

# STATE OF NEW YORK

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4226

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

March 5, 2019

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Introduced by Sen. PARKER -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Education

AN ACT to amend the education law, in relation to requiring instruction in physical education in certain elementary and secondary schools

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Legislative intent. (i) The legislature hereby finds and  
2 declares that the health and physical activity of its children and youth  
3 are and have been a long-standing health objective of the state. Against  
4 a background of epidemic levels of child obesity, in which at least 1  
5 out of 3 children is now considered overweight or obese, physical educa-  
6 tion has become even more particularly important in the role it plays in  
7 the state's health objectives for its children and youths.

8 (ii) According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention  
9 (CDC), the academic success of America's youth is strongly linked with  
10 their health. Furthermore, the CDC has studied and documented that  
11 students who engage in sixty minutes or more of physical activity five  
12 or more days per week do better in school. Research also indicates that  
13 obese children and youth have higher absenteeism and lower reading  
14 proficiency scores than their non-obese peers.

15 (iii) Although it may be correlation and not causation, many kids are  
16 spending less time exercising and more time in front of the TV, comput-  
17 er, or video-game console. And today's busy families have fewer free  
18 moments to prepare nutritious, home-cooked meals. From fast food to  
19 electronics, quick and easy is the reality for many people in the new  
20 millennium.

21 (iv) Our schools are uniquely positioned to meet children's and  
22 youth's physical activity needs. Physical education can be the corner-  
23 stone of building healthier student bodies, healthier neighborhoods and  
24 higher achievement. This is true in physical education's role as an  
25 integral part of a school's instruction, health education classes,

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 elementary and secondary school recess, after-school activity clubs,  
2 intramural or interscholastic programs. Taken together, these sorts of  
3 activities can raise children's and youth's self-esteem, physical compe-  
4 tence, and open new careers and activities to them.

5 (v) The legislature finds and declares therefore that mandatory phys-  
6 ical education in schools is a key part of protecting the health of our  
7 children and youth, the adults into which they will grow, and an impor-  
8 tant tool in preventing the myriad diseases plaguing New York that  
9 derive from child obesity and lack of physical activity.

10 § 2. Subdivision 5 of section 803 of the education law, as amended by  
11 chapter 118 of the laws of 1957, is amended to read as follows:

12 5. (a) It shall be the duty of the regents to adopt rules determining  
13 the subjects to be included in courses of physical education provided  
14 for in this section, the period of instruction in each of such courses,  
15 the qualifications of teachers, and the attendance upon such courses of  
16 instruction.

17 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the regents  
18 shall provide in its rules that the physical education instruction  
19 requirement for all students enrolled in elementary and secondary school  
20 grades in cities with a population of one million or more shall, where  
21 feasible, include mandatory daily physical education, including students  
22 with disabling conditions and those in alternative education programs.  
23 The regents shall include in its rules that students enrolled in such  
24 elementary and secondary schools shall participate in physical education  
25 for a minimum of one hundred fifty minutes during each school week. The  
26 regents shall provide for a two-year phase-in schedule for daily phys-  
27 ical education in elementary schools in its rules.

28 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, the  
29 two-year phase-in required by subdivision 5 of section 803 of the educa-  
30 tion law as amended by section two of this act shall be completed no  
31 later than July 1, 2022.