## STATE OF NEW YORK

6671

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

August 26, 2019

Introduced by Sen. KRUEGER -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Rules

AN ACT to amend the executive law and the workers' compensation law, in relation to clarifying that workers shall not be punished or subjected to discipline by employers for lawful absences

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 296 of the executive law 2 amended by adding a new paragraph (i) to read as follows:

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- (i) For an employer, labor organization, or employment agency to 4 assess points, occurrences, or otherwise discipline employees, including, but not limited to, through a time and attendance policy, for absences related to a known disability, pregnancy-related condition, or otherwise protected by law, without first engaging in a good faith, interactive process to consider whether an employee is entitled to a reasonable accommodation.
- 2. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 3 of section 296 of the executive 10 law, as added by chapter 369 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as 11 12 follows:
- [(c-1) The employee must cooperate in providing medical or other information that is necessary to verify the existence of the disability or pregnancy-related condition, or that is necessary for consideration 16 of the accommodation. The employee has a right to have such medical information kept confidential. As part of the good faith, interactive process, the employer must afford the employee a reasonable opportunity 18 19 to provide medical or other information which may preclude the assess-20 ment of points, occurrences, or other forms of discipline, including but 21 not limited to pursuant to a time and attendance policy.
- § 3. Subdivision 3 of section 296 of the executive law is amended by 22 23 adding a new paragraph (d) to read as follows:

EXPLANATION -- Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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(d)(1) Every employer shall provide all of its employees, within thirty days of their first day of employment, a written notice containing employees' rights to reasonable accommodations for known disabilities or pregnancy-related conditions under this article. Such notice shall specify that reasonable accommodations may include, but are not limited to, job restructuring; reassignment or transfer; modified or adjusted work schedules; or time off during pregnancy or for childbirth recovery.

- (2) If any employee is not provided a notice as required by subparagraph one of this paragraph, his or her employer shall be liable for a penalty of fifty dollars for each workday that the violation occurred or continues to occur, but not to exceed a total of five thousand dollars, together with costs and reasonable attorneys' fees. The attorney general may bring any legal action necessary, including administrative action, to collect such claim. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an action to recover upon a liability imposed by this subdivision must be commenced within six years.
- § 4. Section 203-a of the workers' compensation law is amended by adding a new subdivision 3 to read as follows:
  - 3. It shall be unlawful for any employer to retaliate by discharging, firing, suspending, expelling, disciplining, including through the assessment of points or occurrences, under a time and attendance policy or otherwise, threatening or in any other manner discriminating against an employee for exercising any right to which such employee is entitled under this article or with the purpose of interfering with the exercise of any right to which such employee is entitled under this chapter.
  - § 5. The workers' compensation law is amended by adding a new section 203-d to read as follows:
- § 203-d. Notice of rights. 1. Every covered employer, as described in section two hundred two of this article, shall provide all of its employees, within thirty days of their first day of employment, a written notice informing employees of their rights to disability and family leave under section two hundred four of this article, their right not to be retaliated against for exercising such rights under section two hundred three-a of this article, and their right to reinstatement following the use of family leave under section two hundred three-b of this article.
- 2. If any employee is not provided a notice as required by subdivision one of this section, his or her employer shall be liable for a penalty of fifty dollars for each workday that the violation occurred or continues to occur, but not to exceed a total of five thousand dollars, together with costs and reasonable attorneys' fees. The attorney general may bring any legal action necessary, including administrative action, to collect such claim.
- 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an action to recover upon a liability imposed by this section must be commenced within six years.
- § 6. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall have become a law. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are authorized to be made and completed on or before such date.