STATE OF NEW YORK

6492

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

June 13, 2019

Introduced by Sen. RIVERA -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Rules

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to drug assistance demonstration and emergency prescriptions; and to amend the insurance law, in relation to capping cost sharing for insulin

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The public health law is amended by adding two new sections 2 279-a and 279-b to read as follows:

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§ 279-a. Drug assistance demonstration program. The commissioner shall 4 develop a demonstration program to ensure access to insulin and other life sustaining, maintenance prescription medications identified by the commissioner for residents of the state who are uninsured, are ineligible for Medicaid or other publicly funded health coverage, or are other-8 wise determined to be eligible by the commissioner and depend upon such 9 medication for their survival. In developing such program the commis-10 sioner shall:

- 1. consider modeling the drug assistance demonstration program on the 12 state's HIV/AIDS drug assistance program providing access to eligible 13 individuals at certain income thresholds above the federal poverty 14 level;
- 2. engage with pharmaceutical manufacturers to explore a public 15 private partnership designed to bring affordable medications through the 16 demonstration program to eligible individuals; and 17
- 18 3. report to the governor, the temporary president of the senate, the 19 speaker of the assembly, and the chairs of the senate and assembly 20 health committees on the available options to establish a drug assist-21 ance demonstration program, various cost sharing models for eligible participants and the related costs to the state associated with imple-23 menting such a program no later than January thirty-first, two thousand 24 twenty.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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 § 279-b. Emergency prescriptions. 1. A health care practitioner who is authorized to prescribe drugs may issue a non-patient-specific prescription for pharmacists to dispense an emergency prescription to refill an expired prescription pursuant to subdivision two of this section.

- 2. A pharmacist may dispense insulin and related supplies, or other life sustaining, maintenance prescription medications identified by the commissioner, through a non-patient specific prescription, to an individual who has had a valid prescription for any type of insulin, or other medications identified by the commissioner, during the prior twelve month period which has since expired, on an emergency basis provided the pharmacist:
- (a) first attempts to obtain an authorization from the authorized prescriber and cannot obtain the authorization;
- 15 (b) believes, that in the pharmacist's professional judgment, the 16 interruption of the therapy reasonably might produce an undesirable 17 health consequence detrimental to the patient's welfare or cause phys-18 ical or mental discomfort;
 - (c) provides only one refill of the prescription and the quantity of that refill is in conformity with the prescribed directions for use, but limited to an amount not to exceed a thirty-day emergency supply; and
 - (d) notifies, within seventy-two hours of dispensing the refill, the prescriber that an emergency prescription has been dispensed.
 - § 2. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 15-a of subsection (i) of section 3216 of the insurance law, as added by chapter 378 of the laws of 1993 and such paragraph as renumbered by chapter 338 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
 - (B) Such coverage may be subject to annual deductibles and coinsurance as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and as are consistent with those established for other benefits within a given policy; provided however, the total amount that a covered person is required to pay out of pocket for a covered prescription insulin drug shall be capped at an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars per thirty-day supply, regardless of the amount or type of insulin needed to fill such covered person's prescription and regardless of the insured's deductible, copayment, coinsurance, out of pocket maximum or any other cost sharing requirement.
 - § 3. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 7 of subsection k of section 3221 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 338 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
 - (B) Such coverage may be subject to annual deductibles and coinsurance as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and as are consistent with those established for other benefits within a given policy; provided however, the total amount that a covered person is required to pay out of pocket for a covered prescription insulin drug shall be capped at an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars per thirty-day supply, regardless of the amount or type of insulin needed to fill such covered person's prescription and regardless of the insured's deductible, copayment, coinsurance, out of pocket maximum or any other cost sharing requirement.
- § 4. Paragraph 2 of subsection (u) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 338 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- (2) Such coverage may be subject to annual deductibles and coinsurance as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and as are consistent with those established for other benefits within a given policy:

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provided however, the total amount that a covered person is required to pay out of pocket for a covered prescription insulin drug shall be capped at an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars per thirty-day supply, regardless of the amount or type of insulin needed to fill such covered person's prescription and regardless of the insured's deductible, copayment, coinsurance, out of pocket maximum or any other cost sharing requirement.

8 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided however that 9 sections two, three and four of this act shall take effect January 1, 10 2020.