STATE OF NEW YORK

5557--A

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

May 7, 2019

Introduced by Sens. STEWART-COUSINS, BIAGGI, CARLUCCI, KAPLAN, LIU, MAY -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Aging -- recommitted to the Committee on Aging in accordance with Senate Rule 6, sec. 8 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the real property tax law, in relation to increasing the amount of income property owners may earn for the purpose of eligibility for the property tax exemption for persons sixty-five years of age or over and for persons with disabilities and limited income

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 of section 467 of the real property tax law, as separately amended by chapters 131 and 279 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

3 (a) if the income of the owner or the combined income of the owners of the property for the income tax year immediately preceding the date of 6 making application for exemption exceeds the sum of three thousand dollars, or such other sum not less than three thousand dollars nor more than twenty-six thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand six, 9 twenty-seven thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand seven, 10 twenty-eight thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand eight, twenty-nine thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand nine, 11 fifty thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand twenty, and in 12 a city with a population of one million or more fifty thousand dollars 13 14 beginning July first, two thousand seventeen, as may be provided by the 15 local law, ordinance or resolution adopted pursuant to this section. 16 Income tax year shall mean the twelve month period for which the owner 17 or owners filed a federal personal income tax return, or if no such 18 return is filed, the calendar year. Where title is vested in either the 19 husband or the wife, their combined income may not exceed such sum,

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 except where the husband or wife, or ex-husband or ex-wife is absent from the property as provided in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (d) of 3 this subdivision, then only the income of the spouse or ex-spouse residing on the property shall be considered and may not exceed such sum. Such income shall include social security and retirement benefits, interest, dividends, total gain from the sale or exchange of a capital 7 asset which may be offset by a loss from the sale or exchange of a capital asset in the same income tax year, net rental income, salary or 9 earnings, and net income from self-employment, but shall not include a 10 return of capital, gifts, inheritances, payments made to individuals because of their status as victims of Nazi persecution, as defined in 11 P.L. 103-286 or monies earned through employment in the federal foster 12 13 grandparent program and any such income shall be offset by all medical 14 and prescription drug expenses actually paid which were not reimbursed 15 or paid for by insurance, if the governing board of a municipality, 16 after a public hearing, adopts a local law, ordinance or resolution 17 providing therefor. In addition, an exchange of an annuity for an annuity contract, which resulted in non-taxable gain, as determined in 18 19 section one thousand thirty-five of the internal revenue code, shall be 20 excluded from such income. Provided that such exclusion shall be based 21 on satisfactory proof that such an exchange was solely an exchange of an annuity for an annuity contract that resulted in a non-taxable transfer 22 determined by such section of the internal revenue code. Furthermore, 23 such income shall not include the proceeds of a reverse mortgage, 24 25 authorized by section six-h of the banking law, and sections two hundred 26 eighty and two hundred eighty-a of the real property law; provided, 27 however, that monies used to repay a reverse mortgage may not be deducted from income, and provided additionally that any interest or 28 dividends realized from the investment of reverse mortgage proceeds 29 30 shall be considered income. The provisions of this paragraph notwith-31 standing, such income shall not include veterans disability compen-32 sation, as defined in Title 38 of the United States Code provided the 33 governing board of such municipality, after public hearing, adopts a 34 local law, ordinance or resolution providing therefor. In computing net 35 rental income and net income from self-employment no depreciation 36 deduction shall be allowed for the exhaustion, wear and tear of real or 37 personal property held for the production of income; 38

§ 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of section 459-c of the real property tax law, as amended by chapter 131 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

(a) if the income of the owner or the combined income of the owners of the property for the income tax year immediately preceding the date of making application for exemption exceeds the sum of three thousand dollars, or such other sum not less than three thousand dollars nor more than twenty-six thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand six, twenty-seven thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand seven, twenty-eight thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand eight, twenty-nine thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand nine, and fifty thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand twenty, and in a city with a population of one million or more fifty thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand seventeen, as may be provided by the local law or resolution adopted pursuant to this section. Income tax year shall mean the twelve month period for which the owner or owners filed a federal personal income tax return, or if no such return is filed, the calendar year. Where title is vested in either the husband or the wife, their combined income may not exceed such sum, except where

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1 the husband or wife, or ex-husband or ex-wife is absent from the property due to divorce, legal separation or abandonment, then only the income 3 of the spouse or ex-spouse residing on the property shall be considered 4 and may not exceed such sum. Such income shall include social security and retirement benefits, interest, dividends, total gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset which may be offset by a loss from the 7 sale or exchange of a capital asset in the same income tax year, net rental income, salary or earnings, and net income from self-employment, 9 but shall not include a return of capital, gifts, inheritances or monies 10 earned through employment in the federal foster grandparent program and 11 any such income shall be offset by all medical and prescription drug 12 expenses actually paid which were not reimbursed or paid for by insur-13 ance, if the governing board of a municipality, after a public hearing, 14 adopts a local law or resolution providing therefor. In computing net 15 rental income and net income from self-employment no depreciation 16 deduction shall be allowed for the exhaustion, wear and tear of real or 17 personal property held for the production of income; 18 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.