STATE OF NEW YORK

6621

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

July 3, 2019

Introduced by Sen. BIAGGI -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Rules

AN ACT to amend the education law in relation to establishing the "New York patients' right to know act"

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- 1 Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as 2 the "New York patients' right to know act".
- \S 2. The education law is amended by adding a new section 6533 to read 4 as follows:
- § 6533. Patients' right to know. 1. A physician found quilty of any category of professional misconduct as specified in subdivision two of this section, under the procedures prescribed in section two hundred thirty of the public health law, shall provide to all patients a disclosure which includes:
- 10 (a) the penalties imposed upon such physician pursuant to section two 11 hundred thirty-a of the public health law, as added by chapter 606 of 12 the laws of 1991, and the duration of such penalties;
- 13 (b) the office of professional medical conduct's contact information; 14 and
- 15 <u>(c) an explanation of how patients can find further information about</u>
 16 <u>such physician's history of misconduct on the office of professional</u>
 17 <u>medical conduct's internet website.</u>
- 2. A physician found guilty of professional misconduct under any of the following subdivisions of section sixty-five hundred thirty of this article shall provide to all patients the disclosure required by subdivision one of this section:
- 22 <u>(a) professional misconduct under paragraph (a) of subdivision nine</u>
 23 <u>involving a criminal conviction where:</u>

EXPLANATION--Matter in $\underline{italics}$ (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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(i) such criminal conviction was for any sex offense under article one hundred thirty of the penal law, and where such sex offense was committed against a patient of such physician; or

- (ii) such criminal conviction was for any other act resulting in harm to a patient;
- (b) professional misconduct under paragraph (e) of subdivision nine, where such physician was found to be in violation of article thirty-three of the public health law; or
- (c) professional misconduct under subdivision seven or eight involving impairment or abuse of alcohol or narcotics.
- 3. A physician required to provide a disclosure pursuant to this section shall obtain from all patients, or such patients' guardian or health care surrogate, a separate, signed copy of such disclosure.
 - 4. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, a physician shall not be required to provide a disclosure under this section if any of the following applies:
 - (a) the patient is unconscious or otherwise unable to comprehend the disclosure and sign the copy of such disclosure pursuant to subdivision three of this section, and a guardian or health care surrogate is unavailable to comprehend such disclosure and sign a copy;
 - (b) the visit occurs in an emergency room or an urgent care facility or such visit is unscheduled, including consultations given as a part of inpatient health care services, as defined by subdivision eleven of section twenty-five hundred ten of the public health law;
 - (c) such physician is not known to the patient until immediately prior to the start of the visit; or
 - (d) such physician does not have a direct treatment relationship with the patient.
- 5. The board of the office of professional medical conduct shall create the disclosure form required under this section, and shall provide such disclosure form on its website to be accessible by physicians.
 - 6. The office of professional medical conduct shall make all information required to be included on disclosures under this section additionally available on its website.
 - § 3. The education law is amended by adding a new section 6511-a to read as follows:
 - § 6511-a. Patients' right to know. 1. For the purposes of this section, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
 - (a) "licensee" means and shall be limited to individuals licensed or authorized to practice chiropractic under article one hundred thirty-two of this title, individuals licensed or authorized to practice podiatry under article one hundred forty-one of this title, and individuals licensed or authorized to practice acupuncture under article one hundred sixty of this title.
 - (b) "the board" shall mean the board of regents.
 - 2. A licensee found guilty of any category of professional misconduct as specified in subdivision three of this section, under the procedures prescribed in section sixty-five hundred ten of this sub article, shall provide to all clients a disclosure which includes:
- 51 <u>(a) the penalties imposed upon such licensee pursuant to section</u>
 52 <u>sixty-five hundred eleven of this sub article, and the duration of such</u>
 53 <u>penalties;</u>
 - (b) the board's contact information; and
- 55 (c) an explanation of how patients can find further information about 56 such licensee's history of misconduct on the board's internet website.

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- 3. A licensee found guilty of professional misconduct under any of the following subdivisions of section sixty-five hundred nine of this sub article shall provide to all patients the disclosure required by subdivision two of this section:
- (a) professional misconduct under paragraph (a) of subdivision five involving a criminal conviction where:
- 7 (i) such criminal conviction was for any sex offense under article one 8 hundred thirty of the penal law, and where such sex offense was commit-9 ted against a patient of such licensee; or
- 10 (ii) such criminal conviction was for any other act resulting in harm 11 to a patient;
- 12 (b) professional misconduct under paragraph (c) of subdivision five, 13 where such licensee was found to be in violation of article thirty-three of the public health law; or 14
- 15 (c) professional misconduct under subdivision three or four involving 16 impairment or abuse of alcohol or narcotics.
 - 4. A licensee required to provide a disclosure pursuant to this section shall obtain from all patients, or such patients' guardian or health care surrogate, a separate, signed copy of such disclosure.
 - 5. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary a licensee shall not be required to provide a disclosure under this section if any of the following applies:
- (a) the patient is unconscious or otherwise unable to comprehend the disclosure and sign the copy of such disclosure pursuant to subdivision 24 25 four of this section, and a quardian or health care surrogate is unavailable to comprehend such disclosure and sign a copy;
- 27 (b) the visit occurs in an emergency room or an urgent care facility or such visit is unscheduled, including consultations given as a part of 28 29 inpatient health care services, as defined by subdivision eleven of 30 section twenty-five hundred ten of the public health law;
- 31 (c) such licensee is not known to the patient until immediately prior 32 to the start of the visit; or
- 33 (d) such licensee does not have a direct treatment relationship with 34 the patient.
- 35 6. The board shall create the disclosure form required under this section, and shall provide such disclosure form on its website to be 36 accessible by licensees. 37
- 7. The board shall make all information required to be included on 38 39 disclosures under this section additionally available on its website.
- 40 § 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.