess over  
14 \$27,900  
15 Over \$43,000 but not over \$161,550 \$2,093 plus 6.09% of excess over  
16 \$43,000  
17 Over \$161,550 but not over \$323,200 \$9,313 plus 6.41% of excess over  
18 \$161,550  
19 Over \$323,200 but not over \$2,155,350 \$19,674 plus 6.85% of excess  
20 \$2,155,350  
21 Over \$2,155,350 but not over \$145,177 plus 8.82% of excess over  
22 \$5,000,000 \$2,155,350  
23 Over \$5,000,000 \$396,076 plus 10.9% of excess over  
24 \$5,000,000

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD16290-05-0

(iv) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-one the following rates shall apply:

If the New York taxable income is:

Not over \$17,150

Over \$17,150 but not over \$23,600

Over \$23,600 but not over \$27,900

Over \$27,900 but not over \$43,000

Over \$43,000 but not over \$161,550

Over \$161,550 but not over \$323,200

Over \$323,200 but not over

\$2,155,350

Over \$2,155,350 but not over

\$5,000,000

Over \$5,000,000

The tax is:

4% of the New York taxable income

\$686 plus 4.5% of excess over

\$17,150

\$976 plus 5.25% of excess over

\$23,600

\$1,202 plus 5.9% of excess over

\$27,900

\$2,093 plus 5.97% of excess over

\$43,000

\$9,170 plus 6.33% of excess over

\$161,550

\$19,403 plus 6.85% of excess

over \$323,200

\$144,905 plus 8.82% of excess over

\$2,155,350

\$395,803 plus 10.9% of excess over

\$5,000,000

§ 2. Clauses (iii) and (iv) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (b) of section 601 of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part P of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, are amended to read as follows:

(iii) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty the following rates shall apply:

If the New York taxable income is:

Not over \$12,800

Over \$12,800 but not over \$17,650

Over \$17,650 but not over \$20,900

Over \$20,900 but not over \$32,200

Over \$32,200 but not over \$107,650

Over \$107,650 but not over \$269,300

Over \$269,300 but not over

\$1,616,450

Over \$1,616,450 but not over

\$5,000,000

Over \$5,000,000

The tax is:

4% of the New York taxable income

\$512 plus 4.5% of excess over \$12,800

\$730 plus 5.25% of excess over

\$17,650

\$901 plus 5.9% of excess over \$20,900

\$1,568 plus 6.09% of excess over

\$32,200

\$6,162 plus 6.41% of excess over

\$107,650

\$16,524 plus 6.85% of

excess over \$269,300

\$108,804 plus 8.82% of excess over

\$1,616,450

\$407,233 plus 10.9% of excess over

\$5,000,000

(iv) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-one the following rates shall apply:

If the New York taxable income is:

Not over \$12,800

Over \$12,800 but not over \$17,650

Over \$17,650 but not over \$20,900

Over \$20,900 but not over \$32,200

Over \$32,200 but not over \$107,650

Over \$107,650 but not over \$269,300

The tax is:

4% of the New York taxable income

\$512 plus 4.5% of excess over

\$12,800

\$730 plus 5.25% of excess over

\$17,650

\$901 plus 5.9% of excess over

\$20,900

\$1,568 plus 5.97% of excess over

\$32,200

\$6,072 plus 6.33% of excess over

1		\$107,650
2	Over \$269,300 but not over	\$16,304 plus 6.85% of
3	\$1,616,450	excess over \$269,300
4	Over \$1,616,450 <u>but not over</u>	\$108,584 plus 8.82% of excess over
5	<u>\$5,000,000</u>	\$1,616,450
6	<u>Over \$5,000,000</u>	<u>\$407,013 plus 10.9% of excess over</u>
7		<u>\$5,000,000</u>

8 § 3. Clauses (iii) and (iv) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of  
 9 subsection (c) of section 601 of the tax law, as amended by section 3 of  
 10 part P of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, are amended to read as  
 11 follows:

12 (iii) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty the following  
 13 rates shall apply:

14	If the New York taxable income is:	The tax is:
15	Not over \$8,500	4% of the New York taxable income
16	Over \$8,500 but not over \$11,700	\$340 plus 4.5% of excess over
17		\$8,500
18	Over \$11,700 but not over \$13,900	\$484 plus 5.25% of excess over
19		\$11,700
20	Over \$13,900 but not over \$21,400	\$600 plus 5.9% of excess over
21		\$13,900
22	Over \$21,400 but not over \$80,650	\$1,042 plus 6.09% of excess over
23		\$21,400
24	Over \$80,650 but not over \$215,400	\$4,650 plus 6.41% of excess over
25		\$80,650
26	Over \$215,400 but not over	\$13,288 plus 6.85% of excess
27	\$1,077,550	over \$215,400
28	Over \$1,077,550 <u>but not over</u>	\$72,345 plus 8.82% of excess over
29	<u>\$5,000,000</u>	\$1,077,550
30	<u>Over \$5,000,000</u>	<u>\$418,305 plus 10.9% of excess over</u>
31		<u>\$5,000,000</u>

32 (iv) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-one the  
 33 following rates shall apply:

34	If the New York taxable income is:	The tax is:
35	Not over \$8,500	4% of the New York taxable income
36	Over \$8,500 but not over \$11,700	\$340 plus 4.5% of excess over
37		\$8,500
38	Over \$11,700 but not over \$13,900	\$484 plus 5.25% of excess over
39		\$11,700
40	Over \$13,900 but not over \$21,400	\$600 plus 5.9% of excess over
41		\$13,900
42	Over \$21,400 but not over \$80,650	\$1,042 plus 5.97% of excess over
43		\$21,400
44	Over \$80,650 but not over \$215,400	\$4,579 plus 6.33% of excess over
45		\$80,650
46	Over \$215,400 but not over	\$13,109 plus 6.85% of excess
47	\$1,077,550	over \$215,400
48	Over \$1,077,550 <u>but not over</u>	\$72,166 plus 8.82% of excess over
49	<u>\$5,000,000</u>	\$1,077,550
50	<u>Over \$5,000,000</u>	<u>\$418,126 plus 10.9% of excess over</u>
51		<u>\$5,000,000</u>

52 § 4. Section 171-a of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-  
 53 sion 3 to read as follows:

54 3. Notwithstanding subdivision one of this section or any other  
 55 provision of law to the contrary, eighty-five percent of any revenue  
 56 derived from an increase in the taxes imposed on income over five

1 million dollars pursuant to section six hundred one of this chapter  
2 attributable to the difference in the rate of such taxes for taxable  
3 year two thousand twenty and the rate of such taxes for taxable year two  
4 thousand nineteen and the difference in the rate of such taxes for taxa-  
5 ble year two thousand twenty-one and the rate of such taxes for taxable  
6 year two thousand nineteen shall be deposited in the state lottery fund,  
7 created pursuant to section ninety-two-c of the state finance law, as  
8 such taxes are received. The remaining fifteen percent of such derived  
9 revenue shall be deposited in the supplemental public higher education  
10 fund, created pursuant to section seventy-eight-c of the state finance  
11 law. The amount for administrative costs shall be determined by the  
12 commissioner to represent reasonable costs of the department in adminis-  
13 tering, collecting, determining and distributing such taxes. Of the  
14 total revenue collected or received under such sections of this chapter,  
15 the comptroller shall retain in his or her hands such amount as the  
16 commissioner may determine to be necessary for refunds or reimbursements  
17 under such sections of this chapter out of which amount the comptroller  
18 shall pay any refunds or reimbursements to which taxpayers shall be  
19 entitled under provisions of such sections. The commissioner and the  
20 comptroller shall maintain a system of accounts showing the amount of  
21 revenue collected or received from each of the taxes imposed by such  
22 sections.

23 § 5. Section 601 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection  
24 (d-2) to read as follows:

25 (d-2) Alternative tax table benefit recapture. For taxable years two  
26 thousand twenty and two thousand twenty-one for a taxpayer whose New  
27 York taxable income is over \$5,000,000, there is hereby imposed a  
28 supplemental tax in addition to the tax imposed under subsections (a),  
29 (b), (c) and (d-1) of this section for the purpose of recapturing the  
30 benefit of the tax tables contained in such subsections. During these  
31 taxable years, any reference in this chapter to subsection (d) of this  
32 section shall be read as a reference to this subsection.

33 (1) For resident married individuals filing joint returns and resident  
34 surviving spouses, the supplemental tax shall be an amount equal to the  
35 sum of the tax table benefit in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph  
36 multiplied by the respective fraction in such subparagraph.

37 (A) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of  
38 taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection  
39 (a) of this section not subject to the 10.9 percent rate of tax for the  
40 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax  
41 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable  
42 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (a) of this section  
43 less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A), (B) and (C)  
44 of paragraph one of subsection (d-1) of this section. The fraction for  
45 this subparagraph is computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of  
46 fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York adjusted gross income  
47 for the taxable year over five million dollars and the denominator is  
48 fifty thousand dollars. Provided, however, this subparagraph shall not  
49 apply to taxpayers who are not subject to the 10.9 percent tax rate.

50 (B) Provided, however, the total tax prior to the application of any  
51 tax credits shall not exceed the highest rate of tax set forth in the  
52 tax tables in subsection (a) of this section multiplied by the taxpay-  
53 er's taxable income.

54 (2) For resident heads of households, the supplemental tax shall be an  
55 amount equal to the sum of the tax table benefit described in subpara-

graph (A) of this paragraph multiplied by the respective fraction in such subparagraph.

(A) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection (b) of this section not subject to the 10.9 percent rate of tax for the taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (b) of this section less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph two of subsection (d-1) of this section. The fraction for this subparagraph is computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year over five million dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. Provided, however, this subparagraph shall not apply to taxpayers who are not subject to the 10.9 percent tax rate.

(B) Provided, however, the total tax prior to the application of any tax credits shall not exceed the highest rate of tax set forth in the tax tables in subsection (b) of this section multiplied by the taxpayer's taxable income.

(3) For resident unmarried individuals, resident married individuals filing separate returns and resident estates and trusts, the supplemental tax shall be an amount equal to the sum of the tax table benefits described in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph multiplied by the respective fractions in such subparagraph.

(A) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection (c) of this section not subject to the 10.9 percent rate of tax for the taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (c) of this section less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph three of subsection (d-1) of this section. The fraction for this subparagraph is computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year over five million dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. Provided, however, this subparagraph shall not apply to taxpayers who are not subject to the 10.9 percent tax rate.

(B) Provided, however, the total tax prior to the application of any tax credits shall not exceed the highest rate of tax set forth in the tax tables in subsection (c) of this section multiplied by the taxpayer's taxable income.

§ 6. Section 92-c of the state finance law is amended by adding a new subdivision 3-a to read as follows:

3-a. Moneys in such fund deposited pursuant to the provisions of subdivision three of section one hundred seventy-one-a of the tax law shall be appropriated or transferred only for the general support of public schools.

§ 7. The state finance law is amended by adding a new section 78-c to read as follows:

§ 78-c. Supplemental public higher education fund. 1. There is hereby established in the joint custody of the state comptroller and the commissioner of taxation and finance a fund to be known as the "supplemental public higher education fund".

2. Such fund shall consist of the revenues received by the department of taxation and finance, pursuant to the provisions of subdivision three of section one hundred seventy-one-a of the tax law, and all other

1 moneys appropriated, credited, or transferred thereto from any other  
2 fund or source pursuant to law. Nothing in this section shall prevent  
3 the state from soliciting and receiving grants, gifts or bequests for  
4 the purposes of the fund as defined in this section and depositing them  
5 into the fund according to law.

6 3. Moneys of the fund shall be distributed equally to the state  
7 university of New York and the city university of New York for addi-  
8 tional operating support, as appropriated by the legislature.

9 § 8. Notwithstanding any law, rule or regulation to the contrary, any  
10 moneys collected pursuant to subdivision 3 of section 171-a of the tax  
11 law and appropriated for the general support of public schools shall not  
12 diminish the amount of school aid appropriated for any given school  
13 year. Such collected moneys shall be additional funding. For the  
14 purposes of this section, "amount of school aid" shall mean the amount  
15 appropriated pursuant to the state budget for the previous school year.

16 § 9. Notwithstanding any law, rule or regulation to the contrary, any  
17 moneys collected pursuant to subdivision 3 of section 171-a of the tax  
18 law and appropriated for additional operating support of the state  
19 university of New York and the city university of New York shall not  
20 diminish the amount of operating support for the state university of New  
21 York and the city university of New York appropriated for any given  
22 academic year. Such collected moneys shall be additional funding. For  
23 the purposes of this section, "operating support" shall mean the amount  
24 appropriated pursuant to the state budget for the previous academic  
25 year.

26 § 10. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to  
27 have been in full force and effect on and after January 1, 2020 and  
28 shall apply to taxable years on and after such date.