

# STATE OF NEW YORK

484

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

(Prefiled)

January 9, 2019

Introduced by Sen. KAMINSKY -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Finance

AN ACT to amend the executive law, the county law, the general municipal law and the public health law, in relation to enacting "Gio's Law" requiring that members of police departments, sheriff's departments, fire departments and emergency medical service providers be trained in the administration of emergency anaphylaxis treatment and to carry emergency anaphylaxis treatment in their vehicles

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as "Gio's Law".

2 § 2. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 233 to read  
3 as follows:

4 § 233. Emergency anaphylaxis treatment training and use. 1. As used in  
5 this section, the term "emergency anaphylaxis treatment" shall mean an  
6 epinephrine auto-injector device, as such term is defined in paragraph  
7 (b) of subdivision one of section three thousand-c of the public health  
8 law, or another form of emergency anaphylaxis treatment approved by the  
9 commissioner of health.

10 2. All members of the state police shall be required to be trained in  
11 the administration of emergency anaphylaxis treatment and shall carry  
12 emergency anaphylaxis treatment in their vehicles when on duty.

13 3. All members of the state police shall:

14 (a) complete an initial training program on emergency anaphylaxis  
15 treatment;

16 (b) complete a refresher training program at least every two years;

17 (c) contact the emergency medical system during any response to an  
18 incident of suspected anaphylaxis and advise if emergency anaphylaxis  
19 treatment is being used; and

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 (d) comply with protocols for response to incidents of suspected  
2 anaphylaxis.

3 § 3. The county law is amended by adding a new section 663 to read as  
4 follows:

5 § 663. Emergency anaphylaxis treatment training and use. 1. As used in  
6 this section, the term "emergency anaphylaxis treatment" shall mean an  
7 epinephrine auto-injector device, as such term is defined in paragraph  
8 (b) of subdivision one of section three thousand-c of the public health  
9 law, or another form of emergency anaphylaxis treatment approved by the  
10 commissioner of health.

11 2. All sheriffs, undersheriffs, and deputy sheriffs shall be required  
12 to be trained in the administration of emergency anaphylaxis treatment  
13 and shall carry emergency anaphylaxis treatment in their vehicles when  
14 on duty.

15 3. All sheriffs, undersheriffs and deputy sheriffs shall:

16 (a) complete an initial training program on emergency anaphylaxis  
17 treatment;

18 (b) complete a refresher training program at least every two years;

19 (c) contact the emergency medical system during any response to an  
20 incident of suspected anaphylaxis and advise if emergency anaphylaxis  
21 treatment is being used; and

22 (d) comply with protocols for response to incidents of suspected  
23 anaphylaxis.

24 § 4. The general municipal law is amended by adding a new section  
25 209-gg to read as follows:

26 § 209-gg. Emergency anaphylaxis treatment training and use. 1. As used  
27 in this section, the term "emergency anaphylaxis treatment" shall mean  
28 an epinephrine auto-injector device, as such term is defined in para-  
29 graph (b) of subdivision one of section three thousand-c of the public  
30 health law, or another form of emergency anaphylaxis treatment approved  
31 by the commissioner of health.

32 2. All members of a police or fire department organized at the county,  
33 city, village, town, or district level shall be required to be trained  
34 in the administration of emergency anaphylaxis treatment and shall carry  
35 emergency anaphylaxis treatment in their vehicles when on duty.

36 3. All members of a police or fire department organized at the county,  
37 city, village, town, or district level shall:

38 (a) complete an initial training program on emergency anaphylaxis  
39 treatment;

40 (b) complete a refresher training program at least every two years;

41 (c) contact the emergency medical system during any response to an  
42 incident of suspected anaphylaxis and advise if emergency anaphylaxis  
43 treatment is being used; and

44 (d) comply with protocols for response to incidents of suspected  
45 anaphylaxis.

46 § 5. The public health law is amended by adding a new section 3000-e  
47 to read as follows:

48 § 3000-e. Emergency anaphylaxis treatment training and use. 1. As used  
49 in this section, the term "emergency anaphylaxis treatment" shall mean  
50 an epinephrine auto-injector device, as such term is defined in para-  
51 graph (b) of subdivision one of section three thousand-c of this arti-  
52 cle, or another form of emergency anaphylaxis treatment approved by the  
53 commissioner.

54 2. Anyone who provides emergency medical services shall be required to  
55 be trained in the administration of emergency anaphylaxis treatment and

1 shall carry emergency anaphylaxis treatment in their vehicle when on  
2 duty.

3 3. Anyone who provides emergency medical services shall:

4 (a) complete an initial training program on emergency anaphylaxis  
5 treatment;

6 (b) complete a refresher training program at least every two years;

7 (c) contact the emergency medical system during any response to an  
8 incident of suspected anaphylaxis and advise if emergency anaphylaxis  
9 treatment is being used; and

10 (d) comply with protocols for response to incidents of suspected  
11 anaphylaxis.

12 § 6. This act shall take effect one year after it shall have become a  
13 law.