STATE OF NEW YORK

7632

IN SENATE

February 3, 2020

Introduced by Sen. THOMAS -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Investigations and Government Operations

AN ACT to amend the executive law, in relation to enforcement of fair housing

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 298-b to read as follows:

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§ 298-b. Enforcement relating to real estate brokers. If the commis-4 sioner finds that a violation of subdivision three-b or paragraph (c) of subdivision five of section two hundred ninety-six of this article has occurred, the commissioner shall issue an order which shall do one or more of the following:

1. award compensatory damages to the person aggrieved by such violation;

2. to vindicate the public interest, assess a civil penalty: (i) in an amount not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars if the respondent has 11 12 not been adjudged to have committed any prior discriminatory housing practice; (ii) in an amount not exceeding fifty thousand dollars if the 13 14 respondent has been adjudged to have committed one other discriminatory 15 practice during the five-year period prior to the date of the filing of 16 the complaint; and (iii) in an amount not exceeding seventy-five thousand dollars if the respondent has been adjudged to have committed two 17 18 or more discriminatory housing practices during the seven-year period prior to the date of the filing of the complaint, except that if the 19 20 acts constituting the discriminatory practice that is the object of the 21 complaint are committed by the same natural person who has been previously adjudged to have committed acts constituting a discriminatory 23 housing practice, then the civil penalties set forth in subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph may be imposed without regard to the 24 25 period of time within which any subsequent discriminatory practice 26 <u>occurred</u>;

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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3. require the respondent to cease and desist from such unlawful discriminatory practices.

§ 2. Section 298 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 166 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

§ 298. Judicial review and enforcement. 1. Any complainant, respondent or other person aggrieved by an order of the commissioner which is an 7 order after public hearing, a cease and desist order, an order awarding damages, an order dismissing a complaint, or by an order of the division 9 which makes a final disposition of a complaint may obtain judicial 10 review thereof, and the division may obtain an order of court for its 11 enforcement and for the enforcement of any order of the commissioner which has not been appealed to the court, in a proceeding as provided in 12 13 this section. Such proceeding shall be brought in the supreme court in 14 the county wherein the unlawful discriminatory practice which is the 15 subject of the order occurs or wherein any person required in the order 16 to cease and desist from an unlawful discriminatory practice or to take 17 other affirmative action resides or transacts business. Such proceeding shall be initiated by the filing of a notice of petition and petition in 18 19 such court. Thereafter, at a time and in a manner to be specified by 20 rules of court, the division shall file with the court a written tran-21 script of the record of all prior proceedings. Upon the filing of notice of petition and petition, the court shall have jurisdiction of 22 the proceeding and of the questions determined therein, except that 23 24 where the order sought to be reviewed was made as a result of a public hearing held pursuant to paragraph a of subdivision four of section two 25 26 hundred ninety-seven of this article, the court shall make an order 27 directing that the proceeding be transferred for disposition to the 28 appellate division of the supreme court in the judicial department 29 embracing the county in which the proceeding was commenced. The court 30 shall have power to grant such temporary relief or restraining order as 31 it deems just and proper, and to make and enter upon the pleadings, 32 testimony, and proceedings set forth in such transcript an order enforc-33 ing, modifying, and enforcing as so modified, or setting aside in whole or in part such order. No objection that has not been urged in prior 34 proceedings shall be considered by the court, unless the failure or 35 36 neglect to urge such objection shall be excused because of extraordinary circumstances. Any party may move the court to remit the case to the 38 division in the interests of justice for the purpose of adducing additional specified and material evidence and seeking findings thereon, 39 40 provided he or she shows reasonable grounds for the failure to adduce such evidence in prior proceedings. The findings of facts on which such 41 42 order is based shall be conclusive if supported by sufficient evidence on the record considered as a whole. All such proceedings shall be heard 43 44 and determined by the court and any appeal taken from its judgment or 45 order shall be reviewed by the appropriate appellate court as expe-46 ditiously as possible and with lawful precedence over other matters. The 47 jurisdiction of the courts over these proceedings, as provided for here-48 in, shall be exclusive and their judgments and orders shall be final, subject to appellate review in the same manner and form and with the 49 same effect as provided for appeals from a judgment in a special 50 51 proceeding. The division's copy of the testimony shall be available at 52 all reasonable times to all parties for examination without cost and for 53 the purposes of judicial review of such order. Any appeal under this 54 section and any proceeding, if instituted under article seventy-eight of 55 the civil practice law and rules to which the division or the board is a party shall be heard on the record without requirement of printing. The

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division may appear in court by one of its attorneys. A proceeding under this section when instituted by any complainant, respondent or other person aggrieved must be instituted within sixty days after the service of such order.

- 2. In an action filed by the attorney general pursuant to subdivision twelve of section sixty-three of this chapter, in addition to any other available relief, a court may, to vindicate the public interest, assess a civil penalty against the respondent in an amount that does not exceed the following:
- 10 (a) If the defendant is a natural person, (i) fifty thousand dollars
 11 for a first violation, and (ii) one hundred thousand dollars for a
 12 second or subsequent violation.
- 13 <u>(b) If the defendant is a corporate entity, (i) one hundred thousand</u>
 14 <u>dollars for a first violation and (ii) two hundred fifty thousand</u>
 15 <u>dollars for a second or subsequent violation.</u>
- 16 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.