S. 1507--C A. 2007--C

SENATE - ASSEMBLY

January 18, 2019

IN SENATE -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Finance -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommittee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommittee to said committee

IN ASSEMBLY -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- again reported from said committee with amendments, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- again reported from said committee with amendments, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT intentionally omitted (Part A); to amend the public health law, in relation to extending and enhancing the Medicaid drug cap and to reduce unnecessary pharmacy benefit manager costs to the Medicaid program (Part B); to amend the social services law, in relation to extension of the National Diabetes Prevention Program (Part C); to amend chapter 59 of the laws of 2011 amending the public health law and other laws relating to known and projected department of health state fund medicaid expenditures, in relation to extending the medicaid global cap (Part D); to amend chapter 505 of the laws of 1995, amending the public health law relating to the operation of department of health facilities, in relation to extending the provisions thereof; to amend chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, amending the social services law relating to eligibility conditions, in relation to extending the provisions thereof; to amend chapter 884 of the laws of 1990, amending the public health law relating to authorizing bad debt and charity care allowances for certified home health agencies, in relation to extending the provisions thereof; to amend chapter 303 of the laws of 1999, amending the New York state medical care facilities finance agency act relating to financing health facilities, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 109 of the laws of

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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amending the social services law relating to transportation costs, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 58 of the laws of 2009, amending the public health law relating to payment by governmental agencies for general hospital inpatient services, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, amending the public health law relating to the general public health work program, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 59 of the laws of 2011, amending the public health law and other laws relating to known and projected department of health state fund medical expenditures, in relation to extending the provisions thereof; to amend the public health law, in relation to hospital assessments; to amend chapter 474 of the laws of 1996, amending the education law and other laws relating to rates for residential health care facilities, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 58 of the laws of 2007, amending the social services law and other laws relating to enacting the major components of legislation necessary to implement the health and mental hygiene budget for the 2007-2008 state fiscal year, in relation to delay of certain administrative costs; to amend chapter 81 of the laws of 1995, amending the public health law and other laws relating to medical reimbursement and welfare reform, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, amending chapter 59 of the laws of 2011 amending the public health law and other laws relating to general hospital reimbursement for annual rates, in relation to rates of payments; to amend the public health law, in relation to reimbursement rate promulgation for residential health care facilities; to amend the public health law, in relation to residential health care facility, and certified home health agency services payments; to amend chapter 81 of the laws of 1995, amending the public health law and other laws relating to medical reimbursement and welfare reform, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 56 of the laws of 2013 amending chapter 59 of the laws of 2011 amending the public health law and other laws relating to general hospital reimbursement for annual rates, in relation to extending government rates for behavioral services and adding an alternative payment methodology requirement; to amend chapter 111 of the laws of 2010 relating to increasing Medicaid payments to providers through managed care organizations and providing equivalent fees through an ambulatory patient group methodology, in relation to extending government rates for behavioral services and adding an alternative payment methodology requirement; to amend section 2 of part H of chapter 111 of the laws of 2010, relating to increasing Medicaid payments to providers through managed care organizations and providing equivalent fees through an ambulatory patient group methodology, in relation to transfer of funds and the effectiveness thereof; and to amend chapter 649 of the laws of 1996, amending the public health law, the mental hygiene law and the social services law relating to authorizing the establishment of special needs plans, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part E); to amend chapter 266 of the laws of 1986, amending the civil practice law and rules and other laws relating to malpractice and professional medical conduct, in relation to apportioning premium for certain policies; to amend part J of chapter 63 of the laws of 2001 amending chapter 266 of the laws of 1986, amending the civil practice law and rules and other laws relating to malpractice and professional medical conduct, relating to the effectiveness of certain provisions of such chapter, in relation to extending certain provisions concerning the hospital excess liability pool; and to amend part H of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, amending the New York Health Care Reform Act of 1996 and other laws relating to extending certain provisions relating thereto, in relation to extending provisions relating to excess coverage (Part F); to amend the social services law, in relation to fiscal intermediary services for the consumer directed personal assistance program; to amend the public health law, in relation to payments to home care aides; to establish a residential health care facilities case mix adjustment workgroup; and to repeal certain provisions of the social services law relating thereto (Part G); to amend the public health law, in relation to waiver of certain regulations; to amend the public health law, in relation to certain rates and payment methodologies; and to repeal certain provisions of such law relating thereto (Part H); intentionally omitted (Part I); to amend the insurance law and the public health law, in relation to guaranteed availability and pre-existing conditions; and to repeal certain provisions of the insurance law relating thereto (Subpart A); to amend the insurance law, in relation to actuarial value requirements and essential health benefits (Subpart B); to amend the insurance law, in relation to prescription drug coverage (Subpart C); and to amend the insurance law, in relation to discrimination based on sex and gender identity (Subpart D) (Part J); to amend the public health law, in relation to the medical indemnity fund; to amend chapter 517 of the laws of 2016 amending the public health law relating to payments from the New York state medical indemnity fund, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; and to amend the state finance law, in relation to the New York state medical indemnity fund account (Part K); to amend the insurance law, in relation to in-vitro fertilization (Part L); to amend the insurance law, in relation to requiring medical, major medical, or similar comprehensive type coverage health insurance policies to include certain reproductive health coverage; and clarifying the definition of voluntary sterilization procedures and over-the-counter contraceptive products (Part M); intentionally omitted (Part N); to amend the public health law, in relation to the general public health work program (Part O); to amend the public health law, in relation to lead levels in residential rental properties (Part P); to amend the public health law, in relation to the healthcare facility transformation program state III authorizing additional awards for statewide II applications (Part Q); intentionally omitted (Part R); intentionally omitted (Part S); to amend the public health law, in relation to codifying the creation of NY State of Health, the official Health Plan Marketplace within the department of health (Part T); to amend the elder law, in relation to the private pay program (Part U); to amend the social services law, in relation to compliance of managed care organizations and providers participating in the Medicaid program (Part V); to amend part D of chapter 111 of the laws of 2010 relating to the recovery of exempt income by the office of mental health for community residences and family-based treatment programs, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part W); intentionally omitted (Part X); to amend part C of chapter 57 of the laws of 2006, relating to establishing a cost of living adjustment for designated human services programs, in relation to the inclusion and development of certain cost of living adjustments (Part Y); to amend the public health law and the mental hygiene law, in relation to integrated services (Part Z); intentionally omitted (Part AA); to amend the insurance law, in relation to mental health and substance use disorder health insurance parity; to amend the

public health law, in relation to health maintenance organizations; and to repeal certain provisions of the insurance law relating thereto (Subpart A); to amend the public health law, in relation to general hospital policies for substance use disorder treatment (Subpart B); intentionally omitted (Subpart C); to amend the social services law, in relation to court ordered substance use disorder treatment (Subpart D); and intentionally omitted (Subpart E)(Part BB); intentionally omitted (Part CC); intentionally omitted (Part DD); to amend the public health law, in relation to direct observation and evaluation of certain temporary employees (Part EE); to amend chapter 495 of the laws of 2004, amending the insurance law and the public health law relating to the New York state health insurance continuation assistance demonstration project, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part FF); to provide funding to programs providing opioid treatment, recovery and prevention and education services operated by the New York state office of alcoholism and substance abuse services or certain agencies (Part GG); to amend the elder law, in relation to grants awarded for classic NORC programs (Part HH); to amend chapter 141 of the laws of 1994, amending the legislative law and the state finance law relating to the operation and administration of the legislature, in relation to extending such provisions (Part II); to amend the public health law, in relation to authorizing the dormitory authority to transfer certain funds repaid by borrowers relating to restructuring pool loans (Part JJ); and directing the department of health to conduct a study in relation to staffing enhancement and patient safety (Part KK)

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation which are necessary to implement the state fiscal plan for the 2019-2020 state fiscal year. Each component is wholly contained within a Part identified as Parts A through KK. The effective date for each particular provision contained within such Part is set forth in the last section of such Part. Any provision in any section contained within a Part, including the effective date of the Part, which makes reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Part in which it is found. Section three of this act sets forth the general effective date of this act.

12 PART A

13 Intentionally Omitted

14 PART B

- 15 Section 1. Intentionally omitted.
- 16 § 2. Intentionally omitted.
- 17 § 3. Intentionally omitted.
- 18 § 4. Intentionally omitted.
- 19 § 5. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision 2 of section 280 of the 20 public health law, paragraph (b) as amended and paragraph (c) as added

by section 8 of part D of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, are amended and a new paragraph (d) is added to read as follows:

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- (b) for state fiscal year two thousand eighteen -- two thousand nineteen, be limited to the ten-year rolling average of the medical component of the consumer price index plus four percent and minus a pharmacy savings target of eighty-five million dollars; [and]
- (c) for state fiscal year two thousand nineteen--two thousand twenty, be limited to the ten-year rolling average of the medical component of the consumer price index plus four percent and minus a pharmacy savings target of eighty-five million dollars[-]; and
- (d) for state fiscal year two thousand twenty--two thousand twentyone, be limited to the ten-year rolling average of the medical component of the consumer price index plus four percent and minus a pharmacy savings target of eighty-five million dollars.
- § 6. Subdivision 3 of section 280 of the public health law, as amended by section 8 of part D of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. The department and the division of the budget shall assess on a quarterly basis the projected total amount to be expended in the year on cash basis by the Medicaid program for each drug, and the projected annual amount of state funds Medicaid drug expenditures on a cash basis for all drugs, which shall be a component of the projected department of health state funds Medicaid expenditures calculated for purposes of 23 sections ninety-one and ninety-two of part H of chapter fifty-nine of laws of two thousand eleven. For purposes of this section, state funds Medicaid drug expenditures include amounts expended for drugs in both the Medicaid fee-for-service program and Medicaid managed care programs, minus the amount of any drug rebates or supplemental drug rebates received by the department, including rebates pursuant to subdivision five of this section with respect to rebate targets. The department and the division of the budget shall report [quarterly] in December of each year, for the prior April through October, to the drug utilization review board the projected state funds Medicaid drug expenditures including the amounts, in aggregate thereof, attributable to the net cost of: changes in the utilization of drugs by Medicaid recipients; changes in the number of Medicaid recipients; changes to the cost of brand name drugs and changes to the cost of generic drugs. The information contained in the report shall not be publicly released in a manner that allows for the identification of an individual drug or manufacturer that is likely to compromise the financial competitive, or proprietary nature of the information.
 - (a) In the event the director of the budget determines, based on Medicaid drug expenditures for the previous quarter or other relevant information, that the total department of health state funds Medicaid drug expenditure is projected to exceed the annual growth limitation imposed by subdivision two of this section, the commissioner may identify and refer drugs to the drug utilization review board established by section three hundred sixty-nine-bb of the social services law for a recommendation as to whether a target supplemental Medicaid rebate should be paid by the manufacturer of the drug to the department and the target amount of the rebate.
 - (b) If the department intends to refer a drug to the drug utilization review board pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the department shall notify the manufacturer of such drug and shall attempt to reach agreement with the manufacturer on a rebate for the drug prior to referring the drug to the drug utilization review board for review.

Such rebate may be based on evidence-based research, including, but not limited to, such research operated or conducted by or for other state governments, the federal government, the governments of other nations, and third party payers or multi-state coalitions, provided however that the department shall account for the effectiveness of the drug in treating the conditions for which it is prescribed or in improving a patient's health, quality of life, or overall health outcomes, and the likelihood that use of the drug will reduce the need for other medical care, including hospitalization.

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- In the event that the commissioner and the manufacturer have previously agreed to a supplemental rebate for a drug pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subdivision or paragraph (e) of subdivision seven of section three hundred sixty-seven-a of the social services law, the drug shall not be referred to the drug utilization review board for any further supplemental rebate for the duration of the previous rebate agreement, provided however, the commissioner may refer a drug to the drug utilization review board if the commissioner determines there are significant and substantiated utilization or market changes, new evidence-based research, or statutory or federal regulatory changes that warrant additional rebates. In such cases, the department shall notify the manufacturer and provide evidence of the changes or research that would warrant additional rebates, and shall attempt to reach agreement with the manufacturer on a rebate for the drug prior to referring the drug to the drug utilization review board for review.
- (d) The department shall consider a drug's actual cost to the state, including current rebate amounts, prior to seeking an additional rebate pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c) of this subdivision [and shall take into consideration whether the manufacturer of the drug is providing significant discounts relative to other drugs covered by the Medicaid program].
- (e) The commissioner shall be authorized to take the actions described in this section only so long as total Medicaid drug expenditures are projected to exceed the annual growth limitation imposed by subdivision two of this section.
- § 6-a. Subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (e) of subdivision 5 of section 280 of the public health law, as amended by section 8 of part D of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:
- (iii) information relating to value-based pricing provided, however, if the department directly invites any third party to provide cost-effectiveness analysis or research related to value-based pricing, and the department receives and considers such analysis or research for use by the board, such third party shall disclose any funding sources. The department shall, if reasonably possible, make publicly available the following documents in its possession that it relies upon to provide cost effectiveness analyses or research related to value-based pricing: (A) descriptions of underlying methodologies; (B) assumptions and limitations of research findings; and (C) if available, data that presents results in a way that reflects different outcomes for affected subpopu-<u>lations</u>;
- § 7. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of section 280 of the public health law, as amended by section 8 of part D of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) If the drug utilization review board recommends a target rebate 54 amount on a drug referred by the commissioner, the [gommissioner shall require department shall negotiate with the drug's manufacturer for a supplemental rebate to be paid by the [drug's] manufacturer in an amount

not to exceed such target rebate amount. [With respect to a] A rebate [required in state fiscal year two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen, the rebate] requirement shall apply beginning with the [month of April, two thousand seventeen,] first day of the state fiscal year during which the rebate was required without regard to the date the department enters into the rebate agreement with the manufacturer.

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- § 8. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 7 of section 280 of the public health law, as amended by section 8 of part D of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) If, after taking into account all rebates and supplemental rebates 11 received by the department, including rebates received to date pursuant to this section, total Medicaid drug expenditures are still projected to 12 13 exceed the annual growth limitation imposed by subdivision two of this 14 section, the commissioner may: subject any drug of a manufacturer 15 referred to the drug utilization review board under this section to 16 prior approval in accordance with existing processes and procedures when 17 such manufacturer has not entered into a supplemental rebate agreement as required by this section; $[\frac{\mbox{\bf directing}}{\mbox{\bf direct}}]$ managed care plans to 18 remove from their Medicaid formularies those drugs that the drug utili-19 20 zation review board recommends a target rebate amount for and the 21 manufacturer has failed to enter into a rebate agreement required by this section; [promoting] promote the use of cost effective and clin-22 ically appropriate drugs other than those of a manufacturer who has a 23 24 drug that the drug utilization review board recommends a target rebate amount and the manufacturer has failed to enter into a rebate agreement 25 26 required by this section; [allowing] allow manufacturers to accelerate 27 rebate payments under existing rebate contracts; and such other actions 28 as authorized by law. The commissioner shall provide written notice to the legislature thirty days prior to taking action pursuant to this 29 30 paragraph, unless action is necessary in the fourth quarter of a fiscal 31 year to prevent total Medicaid drug expenditures from exceeding the 32 limitation imposed by subdivision two of this section, in which case 33 such notice to the legislature may be less than thirty days.
- 9. Subdivision 8 of section 280 of the public health law, as added 34 by section 8 of part D of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to 35 read as follows:
 - 8. The commissioner shall report by [February] July first annually to the drug utilization review board on savings achieved through the drug cap in the last **fiscal** year. Such report shall provide data on what savings were achieved through actions pursuant to subdivisions three, five and seven of this section, respectively, and what savings were achieved through other means and how such savings were calculated and implemented.
 - § 10. Section 4406-c of the public health law is amended by adding a new subdivision 10 to read as follows:
 - 10. (a) Any contract or other arrangement entered into by a health care plan for the provision and administration of pharmacy benefit management services on behalf of individuals enrolled in a managed care provider, as defined in section three hundred sixty-four-j of the social services law, shall be based on a pass-through pricing model and include the following requirements:
- (i) Payment to the pharmacy benefit manager for pharmacy benefit management services shall be limited to the actual ingredient costs, 54 dispensing fees paid to pharmacies, and an administrative fee that covers the cost of providing pharmacy benefit management services pursu-

ant to a contract described in this paragraph. The department may establish a maximum administrative fee;

 (ii) The pharmacy benefit manager shall identify all sources and amounts of income, payments, and financial benefits to the pharmacy benefit manager related to the provision and administration of pharmacy benefit management services on behalf of the health care plan, including, but not limited to, any pricing discounts, rebates of any kind, inflationary payments, credits, clawbacks, fees, grants, chargebacks, reimbursements, or other benefits and shall ensure that any portion of such income, payments, and financial benefits is passed through to the health care plan in full to reduce the reportable ingredient cost;

(iii) The pharmacy benefit manager shall fully disclose to the department and to the health care plan the sources and amounts of all income, payments, and financial benefits referred to in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph received by the pharmacy benefit manager;

(iv) The pharmacy benefit manager shall identify all ingredient costs and dispensing fees or similar payments made by the pharmacy benefit manager to any pharmacy in connection with the contract or other arrangement;

(v) The pharmacy benefit manager shall not utilize any form of spread pricing in any contract or other arrangement with health care plans. For purposes of this subdivision "spread pricing" means any amount charged or claimed by the pharmacy benefit manager in excess of the amount paid to pharmacies on behalf of the health care plan less an administrative fee as described in this paragraph. Any such excess amount shall be remitted to the health care plan on a quarterly basis;

(vi) Pharmacy benefit managers shall make their payment model for administrative fees available to the health care plan and to the department. The health care plan shall, if so directed by the department, make changes to the payment model and resubmit an amended contract or contracts to the department for review and approval.

(b) Any changes to premiums resulting from such contracts shall be subject to certification by the state's actuary as actuarially appropriate.

(c) Contracts or other arrangements subject to this subdivision shall be submitted to the department for review and approval as required by and in accordance with state law and the regulations of the department. Contracts or other arrangements subject to this subdivision existing and in force at the time of enactment of this subdivision shall be submitted to the department for review and approval on or before July first, two thousand nineteen.

§ 10-a. Section 364-j of the social services law is amended by adding a new subdivision 37 to read as follows:

37. Managed care providers shall report to the department all sources and amounts of income, payments, and financial benefits related to the provision of pharmacy benefits, including, but not limited to, any pricing discounts, rebates of any kind, inflationary payments, credits, clawbacks, fees, grants, chargebacks, reimbursements, or other benefits whether such income, payments, or financial benefits are received directly by the managed care provider or passed through from a pharmacy benefit manager or other entity. Managed care providers shall also report to the department the amounts of any administrative fees paid to cover the cost of providing pharmacy benefit management services. The reporting required in this subdivision shall be supplemental to and included with other existing reporting requirements, including but not limited to any quarterly reporting requirements.

1 § 11. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 2 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2019; provided, 3 further that the amendments to section 364-j of the social services law 4 made by section 10-a of this act shall not affect the repeal of such 5 section and shall be deemed repealed therewith.

6 PART C

Section 1. Subdivision 2 of section 365-a of the social services law is amended by adding a new paragraph (ff) to read as follows:

9 (ff) evidence-based prevention and support services recognized by the 10 federal Centers for Disease Control (CDC), provided by a community-based 11 organization, and designed to prevent individuals at risk of developing 12 diabetes from developing Type 2 diabetes.

- § 2. Intentionally omitted.
- 14 § 3. Intentionally omitted.

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15 § 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

16 PART D

Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 92 of part H of chapter 59 of the laws of 2011, amending the public health law and other laws relating to known and projected department of health state fund medicaid expenditures, as amended by section 2 of part K of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

22 1. For state fiscal years 2011-12 through [2019-20] 2020-2021, 23 director of the budget, in consultation with the commissioner of health referenced as "commissioner" for purposes of this section, shall assess 24 25 on a monthly basis, as reflected in monthly reports pursuant to subdivi-26 sion five of this section known and projected department of health state 27 funds medicaid expenditures by category of service and by geographic 28 regions, as defined by the commissioner, and if the director of the 29 budget determines that such expenditures are expected to cause medicaid disbursements for such period to exceed the projected department of 30 health medicaid state funds disbursements in the enacted budget finan-31 32 cial plan pursuant to subdivision 3 of section 23 of the state finance law, the commissioner of health, in consultation with the director of 34 the budget, shall develop a medicaid savings allocation plan to limit such spending to the aggregate limit level specified in the enacted 35 budget financial plan, provided, however, such projections may be 36 adjusted by the director of the budget to account for any changes in the 37 38 New York state federal medical assistance percentage amount established 39 pursuant to the federal social security act, changes in provider reven-40 ues, reductions to local social services district medical assistance 41 administration, minimum wage increases, and beginning April 1, 2012 the 42 operational costs of the New York state medical indemnity fund and state 43 costs or savings from the basic health plan. Such projections may be adjusted by the director of the budget to account for increased or expedited department of health state funds medicaid expenditures as a result 45 46 of a natural or other type of disaster, including a governmental declaration of emergency. 47

48 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 49 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2019.

50 PART E

- Section 1. Section 4 of chapter 505 of the laws of 1995, amending the public health law relating to the operation of department of health facilities, as amended by section 27 of part D of chapter 57 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:
- § 4. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that the provisions of paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 of section 409-c of the public health law, as added by section three of this act, effect January 1, 1996 and shall expire and be deemed repealed [twenty**four**] **twenty-eight** years from the effective date thereof.
- § 2. Subdivision p of section 76 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, amending the social services law relating to eligibility conditions, is amended to read as follows:
- p. the amendments [made] to subparagraph $[\frac{(7)}{2}]$ of paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 366 of the social services law made by section one of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed October 1, [2019] 2024.
- § 3. Section 11 of chapter 884 of the laws of 1990, amending the public health law relating to authorizing bad debt and charity care allowances for certified home health agencies, as amended by section 1 of part I of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 11. This act shall take effect immediately and:

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- (a) sections one and three shall expire on December 31, 1996,
- (b) sections four through ten shall expire on June 30, [2019] 2021, and
- (c) provided that the amendment to section 2807-b of the public health law by section two of this act shall not affect the expiration of such section 2807-b as otherwise provided by law and shall be deemed to expire therewith.
- 4. Section 3 of chapter 303 of the laws of 1999, amending the New York state medical care facilities finance agency act relating to financing health facilities, as amended by section 16 of part D of chapter 57 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. This act shall take effect immediately, provided, however, that subdivision 15-a of section 5 of section 1 of chapter 392 of the laws of 1973, as added by section one of this act, shall expire and be deemed repealed June 30, [2019] 2023; and provided further, however, that the expiration and repeal of such subdivision 15-a shall not affect or impair in any manner any health facilities bonds issued, or any lease or purchase of a health facility executed, pursuant to such subdivision 15-a prior to its expiration and repeal and that, with respect to any such bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, [2019] 2023, the provisions of such subdivision 15-a as they existed immediately prior to such expiration and repeal shall continue to apply through the latest maturity date of any such bonds, or their earlier retirement or redemption, for the sole purpose of authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds to refund bonds previously issued pursuant thereto.
- § 5. Subdivision (a) of section 40 of part B of chapter 109 of the laws of 2010, amending the social services law relating to transportation costs, as amended by section 8 of part I of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) sections two, three, three-a, three-b, three-c, three-d, three-e and twenty-one of this act shall take effect July 1, 2010; sections fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen and nineteen of this act shall 55 take effect January 1, 2011; and provided further that section twenty of this act shall be deemed repealed [eight] ten years after the date the

contract entered into pursuant to section 365-h of the social services law, as amended by section twenty of this act, is executed; provided that the commissioner of health shall notify the legislative bill drafting commission upon the execution of the contract entered into pursuant to section 367-h of the social services law in order that the commission may maintain an accurate and timely effective data base of the official text of the laws of the state of New York in furtherance of effectuating the provisions of section 44 of the legislative law and section 70-b of the public officers law;

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- § 6. Subdivision (f) of section 129 of part C of chapter 58 of the laws of 2009, amending the public health law relating to payment by governmental agencies for general hospital inpatient services, as amended by section 4 of part D of chapter 59 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:
- (f) section twenty-five of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed April 1, [2019] 2022;
- § 7. Subdivision (c) of section 122 of part E of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013 amending the public health law relating to the general public health work program, as amended by section 5 of part D of chapter 59 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:
- (c) section fifty of this act shall take effect immediately and shall expire [six] nine years after it becomes law;
- § 8. Subdivision (i) of section 111 of part H of chapter 59 of the laws of 2011, amending the public health law and other laws relating to known and projected department of health state fund medical expenditures, as amended by section 19 of part D of chapter 57 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:
- (i) the amendments to paragraph (b) and subparagraph (i) of paragraph (g) of subdivision 7 of section 4403-f of the public health law made by section forty-one-b of this act shall expire and be repealed April 1, [2019] 2023;
- § 9. Subparagraph (vi) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 2 of section 2807-d of the public health law, as amended by section 3 of part I of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- 35 (vi) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this paragraph or any 36 other provision of law or regulation to the contrary, for residential health care facilities the assessment shall be six percent of each resi-38 dential health care facility's gross receipts received from all patient 39 care services and other operating income on a cash basis for the period April first, two thousand two through March thirty-first, two thousand 40 41 three for hospital or health-related services, including adult day services; provided, however, that residential health care facilities' 43 gross receipts attributable to payments received pursuant to title XVIII 44 of the federal social security act (medicare) shall be excluded from the 45 assessment; provided, however, that for all such gross receipts received 46 on or after April first, two thousand three through March thirty-first, 47 two thousand five, such assessment shall be five percent, and further provided that for all such gross receipts received on or after April first, two thousand five through March thirty-first, two thousand nine, 49 and on or after April first, two thousand nine through March thirty-50 first, two thousand eleven such assessment shall be six percent, and 51 52 further provided that for all such gross receipts received on or after April first, two thousand eleven through March thirty-first, two thou-54 sand thirteen such assessment shall be six percent, and further provided 55 that for all such gross receipts received on or after April first, two thousand thirteen through March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen such

1 assessment shall be six percent, and further provided that for all such gross receipts received on or after April first, two thousand fifteen through March thirty-first, two thousand seventeen such assessment shall six percent, and further provided that for all such gross receipts received on or after April first, two thousand seventeen through March thirty-first, two thousand nineteen such assessment shall be six percent, and further provided that for all such gross receipts received on or after April first, two thousand nineteen through March thirtyfirst, two thousand twenty-one such assessment shall be six percent.

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- § 10. Subdivision 1 of section 194 of chapter 474 of the laws of 1996, amending the education law and other laws relating to rates for residential health care facilities, as amended by section 4 of part I of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- 14 1. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law or regulation, 15 the trend factors used to project reimbursable operating costs to the 16 rate period for purposes of determining rates of payment pursuant to 17 article 28 of the public health law for residential health care facili-18 ties for reimbursement of inpatient services provided to patients eligi-19 ble for payments made by state governmental agencies on and after April 20 1, 1996 through March 31, 1999 and for payments made on and after July 21 1999 through March 31, 2000 and on and after April 1, 2000 through March 31, 2003 and on and after April 1, 2003 through March 31, 2007 and 22 on and after April 1, 2007 through March 31, 2009 and on and after April 23 1, 2009 through March 31, 2011 and on and after April 1, 2011 through 24 25 March 31, 2013 and on and after April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2015, 26 and on and after April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2017, and on and after 27 2017 through March 31, 2019, and on and after April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2021 shall reflect no trend factor projections or adjustments for the period April 1, 1996, through March 31, 1997. 28 29
 - § 11. Subdivision 1 of section 89-a of part C of chapter 58 of the laws of 2007, amending the social services law and other laws relating to enacting the major components of legislation necessary to implement the health and mental hygiene budget for the 2007-2008 state fiscal year, as amended by section 5 of part I of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- 36 1. Notwithstanding paragraph (c) of subdivision 10 of section 2807-c 37 of the public health law and section 21 of chapter 1 of the laws of 38 1999, as amended, and any other inconsistent provision of law or regulation to the contrary, in determining rates of payments by state 39 governmental agencies effective for services provided beginning April 1, 40 2006, through March 31, 2009, and on and after April 1, 2009 through 41 42 March 31, 2011, and on and after April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2013, 43 and on and after April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2015, and on and after April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2017, and on and after April 1, 2017 44 45 through March 31, 2019, and on and after April 1, 2019 through March 31, 46 2021 for inpatient and outpatient services provided by general hospitals 47 and for inpatient services and outpatient adult day health care services provided by residential health care facilities pursuant to article 28 of 48 49 the public health law, the commissioner of health shall apply a trend 50 factor projection of two and twenty-five hundredths percent attributable 51 to the period January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2006, and on and 52 after January 1, 2007, provided, however, that on reconciliation of such trend factor for the period January 1, 2006 through December 31, pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision 10 of section 2807-c of the public health law, such trend factor shall be the final US Consumer 56 Price Index (CPI) for all urban consumers, as published by the US

Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics less twenty-five hundredths of a percentage point.

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§ 12. Subdivision 5-a of section 246 of chapter 81 of the laws of 1995, amending the public health law and other laws relating to medical reimbursement and welfare reform, as amended by section 6 of part I of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

5-a. Section sixty-four-a of this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 1995 through March 31, 1999 and on and after July 1, 1999 through March 31, 2000 and on and after 2000 through March 31, 2003 and on and after April 1, 2003 through March 31, 2007, and on and after April 1, 2007 through March 31, 2009, and on and after April 1, 2009 through March 31, 2011, and on and after April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2013, and on and after April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2015, and on and after April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2017 and on and after April 1, 2017 through March 31, 2019, and on and after April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2021;

§ 13. Section 64-b of chapter 81 of the laws of 1995, amending the public health law and other laws relating to medical reimbursement and welfare reform, as amended by section 7 of part I of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

64-b. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, provisions of subdivision 7 of section 3614 of the public health law, as amended, shall remain and be in full force and effect on April 1, 1995 through March 31, 1999 and on July 1, 1999 through March 31, 2000 and on and after April 1, 2000 through March 31, 2003 and on and after April 1, 2003 through March 31, 2007, and on and after April 1, 2007 through March 31, 2009, and on and after April 1, 2009 through March 31, and on and after April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2013, and on and after April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2015, and on and after April 1, through March 31, 2017 and on and after April 1, 2017 through March 31, 2019, and on and after April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2021.

§ 14. Section 4-a of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, ing chapter 59 of the laws of 2011 amending the public health law and other laws relating to general hospital reimbursement for annual rates, as amended by section 5 of part T of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

§ 4-a. Notwithstanding paragraph (c) of subdivision 10 of section 2807-c of the public health law, section 21 of chapter 1 of the laws of 1999, or any other contrary provision of law, in determining rates of payments by state governmental agencies effective for services provided on and after January 1, 2017 through March 31, [2019] 2021, for inpatient and outpatient services provided by general hospitals, for inpatient services and adult day health care outpatient services provided by residential health care facilities pursuant to article 28 of the public health law, except for residential health care facilities or units of such facilities providing services primarily to children under twentyone years of age, for home health care services provided pursuant to article 36 of the public health law by certified home health agencies, long term home health care programs and AIDS home care programs, and for personal care services provided pursuant to section 365-a of the social services law, the commissioner of health shall apply no greater than zero trend factors attributable to the 2017, 2018, [and] 2019, 2020, and 2021 calendar years in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision 10 54 of section 2807-c of the public health law, provided, however, that such 55 no greater than zero trend factors attributable to such 2017, 2018, [and] 2019, 2020, and 2021 calendar years shall also be applied to rates

of payment provided on and after January 1, 2017 through March 31, [2019] 2021 for personal care services provided in those local social services districts, including New York city, whose rates of payment for such services are established by such local social services districts pursuant to a rate-setting exemption issued by the commissioner of health to such local social services districts in accordance with applicable regulations; and provided further, however, that for rates of payment for assisted living program services provided on and after January 1, 2017 through March 31, [2019] 2021, such trend factors attributable to the 2017, 2018, [and] 2019, 2020, and 2021 calendar years shall be established at no greater than zero percent.

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- § 15. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 17 of section 2808 of the public health law, as amended by section 21 of part D of chapter 57 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (b) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law or regulation to 16 the contrary, for the state fiscal years beginning April first, two 17 thousand ten and ending March thirty-first, two thousand [nineteen] twenty-three, the commissioner shall not be required to revise certified 18 19 rates of payment established pursuant to this article for rate periods 20 prior to April first, two thousand [nineteen] twenty-three, based on 21 consideration of rate appeals filed by residential health care facilities or based upon adjustments to capital cost reimbursement as a result 22 of approval by the commissioner of an application for construction under 23 24 section twenty-eight hundred two of this article, in excess of an aggre-25 gate annual amount of eighty million dollars for each such state fiscal 26 year provided, however, that for the period April first, two thousand 27 eleven through March thirty-first, two thousand twelve such aggregate 28 annual amount shall be fifty million dollars. In revising such rates within such fiscal limit, the commissioner shall, in prioritizing such 29 30 rate appeals, include consideration of which facilities the commissioner 31 determines are facing significant financial hardship as well as such 32 other considerations as the commissioner deems appropriate and, further, 33 the commissioner is authorized to enter into agreements with such facilities or any other facility to resolve multiple pending rate appeals 34 35 based upon a negotiated aggregate amount and may offset such negotiated 36 aggregate amounts against any amounts owed by the facility to the 37 department, including, but not limited to, amounts owed pursuant to 38 section twenty-eight hundred seven-d of this article; provided, however, 39 that the commissioner's authority to negotiate such agreements resolving 40 multiple pending rate appeals as hereinbefore described shall continue 41 on and after April first, two thousand [nineteen] twenty-three. Rate 42 adjustments made pursuant to this paragraph remain fully subject to approval by the director of the budget in accordance with the provisions 43 44 of subdivision two of section twenty-eight hundred seven of this arti-45 cle.
 - § 16. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 13 of section 3614 of the public health law, as amended by section 22 of part D of chapter 57 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law or regulation and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, effective April first, two thousand twelve through March thirty-first, two thousand [nineteen] twenty-three, payments by government agencies for services provided by certified home health agencies, except for such 54 services provided to children under eighteen years of age and other discreet groups as may be determined by the commissioner pursuant to regulations, shall be based on episodic payments. In establishing such

1 payments, a statewide base price shall be established for each sixty day episode of care and adjusted by a regional wage index factor and an individual patient case mix index. Such episodic payments may be further adjusted for low utilization cases and to reflect a percentage limitation of the cost for high-utilization cases that exceed outlier thresholds of such payments.

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- 17. Subdivision 2 of section 246 of chapter 81 of the laws of 1995, amending the public health law and other laws relating to medical reimbursement and welfare reform, as amended by section 18 of part I of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. Sections five, seven through nine, twelve through fourteen, eighteen of this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and 12 effect on and after April 1, 1995 through March 31, 1999 and on and 14 after July 1, 1999 through March 31, 2000 and on and after April 1, 2000 through March 31, 2003 and on and after April 1, 2003 through March 31, 2006 and on and after April 1, 2006 through March 31, 2007 and on and after April 1, 2007 through March 31, 2009 and on and after April 1, 2009 through March 31, 2011 and sections twelve, thirteen and fourteen this act shall be deemed to be in full force and effect on and after 19 20 April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2015 and on and after April 1, 21 through March 31, 2017 and on and after April 1, 2017 through March 31, 2019, and on and after April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2021;
 - § 18. Section 48-a of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013 ing chapter 59 of the laws of 2011 amending the public health law and other laws relating to general hospital reimbursement for annual rates, as amended by section 1 of part P of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- 28 § 48-a. 1. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, the commis-29 sioners of the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services and the 30 office of mental health are authorized, subject to the approval of the 31 director of the budget, to transfer to the commissioner of health state 32 funds to be utilized as the state share for the purpose of increasing 33 payments under the medicaid program to managed care organizations licensed under article 44 of the public health law or under article 43 34 35 of the insurance law. Such managed care organizations shall utilize such 36 funds for the purpose of reimbursing providers licensed pursuant to 37 28 of the public health law or article 31 or 32 of the mental 38 hygiene law for ambulatory behavioral health services, as determined by 39 the commissioner of health, in consultation with the commissioner of alcoholism and substance abuse services and the commissioner of the 40 41 office of mental health, provided to medicaid enrolled outpatients and 42 for all other behavioral health services except inpatient included 43 New York state's Medicaid redesign waiver approved by the centers for medicare and Medicaid services (CMS). Such reimbursement shall be in 44 45 form of fees for such services which are equivalent to the payments 46 established for such services under the ambulatory patient group (APG) rate-setting methodology as utilized by the department of health, the 47 office of alcoholism and substance abuse services, or the office of 48 mental health for rate-setting purposes or any such other fees pursuant 49 50 to the Medicaid state plan or otherwise approved by CMS in the Medicaid 51 redesign waiver; provided, however, that the increase to such fees that 52 shall result from the provisions of this section shall not, in the aggregate and as determined by the commissioner of health, in consulta-54 tion with the commissioner of alcoholism and substance abuse services 55 and the commissioner of the office of mental health, be greater than the increased funds made available pursuant to this section. The increase

1 of such ambulatory behavioral health fees to providers available under this section shall be for all rate periods on and after the effective date of section $[\frac{29}{29}]$ 1 of part $[\frac{8}{29}]$ 9 of chapter $[\frac{59}{29}]$ 57 of the laws of 3 2017 through March 31, [2020] 2023 for patients in the city of New York, for all rate periods on and after the effective date of section $[\frac{29}{2}]$ 1 of part $[\frac{8}{2}]$ 2 of chapter $[\frac{59}{2}]$ 57 of the laws of $[\frac{2016}{2}]$ 2017 through [March 31, 2020] March 31, 2023 for patients outside the 7 city of New York, and for all rate periods on and after the effective 9 date of such chapter through [March 31, 2020] March 31, 2023 for all 10 services provided to persons under the age of twenty-one; provided, however, the commissioner of health, in consultation with the commis-11 sioner of alcoholism and substance abuse services and the commissioner 12 13 of mental health, may require, as a condition of approval of such ambu-14 latory behavioral health fees, that aggregate managed care expenditures 15 to eligible providers meet the alternative payment methodology requirements as set forth in attachment I of the New York state medicaid 16 17 section one thousand one hundred fifteen medicaid redesign team waiver as approved by the centers for medicare and medicaid services. The 18 commissioner of health shall, in consultation with the commissioner 19 20 alcoholism and substance abuse services and the commissioner of mental 21 health, waive such conditions if a sufficient number of providers, determined by the commissioner, suffer a financial hardship as a conse-22 quence of such alternative payment methodology requirements, or if he or 23 24 she shall determine that such alternative payment methodologies signif-25 icantly threaten individuals access to ambulatory behavioral health 26 services. Such waiver may be applied on a provider specific or industry 27 wide basis. Further, such conditions may be waived, as the commissioner 28 determines necessary, to comply with federal rules or regulations 29 governing these payment methodologies. Nothing in this section shall 30 prohibit managed care organizations and providers from negotiating 31 different rates and methods of payment during such periods described 32 above, subject to the approval of the department of health. The depart-33 ment of health shall consult with the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services and the office of mental health in determining whether 34 such alternative rates shall be approved. The commissioner of health 35 36 may, in consultation with the commissioner of alcoholism and substance abuse services and the commissioner of the office of mental health, 38 promulgate regulations, including emergency regulations promulgated prior to October 1, 2015 to establish rates for ambulatory behavioral 39 40 health services, as are necessary to implement the provisions of this 41 section. Rates promulgated under this section shall be included in the 42 report required under section 45-c of part A of this chapter.

2. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, the fees paid by managed care organizations licensed under article 44 of the public health law or under article 43 of the insurance law, to providers licensed pursuant to article 28 of the public health law or article 31 or 32 of the mental hygiene law, for ambulatory behavioral health services provided to patients enrolled in the child health insurance program pursuant to title [one-A] 1-A of article 25 of the public health law, shall be in the form of fees for such services which are equivalent to the payments established for such services under the ambulatory patient group (APG) rate-setting methodology or any such other fees established pursuant to the Medicaid state plan. The commissioner 54 health shall consult with the commissioner of alcoholism and substance abuse services and the commissioner of the office of mental health in determining such services and establishing such fees. Such ambulatory

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behavioral health fees to providers available under this section shall be for all rate periods on and after the effective date of this chapter through [March 31, 2020] March 31, 2023, provided, however, that managed 3 4 care organizations and providers may negotiate different rates and methods of payment during such periods described above, subject to the approval of the department of health. The department of health shall 7 consult with the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services and the office of mental health in determining whether such alternative 9 rates shall be approved. The report required under section 16-a of part C of chapter 60 of the laws of 2014 shall also include the population of 10 patients enrolled in the child health insurance program pursuant to 11 title [one-A] 1-A of article 25 of the public health law in its examina-12 13 tion on the transition of behavioral health services into managed care.

§ 19. Section 1 of part H of chapter 111 of the laws of 2010 relating to increasing Medicaid payments to providers through managed care organizations and providing equivalent fees through an ambulatory patient group methodology, as amended by section 2 of part P of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

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Section 1. a. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, the commissioners of mental health and alcoholism and substance abuse services are authorized, subject to the approval of the director of the budget, to transfer to the commissioner of health state funds to be utilized as the state share for the purpose of increasing payments under the medicaid program to managed care organizations licensed under article 44 of the public health law or under article 43 of the insurance Such managed care organizations shall utilize such funds for the purpose of reimbursing providers licensed pursuant to article 28 of the public health law, or pursuant to article 31 or article 32 of the mental hygiene law for ambulatory behavioral health services, as determined by the commissioner of health in consultation with the commissioner of mental health and commissioner of alcoholism and substance abuse services, provided to medicaid enrolled outpatients and for all other behavioral health services except inpatient included in New York state's Medicaid redesign waiver approved by the centers for medicare and Medicaid services (CMS). Such reimbursement shall be in the form of fees for such services which are equivalent to the payments established for such services under the ambulatory patient group (APG) rate-setting methodology as utilized by the department of health or by the office of mental health or office of alcoholism and substance abuse services for ratesetting purposes or any such other fees pursuant to the Medicaid state plan or otherwise approved by CMS in the Medicaid redesign waiver; provided, however, that the increase to such fees that shall result from the provisions of this section shall not, in the aggregate and as deter-44 mined by the commissioner of health in consultation with the commissionof mental health and alcoholism and substance abuse services, be greater than the increased funds made available pursuant to this section. The increase of such behavioral health fees to providers available under this section shall be for all rate periods on and after the effective date of section $[\frac{30}{2}]$ of part $[\frac{8}{2}]$ of chapter $[\frac{59}{2}]$ of the laws of $[\frac{2016}{2016}]$ $\underline{2017}$ through March 31, $[\frac{2020}{2020}]$ for patients in the city of New York, for all rate periods on and after the effective date of section $[\frac{30}{2}]$ of part $[\frac{8}{2}]$ of chapter $[\frac{59}{2}]$ of the laws of $[\frac{2016}{2}]$ 2017 through March 31, [2020] 2023 for patients outside the city of New York, and for all rate periods on and after the effective date of section $[\frac{30}{2}]$ 2 of part $[\frac{1}{2}]$ P of chapter $[\frac{59}{2}]$ 57 of the laws of

2017 through March 31, [2020] 2023 for all services provided to persons

1 under the age of twenty-one; provided, however, the commissioner of in consultation with the commissioner of alcoholism and substance abuse services and the commissioner of mental health, may 3 require, as a condition of approval of such ambulatory behavioral health fees, that aggregate managed care expenditures to eligible providers meet the alternative payment methodology requirements as set forth in 7 attachment I of the New York state medicaid section one thousand one hundred fifteen medicaid redesign team waiver as approved by the centers 9 for medicare and medicaid services. The commissioner of health shall, in 10 consultation with the commissioner of alcoholism and substance abuse services and the commissioner of mental health, waive such conditions if 11 a sufficient number of providers, as determined by the commissioner, 12 13 suffer a financial hardship as a consequence of such alternative payment 14 methodology requirements, or if he or she shall determine that such 15 alternative payment methodologies significantly threaten individuals access to ambulatory behavioral health services. 16 Such waiver may be applied on a provider specific or industry wide basis. Further, such 17 conditions may be waived, as the commissioner determines necessary, to 18 19 comply with federal rules or regulations governing these payment method-20 ologies. Nothing in this section shall prohibit managed care organiza-21 tions and providers from negotiating different rates and methods of payment during such periods described, subject to the approval of the 22 department of health. The department of health shall consult with the 23 24 office of alcoholism and substance abuse services and the office of mental health in determining whether such alternative rates shall be 25 26 approved. The commissioner of health may, in consultation with the 27 commissioners of mental health and alcoholism and substance abuse 28 regulations, including emergency regulations services, promulgate 29 promulgated prior to October 1, 2013 that establish rates for behavioral 30 health services, as are necessary to implement the provisions of this 31 section. Rates promulgated under this section shall be included in the report required under section 45-c of part A of chapter 56 of the laws 32 33 of 2013.

b. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, the fees paid by 34 managed care organizations licensed under article 44 of the public 35 36 health law or under article 43 of the insurance law, to providers 37 licensed pursuant to article 28 of the public health law or article 31 38 or 32 of the mental hygiene law, for ambulatory behavioral health services provided to patients enrolled in the child health insurance 39 program pursuant to title [one-A] 1-A of article 25 of the public health 40 law, shall be in the form of fees for such services which are equivalent 41 42 to the payments established for such services under the ambulatory 43 patient group (APG) rate-setting methodology. The commissioner of health shall consult with the commissioner of alcoholism and substance abuse 44 45 services and the commissioner of the office of mental health in deter-46 mining such services and establishing such fees. Such ambulatory behav-47 ioral health fees to providers available under this section shall be for all rate periods on and after the effective date of this chapter through 48 March 31, [2020] 2023, provided, however, that managed care organiza-49 50 tions and providers may negotiate different rates and methods of payment 51 during such periods described above, subject to the approval of the 52 department of health. The department of health shall consult with the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services and the office of 54 mental health in determining whether such alternative rates shall be 55 approved. The report required under section 16-a of part C of chapter 60 of the laws of 2014 shall also include the population of patients

1 enrolled in the child health insurance program pursuant to title [one A] 1-A of article 25 of the public health law in its examination on the transition of behavioral health services into managed care.

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- § 20. Section 2 of part H of chapter 111 of the laws of 2010, relating to increasing Medicaid payments to providers through managed care organizations and providing equivalent fees through an ambulatory patient group methodology, as amended by section 16 of part C of chapter 60 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 9 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 10 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2010, and shall 11 expire on [January 1, 2018] March 31, 2023.
 - § 21. Section 10 of chapter 649 of the laws of 1996, amending the public health law, the mental hygiene law and the social services law relating to authorizing the establishment of special needs plans, amended by section 2 of part D of chapter 59 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 10. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after July 1, 1996; provided, however, that sections one, two and three of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on March 31, [2020] 2025 provided, however that the amendments to section 364-j of the social services law made by section four of this act shall not affect the expiration of such section and shall be deemed to expire therewith and provided, further, that the provisions of subdivisions 8, 9 and 10 of section 4401 of the public health law, as added by section one of this act; section 4403-d of the public health law as added by section two of this act and the provisions section seven of this act, except for the provisions relating to the establishment of no more than twelve comprehensive HIV special needs plans, shall expire and be deemed repealed on July 1, 2000.
 - 22. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 212 of chapter 474 of the laws of 1996, amending the education law and other laws relating to rates for residential healthcare facilities, as amended by section 1 of part D of chapter 59 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:
- 34 (a) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law or regulation to 35 the contrary, effective beginning August 1, 1996, for the period April 36 1997 through March 31, 1998, April 1, 1998 for the period April 1, 1998 through March 31, 1999, August 1, 1999, for the period April 1, 1999 through March 31, 2000, April 1, 2000, for the period April 1, 2000 38 through March 31, 2001, April 1, 2001, for the period April 1, 2001 39 through March 31, 2002, April 1, 2002, for the period April 1, 40 41 through March 31, 2003, and for the state fiscal year beginning April 1, 42 2005 through March 31, 2006, and for the state fiscal year beginning 43 April 1, 2006 through March 31, 2007, and for the state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2007 through March 31, 2008, and for the state fiscal 44 45 year beginning April 1, 2008 through March 31, 2009, and for the state 46 fiscal year beginning April 1, 2009 through March 31, 2010, and for the 47 state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2016, and for the state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2016 through March 31, 48 2019, and for the state fiscal year beginning April 1, 2019 through 49 March 31, 2022, the department of health is authorized to pay public 50 51 general hospitals, as defined in subdivision 10 of section 2801 of the 52 public health law, operated by the state of New York or by the state university of New York or by a county, which shall not include a city 54 with a population of over one million, of the state of New York, and

those public general hospitals located in the county of Westchester, the 56 county of Erie or the county of Nassau, additional payments for inpa-

tient hospital services as medical assistance payments pursuant to title 11 of article 5 of the social services law for patients eligible for federal financial participation under title XIX of the federal social 3 security act in medical assistance pursuant to the federal laws and regulations governing disproportionate share payments to hospitals up to one hundred percent of each such public general hospital's medical 7 assistance and uninsured patient losses after all other medical assistance, including disproportionate share payments to such public general 9 hospital for 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999, based initially for 1996 on 10 reported 1994 reconciled data as further reconciled to actual reported 11 1996 reconciled data, and for 1997 based initially on reported 1995 reconciled data as further reconciled to actual reported 1997 reconciled 12 data, for 1998 based initially on reported 1995 reconciled data as 13 further reconciled to actual reported 1998 reconciled data, for 1999 14 15 based initially on reported 1995 reconciled data as further reconciled 16 to actual reported 1999 reconciled data, for 2000 based initially on 17 reported 1995 reconciled data as further reconciled to actual reported 2000 data, for 2001 based initially on reported 1995 reconciled data as 18 19 further reconciled to actual reported 2001 data, for 2002 based initial-20 ly on reported 2000 reconciled data as further reconciled to actual 21 reported 2002 data, and for state fiscal years beginning on April 1, 2005, based initially on reported 2000 reconciled data as further recon-22 ciled to actual reported data for 2005, and for state fiscal years 23 24 beginning on April 1, 2006, based initially on reported 2000 reconciled 25 data as further reconciled to actual reported data for 2006, for state 26 fiscal years beginning on and after April 1, 2007 through March 31, 27 2009, based initially on reported 2000 reconciled data as further reconciled to actual reported data for 2007 and 2008, respectively, for state 28 29 fiscal years beginning on and after April 1, 2009, based initially on 30 reported 2007 reconciled data, adjusted for authorized Medicaid rate 31 changes applicable to the state fiscal year, and as further reconciled to actual reported data for 2009, for state fiscal years beginning on 32 33 and after April 1, 2010, based initially on reported reconciled data 34 from the base year two years prior to the payment year, adjusted for 35 authorized Medicaid rate changes applicable to the state fiscal year, 36 and further reconciled to actual reported data from such payment year, and to actual reported data for each respective succeeding year. 38 payments may be added to rates of payment or made as aggregate payments 39 to an eligible public general hospital.

§ 23. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2019; provided that the amendments to section 1 of part H of chapter 111 of the laws of 2010 made by section nineteen of this act shall not affect the expiration of such section and shall expire therewith; and provided further that section twenty of this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after January 1, 2018.

47 PART F

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Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 18 of chapter 266 of the laws of 1986, amending the civil practice law and rules and other laws relating to malpractice and professional medical conduct, as amended by section 1 of part M of chapter 57 of the laws of amended to read as follows:

The superintendent of financial services and the commissioner of 54 health or their designee shall, from funds available in the hospital

excess liability pool created pursuant to subdivision 5 of this section, purchase a policy or policies for excess insurance coverage, as authorized by paragraph 1 of subsection (e) of section 5502 of the insurance 3 law; or from an insurer, other than an insurer described in section 5502 of the insurance law, duly authorized to write such coverage and actually writing medical malpractice insurance in this state; or shall 7 purchase equivalent excess coverage in a form previously approved by the superintendent of financial services for purposes of providing equiv-9 alent excess coverage in accordance with section 19 of chapter 294 of 10 the laws of 1985, for medical or dental malpractice occurrences between July 1, 1986 and June 30, 1987, between July 1, 1987 and June 30, 1988, 11 between July 1, 1988 and June 30, 1989, between July 1, 1989 and June 12 13 30, 1990, between July 1, 1990 and June 30, 1991, between July 1, 1991 14 and June 30, 1992, between July 1, 1992 and June 30, 1993, between July 1993 and June 30, 1994, between July 1, 1994 and June 30, 1995, 15 16 between July 1, 1995 and June 30, 1996, between July 1, 1996 and June 17 30, 1997, between July 1, 1997 and June 30, 1998, between July 1, 1998 and June 30, 1999, between July 1, 1999 and June 30, 2000, between July 18 19 2000 and June 30, 2001, between July 1, 2001 and June 30, 2002, 20 between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003, between July 1, 2003 and June 21 30, 2004, between July 1, 2004 and June 30, 2005, between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006, between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007, between July 22 2007 and June 30, 2008, between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2009, 23 between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010, between July 1, 2010 and June 24 25 30, 2011, between July 1, 2011 and June 30, 2012, between July 1, 2012 26 and June 30, 2013, between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014, between July 27 2014 and June 30, 2015, between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016, between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017, between July 1, 28 2017 and June 29 30, 2018, [and] between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019, and between July 30 1, 2019 and June 30, 2020 or reimburse the hospital where the hospital 31 purchases equivalent excess coverage as defined in subparagraph (i) 32 paragraph (a) of subdivision 1-a of this section for medical or dental 33 malpractice occurrences between July 1, 1987 and June 30, 1988, between July 1, 1988 and June 30, 1989, between July 1, 1989 and June 30, 1990, 34 35 between July 1, 1990 and June 30, 1991, between July 1, 1991 and June 36 30, 1992, between July 1, 1992 and June 30, 1993, between July 1, 1993 37 and June 30, 1994, between July 1, 1994 and June 30, 1995, between July 1995 and June 30, 1996, between July 1, 1996 and June 30, 1997, 38 between July 1, 1997 and June 30, 1998, between July 1, 1998 and June 39 30, 1999, between July 1, 1999 and June 30, 2000, between July 1, 2000 40 41 and June 30, 2001, between July 1, 2001 and June 30, 2002, between July 42 2002 and June 30, 2003, between July 1, 2003 and June 30, 2004, 43 between July 1, 2004 and June 30, 2005, between July 1, 2005 and June 44 30, 2006, between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007, between July 1, 2007 45 and June 30, 2008, between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2009, between July 46 2009 and June 30, 2010, between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011, 47 between July 1, 2011 and June 30, 2012, between July 1, 2012 and June 30, 2013, between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014, between July 1, 2014 48 and June 30, 2015, between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016, between July 49 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017, between July 1, 2017 and June 30, 2018, [and] 50 between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019, and between July 1, 2019 and 51 June 30, 2020 for physicians or dentists certified as eligible for each 52 such period or periods pursuant to subdivision 2 of this section by a general hospital licensed pursuant to article 28 of the public health 54 law; provided that no single insurer shall write more than fifty percent of the total excess premium for a given policy year; and provided,

however, that such eliqible physicians or dentists must have in force an individual policy, from an insurer licensed in this state of primary malpractice insurance coverage in amounts of no less than one million 3 three hundred thousand dollars for each claimant and three million nine hundred thousand dollars for all claimants under that policy during the period of such excess coverage for such occurrences or be endorsed as 7 additional insureds under a hospital professional liability policy which 8 offered through a voluntary attending physician ("channeling") 9 program previously permitted by the superintendent of financial services 10 during the period of such excess coverage for such occurrences. During 11 such period, such policy for excess coverage or such equivalent excess 12 coverage shall, when combined with the physician's or dentist's primary 13 malpractice insurance coverage or coverage provided through a voluntary 14 attending physician ("channeling") program, total an aggregate level of 15 two million three hundred thousand dollars for each claimant and six 16 million nine hundred thousand dollars for all claimants from all such 17 policies with respect to occurrences in each of such years provided, 18 however, if the cost of primary malpractice insurance coverage in excess 19 one million dollars, but below the excess medical malpractice insur-20 ance coverage provided pursuant to this act, exceeds the rate of nine percent per annum, then the required level of primary malpractice insurance coverage in excess of one million dollars for each claimant shall 22 be in an amount of not less than the dollar amount of such coverage 23 available at nine percent per annum; the required level of such coverage 24 25 all claimants under that policy shall be in an amount not less than 26 three times the dollar amount of coverage for each claimant; and excess 27 coverage, when combined with such primary malpractice insurance coverage, shall increase the aggregate level for each claimant by one million 28 29 dollars and three million dollars for all claimants; and provided 30 further, that, with respect to policies of primary medical malpractice 31 coverage that include occurrences between April 1, 2002 and June 30, 32 2002, such requirement that coverage be in amounts no less than one 33 million three hundred thousand dollars for each claimant and three million nine hundred thousand dollars for all claimants for such occur-34 35 rences shall be effective April 1, 2002. 36

§ 2. Subdivision 3 of section 18 of chapter 266 of the laws of 1986, amending the civil practice law and rules and other laws relating to malpractice and professional medical conduct, as amended by section 2 of part M of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows: (3)(a) The superintendent of financial services shall determine and certify to each general hospital and to the commissioner of health the cost of excess malpractice insurance for medical or dental malpractice occurrences between July 1, 1986 and June 30, 1987, between July 1, 1988 and June 30, 1989, between July 1, 1989 and June 30, 1990, between July 1, 1990 and June 30, 1991, between July 1, 1991 and June 30, 1992, between July 1, 1992 and June 30, 1993, between July 1, 1993 and June 30, 1994, between July 1, 1994 and June 30, 1995, between July 1, 1995 and June 30, 1996, between July 1, 1996 and June 30, 1997, between July 1, 1997 and June 30, 1998, between July 1, 1998 and June 30, 1999, between July 1, 1999 and June 30, 2000, between July 1, 2000 and June 30, 2001, between July 1, 2001 and June 30, 2002, between July 1, and June 30, 2003, between July 1, 2003 and June 30, 2004, between July 1, 2004 and June 30, 2005, between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 54 between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007, between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2008, between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2009, between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010, between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011, between July

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1 1, 2011 and June 30, 2012, between July 1, 2012 and June 30, 2013, and 2 between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014, between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015, between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016, and between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017, between July 1, 2017 and June 30, 2018, [and] 5 between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019, and between July 1, 2019 and 6 June 30, 2020 allocable to each general hospital for physicians or 7 dentists certified as eligible for purchase of a policy for excess 8 insurance coverage by such general hospital in accordance with subdivision 2 of this section, and may amend such determination and certification as necessary.

11 (b) The superintendent of financial services shall determine and 12 certify to each general hospital and to the commissioner of health the 13 cost of excess malpractice insurance or equivalent excess coverage for 14 medical or dental malpractice occurrences between July 1, 1987 and June 15 30, 1988, between July 1, 1988 and June 30, 1989, between July 1, 1989 16 and June 30, 1990, between July 1, 1990 and June 30, 1991, between July 1, 1991 and June 30, 1992, between July 1, 1992 and June 30, 1993, 17 between July 1, 1993 and June 30, 1994, between July 1, 1994 and June 18 19 30, 1995, between July 1, 1995 and June 30, 1996, between July 1, 1996 20 and June 30, 1997, between July 1, 1997 and June 30, 1998, between July 21 1998 and June 30, 1999, between July 1, 1999 and June 30, 2000, between July 1, 2000 and June 30, 2001, between July 1, 2001 and June 22 30, 2002, between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003, between July 1, 2003 23 and June 30, 2004, between July 1, 2004 and June 30, 2005, between July 24 25 2005 and June 30, 2006, between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007, between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2008, between July 1, 2008 and June 27 30, 2009, between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010, between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011, between July 1, 2011 and June 30, 2012, between July 28 2012 and June 30, 2013, between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014, 29 between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015, between July 1, 30 2015 and June 31 30, 2016, between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017, between July 1, 2017 32 and June 30, 2018, [and] between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019, and between July 1, 2019 and June 30, 2020 allocable to each general hospi-33 34 tal for physicians or dentists certified as eligible for purchase of a 35 policy for excess insurance coverage or equivalent excess coverage by 36 such general hospital in accordance with subdivision 2 of this section, 37 and may amend such determination and certification as necessary. The 38 superintendent of financial services shall determine and certify to each 39 general hospital and to the commissioner of health the ratable share of such cost allocable to the period July 1, 1987 to December 31, 1987, to 40 41 the period January 1, 1988 to June 30, 1988, to the period July 1, 1988 42 to December 31, 1988, to the period January 1, 1989 to June 30, 1989, to 43 the period July 1, 1989 to December 31, 1989, to the period January 1, 1990 to June 30, 1990, to the period July 1, 1990 to December 31, 1990, 44 45 to the period January 1, 1991 to June 30, 1991, to the period July 1, 46 1991 to December 31, 1991, to the period January 1, 1992 to June 30, 1992, to the period July 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992, to the period 47 January 1, 1993 to June 30, 1993, to the period July 1, 1993 to December 48 31, 1993, to the period January 1, 1994 to June 30, 1994, to the period 49 July 1, 1994 to December 31, 1994, to the period January 1, 1995 to June 50 51 30, 1995, to the period July 1, 1995 to December 31, 1995, to the period January 1, 1996 to June 30, 1996, to the period July 1, 1996 to December 52 31, 1996, to the period January 1, 1997 to June 30, 1997, to the period 54 July 1, 1997 to December 31, 1997, to the period January 1, 1998 to June 30, 1998, to the period July 1, 1998 to December 31, 1998, to the period 55 January 1, 1999 to June 30, 1999, to the period July 1, 1999 to December

31, 1999, to the period January 1, 2000 to June 30, 2000, to the period July 1, 2000 to December 31, 2000, to the period January 1, 2001 to June 30, 2001, to the period July 1, 2001 to June 30, 2002, to the period 3 July 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003, to the period July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2004, to the period July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005, to the period July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006, to the period July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007, to 7 the period July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2008, to the period July 1, and June 30, 2009, to the period July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010, to the 9 period July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011, to the period July 1, 2011 and 10 June 30, 2012, to the period July 1, 2012 and June 30, 2013, to the 11 period July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014, to the period July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015, to the period July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016, [and 12 between] to the period July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017, [and] to the 13 14 period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018, [and] to the period July 1, 2018 15 to June 30, 2019, and to the period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020. 16

§ 3. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of subdivision 8 of section 18 of chapter 266 of the laws of 1986, amending the civil practice law and rules and other laws relating to malpractice and professional medical conduct, as amended by section 3 of part M of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, are amended to read as follows:

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20 21 To the extent funds available to the hospital excess liability pool pursuant to subdivision 5 of this section as amended, and pursuant 22 to section 6 of part J of chapter 63 of the laws of 2001, as may from 23 time to time be amended, which amended this subdivision, are insuffi-24 25 cient to meet the costs of excess insurance coverage or equivalent 26 excess coverage for coverage periods during the period July 1, 1992 to 27 June 30, 1993, during the period July 1, 1993 to June 30, 1994, during the period July 1, 1994 to June 30, 1995, during the period July 1, 1995 28 29 to June 30, 1996, during the period July 1, 1996 to June 30, 1997, 30 during the period July 1, 1997 to June 30, 1998, during the period July 31 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999, during the period July 1, 1999 to June 30, 32 2000, during the period July 1, 2000 to June 30, 2001, during the period 33 July 1, 2001 to October 29, 2001, during the period April 1, 2002 to June 30, 2002, during the period July 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003, during 34 the period July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2004, during the period July 1, 2004 35 36 to June 30, 2005, during the period July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006, 37 during the period July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2007, during the period July 2007 to June 30, 2008, during the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 38 2009, during the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010, during the period 39 July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011, during the period July 1, 2011 to June 40 41 30, 2012, during the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2013, during the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014, during the period July 1, 2014 to 43 June 30, 2015, during the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016, during the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017, during the period July 1, 2017 44 45 to June 30, 2018, [and] during the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019, 46 and during the period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020 allocated or reallo-47 cated in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision 4-a of this section to rates of payment applicable to state governmental agencies, 48 each physician or dentist for whom a policy for excess insurance cover-49 50 age or equivalent excess coverage is purchased for such period shall be responsible for payment to the provider of excess insurance coverage or 51 equivalent excess coverage of an allocable share of such insufficiency, 52 based on the ratio of the total cost of such coverage for such physician to the sum of the total cost of such coverage for all physicians applied 54 to such insufficiency.

(b) Each provider of excess insurance coverage or equivalent excess coverage covering the period July 1, 1992 to June 30, 1993, or covering the period July 1, 1993 to June 30, 1994, or covering the period July 1, 3 1994 to June 30, 1995, or covering the period July 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996, or covering the period July 1, 1996 to June 30, 1997, or covering the period July 1, 1997 to June 30, 1998, or covering the period July 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999, or covering the period July 1, 1999 to June 30, 7 8 2000, or covering the period July 1, 2000 to June 30, 2001, or covering 9 the period July 1, 2001 to October 29, 2001, or covering the period 10 2002 to June 30, 2002, or covering the period July 1, 2002 to 11 June 30, 2003, or covering the period July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2004, or covering the period July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005, or covering the peri-12 od July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006, or covering the period July 1, 2006 to 13 14 June 30, 2007, or covering the period July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2008, or 15 covering the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009, or covering the peri-16 od July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010, or covering the period July 1, 2010 to 17 June 30, 2011, or covering the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012, or covering the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2013, or covering the peri-18 od July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014, or covering the period July 1, 2014 to 19 20 June 30, 2015, or covering the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016, or 21 covering the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017, or covering the period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018, or covering the period July 1, 2018 to 22 June 30, 2019, or covering the period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020 23 shall notify a covered physician or dentist by mail, mailed to the 24 25 address shown on the last application for excess insurance coverage or 26 equivalent excess coverage, of the amount due to such provider from such 27 physician or dentist for such coverage period determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision. Such amount shall be due from 28 29 such physician or dentist to such provider of excess insurance coverage 30 or equivalent excess coverage in a time and manner determined by the 31 superintendent of financial services.

32 (c) If a physician or dentist liable for payment of a portion of the 33 costs of excess insurance coverage or equivalent excess coverage covering the period July 1, 1992 to June 30, 1993, or covering the period 34 July 1, 1993 to June 30, 1994, or covering the period July 1, 1994 to 35 36 June 30, 1995, or covering the period July 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996, or 37 covering the period July 1, 1996 to June 30, 1997, or covering the period July 1, 1997 to June 30, 1998, or covering the period July 1, 1998 to 38 June 30, 1999, or covering the period July 1, 1999 to June 30, 2000, or 39 covering the period July 1, 2000 to June 30, 2001, or covering the peri-40 41 od July 1, 2001 to October 29, 2001, or covering the period April 1, 42 2002 to June 30, 2002, or covering the period July 1, 2002 to June 30, 43 2003, or covering the period July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2004, or covering the period July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005, or covering the period July 1, 44 45 2005 to June 30, 2006, or covering the period July 1, 2006 to June 30, 46 2007, or covering the period July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2008, or covering 47 the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009, or covering the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010, or covering the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 48 2011, or covering the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012, or covering 49 the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2013, or covering the period July 1, 50 51 2013 to June 30, 2014, or covering the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015, or covering the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016, or covering 52 the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017, or covering the period July 1, 53 54 2017 to June 30, 2018, or covering the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019, or covering the period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020 determined in 55 accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision fails, refuses or neglects to make payment to the provider of excess insurance coverage or equivalent excess coverage in such time and manner as determined by the superintendent of financial services pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subdivision, excess insurance coverage or equivalent excess coverage purchased for such physician or dentist in accordance with this section for such coverage period shall be cancelled and shall be null and void as of the first day on or after the commencement of a policy period where the liability for payment pursuant to this subdivision has not been met.

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10 (d) Each provider of excess insurance coverage or equivalent excess 11 coverage shall notify the superintendent of financial services and the commissioner of health or their designee of each physician and dentist 12 13 eligible for purchase of a policy for excess insurance coverage or 14 equivalent excess coverage covering the period July 1, 1992 to June 30, 1993, or covering the period July 1, 1993 to June 30, 1994, or covering 15 16 the period July 1, 1994 to June 30, 1995, or covering the period July 1, 17 1995 to June 30, 1996, or covering the period July 1, 1996 to June 30, 1997, or covering the period July 1, 1997 to June 30, 1998, or covering 18 the period July 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999, or covering the period July 1, 19 20 1999 to June 30, 2000, or covering the period July 1, 2000 to June 30, 21 2001, or covering the period July 1, 2001 to October 29, 2001, or covering the period April 1, 2002 to June 30, 2002, or covering the period 22 July 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003, or covering the period July 1, 2003 to 23 June 30, 2004, or covering the period July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005, or 24 25 covering the period July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006, or covering the period July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2007, or covering the period July 1, 2007 to 27 June 30, 2008, or covering the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009, or covering the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010, or covering the peri-28 od July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011, or covering the period July 1, 2011 to 29 30 June 30, 2012, or covering the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2013, or covering the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014, or covering the peri-31 32 od July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015, or covering the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016, or covering the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017, or 33 covering the period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018, or covering the peri-34 od July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019, or covering the period July 1, 2019 to 35 36 June 30, 2020 that has made payment to such provider of excess insurance 37 coverage or equivalent excess coverage in accordance with paragraph (b) 38 of this subdivision and of each physician and dentist who has failed, 39 refused or neglected to make such payment.

(e) A provider of excess insurance coverage or equivalent excess coverage shall refund to the hospital excess liability pool any amount allocable to the period July 1, 1992 to June 30, 1993, and to the period July 1, 1993 to June 30, 1994, and to the period July 1, 1994 to June 30, 1995, and to the period July 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996, and to the period July 1, 1996 to June 30, 1997, and to the period July 1, 1997 to June 30, 1998, and to the period July 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999, and to the period July 1, 1999 to June 30, 2000, and to the period July 1, 2000 to June 30, 2001, and to the period July 1, 2001 to October 29, 2001, and to the period April 1, 2002 to June 30, 2002, and to the period July 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003, and to the period July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2004, and to the period July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005, and to the period July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006, and to the period July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2007, and to the period July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2008, and to the 54 period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009, and to the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010, and to the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011, and to the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012, and to the period July 1, 2012

to June 30, 2013, and to the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014, and to the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015, and to the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016, to the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017, and 3 to the period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018, and to the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019, and to the period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020 received from the hospital excess liability pool for purchase of excess 7 insurance coverage or equivalent excess coverage covering the period July 1, 1992 to June 30, 1993, and covering the period July 1, 1993 to 9 June 30, 1994, and covering the period July 1, 1994 to June 30, 1995, 10 and covering the period July 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996, and covering the period July 1, 1996 to June 30, 1997, and covering the period July 1, 11 1997 to June 30, 1998, and covering the period July 1, 1998 to June 30, 12 1999, and covering the period July 1, 1999 to June 30, 2000, and cover-13 14 ing the period July 1, 2000 to June 30, 2001, and covering the period 15 July 1, 2001 to October 29, 2001, and covering the period April 1, 2002 16 to June 30, 2002, and covering the period July 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003, 17 and covering the period July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2004, and covering the period July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005, and covering the period July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006, and covering the period July 1, 2006 to June 30, 18 19 20 2007, and covering the period July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2008, and cover-21 ing the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009, and covering the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010, and covering the period July 1, 2010 to 22 June 30, 2011, and covering the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012, 23 and covering the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2013, and covering the 24 25 period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014, and covering the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015, and covering the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 27 2016, and covering the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017, and covering the period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018, and covering the period 28 July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019, and covering the period July 1, 2019 to 29 30 June 30, 2020 for a physician or dentist where such excess insurance 31 coverage or equivalent excess coverage is cancelled in accordance with 32 paragraph (c) of this subdivision. 33

§ 4. Section 40 of chapter 266 of the laws of 1986, amending the civil practice law and rules and other laws relating to malpractice and professional medical conduct, as amended by section 4 of part M of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

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§ 40. The superintendent of financial services shall establish rates for policies providing coverage for physicians and surgeons medical malpractice for the periods commencing July 1, 1985 and ending June 30, [2019]] <u>2020;</u> provided, however, that notwithstanding provision of law, the superintendent shall not establish or approve any increase in rates for the period commencing July 1, 2009 and ending June 30, 2010. The superintendent shall direct insurers to establish segregated accounts for premiums, payments, reserves and investment income attributable to such premium periods and shall require periodic reports by the insurers regarding claims and expenses attributable to such periods to monitor whether such accounts will be sufficient to meet incurred claims and expenses. On or after July 1, 1989, the superintendent shall impose a surcharge on premiums to satisfy a projected deficiency that is attributable to the premium levels established pursuant to this section for such periods; provided, however, that such annual surcharge shall not exceed eight percent of the established rate until July 1, [2019] 2020, at which time and thereafter such surcharge shall not exceed twen-54 ty-five percent of the approved adequate rate, and that such annual surcharges shall continue for such period of time as shall be sufficient 56 to satisfy such deficiency. The superintendent shall not impose such

surcharge during the period commencing July 1, 2009 and ending June 30, 2010. On and after July 1, 1989, the surcharge prescribed by this section shall be retained by insurers to the extent that they insured 3 physicians and surgeons during the July 1, 1985 through June 30, [2019] 2020 policy periods; in the event and to the extent physicians and surgeons were insured by another insurer during such periods, all or a 7 pro rata share of the surcharge, as the case may be, shall be remitted to such other insurer in accordance with rules and regulations to be 9 promulgated by the superintendent. Surcharges collected from physicians 10 and surgeons who were not insured during such policy periods shall be 11 apportioned among all insurers in proportion to the premium written by each insurer during such policy periods; if a physician or surgeon was 12 13 insured by an insurer subject to rates established by the superintendent 14 during such policy periods, and at any time thereafter a hospital, 15 health maintenance organization, employer or institution is responsible 16 for responding in damages for liability arising out of such physician's 17 or surgeon's practice of medicine, such responsible entity shall also remit to such prior insurer the equivalent amount that would then be 18 collected as a surcharge if the physician or surgeon had continued to 19 20 remain insured by such prior insurer. In the event any insurer that 21 provided coverage during such policy periods is in liquidation, the property/casualty insurance security fund shall receive the portion of 22 23 surcharges to which the insurer in liquidation would have been entitled. 24 The surcharges authorized herein shall be deemed to be income earned for 25 the purposes of section 2303 of the insurance law. The superintendent, 26 in establishing adequate rates and in determining any projected defi-27 ciency pursuant to the requirements of this section and the insurance 28 law, shall give substantial weight, determined in his discretion and judgment, to the prospective anticipated effect of any regulations 29 30 promulgated and laws enacted and the public benefit of stabilizing 31 malpractice rates and minimizing rate level fluctuation during the peri-32 od of time necessary for the development of more reliable statistical experience as to the efficacy of such laws and regulations affecting 33 medical, dental or podiatric malpractice enacted or promulgated in 1985, 34 35 1986, by this act and at any other time. Notwithstanding any provision 36 of the insurance law, rates already established and to be established by 37 the superintendent pursuant to this section are deemed adequate if such 38 rates would be adequate when taken together with the maximum authorized 39 annual surcharges to be imposed for a reasonable period of time whether or not any such annual surcharge has been actually imposed as of the 40 establishment of such rates. 41

5. Section 5 and subdivisions (a) and (e) of section 6 of part J of chapter 63 of the laws of 2001, amending chapter 266 of the laws of 1986, amending the civil practice law and rules and other laws relating to malpractice and professional medical conduct, relating to the effectiveness of certain provisions of such chapter, as amended by section 5 of part M of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, are amended to read as follows:

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§ 5. The superintendent of financial services and the commissioner of health shall determine, no later than June 15, 2002, June 15, 2003, June 15, 2004, June 15, 2005, June 15, 2006, June 15, 2007, June 15, 2008, 51 52 June 15, 2009, June 15, 2010, June 15, 2011, June 15, 2012, June 15, 2013, June 15, 2014, June 15, 2015, June 15, 2016, June 15, 2017, June 54 2018, [and] June 15, 2019, and June 15, 2020 the amount of funds available in the hospital excess liability pool, created pursuant to 55 section 18 of chapter 266 of the laws of 1986, and whether such funds

are sufficient for purposes of purchasing excess insurance coverage for eligible participating physicians and dentists during the period July 1, 2001 to June 30, 2002, or July 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003, or July 1, 2003 3 to June 30, 2004, or July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005, or July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006, or July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2007, or July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2008, or July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009, or July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010, or July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011, or July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012, or July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2013, or July 1, 2013 to June 30, 7 8 9 2014, or July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015, or July 1, 2015 to June 30, 10 2016, or July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017, or July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018, or July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019, or July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020 11 12 as applicable.

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- (a) This section shall be effective only upon a determination, pursuant to section five of this act, by the superintendent of financial services and the commissioner of health, and a certification of such determination to the state director of the budget, the chair of the senate committee on finance and the chair of the assembly committee on ways and means, that the amount of funds in the hospital excess liability pool, created pursuant to section 18 of chapter 266 of the laws of 1986, is insufficient for purposes of purchasing excess insurance coverage for eligible participating physicians and dentists during the period July 1, 2001 to June 30, 2002, or July 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003, or July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2004, or July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005, or July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006, or July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2007, or July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2008, or July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009, or July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010, or July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011, or July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012, or July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2013, or July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014, or July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015, or July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016, or July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017, or July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018, or July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019, or July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020 as applicable.
- 32 (e) The commissioner of health shall transfer for deposit to the hospital excess liability pool created pursuant to section 18 of chapter 33 34 266 of the laws of 1986 such amounts as directed by the superintendent 35 financial services for the purchase of excess liability insurance 36 coverage for eligible participating physicians and dentists for the policy year July 1, 2001 to June 30, 2002, or July 1, 2002 to June 30, 38 2003, or July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2004, or July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005, or July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006, or July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2007, as applicable, and the cost of administering the hospital excess 39 40 41 liability pool for such applicable policy year, pursuant to the program 42 established in chapter 266 of the laws of 1986, as amended, no later than June 15, 2002, June 15, 2003, June 15, 2004, June 15, 2005, June 43 44 2006, June 15, 2007, June 15, 2008, June 15, 2009, June 15, 2010, 45 June 15, 2011, June 15, 2012, June 15, 2013, June 15, 2014, June 15, 46 2015, June 15, 2016, June 15, 2017, June 15, 2018, [and] June 15, 2019, 47 and June 15, 2020 as applicable.
 - § 6. Section 20 of part H of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, amending the New York Health Care Reform Act of 1996 and other laws relating to extending certain provisions thereto, as amended by section 6 of part M of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 20. Notwithstanding any law, rule or regulation to the contrary, only physicians or dentists who were eligible, and for whom the superintendent of financial services and the commissioner of health, or their designee, purchased, with funds available in the hospital excess liability pool, a full or partial policy for excess coverage or equivalent

1 excess coverage for the coverage period ending the thirtieth of June, two thousand [eighteen, shall be eligible to apply for such 3 coverage for the coverage period beginning the first of July, two thousand [eighteen; provided, however, if the total number of physicians or dentists for whom such excess coverage or equivalent excess coverage was purchased for the policy year ending the thirtieth 7 of June, two thousand [eighteen] nineteen exceeds the total number of physicians or dentists certified as eligible for the coverage period 9 beginning the first of July, two thousand [eighteen, nineteen, then the 10 general hospitals may certify additional eligible physicians or dentists 11 in a number equal to such general hospital's proportional share of the total number of physicians or dentists for whom excess coverage or 12 13 equivalent excess coverage was purchased with funds available in the 14 hospital excess liability pool as of the thirtieth of June, two thousand 15 [eighteen, as applied to the difference between the number of 16 eligible physicians or dentists for whom a policy for excess coverage or 17 equivalent excess coverage was purchased for the coverage period ending the thirtieth of June, two thousand [eighteen] nineteen and the number 18 of such eligible physicians or dentists who have applied for excess 19 20 coverage or equivalent excess coverage for the coverage period beginning 21 the first of July, two thousand [eighteen] nineteen.

22 § 7. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 23 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2019.

24 PART G

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48 49 Section 1. Intentionally omitted.

- § 2. Paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (h) of subdivision 4-a and subdivision 4-c of section 365-f of the social services law are REPEALED, and paragraph (i) of subdivision 4-a is relettered paragraph
- § 3. Subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 4-a of section 365-f of the social services law, as added by section 1 of part E of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, are amended to read as follows:
- 33 (i) "Fiscal intermediary" means an entity that provides fiscal inter-34 mediary services and has a contract for providing such services with[+ 35
 - (A) a local department of social services;
- 36 (B) an organization licensed under article forty-four of the public health law; or 37
 - (C) an accountable care organization certified under article twentynine-E of the public health law or an integrated delivery system composed primarily of health care providers recognized by the department as a performing provider system under the delivery system reform incentive payment program] the department of health and is selected through the procurement process described in paragraph (b) of this subdivision. Eligible applicants for contracts shall be entities that are capable of appropriately providing fiscal intermediary services, performing the responsibilities of a fiscal intermediary, and complying with this section, including but not limited to entities that:
 - (A) are a service center for independent living under section one thousand one hundred twenty-one of the education law; or
- 50 (B) have been established as fiscal intermediaries prior to January 51 first, two thousand twelve and have been continuously providing such 52 services for eligible individuals under this section.

Fiscal intermediary services shall include the following services, performed on behalf of the consumer to facilitate his or her role as the employer:

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- (A) wage and benefit processing for consumer directed personal assist-
 - (B) processing all income tax and other required wage withholdings;
- (C) complying with workers' compensation, disability and unemployment requirements;
- (D) maintaining personnel records for each consumer directed personal assistant, including time [sheets] records and other documentation needed for wages and benefit processing and a copy of the medical documentation required pursuant to regulations established by the commissioner;
- (E) ensuring that the health status of each consumer directed personal assistant is assessed prior to service delivery pursuant to regulations issued by the commissioner;
 - (F) maintaining records of service authorizations or reauthorizations;
- (G) monitoring the consumer's or, if applicable, the designated representative's continuing ability to fulfill the consumer's responsibilities under the program and promptly notifying the authorizing entity of any circumstance that may affect the consumer's or, if applicable, the designated representative's ability to fulfill such responsibilities;
- (H) complying with regulations established by the commissioner specifying the responsibilities of fiscal intermediaries providing services under this title; [and]
- (I) entering into a department approved memorandum of understanding with the consumer that describes the parties' responsibilities under this program; and
- (J) other related responsibilities which may include, as determined by the commissioner, assisting consumers to perform the consumers' responsibilities under this section and department regulations in a manner that does not infringe upon the consumer's responsibilities and self-direction.
- § 4. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 4-a of section 365-f of the social services law, as added by section 1 of part E of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- (b) [No entity shall provide, directly or through contract, fiscal intermediary services without an authorization as a fiscal intermediary issued by the commissioner in accordance with this subdivision] Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of section one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law, or section one hundred forty-two of the economic development law the commissioner shall enter into contracts under this subdivision with eliqible contractors that submit an offer for a contract, provided, however, that:
 - (i) the department shall post on its website:
- (A) a description of the proposed services to be provided pursuant to contracts in accordance with this subdivision;
- (B) that the selection of contractors shall be based on criteria reasonably related to the contractors' ability to provide fiscal intermediary services including but not limited to: ability to appropriately serve individuals participating in the program, geographic distribution that would ensure access in rural and underserved areas, demonstrated cultural and language competencies specific to the population of consumers and those of the available workforce, ability to provide timely 54 consumer assistance, experience serving individuals with disabilities, the availability of consumer peer support, and demonstrated compliance

with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations, including but not limited to those relating to wages and labor;

- (C) the manner by which prospective contractors may seek such selection, which may include submission by electronic means;
- 5 <u>(ii) all reasonable and responsive offers that are received from</u>
 6 <u>prospective contractors in timely fashion shall be reviewed by the</u>
 7 <u>commissioner:</u>
 - (iii) the commissioner shall award such contracts to the contractors that best meet the criteria for selection and are best suited to serve the purposes of this section and the needs of consumers;
 - (iv) all entities providing fiscal intermediary services on or before April first, two thousand nineteen, shall submit an offer for a contract under this section within sixty days after the commissioner publishes the initial offer on the department's website. Such entities shall be deemed authorized to provide such services unless: (A) the entity fails to submit an offer for a contract under this section within the sixty days; or (B) the entity's offer for a contract under this section is denied:
 - (v) all decisions made and approaches taken pursuant to this paragraph shall be documented in a procurement record as defined in section one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law; and
 - (vi) the commissioner is authorized to reoffer contracts under the same terms of this subdivision, if determined necessary by the commissioner.
 - § 5. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision 4-a of section 365-f of the social services law, as added by section 1-a of part K of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018 and as relettered by section two of this act, is amended to read as follows:
 - (i) The commissioner [may] shall require a fiscal intermediary to report annually on the direct care and administrative costs of personal assistance services as accounted for by the fiscal intermediary. The department [may] shall specify the [frequency and] format of such reports, determine the type and amount of information to be submitted, and require the submission of supporting documentation, provided, however, that the department shall provide no less than ninety calendar days' notice before such reports are due.
 - § 6. Section 365-f of the social services law is amended by adding a new subdivision 4-c to read as follows:
- 4-c. The commissioner shall convene and chair a stakeholder workgroup pertaining to fiscal intermediary services and the needs of consumers. The workgroup shall consist of, at a minimum, representatives of service centers for independent living; statewide associations of fiscal inter-mediaries; representatives of managed care entities under article forty-four of the public health law and local social service districts; consumers; and representatives of advocacy groups representing consumers of services under this section. The workgroup shall be established no later than May fifteenth, two thousand nineteen. The workgroup shall identify and develop best practices pertaining to the delivery of fiscal intermediary services; inform the criteria for use by the department for the selection of entities under subdivision four-a of this section; identify whether services differ for certain consumers and under what circumstances; inform criteria in relation to the development of quality reporting requirements; and work with the department to develop transi-54 tion plans for consumers that may need to transition to another fiscal intermediary.

7. Section 365-f of the social services law is amended by adding a new subdivision 4-d to read as follows:

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- 4-d. Fiscal intermediaries ceasing operation. (a) Where a fiscal intermediary is ceasing operation or will no longer serve the consumer's area, the fiscal intermediary shall:
- (i) deliver written notice forty-five calendar days in advance to the affected consumers, consumer representatives, personal assistants, the department, and any local social services districts or managed care plans with which the fiscal intermediary contracts. Within five business days of receipt of the notice, the local social services district or managed care plan shall acknowledge the notice and provide the affected consumers with a list of other fiscal intermediaries operating in the same county or managed care plan network as appropriate;
- (ii) not take any action that would prevent a personal assistant from moving to a new fiscal intermediary of the consumer's choice, nor require the consumer or the personal assistant to switch to a personal care or home health care program not under this section; and
- (iii) upon request and consent, promptly transfer all records relating to the individual's health and care authorizations, and personnel documents to the fiscal intermediary or personal care or home health care provider chosen by the consumer and assume all liability for omissions or errors in such records.
- (b) Where a consumer is electing to transfer his or her services to a new fiscal intermediary or a personal care or home health care provider by the consumer's independent choice, the fiscal intermediary being discontinued shall comply with subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of paragraph (a) of this subdivision.
- (c) Where a fiscal intermediary is suspending or ceasing operation pursuant to an order under subdivision four-b of this section, or has failed to submit an offer for a contract, or has been denied a contract under this section, all the provisions of this subdivision shall apply except subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of this subdivision, notice of which to all parties shall be provided by the department as appropriate.
- (d) The local social services district or managed care plan, as appropriate, shall supervise the transition of services and transfer of records and maintain provision of services by the personal assistant(s) chosen by the individual.
- (e) Any transfer under this subdivision shall not diminish any of an individual's rights relating to continuity of care, utilization review or fair hearing appeals and aid continuing.
- § 8. Subdivision 4-b of section 365-f of the social services law, added by section 1 of part E of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
 - 4-b. Actions involving the authorization of a fiscal intermediary.
- (a) [A fiscal intermediary's authorization may be revoked, suspended, limited or annulled upon thirty day's written notice to the fiscal intermediary, if the commissioner finds that the fiscal intermediary has failed to comply with the provisions of this subdivision or regulations promulgated hereunder. The department may terminate a fiscal intermediary's contract under this section or suspend or limit the fiscal intermediary's rights and privileges under the contract upon thirty day's written notice to the fiscal intermediary, if the commissioner 52 finds that the fiscal intermediary has failed to comply with the 53 54 provisions of this section or regulations promulgated hereunder. The written notice shall include:

- (i) A description of the conduct and the issues related thereto that have been identified as failure of compliance; and
 - (ii) the time frame of the conduct that fails compliance.

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- (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, upon determining that the public health or safety would be imminently endangered by the continued [authorization] operation or actions of the fiscal intermediary, the commissioner may [revoke, suspend, limit or annul the fiscal intermediary's authorization immediately.
- (b) terminate the fiscal intermediary's contract or suspend or limit the fiscal intermediary's rights and privileges under the contract immediately upon written notice.
- (c) All orders or determinations under this subdivision shall be subject to review as provided in article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.
- 15 § 9. Residential health care facilities case mix adjustment workgroup. 16 The commissioner of health or his or her designee shall convene and chair a workgroup on the implementation of the change in case \min adjustments to Medicaid rates of payment of residential health care 17 18 facilities that will take effect on July 1, 2019. The workgroup shall be 19 20 comprised of residential health care facilities or representatives from 21 such facilities, representatives from the statewide associations and 22 other such experts on case mix as required by the commissioner or his or her designee. The workgroup shall review recent case mix data and 23 related analyses conducted by the department with respect to the depart-24 ment's implementation of the July 1, 2019 change in methodology, the 25 26 department's minimum data set collection process, and case mix adjustments authorized under subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 27 2-b of section 2808 of the public health law. Such review shall seek to 28 29 promote a higher degree of accuracy in the minimum data set data, and 30 target abuses. The workgroup may offer recommendations on how to improve 31 future practice regarding accuracy in the minimum data set collection process and how to reduce or eliminate abusive practices. In developing 33 such recommendations, the workgroup shall ensure that the collection 34 process and case mix adjustment recognizes the appropriate acuity for residential health care residents. The workgroup may provide recommenda-35 36 tions regarding the proposed patient driven payment model and the admin-37 istrative complexity in revising the minimum data set collection and 38 rate promulgation processes. The commissioner shall not modify the meth-39 od used to determine the case mix adjustment for periods prior to June 40 30, 2019. Notwithstanding any changes in federal law or regulation relating to nursing home acuity reimbursement, the workgroup shall 41 report its recommendations no later than June 30, 2019. 42
 - § 10. Subdivision 2 of section 3614-c of the public health law, amended by section 5 of part S of chapter 57 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, rule or regulation, no payments by government agencies shall be made to certified home health agencies, long term home health care programs, managed care plans, $[\begin{array}{c} \bullet \mathbf{r} \end{array}]$ the consumer directed personal assistance program under section three hundred sixty-five-f of the social services law, the nursing home transition and diversion waiver program under section three hundred sixty-six of the social services law, or the traumatic brain injury waiver program under section two thousand seven hundred forty of 54 this chapter for any episode of care furnished, in whole or in part, by 55 any home care aide who is compensated at amounts less than the applica-

ble minimum rate of home care aide total compensation established pursuant to this section.

§ 11. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2019; provided however, that sections three, four, five, seven and eight of this act shall take effect January 1, 2020; and provided further that effective immediately, the commissioner of health is authorized to request offers for contracts in accordance with section four of this act, to facilitate execution of such contracts on and after January 1, 2020.

10 PART H

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11 Section 1. Subparagraph (v) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 5-b of 12 section 2807-k of the public health law is REPEALED.

2. Section 2807 of the public health law is amended by adding a new 14 subdivision 20-a to read as follows:

20-a. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the commissioners of the department of health, the office of mental health, the office of people with developmental disabilities, and the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services are authorized to waive any regulatory requirements as are necessary, consistent with applicable law, to allow providers that are involved in DSRIP projects or replication and scaling activities, as approved by the authorizing commissioner, to avoid duplication of requirements and to allow the efficient scaling and replication of DSRIP promising practices, as determined by the authorizing commissioner; provided however, that regulations pertaining to patient safety, patient autonomy, patient privacy, patient rights, due process, scope of practice, professional licensure, environmental protections, provider reimbursement methodologies, or occupational standards and employee rights may not be waived, nor shall any regulations be waived if such waiver would risk patient safety. Any regulatory action under this subdivision shall be published on the applicable website of the authorizing commissioner and shall include a description of each waiver, including a citation of each regulation waived, and a description of the project of which such relief was granted.

- § 3. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (e-1) of subdivision 4 of section 2807-c of the public health law, as amended by section 29 of part C of chapter 60 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (i) For rate periods on [and] or after April first, two thousand ten, the commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of the office of mental health, shall promulgate regulations, and may promulgate emergency regulations, establishing methodologies for determining the operating cost components of rates of payments for services described in this paragraph. [Such regulations shall utilize two thousand five operating costs as submitted to the department prior to July first, two thousand nine and shall provide for methodologies establishing per diem inpatient rates that utilize case mix adjustment mechanisms. Such regulations shall contain criteria for adjustments based on length of stay and may also provide for a base year update, provided, however, that such base year update shall take effect no earlier than April first, two thousand fifteen, and provided further, however, that the] The commissioner may make such adjustments to [such utilization and to] the methodology for computing such rates as is necessary to achieve no aggregate, net growth in overall Medicaid expenditures related to such rates, as compared to such aggregate expenditures from the prior year. In determining the

1 updated base year to be utilized pursuant to this subparagraph, the commissioner shall take into account the base year determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of subdivision thirty-five of this section.

Furthermore, the commissioner shall establish such rates in consultation with industry representatives to achieve an appropriate base year update to the operating cost components of rates of payment for services described in this paragraph and that takes into account facility cost, mix of services, and patient specific conditions.

§ 4. Intentionally omitted.

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- § 5. Intentionally omitted.
- § 6. Subdivision 5-d of section 2807-k of the public health law, amended by section 2 of part A of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:
- 5-d. (a) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this section, section twenty-eight hundred seven-w of this article or any other contrary provision of law, and subject to the availability of federal financial participation, for periods on and after January first, two thousand thirteen, through March thirty-first, two thousand twenty, all funds available for distribution pursuant to this section, except for funds distributed pursuant to subparagraph (v) of paragraph (b) subdivision five-b of this section, and all funds available for distribution pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seven-w of this article, shall be reserved and set aside and distributed in accordance with the provisions of this subdivision.
- The commissioner shall promulgate regulations, and may promulgate emergency regulations, establishing methodologies for the distribution of funds as described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision and such regulations shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (i) Such regulations shall establish methodologies for determining each facility's relative uncompensated care need amount based on uninsured inpatient and outpatient units of service from the cost reporting year two years prior to the distribution year, multiplied by the applicable medicaid rates in effect January first of the distribution year, as summed and adjusted by a statewide cost adjustment factor and reduced by the sum of all payment amounts collected from such uninsured patients, and as further adjusted by application of a nominal need computation that shall take into account each facility's medicaid inpatient share.
- (ii) Annual distributions pursuant to such regulations for the two thousand thirteen through two thousand [nineteen] twenty calendar years shall be in accord with the following:
- (A) one hundred thirty-nine million four hundred thousand dollars shall be distributed as Medicaid Disproportionate Share Hospital ("DSH") payments to major public general hospitals; and
- (B) nine hundred ninety-four million nine hundred thousand dollars as Medicaid DSH payments to eligible general hospitals, other than major public general hospitals.
- (iii)(A) Such regulations shall establish transition adjustments to the distributions made pursuant to clauses (A) and (B) of subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph such that no facility experiences a reduction in indigent care pool payments pursuant to this subdivision that is greater than the percentages, as specified in clause (C) of this subparagraph as compared to the average distribution that each such facility received 54 for the three calendar years prior to two thousand thirteen pursuant to 55 this section and section twenty-eight hundred seven-w of this article.

- (B) Such regulations shall also establish adjustments limiting the increases in indigent care pool payments experienced by facilities pursuant to this subdivision by an amount that will be, as determined by the commissioner and in conjunction with such other funding as may be available for this purpose, sufficient to ensure full funding for the transition adjustment payments authorized by clause (A) of this subpara-
- (C) No facility shall experience a reduction in indigent care pool payments pursuant to this subdivision that: for the calendar year beginning January first, two thousand thirteen, is greater than two and onehalf percent; for the calendar year beginning January first, two thousand fourteen, is greater than five percent; and, for the calendar year beginning on January first, two thousand fifteen; is greater than seven 14 and one-half percent, and for the calendar year beginning on January first, two thousand sixteen, is greater than ten percent; and for the 16 calendar year beginning on January first, two thousand seventeen, is greater than twelve and one-half percent; and for the calendar year beginning on January first, two thousand eighteen, is greater than 18 fifteen percent; and for the calendar year beginning on January first, 19 20 two thousand nineteen, is greater than seventeen and one-half percent: 21 and for the calendar year beginning on January first, two thousand twen-22 ty, is greater than twenty percent.
- (iv) Such regulations shall reserve one percent of the funds available 24 for distribution in the two thousand fourteen and two thousand fifteen calendar years, and for calendar years thereafter, pursuant to this subdivision, subdivision fourteen-f of section twenty-eight hundred seven-c of this article, and sections two hundred eleven and two hundred twelve of chapter four hundred seventy-four of the laws of nineteen hundred ninety-six, in a "financial assistance compliance pool" and shall establish methodologies for the distribution of such pool funds to facilities based on their level of compliance, as determined by the commissioner, with the provisions of subdivision nine-a of this section.
- (c) The commissioner shall annually report to the governor and the legislature on the distribution of funds under this subdivision includ-34 ing, but not limited to:
 - (i) the impact on safety net providers, including community providers, rural general hospitals and major public general hospitals;
 - (ii) the provision of indigent care by units of services and funds distributed by general hospitals; and
 - (iii) the extent to which access to care has been enhanced.
- 41 7. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 42 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2019, provided, however, that section two of this act shall expire on April 1, 2020.

44 PART I

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46 PART J

47 Section 1. This Part enacts into law major components of legislation which are necessary to protect health care consumers; increase access to 48 more affordable quality health insurance coverage; and preserve and 50 foster New York's health insurance markets. Each component is wholly contained within a Subpart identified as Subparts A through D. The 51 effective date for each particular provision contained within such

Subpart is set forth in the last section of such Subpart. Any provision in any section contained within a Subpart, including the effective date of the Subpart, which makes a reference to a section "of this act," when 3 used in connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Subpart in which it is found. Section five of this Part sets forth the general effective date of this Part.

8 SUBPART A

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9 Section 1. Section 3221 of the insurance law is amended by adding a new subsection (t) to read as follows: 10

- (t) (1) Any insurer that delivers or issues for delivery in this state hospital, surgical or medical expense group policies in the small group or large group market shall offer to any employer in this state all such policies in the applicable market, and shall accept at all times throughout the year any employer that applies for any of those policies.
- (2) The requirements of paragraph one of this subsection shall apply with respect to an employer that applies for coverage either directly from the insurer or through an association or trust to which the insurer has issued coverage and in which the employer participates.
- § 2. Paragraph 1 of subsection (g) of section 3231 of the insurance law, as amended by section 70 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (1) This section shall also apply to policies issued to a group defined in subsection (c) of section four thousand two hundred thirtyfive, including but not limited to an association or trust of employers, if the group includes one or more member employers or other member groups which have [fifty] one hundred or fewer employees or members exclusive of spouses and dependents. For policies issued or renewed on or after January first, two thousand fourteen, if the group includes one or more member small group employers eligible for coverage subject to this section, then such member employers shall be classified as small groups for rating purposes and the remaining members shall be rated consistent with the rating rules applicable to such remaining members pursuant to paragraph two of this subsection.
- § 3. Subsections (h) and (i) of section 3232 of the insurance law are REPEALED.
- § 4. Subsections (f) and (g) of section 3232 of the insurance law, as added by chapter 219 of the laws of 2011, are amended to read as follows:
- (f) [With respect to an individual under age nineteen, an insurer may not impose any pre-existing condition exclusion in an individual or group policy of hospital, medical, surgical or prescription drug expense insurance pursuant to the requirements of section 2704 of the Public 44 Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300gg-3, as made effective by section 1255(2) of the Affordable Care Act, except for an individual under age nineteen covered under an individual policy of hospital, medical, surgical or prescription drug expense insurance that is a grandfathered health plan.
- (g) Beginning January first, two thousand fourteen, pursuant to 49 50 section 2704 of the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300gg-3, an] An insurer [may shall not impose any pre-existing condition exclusion 52 in an individual or group policy of hospital, medical, surgical or 53 prescription drug expense insurance [except in an individual policy that 54 is a grandfathered health plan].

§ 5. Intentionally omitted.

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- 6. Section 4305 of the insurance law is amended by adding a new subsection (n) to read as follows:
- (n) (1) Any corporation subject to the provisions of this article that issues hospital, surgical or medical expense contracts in the small group or large group market in this state shall offer to any employer in this state all such contracts in the applicable market, and shall accept at all times throughout the year any employer that applies for any of those contracts.
- (2) The requirements of paragraph one of this subsection shall apply with respect to an employer that applies for coverage either directly from the corporation or through an association or trust to which the corporation has issued coverage and in which the employer participates.
- § 7. Paragraph 1 of subsection (d) of section 4317 of the insurance law, as amended by section 72 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (1) This section shall also apply to a contract issued to a group defined in subsection (c) of section four thousand two hundred thirtyfive of this chapter, including but not limited to an association or trust of employers, if the group includes one or more member employers or other member groups which have [fifty] one hundred or fewer employees 22 or members exclusive of spouses and dependents. For contracts issued or renewed on or after January first, two thousand fourteen, if the group includes one or more member small group employers eligible for coverage subject to this section, then such member employers shall be classified as small groups for rating purposes and the remaining members shall be rated consistent with the rating rules applicable to such remaining members pursuant to paragraph two of this subsection.
- 29 § 8. Subsections (h) and (i) of section 4318 of the insurance law are 30 REPEALED.
 - § 9. Subsections (f) and (g) of section 4318 of the insurance law, as added by chapter 219 of the laws of 2011, are amended to read as follows:
 - (f) [With respect to an individual under age nineteen, a corporation may not impose any pre-existing condition exclusion in an individual or group contract of hospital, medical, surgical or prescription drug expense insurance pursuant to the requirements of section 2704 of the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300gg-3, as made effective by section 1255(2) of the Affordable Care Act, except for an individual under age nineteen covered under an individual contract of hospital, medical, surgical or prescription drug expense insurance that is a grandfathered health plan.
- (g) Beginning January first, two thousand fourteen, pursuant to 44 section 2704 of the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300gg-3, a] A corporation [may] shall not impose any pre-existing condition exclusion in an individual or group contract of hospital, medical, surgical or prescription drug expense insurance [except in an individual contract that is a grandfathered health plan].
 - § 10. Subdivision 1 of section 4406 of the public health law, as amended by section 46-a of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. The contract between a health maintenance organization and an enrollee shall be subject to regulation by the superintendent as if it 54 were a health insurance subscriber contract, and shall include, but not 55 be limited to, all mandated benefits required by article forty-three of the insurance law. Such contract shall fully and clearly state the bene-

fits and limitations therein provided or imposed, so as to facilitate understanding and comparisons, and to exclude provisions which may be 3 misleading or unreasonably confusing. Such contract shall be issued to 4 any individual and dependents of such individual and any group of [fifty] one hundred or fewer employees or members, exclusive of spouses 6 and dependents, or to any employee or member of the group, including dependents, applying for such contract at any time throughout the year[7 7 8 and may include a pre-existing condition provision as provided for in section four thousand three hundred eighteen of the insurance law, 9 provided, however, that, the]. An individual direct payment contract 10 11 shall be issued only in accordance with section four thousand three hundred twenty-eight of the insurance law. The superintendent may, after 12 13 giving consideration to the public interest, exempt a health maintenance 14 organization from the requirements of this section provided that another 15 health insurer or health maintenance organization within the health 16 maintenance organization's same holding company system, as defined in 17 article fifteen of the insurance law, including a health maintenance organization operated as a line of business of a health service corpo-18 ration licensed under article forty-three of the insurance law, offers 19 20 coverage that, at a minimum, complies with this section and provides all 21 the consumer protections required to be provided by a health maintenance organization pursuant to this chapter and regulations, including 22 those consumer protections contained in sections four thousand four 23 hundred three and four thousand four hundred eight-a of this chapter. 24 25 The requirements shall not apply to a health maintenance organization 26 exclusively serving individuals enrolled pursuant to title eleven of 27 article five of the social services law, title eleven-D of article five of the social services law, title one-A of article twenty-five of [the 28 29 public health law] this chapter or title eighteen of the federal Social 30 Security Act, and, further provided, that such health maintenance organ-31 ization shall not discontinue a contract for an individual receiving 32 comprehensive-type coverage in effect prior to January first, two thou-33 sand four who is ineligible to purchase policies offered after such date pursuant to this section or section four thousand three hundred [twen-34 35 ty two of this article | twenty-eight of the insurance law due to the 36 provision of 42 U.S.C. 1395ss in effect prior to January first, two 37 [Subject to the creditable coverage requirements of thousand four. 38 subsection (a) of section four thousand three hundred eighteen of the insurance law, the organization may, as an alternative to the use of a 39 pre-existing condition provision, elect to offer contracts without a 40 41 pre-existing condition provision to such groups but may require that coverage shall not become effective until after a specified affiliation 42 43 period of not more than sixty days after the application for coverage is 44 submitted. The organization is not required to provide health care 45 services or benefits during such period and no premium shall be charged 46 for any coverage during the period. After January first, nineteen 47 hundred ninety six, all individual direct payment contracts shall be issued only pursuant to sections four thousand three hundred twenty-one 48 and four thousand three hundred twenty-two of the insurance law. Such 49 50 contracts may not, with respect to an eligible individual (as defined in 51 section 2741(b) of the federal Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. § 52 300gg-11(b), impose any pre-existing condition exclusion.

§ 11. This act shall take effect immediately, provided that:

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(1) sections one, three, four, six, eight and nine of this act shall 55 apply to all policies and contracts issued, renewed, modified, altered or amended on or after January 1, 2020; and

(2) sections two and seven of this act shall take effect on the same date as the reversion of paragraph 1 of subsection (g) of section 3231 and paragraph 1 of subsection (d) of section 4317 of the insurance law, as provided in section 5 of chapter 588 of the laws of 2015, as amended.

SUBPART B 5

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Section 1. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 5 of subsection (c) of section 3216 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 388 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

- (A) Any family policy providing hospital or surgical expense insurance (but not including such insurance against accidental injury only) shall 11 provide that, in the event such insurance on any person, other than the 12 policyholder, is terminated because the person is no longer within the 13 definition of the family as set forth in the policy but before such 14 person has attained the limiting age, if any, for coverage of adults specified in the policy, such person shall be entitled to have issued to 15 that person by the insurer, without evidence of insurability, upon 17 application therefor and payment of the first premium, within sixty days 18 after such insurance shall have terminated, an individual conversion 19 policy that contains the essential health benefits package described in paragraph [one] three of subsection [(b)] (f) of section [four thousand 20 three hundred twenty-eight of this chapter. The insurer shall offer one 21 22 policy at each level of coverage as defined in section 1302(d) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(d).] three thousand two hundred 23 24 seventeen-i of this article. The insurer shall offer one policy at each 25 level of coverage as defined in subsection (b) of section three thousand two hundred seventeen-i of this article. The individual may choose any 26 such policy offered by the insurer. Provided, however, the superinten-27 28 dent may, after giving due consideration to the public interest, approve 29 a request made by an insurer for the insurer to satisfy the requirements 30 this subparagraph through the offering of policies that comply with 31 this subparagraph by another insurer, corporation or health maintenance 32 organization within the insurer's holding company system, as defined in 33 article fifteen of this chapter. The conversion privilege afforded here-34 in shall also be available upon the divorce or annulment of the marriage of the policyholder to the former spouse of such policyholder.
 - § 2. Subparagraph (E) of paragraph 2 of subsection (g) of section 3216 of the insurance law, as added by chapter 388 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
 - (E) The superintendent may, after giving due consideration to the public interest, approve a request made by an insurer for the insurer to satisfy the requirements of subparagraph (C) of this paragraph through the offering of policies at each level of coverage as defined in subsection (b) of section [1302(d) of the affordable care act, 12 U.S.C. § 18022(d) | three thousand two hundred seventeen-i of this article that contains the **essential health** benefits **package** described in paragraph [ene] three of subsection [(b)] (e) of section [four thousand three hundred twenty-eight of this chapter] three thousand two hundred seventeen-i of this article by another insurer, corporation or health maintenance organization within the insurer's same holding company system, defined in article fifteen of this chapter.
 - § 3. Intentionally omitted.
- 52 § 4. Intentionally omitted.
- 53 § 5. Intentionally omitted.

§ 6. Paragraph 21 of subsection (i) of section 3216 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 469 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

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4 (21) Every policy [which] that provides coverage for prescription drugs shall include coverage for the cost of enteral formulas for home use, whether administered orally or via tube feeding, for which a physi-7 cian or other licensed health care provider legally authorized to prescribe under title eight of the education law has issued a written 9 order. Such written order shall state that the enteral formula is clear-10 ly medically necessary and has been proven effective as a disease-spe-11 cific treatment regimen. Specific diseases and disorders for which enteral formulas have been proven effective shall include, but are not 12 13 limited to, inherited diseases of amino acid or organic acid metabolism; 14 Crohn's Disease; gastroesophageal reflux; disorders of gastrointestinal 15 motility such as chronic intestinal pseudo-obstruction; and multiple, 16 severe food allergies including, but not limited to immunoglobulin E and 17 nonimmunoglobulin E-mediated allergies to multiple food proteins; severe 18 food protein induced enterocolitis syndrome; eosinophilic disorders; and impaired absorption of nutrients caused by disorders affecting the 19 20 absorptive surface, function, length, and motility of the gastrointesti-21 nal tract. Enteral formulas [which] that are medically necessary and taken under written order from a physician for the treatment of specific 22 diseases shall be distinguished from nutritional supplements taken elec-23 tively. Coverage for certain inherited diseases of amino acid and organ-24 25 ic acid metabolism as well as severe protein allergic conditions shall 26 include modified solid food products that are low protein [or which], 27 contain modified protein, or are amino acid based [which] that are medically necessary[, and such goverage for such modified solid food 28 products for any calendar year or for any continuous period of twelve 29 30 months for any insured individual shall not exceed two thousand five 31 hundred dollars].

- § 7. Paragraph 30 of subsection (i) of section 3216 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 377 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (30) Every policy [which] that provides medical coverage that includes coverage for physician services in a physician's office and every policy [which] that provides major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage shall include coverage for equipment and supplies used for the treatment of ostomies, if prescribed by a physician or other licensed health care provider legally authorized to prescribe under title eight of the education law. Such coverage shall be subject to annual deductibles and coinsurance as deemed appropriate by the superintendent. The coverage required by this paragraph shall be identical to, and shall not enhance or increase the coverage required as part of essential health benefits as [required pursuant to] defined in subsection (a) of section [2707 (a) of the public health services act 12 U.S.C. 300 gg-6(a)] three thousand two hundred seventeen-i of this article.
- § 8. Subsection (1) of section 3216 of the insurance law, as added by section 42 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (1) [On and after October first, two thousand thirteen, an] An insurer shall not offer individual hospital, medical or surgical expense insurance policies unless the policies meet the requirements of subsection (b) of section four thousand three hundred twenty-eight of this chapter. Such policies that are offered within the health benefit exchange established [pursuant to section 1311 of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. §

- 18031, or any regulations promulgated thereunder, by this state also shall meet any requirements established by the health benefit exchange.
- § 9. Subsection (m) of section 3216 of the insurance law, as added by 3 4 section 53 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to 5 read as follows:
- 6 (m) An insurer shall not be required to offer the policyholder any 7 benefits that must be made available pursuant to this section if the 8 benefits must be covered as essential health benefits. For any policy 9 issued within the health benefit exchange established [pursuant to section 1311 of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18031] by this 10 state, an insurer shall not be required to offer the policyholder any 11 benefits that must be made available pursuant to this section. For 12 purposes of this subsection, "essential health benefits" shall have the 13 14 meaning set forth in subsection (a) of section [1302(b) of the afforda-15 ble care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(b)] three thousand two hundred seven-16 teen-i of this article.
- 17 § 10. The insurance law is amended by adding a new section 3217-i to 18 read as follows:
- 19 § 3217-i. Essential health benefits package and limit on cost-sharing. (a) (1) For purposes of this article, "essential health benefits" shall 20 21 mean the following categories of benefits:
 - (A) ambulatory patient services;
 - (B) emergency services;
 - (C) hospitalization;

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- 25 (D) maternity and newborn care;
- 26 (E) mental health and substance use disorder services, including 27 behavioral health treatment;
 - (F) prescription drugs;
 - (G) rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices;
 - (H) laboratory services;
- 31 (I) preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management; 32 and
- 33 (J) pediatric services, including oral and vision care.
- (2) An insurer shall not be required to provide coverage for pediatric 35 oral services as an essential health benefit if:
- (A) for coverage offered through the exchange established by this 37 state, the exchange has determined sufficient coverage of the pediatric 38 oral benefit is available through stand-alone dental plans certified by 39 the exchange; or
 - (B) for coverage offered outside the exchange, the insurer obtains reasonable written assurance that the individual or group has obtained a stand-alone dental plan that has been approved by the superintendent as meeting exchange certification standards.
 - (b) (1) Every individual and small group accident and health insurance policy that provides hospital, surgical, or medical expense coverage and is not a grandfathered health plan shall provide coverage that meets the actuarial requirements of one of the following levels of coverage:
 - (A) Bronze Level. A plan in the bronze level shall provide a level of coverage that is designed to provide benefits that are actuarially equivalent to sixty percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under the plan;
- 52 (B) Silver Level. A plan in the silver level shall provide a level of 53 coverage that is designed to provide benefits that are actuarially 54 equivalent to seventy percent of the full actuarial value of the bene-55 <u>fits provided under the plan;</u>

- (C) Gold Level. A plan in the gold level shall provide a level of coverage that is designed to provide benefits that are actuarially equivalent to eighty percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under the plan; or
- (D) Platinum Level. A plan in the platinum level shall provide a level of coverage that is designed to provide benefits that are actuarially equivalent to ninety percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under the plan.
- (2) The superintendent may provide for a variation in the actuarial 10 values used in determining the level of coverage of a plan to account 11 for the differences in actuarial estimates.
 - (3) Every student accident and health insurance policy shall provide coverage that meets at least sixty percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under the policy. The policy's schedule of benefits shall include the level as described in paragraph one of this subsection nearest to, but below the actual actuarial value.
 - (c) Every individual or group accident and health insurance policy that provides hospital, surgical, or medical expense coverage and is not a grandfathered health plan, and every student accident and health insurance policy shall limit the insured's cost-sharing for in-network services in a policy year to not more than the maximum out-of-pocket amount determined by the superintendent for all policies subject to this section. Such amount shall not exceed any annual out-of-pocket limit on cost-sharing set by the United States secretary of health and human services, if available.
 - (d) The superintendent may require the use of model language describing the coverage requirements for any accident and health insurance policy form that is subject to the superintendent's approval pursuant to section three thousand two hundred one of this article.
 - (e) For purposes of this section:

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- 31 (1) "actuarial value" means the percentage of the total expected 32 payments by the insurer for benefits provided to a standard population, without regard to the population to whom the insurer actually provides 33 34 benefits;
- 35 (2) "cost-sharing" means annual deductibles, coinsurance, copayments, or similar charges, for covered services; 36
 - (3) "essential health benefits package" means coverage that:
 - (A) provides for essential health benefits;
 - (B) limits cost-sharing for such coverage in accordance with subsection (c) of this section; and
 - (C) provides one of the levels of coverage described in subsection (b) of this section;
 - (4) "grandfathered health plan" means coverage provided by an insurer in which an individual was enrolled on March twenty-third, two thousand ten for as long as the coverage maintains grandfathered status in accordance with section 1251(e) of the Affordable Care Act, 42 U.S.C. § 18011(e);
 - (5) "small group" means a group of one hundred or fewer employees or members exclusive of spouses and dependents; and
 - (6) "student accident and health insurance" shall have the meaning set forth in subsection (a) of section three thousand two hundred forty of this article.
- 11. Subsection (g) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as amended 54 by chapter 388 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 55 (g) For conversion purposes, an insurer shall offer to the employee or 56 member a policy at each level of coverage as defined in **subsection** (b)

1 of section [1302(d) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(d)] three thousand two hundred seventeen-i of this article that contains the essential health benefits package described in paragraph [one] three of subsection [(b)) (e) of section [four thousand three hundred twentyeight of this chapter] three thousand two hundred seventeen-i of this article. Provided, however, the superintendent may, after giving due consideration to the public interest, approve a request made by an insurer for the insurer to satisfy the requirements of this subsection and subsections (e) and (f) of this section through the offering of policies that comply with this subsection by another insurer, corpo-ration or health maintenance organization within the insurer's holding company system, as defined in article fifteen of this chapter.

§ 12. Subsection (h) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as added by section 54 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

- (h) Every small group policy or association group policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state that provides coverage for hospital, medical or surgical expense insurance and is not a grandfathered health plan shall provide coverage for the essential health [benefit] benefits package [as required in section 2707(a) of the public health service act, 12 U.S.C. § 300gg-6(a)]. For purposes of this subsection:
- (1) "essential health benefits package" shall have the meaning set forth in paragraph three of subsection (e) of section [1302(a) of the affordable dare act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(a)] three thousand two hundred seventeen-i of this article;
- (2) "grandfathered health plan" means coverage provided by an insurer in which an individual was enrolled on March twenty-third, two thousand ten for as long as the coverage maintains grandfathered status in accordance with section 1251(e) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18011(e);
- (3) "small group" means a group of [fifty or fewer employees or members exclusive of spouses and dependents; provided, however, that beginning January first, two thousand sixteen, "small group" means a group of one hundred or fewer employees or members exclusive of spouses and dependents; and
- (4) "association group" means a group defined in subparagraphs (B), (D), (H), (K), (L) or (M) of paragraph one of subsection (c) of section four thousand two hundred thirty-five of this chapter, provided that:
 - (A) the group includes one or more individual members; or
- (B) the group includes one or more member employers or other member groups that are small groups.
- § 13. Subsection (i) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as added by section 54 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (i) An insurer shall not be required to offer the policyholder any benefits that must be made available pursuant to this section if the benefits must be covered pursuant to subsection (h) of this section. For any policy issued within the health benefit exchange established [pursuant to section 1311 of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18031] by this state, an insurer shall not be required to offer the policyholder any benefits that must be made available pursuant to this section.
- § 14. Paragraph 11 of subsection (k) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 469 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:
- (11) Every policy [which] that provides coverage for prescription drugs shall include coverage for the cost of enteral formulas for home

1 use, whether administered orally or via tube feeding, for which a physician or other licensed health care provider legally authorized to prescribe under title eight of the education law has issued a written 3 4 order. Such written order shall state that the enteral formula is clearly medically necessary and has been proven effective as a disease-specific treatment regimen. Specific diseases and disorders for which enteral formulas have been proven effective shall include, but are not 7 limited to, inherited diseases of amino-acid or organic acid metabolism; 9 Crohn's Disease; gastroesophageal reflux; disorders of gastrointestinal 10 motility such as chronic intestinal pseudo-obstruction; and multiple, 11 severe food allergies including, but not limited to immunoglobulin E and nonimmunoglobulin E-mediated allergies to multiple food proteins; severe 12 13 food protein induced enterocolitis syndrome; eosinophilic disorders and 14 impaired absorption of nutrients caused by disorders affecting the 15 absorptive surface, function, length, and motility of the gastrointesti-16 nal tract. Enteral formulas [which] that are medically necessary and taken under written order from a physician for the treatment of specific 17 diseases shall be distinguished from nutritional supplements taken elec-18 tively. Coverage for certain inherited diseases of amino acid and organ-19 20 acid metabolism as well as severe protein allergic conditions shall 21 include modified solid food products that are low protein [er which], 22 contain modified protein, or are amino acid based [which] that are medically necessary[, and such goverage for such modified solid food 23 24 products for any calendar year or for any continuous period of twelve 25 months for any insured individual shall not exceed two thousand five 26 hundred dollars].

§ 15. Intentionally omitted.

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- § 16. Paragraph 19 of subsection (k) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 377 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (19) Every group or blanket accident and health insurance policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state [which] that provides medical coverage that includes coverage for physician services in a physician's office and every policy [which] that provides major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage shall include coverage for equipment and supplies used for the treatment of ostomies, if prescribed by a physician or other licensed health care provider legally authorized to prescribe under title eight of the education law. Such coverage shall be subject to annual deductibles and coinsurance as deemed appropriate by the superintendent. The coverage required by this paragraph shall be identical to, and shall not enhance or increase the coverage required as part of essential health benefits as [required pursuant to] defined in subsection (a) of section [2707 (a) of the public health services act 42 44 U.S.C. 300 gg-6(a) three thousand two hundred seventeen-i of this article.
 - § 17. Intentionally omitted.
 - § 18. Intentionally omitted.
 - § 19. Intentionally omitted.
 - § 20. Paragraph 4 of subsection (a) of section 3231 of the insurance law, as amended by section 69 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (4) For the purposes of this section, "community rated" means a rating methodology in which the premium for all persons covered by a policy 54 form is the same based on the experience of the entire pool of risks of 55 all individuals or small groups covered by the insurer without regard to age, sex, health status, tobacco usage or occupation, excluding those

individuals or small groups covered by medicare supplemental insurance. For medicare supplemental insurance coverage, "community rated" means a rating methodology in which the premiums for all persons covered by a 3 policy or contract form is the same based on the experience of the entire pool of risks covered by that policy or contract form without regard to age, sex, health status, tobacco usage or occupation. [Catastrophic health insurance policies issued pursuant to section 7 1302(e) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(e), shall be classified in a distinct community rating pool. 9

- § 21. Subsection (d) of section 3240 of the insurance law, as added by section 41 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (d) A student accident and health insurance policy or contract shall 14 provide coverage for essential health benefits as defined in subsection (a) of section [1302(b) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 16 18022(b) three thousand two hundred seventeen-i or subsection (a) of section four thousand three hundred six-h of this chapter, as applicable.
 - § 22. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 3 of subsection (d) of section 4235 of the insurance law, as added by section 60 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
 - (A) "employee" shall have the meaning set forth in [section 2791 of the public health service act, 42 U.S.C. § 300gg-91(d)(5) or any regulations promulgated thereunder | the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. § 1002(6); and
 - § 23. Intentionally omitted.

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- § 24. Intentionally omitted.
- § 25. Intentionally omitted.
- § 26. Subsection (u-1) of section 4303 of the insurance law, 30 amended by chapter 377 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
 - (u-1) A medical expense indemnity corporation or a health service corporation which provides medical coverage that includes coverage for physician services in a physician's office and every policy which provides major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage shall include coverage for equipment and supplies used for the treatment of ostomies, if prescribed by a physician or other licensed health care provider legally authorized to prescribe under title eight of the education law. Such coverage shall be subject to annual deductibles and coinsurance as deemed appropriate by the superintendent. The coverage required by this subsection shall be identical to, and shall not enhance increase the coverage required as part of essential health benefits as [required pursuant to] defined in subsection (a) of section [2707(a) of the public health services act 42 U.S.C. 300 gg-6(a) four thousand three hundred six-h of this article.
 - § 27. Subsection (y) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 469 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:
- (y) Every contract [which] that provides coverage for prescription drugs shall include coverage for the cost of enteral formulas for home use, whether administered orally or via tube feeding, for which a physician or other licensed health care provider legally authorized to prescribe under title eight of the education law has issued a written 52 order. Such written order shall state that the enteral formula is clear-54 ly medically necessary and has been proven effective as a disease-spe-55 cific treatment regimen. Specific diseases and disorders for which 56 enteral formulas have been proven effective shall include, but are not

limited to, inherited diseases of amino-acid or organic acid metabolism; Crohn's Disease; gastroesophageal reflux; disorders of gastrointestinal motility such as chronic intestinal pseudo-obstruction; and multiple, 3 severe food allergies including, but not limited to immunoglobulin E and nonimmunoglobulin E-mediated allergies to multiple food proteins; severe food protein induced enterocolitis syndrome; eosinophilic disorders; and impaired absorption of nutrients caused by disorders affecting the 7 absorptive surface, function, length, and motility of the gastrointesti-9 nal tract. Enteral formulas $[\frac{which}{}]$ \underline{that} are medically necessary and 10 taken under written order from a physician for the treatment of specific 11 diseases shall be distinguished from nutritional supplements taken electively. Coverage for certain inherited diseases of amino acid and organ-12 13 ic acid metabolism as well as severe protein allergic conditions shall 14 include modified solid food products that are low protein, [or which] 15 contain modified protein, or are amino acid based [which] that are 16 medically necessary[, and such coverage for such modified solid food 17 products for any calendar year or for any continuous period of twelve 18 months for any insured individual shall not exceed two thousand five 19 hundred dollars].

§ 28. Intentionally omitted.

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- § 29. Subsection (11) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as added by section 55 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (11) Every small group contract or association group contract [delivered or issued for delivery in this state | issued by a corporation subject to the provisions of this article that provides coverage for hospital, medical or surgical expense insurance and is not a grandfathered health plan shall provide coverage for the essential health [benefit] benefits package [as required in section 2707(a) of the public health service act, 12 U.S.C. § 300gg-6(a)]. For purposes of this subsection:
- (1) "essential health benefits package" shall have the meaning set forth in paragraph three of subsection (e) of section [1302(a) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(a)] four thousand three hundred 34 six-h of this article;
 - (2) "grandfathered health plan" means coverage provided by a corporation in which an individual was enrolled on March twenty-third, two thousand ten for as long as the coverage maintains grandfathered status in accordance with section 1251(e) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18011(e); and
 - (3) "small group" means a group of [fifty or fewer employees or members exclusive of spouses and dependents. Beginning January first, two thousand sixteen, "small group" means a group of] one hundred or fewer employees or members exclusive of spouses and dependents; and
 - (4) "association group" means a group defined in subparagraphs (B), (D), (H), (K), (L) or (M) of paragraph one of subsection (c) of section four thousand two hundred thirty-five of this chapter, provided that:
 - (A) the group includes one or more individual members; or
 - (B) the group includes one or more member employers or other member groups that are small groups.
- 51 § 30. Subsection (mm) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as added 52 by section 55 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to 53 read as follows:
- (mm) A corporation shall not be required to offer the contract holder 55 any benefits that must be made available pursuant to this section if such benefits must be covered pursuant to subsection (kk) of this

1 section. For any contract issued within the health benefit exchange established [pursuant to section 1311 of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18031] by this state, a corporation shall not be required to offer the contract holder any benefits that must be made available pursuant to this section.

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- § 31. Item (i) of subparagraph (C) of paragraph 2 of subsection (c) of section 4304 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 317 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- (i) Discontinuance of a class of contract upon not less than ninety days' prior written notice. In exercising the option to discontinue coverage pursuant to this item, the corporation must act uniformly with-11 out regard to any health status-related factor of enrolled individuals 12 13 individuals who may become eligible for such coverage and must offer 14 to subscribers or group remitting agents, as may be appropriate, the 15 option to purchase all other individual health insurance coverage currently being offered by the corporation to applicants in that market. 17 Provided, however, the superintendent may, after giving due consideration to the public interest, approve a request made by a corporation 18 for the corporation to satisfy the requirements of this item through the 19 20 offering of contracts at each level of coverage as defined in subsection 21 (b) of section [1302(d) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(d) four thousand three hundred six-h of this article that 22 contains the essential health benefits package described in paragraph 23 [one] three of subsection [(b)] (e) of section four thousand three 24 hundred [twenty-eight] six-h of this [thapter] article by another corpo-25 ration, insurer or health maintenance organization within the corpo-27 ration's same holding company system, as defined in article fifteen of 28 this chapter.
 - § 32. Paragraph 1 of subsection (e) of section 4304 of the insurance as amended by chapter 388 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) (A) If any such contract is terminated in accordance with the provisions of paragraph one of subsection (c) of this section, or any such contract is terminated because of a default by the remitting agent in the payment of premiums not cured within the grace period and the remitting agent has not replaced the contract with similar and continuous coverage for the same group whether insured or self-insured, or any such contract is terminated in accordance with the provisions of subparagraph (E) of paragraph two of subsection (c) of this section, or if an individual other than the contract holder is no longer covered under a "family contract" because the individual is no longer within the definition set forth in the contract, or a spouse is no longer covered under the contract because of divorce from the contract holder or annulment of the marriage, or any such contract is terminated because of the death of the contract holder, then such individual, former spouse, or in the case of the death of the contract holder the surviving spouse or other dependents of the deceased contract holder covered under the contract, as the case may be, shall be entitled to convert, without evidence of insurability, upon application therefor and the making of the first payment thereunder within sixty days after the date of termination of such contract, to a contract that contains the **essential health** benefits package described in paragraph [ene three of subsection [three of subsection [three three section four thousand three hundred [twenty-eight] six-h of this [chapter article.

(B) The corporation shall offer one contract at each level of coverage 56 as defined in subsection (b) of section [1302(d) of the affordable care

1 act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(d)] four thousand three hundred six-h of this article. The individual may choose any such contract offered by the 3 corporation. Provided, however, the superintendent may, after giving due 4 consideration to the public interest, approve a request made by a corporation for the corporation to satisfy the requirements of this paragraph through the offering of contracts that comply with this paragraph by another corporation, insurer or health maintenance organization within the corporation's same holding company system, as defined in article fifteen of this chapter.

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- (C) The effective date of the coverage provided by the converted direct payment contract shall be the date of the termination of coverage under the contract from which conversion was made.
- § 33. Subsection (1) of section 4304 of the insurance law, as added by section 43 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (1) [On and after October first, two thousand thirteen, a] A corporation shall not offer individual hospital, medical, or surgical expense insurance contracts unless the contracts meet the requirements of subsection (b) of section four thousand three hundred twenty-eight of this article. Such contracts that are offered within the health benefit exchange established [pursuant to section 1311 of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18031, or any regulations promulgated thereunder,] by this state also shall meet any requirements established by the health To the extent that a holder of a special purpose benefit exchange. certificate of authority issued pursuant to section four thousand four hundred three-a of the public health law offers individual hospital, medical, or surgical expense insurance contracts, the contracts shall meet the requirements of subsection (b) of section four thousand three hundred twenty-eight of this article.
- § 34. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 1 of subsection (d) of section 4305 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 388 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (A) A group contract issued pursuant to this section shall contain a provision to the effect that in case of a termination of coverage under such contract of any member of the group because of (i) termination for any reason whatsoever of the member's employment or membership, or (ii) termination for any reason whatsoever of the group contract itself unless the group contract holder has replaced the group contract with similar and continuous coverage for the same group whether insured or self-insured, the member shall be entitled to have issued to the member by the corporation, without evidence of insurability, upon application therefor and payment of the first premium made to the corporation within sixty days after termination of the coverage, an individual direct payment contract, covering such member and the member's eligible dependents who were covered by the group contract, which provides coverage that contains the **essential health** benefits **package** described in paragraph [ene] three of subsection [(b)] (e) of section four thousand three hundred [twenty-eight] six-h of this [chapter] article. The corporation shall offer one contract at each level of coverage as defined in subsection (b) of section [1302(d) of the affordable care act, 12 U.S.C. § 18022(d)] four thousand three hundred six-h of this article. The member may choose any such contract offered by the corporation. Provided, however, the superintendent may, after giving due consider-54 ation to the public interest, approve a request made by a corporation for the corporation to satisfy the requirements of this subparagraph 56 through the offering of contracts that comply with this subparagraph by

- 1 another corporation, insurer or health maintenance organization within the corporation's same holding company system, as defined in article 3 fifteen of this chapter.
- 35. The insurance law is amended by adding a new section 4306-h to 4 5 read as follows:
- 6 § 4306-h. Essential health benefits package and limit on cost-sharing. 7 (a) (1) For purposes of this article, "essential health benefits" shall 8 mean the following categories of benefits:
 - (A) ambulatory patient services;
 - (B) emergency services;
- 11 (C) hospitalization;

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- (D) maternity and newborn care; 12
- 13 (E) mental health and substance use disorder services, including 14 behavioral health treatment;
- 15 (F) prescription drugs;
- 16 (G) rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices;
- 17 (H) laboratory services;
- (I) preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management; 18 19 and
 - (J) pediatric services, including oral and vision care.
- (2) A corporation shall not be required to provide coverage for pediatric oral services as an essential health benefit if: 22
 - (A) for coverage offered through the exchange established by this state, the exchange has determined sufficient coverage of the pediatric oral benefit is available through stand-alone dental plans certified by the exchange; or
 - (B) for coverage offered outside the exchange, the corporation obtains reasonable written assurance that the individual or group has obtained a stand-alone dental plan that has been approved by the superintendent as meeting exchange certification standards.
- (b) (1) Every individual and small group contract that provides hospi-31 32 tal, surgical, or medical expense coverage and is not a grandfathered 33 health plan shall provide coverage that meets the actuarial requirements 34 of one of the following levels of coverage:
- (A) Bronze Level. A plan in the bronze level shall provide a level of 36 coverage that is designed to provide benefits that are actuarially equivalent to sixty percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under the plan;
 - (B) Silver Level. A plan in the silver level shall provide a level of coverage that is designed to provide benefits that are actuarially equivalent to seventy percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under the plan;
- (C) Gold Level. A plan in the gold level shall provide a level of coverage that is designed to provide benefits that are actuarially 44 equivalent to eighty percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under the plan; or
- 47 (D) Platinum Level. A plan in the platinum level shall provide a level 48 of coverage that is designed to provide benefits that are actuarially equivalent to ninety percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits 49 50 provided under the plan.
- 51 (2) The superintendent may provide for a variation in the actuarial 52 values used in determining the level of coverage of a plan to account 53 for the differences in actuarial estimates.
- 54 (3) Every student accident and health insurance contract shall provide 55 coverage that meets at least sixty percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under the contract. The contract's schedule of

- benefits shall include the level as described in paragraph one of this subsection nearest to, but below the actual actuarial value.
- (c) Every individual or group contract that provides hospital, surgical, or medical expense coverage and is not a grandfathered health plan, and every student accident and health insurance contract shall limit the insured's cost-sharing for in-network services in a contract year to not more than the maximum out-of-pocket amount determined by the superintendent for all contracts subject to this section. Such amount shall not exceed any annual out-of-pocket limit on cost-sharing set by the United States secretary of health and human services, if available.
- (d) The superintendent may require the use of model language describing the coverage requirements for any form that is subject to the approval of the superintendent pursuant to section four thousand three hundred eight of this article.
 - (e) For purposes of this section:

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- (1) "actuarial value" means the percentage of the total expected payments by the corporation for benefits provided to a standard population, without regard to the population to whom the corporation actually provides benefits;
- (2) "cost-sharing" means annual deductibles, coinsurance, copayments, or similar charges, for covered services;
 - (3) "essential health benefits package" means coverage that:
 - (A) provides for essential health benefits;
- (B) limits cost-sharing for such coverage in accordance with subsection (c) of this section; and
- (C) provides one of the levels of coverage described in subsection (b) of this section;
- (4) "grandfathered health plan" means coverage provided by a corporation in which an individual was enrolled on March twenty-third, two thousand ten for as long as the coverage maintains grandfathered status in accordance with section 1251(e) of the Affordable Care Act, 42 U.S.C. § 18011(e);
- (5) "small group" means a group of one hundred or fewer employees or 34 members exclusive of spouses and dependents; and
 - (6) "student accident and health insurance" shall have the meaning set forth in subsection (a) of section three thousand two hundred forty of this chapter.
 - § 36. Paragraph 4 of subsection (a) of section 4317 of the insurance law, as amended by section 72 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (4) For the purposes of this section, "community rated" means a rating 42 methodology in which the premium for all persons covered by a policy or 43 contract form is the same, based on the experience of the entire pool of risks of all individuals or small groups covered by the corporation 44 45 without regard to age, sex, health status, tobacco usage or occupation 46 excluding those individuals of small groups covered by Medicare supplemental insurance. For medicare supplemental insurance coverage, "community rated" means a rating methodology in which the premiums for all 48 persons covered by a policy or contract form is the same based on the experience of the entire pool of risks covered by that policy or 50 51 contract form without regard to age, sex, health status, tobacco usage 52 or occupation. [Catastrophic health insurance contracts issued pursuant 53 to section 1302(e) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(e), 54 shall be classified in a distinct community rating pool.

37. Subsections (d), (e) and (j) of section 4326 of the insurance law, as amended by section 56 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows:

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- (d) A qualifying group health insurance contract shall provide coverage for the essential health [benefit] benefits package as [required in] defined in paragraph three of subsection (e) of section [2707(a) of the public health service act, 12 U.S.C. § 300gg-6(a). For purposes of this subsection "essential health benefits package" shall have the meaning set forth in section 1302(a) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(a) four thousand three hundred six-h of this article.
- (e) A qualifying group health insurance contract [issued to a qualifying small employer prior to January first, two thousand fourteen that does not include all essential health benefits required pursuant to section 2707(a) of the public health service act, 42 U.S.C. § 300gg-6(a), shall be discontinued, including grandfathered health plans. For the purposes of this paragraph, "grandfathered health plans" means coverage provided by a corporation to individuals who were enrolled on March twenty-third, two thousand ten for as long as the coverage maintains grandfathered status in accordance with section 1251(e) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18011(e). A qualifying small employer shall be transitioned to a plan that provides: (1) shall provide a level of coverage that is designed to provide benefits that are actuarially equivalent to eighty percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under the plan[+ and (2) goverage for the essential health benefit package as required in section 2707(a) of the public health service act, 12 U.S.C. § 300gg-6(a)]. The superintendent shall standardize the benefit package and cost sharing requirements of qualified group health insurance contracts consistent with coverage offered through the health benefit exchange established [pursuant to section 1311 of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18031] by this state.
- (j) [Beginning January first, two thousand fourteen, pursuant to section 2704 of the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300gg-3, a] A corporation shall not impose any pre-existing condition limitation in a qualifying group health insurance contract.
- § 38. Subsection (m-1) of section 4327 of the insurance law, amended by section 58 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (m-1) In the event that the superintendent suspends the enrollment of new individuals for qualifying group health insurance contracts, the superintendent shall ensure that small employers seeking to enroll in a qualified group health insurance contract pursuant to section fortythree hundred twenty-six of this article are provided information on and directed to coverage options available through the health benefit exchange established [pursuant to section 1311 of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18031] by this state.
- § 39. Paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of subsection (b) of section 4328 of the insurance law, as added by section 46 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows:
- (1) The individual enrollee direct payment contract offered pursuant to this section shall provide coverage for the essential health [benefit benefits package as [required in defined in paragraph three of subsection (e) of section [2707(a) of the public health service act, 42 U.S.C. § 300gg-6(a). For purposes of this paragraph, "essential health 54 benefits package" shall have the meaning set forth in section 1302(a) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(a)] four thousand three hundred six-h of this article.

- (2) A health maintenance organization shall offer at least one individual enrollee direct payment contract at each level of coverage as defined in <u>subsection (b) of</u> section [1302(d) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(d)] four thousand three hundred six-h of this article. A health maintenance organization also shall offer one childonly plan, as required by section 1302(f) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(f), at each level of coverage [as required in section 2707(c) of the public health service act, 42 U.S.C. § 300gg-6(c)].
- (3) Within the health benefit exchange established [pursuant to section 1311 of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18031] by this state, a health maintenance organization may offer an individual enrollee direct payment contract that is a catastrophic health plan as defined in section 1302(e) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022(e), or any regulations promulgated thereunder.
- § 40. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 4 of subsection (b) of section 4328 of the insurance law, as added by chapter 11 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:
- (A) The individual enrollee direct payment contract offered pursuant to this section shall have the same enrollment periods, including special enrollment periods, as required for an individual direct payment contract offered within the health benefit exchange established [pursuant to section 1311 of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18031, or any regulations promulgated thereunder] by this state.
- § 41. Subsection (c) of section 4328 of the insurance law, as added by section 46 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (c) In addition to or in lieu of the individual enrollee direct payment contracts required under this section, all health maintenance organizations issued a certificate of authority under article forty-four of the public health law or licensed under this article may offer individual enrollee direct payment contracts within the health benefit exchange established [purguant to section 1311 of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18031, or any regulations promulgated thereunder] by 34 this state, subject to any requirements established by the health benefit exchange. If a health maintenance organization satisfies the requirements of subsection (a) of this section by offering individual enrollee direct payment contracts, only within the health benefit exchange, the health maintenance organization, not including a holder of special purpose certificate of authority issued pursuant to section four thousand four hundred three-a of the public health law, shall also offer at least one individual enrollee direct payment contract at each level of coverage as defined in <u>subsection</u> (b) section [1302 (d) of the affordable care act, 42 U.S.C. § 18022 (d) | four thousand three hundred six-h of this article, outside the health benefit exchange.
 - § 42. This act shall take effect on the first of January next succeeding the date on which it shall have become a law and shall apply to all policies and contracts issued, renewed, modified, altered or amended on or after such date.

49 SUBPART C

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Section 1. The insurance law is amended by adding a new section 3242 to read as follows:

§ 3242. Prescription drug coverage. (a) Every insurer that delivers 53 or issues for delivery in this state a policy that provides coverage for prescription drugs shall, with respect to the prescription drug coverage, publish an up-to-date, accurate, and complete list of all covered prescription drugs on its formulary drug list, including any tiering structure that it has adopted and any restrictions on the manner in which a prescription drug may be obtained, in a manner that is easily accessible to insureds and prospective insureds. The formulary drug list shall clearly identify the preventive prescription drugs that are available without annual deductibles or coinsurance, including co-payments.

- (b) (1) Every policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state that provides coverage for prescription drugs shall include in the policy a process that allows an insured, the insured's designee, or the insured's prescribing health care provider to request a formulary exception. With respect to the process for such a formulary exception, an insurer shall follow the process and procedures specified in article forty-nine of this chapter and article forty-nine of the public health law, except as otherwise provided in paragraphs two, three, four and five of this subsection.
- (2) (A) An insurer shall have a process for an insured, the insured's designee, or the insured's prescribing health care provider to request a standard review that is not based on exigent circumstances of a formulary exception for a prescription drug that is not covered by the policy.
- (B) An insurer shall make a determination on a standard exception request that is not based on exigent circumstances and notify the insured or the insured's designee and the insured's prescribing health care provider by telephone of its coverage determination no later than seventy-two hours following receipt of the request.
- (C) An insurer that grants a standard exception request that is not based on exigent circumstances shall provide coverage of the non-formulary prescription drug for the duration of the prescription, including refills.
- (D) For the purpose of this subsection, "exigent circumstances" means when an insured is suffering from a health condition that may seriously jeopardize the insured's life, health, or ability to regain maximum function or when an insured is undergoing a current course of treatment using a non-formulary prescription drug.
- (3) (A) An insurer shall have a process for an insured, the insured's designee, or the insured's prescribing health care provider to request an expedited review based on exigent circumstances of a formulary exception for a prescription drug that is not covered by the policy.
- (B) An insurer shall make a determination on an expedited review request based on exigent circumstances and notify the insured or the insured's designee and the insured's prescribing health care provider by telephone of its coverage determination no later than twenty-four hours following receipt of the request.
- (C) An insurer that grants an exception based on exigent circumstances shall provide coverage of the non-formulary prescription drug for the duration of the exigent circumstances.
- (4) An insurer that denies an exception request under paragraph two or three of this subsection shall provide written notice of its determination to the insured or the insured's designee and the insured's prescribing health care provider within three business days of receipt of the exception request. The written notice shall be considered a final adverse determination under section four thousand nine hundred four of this chapter or section four thousand nine hundred four of the public health law. Written notice shall also include the name or names of clin-

ically appropriate prescription drugs covered by the insurer to treat 2 the insured.

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- (5) (A) If an insurer denies a request for an exception under paragraph two or three of this subsection, the insured, the insured's designee, or the insured's prescribing health care provider shall have the right to request that such denial be reviewed by an external appeal agent certified by the superintendent pursuant to section four thousand nine hundred eleven of this chapter in accordance with article fortynine of this chapter or article forty-nine of the public health law.
- (B) An external appeal agent shall make a determination on the external appeal and notify the insurer, the insured or the insured's designee, and the insured's prescribing health care provider by telephone of its determination no later than seventy-two hours following the external appeal agent's receipt of the request, if the original request was a standard exception request under paragraph two of this subsection. The external appeal agent shall notify the insurer, the insured or the insured's designee, and the insured's prescribing health care provider in writing of the external appeal determination within two business days of rendering such determination.
- (C) An external appeal agent shall make a determination on the external appeal and notify the insurer, the insured or the insured's designee, and the insured's prescribing health care provider by telephone of its determination no later than twenty-four hours following the external appeal agent's receipt of the request, if the original request was an expedited exception request under paragraph three of this subsection and the insured's prescribing health care provider attests that exigent circumstances exist. The external appeal agent shall notify the insurer, the insured or the insured's designee, and the insured's prescribing health care provider in writing of the external appeal determination within seventy-two hours of the external appeal agent's receipt of the external appeal.
- (D) An external appeal agent shall make a determination in accordance with subparagraph (A) of paragraph four of subsection (b) of section four thousand nine hundred fourteen of this chapter or subparagraph (A) of paragraph (d) of subdivision two of section four thousand nine hundred fourteen of the public health law. When making a determination, the external appeal agent shall consider whether the formulary prescription drug covered by the insurer will be or has been ineffective, would not be as effective as the non-formulary prescription drug, or would have adverse effects.
- (E) If an external appeal agent overturns the insurer's denial of a standard exception request under paragraph two of this subsection, then the insurer shall provide coverage of the non-formulary prescription drug for the duration of the prescription, including refills. If an external appeal agent overturns the insurer's denial of an expedited exception request under paragraph three of this subsection, then the insurer shall provide coverage of the non-formulary prescription drug for the duration of the exigent circumstances.
- 49 § 2. The insurance law is amended by adding a new section 4329 to read 50 as follows:
- § 4329. Prescription drug coverage. (a) Every corporation subject to the provisions of this article that issues a contract that provides coverage for prescription drugs shall, with respect to the prescription 54 drug coverage, publish an up-to-date, accurate, and complete list of all covered prescription drugs on its formulary drug list, including any tiering structure that it has adopted and any restrictions on the manner

in which a prescription drug may be obtained, in a manner that is easily accessible to insureds and prospective insureds. The formulary drug list shall clearly identify the preventive prescription drugs that are available without annual deductibles or coinsurance, including co-payments.

- (b) (1) Every contract issued by a corporation subject to the provisions of this article that provides coverage for prescription drugs shall include in the contract a process that allows an insured, the insured's designee, or the insured's prescribing health care provider to request a formulary exception. With respect to the process for such a formulary exception, a corporation shall follow the process and procedures specified in article forty-nine of this chapter and article forty-nine of the public health law, except as otherwise provided in paragraphs two, three, four and five of this subsection.
- (2) (A) A corporation shall have a process for an insured, the insured's designee, or the insured's prescribing health care provider to request a standard review that is not based on exigent circumstances of a formulary exception for a prescription drug that is not covered by the contract.
 - (B) A corporation shall make a determination on a standard exception request that is not based on exigent circumstances and notify the insured or the insured's designee and the insured's prescribing health care provider by telephone of its coverage determination no later than seventy-two hours following receipt of the request.
- (C) A corporation that grants a standard exception request that is not based on exigent circumstances shall provide coverage of the non-formulary prescription drug for the duration of the prescription, including refills.
- (D) For the purpose of this subsection, "exigent circumstances" means when an insured is suffering from a health condition that may seriously jeopardize the insured's life, health, or ability to regain maximum function or when an insured is undergoing a current course of treatment using a non-formulary prescription drug.
- (3) (A) A corporation shall have a process for an insured, the insured's designee, or the insured's prescribing health care provider to request an expedited review based on exigent circumstances of a formulary exception for a prescription drug is not covered by the contract.
- (B) A corporation shall make a determination on an expedited review request based on exigent circumstances and notify the insured or the insured's designee and the insured's prescribing health care provider by telephone of its coverage determination no later than twenty-four hours following receipt of the request.
- (C) A corporation that grants an exception based on exigent circumstances shall provide coverage of the non-formulary prescription drug for the duration of the exigent circumstances.
- (4) A corporation that denies an exception request under paragraph two or three of this subsection shall provide written notice of its determination to the insured or the insured's designee and the insured's prescribing health care provider within three business days of receipt of the exception request. The written notice shall be considered a final adverse determination under section four thousand nine hundred four of this chapter or section four thousand nine hundred four of the public health law. Written notice shall also include the name or names of clinically appropriate prescription drugs covered by the corporation to treat the insured.
- (5) (A) If a corporation denies a request for an exception under paragraph two or three of this subsection, the insured, the insured's designation

nee, or the insured's prescribing health care provider shall have the right to request that such denial be reviewed by an external appeal agent certified by the superintendent pursuant to section four thousand nine hundred eleven of this chapter in accordance with article fortynine of this chapter and article fortynine of the public health law.

- (B) An external appeal agent shall make a determination on the external appeal and notify the corporation, the insured or the insured's designee, and the insured's prescribing health care provider by telephone of its determination no later than seventy-two hours following the external appeal agent's receipt of the request, if the original request was a standard exception request under paragraph two of this subsection. The external appeal agent shall notify the corporation, the insured or the insured's designee and the insured's prescribing health care provider in writing of the external appeal determination within two business days of rendering such determination.
- (C) An external appeal agent shall make a determination on the external appeal and notify the corporation, the insured or the insured's designee, and the insured's prescribing health care provider by telephone of its determination no later than twenty-four hours following the external appeal agent's receipt of the request, if the original request was an expedited exception request under paragraph three of this subsection and the insured's prescribing health care provider attests that exigent circumstances exist. The external appeal agent shall notify the corporation, the insured or the insured's designee and the insured's prescribing health care provider in writing of the external appeal determination within seventy-two hours of the external appeal agent's receipt of the external appeal.
- (D) An external appeal agent shall make a determination in accordance with subparagraph (A) of paragraph four of subsection (b) of section four thousand nine hundred fourteen of this chapter and subparagraph (A) of paragraph (d) of subdivision two of section four thousand nine hundred fourteen of the public health law. When making a determination, the external appeal agent shall consider whether the formulary prescription drug covered by the corporation will be or has been ineffective, would not be as effective as the non-formulary prescription drug, or would have adverse effects.
- (E) If an external appeal agent overturns the corporation's denial of a standard exception request under paragraph two of this subsection, then the corporation shall provide coverage of the non-formulary prescription drug for the duration of the prescription, including refills. If an external appeal agent overturns the corporation's denial of an expedited exception request under paragraph three of this subsection, then the corporation shall provide coverage of the non-formulary prescription drug for the duration of the exigent circumstances.
- § 3. This act shall take effect on the first of January next succeeding the date on which it shall have become a law and shall apply to all policies and contracts issued, renewed, modified, altered or amended on or after such date.

49 SUBPART D

50 Section 1. Section 2607 of the insurance law is amended to read as 51 follows:

§ 2607. Discrimination because of sex or marital status. (a) No indi-53 vidual or entity shall refuse to issue any policy of insurance, or 54 cancel or decline to renew [such] the policy because of the sex or mari-

- tal status of the applicant or policyholder or engage in sexual stere-2
- 3 (b) For the purposes of this section, "sex" shall include sexual 4 orientation, gender identity or expression, and transgender status.
- 5 § 2. The insurance law is amended by adding a new section 3243 to read 6 as follows:
- 7 § 3243. Discrimination because of sex or marital status in hospital, 8 surgical or medical expense insurance. (a) With regard to an accident 9 and health insurance policy that provides hospital, surgical, or medical 10 expense coverage or a policy of student accident and health insurance, as defined in subsection (a) of section three thousand two hundred forty 11 of this article, delivered or issued for delivery in this state, no 12 13 insurer shall because of sex, marital status or based on pregnancy, 14 false pregnancy, termination of pregnancy, or recovery therefrom, childbirth or related medical conditions: 15
- 16 (1) make any distinction or discrimination between persons as to the 17 premiums or rates charged for the policy or in any other manner whatev-18
 - (2) demand or require a greater premium from any person than it requires at that time from others in similar cases;
 - (3) make or require any rebate, discrimination or discount upon the amount to be paid or the service to be rendered on any policy;
 - (4) insert in the policy any condition, or make any stipulation, whereby the insured binds his or herself, or his or her heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, to accept any sum or service less than the full value or amount of such policy in case of a claim thereon except such conditions and stipulations as are imposed upon others in similar cases; and any such stipulation or condition so made or inserted shall be void;
 - (5) reject any application for a policy issued or sold by it;
 - (6) cancel or refuse to issue, renew or sell such policy after appropriate application therefor;
- 33 (7) fix any lower rate or discriminate in the fees or commissions of insurance agents or insurance brokers for writing or renewing such a 34 35 policy; or
 - (8) engage in sexual stereotyping.

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- (b) For the purposes of this section, "sex" shall include sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, and transgender status.
- 39 § 3. The insurance law is amended by adding a new section 4330 to read 40 as follows:
 - § 4330. Discrimination because of sex or marital status in hospital, surgical or medical expense insurance. (a) With regard to a contract issued by a corporation subject to the provisions of this article that provides hospital, surgical, or medical expense coverage or a contract of student accident and health insurance, as defined in subsection (a) of section three thousand two hundred forty of this chapter, no corporation shall because of sex, marital status or based on pregnancy, false pregnancy, termination of pregnancy, or recovery therefrom, childbirth or related medical conditions:
- (1) make any distinction or discrimination between persons as to the 51 premiums or rates charged for the contract or in any other manner what-52 ever;
- 53 (2) demand or require a greater premium from any person than it 54 requires at that time from others in similar cases;
- 55 (3) make or require any rebate, discrimination or discount upon the 56 amount to be paid or the service to be rendered on any contract;

- (4) insert in the contract any condition, or make any stipulation, whereby the insured binds his or herself, or his or her heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, to accept any sum or service less than the full value or amount of such contract in case of a claim thereon except such conditions and stipulations as are imposed upon others in similar cases; and any such stipulation or condition so made or inserted shall be void;
 - (5) reject any application for a contract issued or sold by it;
- (6) cancel or refuse to issue, renew or sell such contract after appropriate application therefor;
- (7) fix any lower rate or discriminate in the fees or commissions of insurance agents or insurance brokers for writing or renewing such a contract; or
 - (8) engage in sexual stereotyping.

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- (b) For purposes of this section, "sex" shall include sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, and transgender status.
- § 4. This act shall take effect on the first of January next succeeding the date on which it shall have become a law and shall apply to all policies and contracts issued, renewed, modified, altered or amended on or after such date.
- § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-22 sion, section or subpart of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in 24 its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or subpart thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included herein.
 - § 3. Intentionally omitted.
- § 4. Legislative intent. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature in enacting this act, that the laws of this state provide 33 consumer and market protections at least as robust as those under the 34 federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, public law 111-148, as that law existed and was interpreted on January 19, 2017.
- 36 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that the applicable effective date of Subparts A through D of this act shall 38 be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts.

39 PART K

40 Section 1. Subdivisions 4 and 5 of section 2999-h of the public health law, as added by section 52 of part H of chapter 59 of the laws of 2011, 41 42 are amended to read as follows:

4. "Qualified plaintiff" means every plaintiff or claimant who (i) has 44 been found by a jury or court to have sustained a birth-related neurological injury as the result of medical malpractice, or (ii) has sustained a birth-related neurological injury as the result of alleged medical malpractice, and has settled his or her lawsuit or claim therefor; and (iii) has been ordered to be enrolled in the fund by a court in New York state.

[5. Any reference to the "department of financial services" and the "superintendent of financial services" in this title shall mean, prior 52 to October third, two thousand eleven, respectively, the "department of 53 insurance" and "superintendent of insurance."]

§ 2. Section 2999-i of the public health law, as added by section 52 of part H of chapter 59 of the laws of 2011, subdivision 1 as amended by section 29 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

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- § 2999-i. Custody and administration of the fund. 1. (a) The commissioner of taxation and finance shall be the custodian of the fund and the special account established pursuant to section ninety-nine-t of the state finance law. All payments from the fund shall be made by the commissioner of taxation and finance upon certificates signed by the [superintendent of financial services] commissioner, or his or her designee, as hereinafter provided. The fund shall be separate and apart from any other fund and from all other state monies; provided, however, that monies of the fund may be invested as set forth in paragraph (b) of this subdivision. No monies from the fund shall be transferred to any other fund, nor shall any such monies be applied to the making of any payment for any purpose other than the purpose set forth in this title.
- (b) Any monies of the fund not required for immediate use may, at the discretion of the commissioner [of financial services] in consultation with [the commissioner of health and] the director of the budget, be invested by the commissioner of taxation and finance in obligations of the United States or the state or obligations the principal and interest of which are guaranteed by the United States or the state. The proceeds any such investment shall be retained by the fund as assets to be used for the purposes of the fund.
- 2. (a) The fund shall be administered by the [superintendent of financial services commissioner or his or her designee in accordance with the provisions of this article.
- (b) The [superintendent of financial services] commissioner shall have all powers necessary and proper to carry out the purposes of the fund.
- (c) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this section, sections one hundred twelve and one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law or any other contrary provision of law, the superintendent of financial services is authorized to [enter into a contract or contracts without a competitive bid or request for proposal process for purposes of administering the fund for the first year of its operation and in preparation therefor assign and the commissioner is authorized to receive assignment of any and all contracts entered into by the superintendent of financial services to administer the fund for periods prior to October first, two thousand nineteen.
- (d) The department [ef financial services and the department] shall post on [their websites] its website information about the fund[religibility for enrollment in the fund, and the process for enrollment in the fund.
- 3. The expense of administering the fund[including the expenses incurred by the department, | shall be paid from the fund.
 - 4. Monies for the fund will be provided pursuant to this chapter.
- 5. For the state fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand eleven and ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve, the state fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand twelve and ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen, and the state fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand thirteen and ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen, the superintendent of financial services shall cause to be deposited into the fund for each such fiscal year the amount 54 appropriated for such purpose. Beginning April first, two thousand four-55 teen and annually thereafter, the superintendent of financial services 56 or the commissioner, whoever is administering the fund for the applica-

<u>ble period</u> shall cause to be deposited into the fund, subject to available appropriations, an amount equal to the difference between the amount appropriated to the fund in the preceding fiscal year, as increased by the adjustment factor defined in subdivision seven of this section, and the assets of the fund at the conclusion of that fiscal year.

- 6. (a) Following the deposit referenced in subdivision five of this section, the [superintendent of financial services] commissioner shall conduct an actuarial calculation of the estimated liabilities of the fund for the coming year resulting from the qualified plaintiffs enrolled in the fund. The administrator shall from time to time adjust such calculation in accordance with subdivision seven of this section. If the total of all estimates of current liabilities equals or exceeds eighty percent of the fund's assets, then the fund shall not accept any new enrollments until a new deposit has been made pursuant to subdivision five of this section. When, as a result of such new deposit, the fund's liabilities no longer exceed eighty percent of the fund's assets, the fund administrator shall enroll new qualified plaintiffs in the order that an application for enrollment has been submitted in accordance with subdivision seven of section twenty-nine hundred ninety-nine-j of this title.
- (b) Whenever enrollment is suspended pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision and until such time as enrollment resumes pursuant to such paragraph: (i) notice of such suspension shall be promptly posted on the department's website [and on the website of the department of financial services]; (ii) the fund administrator shall deny each application for enrollment that had been received but not accepted prior to the date of suspension and each application for enrollment received after the date of such suspension; and (iii) notification of each such denial shall be made to the plaintiff or claimant or persons authorized to act on behalf of such plaintiff or claimant and all defendants in regard to such plaintiff or claimant, to the extent they are known to the fund administrator. Judgments and settlements for plaintiffs or claimants for whom applications are denied under this paragraph or who are not eligible for enrollment due to suspension pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be satisfied as if this title had not been enacted.
- (c) Following a suspension, whenever enrollment resumes pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision, notice that enrollment has resumed shall be promptly posted on the department's website [and on the website of the department of financial services].
- (d) The suspension of enrollment pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall not impact payment under the fund for any qualified plaintiffs already enrolled in the fund.
- 7. For purposes of this section, the adjustment factor referenced in this section shall be the ten year rolling average medical component of the consumer price index as published by the United States department of labor, bureau of labor statistics, for the preceding ten years.
- § 3. Subdivisions 2, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 15 and 16 of section 2999-j of the public health law, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 517 of the laws of 2016, paragraph (c) of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 4 of the laws of 2017, and subdivisions 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 15 and 16 as added by section 52 of part H of chapter 59 of the laws of 2011, are amended to read as follows:
- 2. The provision of qualifying health care costs to qualified plain-55 tiffs shall not be subject to prior authorization, except as described 56 by the commissioner in regulation; provided, however:

(a) such regulation shall not prevent qualified plaintiffs from receiving care or assistance that would, at a minimum, be authorized under the medicaid program;

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- (b) if any prior authorization is required by such regulation, the regulation shall require that requests for prior authorization be processed within a reasonably prompt period of time and[, subject to the provisions of subdivision two-a of this section, | shall identify a process for prompt administrative review of any denial of a request for prior authorization; and
- (c) such regulations shall not prohibit qualifying health care costs on the grounds that the qualifying health care cost may incidentally benefit other members of the household, provided that whether the qualifying health care cost primarily benefits the patient may be considered.
- 5. Claims for the payment or reimbursement from the fund of qualifying health care costs shall be made upon forms prescribed and furnished by the fund administrator [in consultation with the commissioner and] conjunction with regulations establishing a mechanism for submission of claims by health care providers directly to the fund, where practicable.
- 6. (a) Every settlement agreement for claims arising out of a plaintiff's or claimant's birth related neurological injury subject to this title, and that provides for the payment of future medical expenses for the plaintiff or claimant, shall provide that [in the event the administrator of the fund determines that the plaintiff or claimant is a qualified plaintiff, all payments for future medical expenses shall be paid in accordance with this title [-] in lieu of that portion of the settlement agreement that provides for payment of such expenses. The plaintiff's or claimant's future medical expenses shall be paid in accordance with this title. When such a settlement agreement does not so provide, the court shall direct the modification of the agreement to include such term as a condition of court approval.
- (b) In any case where the jury or court has made an award for future medical expenses arising out of a birth related neurological injury, any party to such action or person authorized to act on behalf of such party may make application to the court that the judgment reflect that, in lieu of that portion of the award that provides for payment of such expenses, [and upon a determination by the fund administrator that the plaintiff is a qualified plaintiff,] the future medical expenses of the plaintiff shall be paid out of the fund in accordance with this title. Upon a finding by the court that the applicant has made a prima facie showing that the plaintiff is a qualified plaintiff, the court shall ensure that the judgment so provides.
- 7. A qualified plaintiff shall be enrolled when (a) such plaintiff or person authorized to act on behalf of such person, upon notice to all defendants, or any of the defendants in regard to the plaintiff's claim, upon notice to such plaintiff, makes an application for enrollment by providing the fund administrator with a certified copy of the judgment or of the court approved settlement agreement; and (b) the fund administrator determines [upon the basis of such judgment or settlement agreement and any additional information the fund administrator shall request] that the relevant provisions of subdivision six of this section have been met [and that the plaintiff is a qualified plaintiff]; provided that no enrollment shall occur when the fund is closed to enrollment pursuant to subdivision six of section twenty-nine hundred ninety-nine-i of this title.
- Payments from the fund shall be made by the commissioner of taxa-56 tion and finance on the said certificate of the [superintendent-

1 financial services commissioner. No payment shall be made by the commissioner of taxation and finance in excess of the amount certified. Promptly upon receipt of the said certificate of the [superintendent of financial services commissioner, the commissioner of taxation and finance shall pay the qualified plaintiff's health care provider or reimburse the qualified plaintiff the amount so certified for payment.

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- 11. All health care providers shall accept from qualified plaintiff's or persons authorized to act on behalf of such plaintiff's assignments of the right to receive payments from the fund for qualifying health care costs. Such payments shall constitute payment in full for any services provided to a qualified plaintiff in accordance with this article.
- Health insurers (other than medicare and Medicaid) shall be the primary payers of qualifying health care costs of qualified plaintiffs. Such costs shall be paid from the fund only to the extent that health insurers or other collateral sources or other persons are not otherwise obligated to make payments therefor. Health insurers that make payments for qualifying health care costs to or on behalf of qualified plaintiffs shall have no right of recovery against and shall have no lien upon the fund or any person or entity nor shall the fund constitute an additional payment source to offset the payments otherwise contractually required to be made by such health insurers. The superintendent of financial services shall have the authority to enforce the provisions of this subdivision upon the referral of the commissioner.
- 15. The commissioner[, in consultation with the superintendent of financial services, shall promulgate, amend and enforce all rules and regulations necessary for the proper administration of the fund in accordance with the provisions of this section, including, but not limited to, those concerning the payment of claims and concerning the actuarial calculations necessary to determine, annually, the total amount to be paid into the fund as provided herein, and as otherwise needed to implement this title.
- [16. The commissioner shall convene a consumer advisory committee for the purpose of providing information, as requested by the commissioner, 34 in the development of the regulations authorized by subdivision fifteen of this section.
 - § 4. Section 5 of chapter 517 of the laws of 2016, amending the public health law relating to payments from the New York state medical indemnity fund, as amended by chapter 4 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 5. This act shall take effect on the forty-fifth day after it shall have become a law, provided that the amendments to subdivision 4 of section 2999-j of the public health law made by section two of this act shall take effect on June 30, 2017 and shall expire and be deemed repealed December 31, [2019] 2020.
 - § 5. Section 99-t of the state finance law, as added by section 52-e of part H of chapter 59 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 99-t. New York state medical indemnity fund account. 1. There is hereby established in the custody of the commissioner of taxation and finance a special account to be known as the "New York state medical indemnity fund account".
- 53 2. All moneys received by the New York state medical indemnity fund 54 pursuant to title four of article twenty-nine-D of the public health law from whatever source derived shall be deposited to the exclusive credit 56 of such fund account. Said moneys shall be kept separate and shall not

1 be commingled with any other moneys in the custody of the commissioner of taxation and finance.

- 3. The moneys in said account shall be retained by the fund and shall be released by the commissioner of taxation and finance only upon certificates signed by the [superintendent of financial services or the head of any successor agency to the department of insurance] commissioner of health or his or her designee and only for the purposes set forth in title four of article twenty-nine-D of the public health law.
- § 6. This act shall take effect October 1, 2019; provided however, on 9 10 and after April 1, 2019, the commissioner of health may take any steps 11 necessary to implement this act on its effective date; and notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of the state administrative procedure act any other provision of law, rule or regulation, the commissioner of 13 14 health is authorized to adopt or amend or promulgate on an emergency 15 basis any regulation he or she determines necessary to implement any 16 provision of this act on its effective date.

17 PART L

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Section 1. Subparagraph (C) of paragraph 6 of subsection (k) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as amended by section 1 of part K of chapter 82 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:

- (C) Coverage of diagnostic and treatment procedures, prescription drugs, used in the diagnosis and treatment of infertility as required by subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph shall be provided in accordance with the provisions of this subparagraph.
- (i) [Coverage shall be provided for persons whose ages range from twenty-one through forty-four years, provided that nothing herein shall preclude the provision of coverage to persons whose age is below or above such range.

(ii) Diagnosis and treatment of infertility shall be prescribed as part of a physician's overall plan of care and consistent with the guidelines for coverage as referenced in this subparagraph.

[(iii) Coverage may be subject to co-payments, coinsurance and deductibles as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and as are consistent with those established for other benefits within a given policy.

[(iv) Coverage shall be limited to those individuals who have been previously govered under the policy for a period of not less than twelve months, provided that for the purposes of this subparagraph "period of not less than twelve months" shall be determined by calculating such time from either the date the insured was first covered under the existing policy or from the date the insured was first covered by a previous-42 ly in-force converted policy, whichever is earlier.

(v) Coverage (iii) Except as provided in items (vi) and (vii) of this subparagraph, coverage shall not be required to include the diagnosis and treatment of infertility in connection with: (I) in vitro fertilization, gamete intrafallopian tube transfers or zygote intrafallopian tube transfers; (II) the reversal of elective sterilizations; (III) sex change procedures; (IV) cloning; or (V) medical or surgical services or procedures that are deemed to be experimental in accordance with clinical guidelines referenced in [clause (vi)] item (iv) of this subparagraph.

[(vi)] (iv) The superintendent, in consultation with the commissioner 53 of health, shall promulgate regulations which shall stipulate the guidelines and standards which shall be used in carrying out the provisions of this subparagraph, which shall include:

 (I) [The determination of "infertility" in accordance with the standards and guidelines established and adopted by the American College of Obstetricians and Cynecologists and the American Society for Reproductive Medicine;

(II) The identification of experimental procedures and treatments not covered for the diagnosis and treatment of infertility determined in accordance with the standards and guidelines established and adopted by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists and the American Society for Reproductive Medicine;

[(III)] (II) The identification of the required training, experience and other standards for health care providers for the provision of procedures and treatments for the diagnosis and treatment of infertility determined in accordance with the standards and guidelines established and adopted by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists and the American Society for Reproductive Medicine; and

[(IV)] (III) The determination of appropriate medical candidates by the treating physician in accordance with the standards and guidelines established and adopted by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists and/or the American Society for Reproductive Medicine.

(v)(I) For the purposes of this paragraph, "infertility" means a disease or condition characterized by the incapacity to impregnate another person or to conceive, defined by the failure to establish a clinical pregnancy after twelve months of regular, unprotected sexual intercourse or therapeutic donor insemination, or after six months of regular, unprotected sexual intercourse or therapeutic donor insemination for a female thirty-five years of age or older. Earlier evaluation and treatment may be warranted based on an individual's medical history or physical findings.

(II) For purposes of this paragraph, "iatrogenic infertility" means an impairment of fertility by surgery, radiation, chemotherapy or other medical treatment affecting reproductive organs or processes.

(vi) Coverage shall also include standard fertility preservation services when a medical treatment may directly or indirectly cause iatrogenic infertility to an insured. Coverage may be subject to annual deductibles and coinsurance, including copayments, as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and as are consistent with those established for other benefits within a given policy.

(vii) Every large group policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state that provides medical, major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage shall provide coverage for three cycles of in-vitro fertilization used in the treatment of infertility. Coverage may be subject to annual deductibles and coinsurance, including copayments, as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and as are consistent with those established for other benefits within a given policy. For purposes of this item, a "cycle" is defined as either all treatment that starts when: preparatory medications are administered for ovarian stimulation for oocyte retrieval with the intent of undergoing in-vitro fertilization using a fresh embryo transfer; or medications are administered for endometrial preparation with the intent of undergoing in-vitro fertilization using a frozen embryo transfer.

53 (viii) No insurer providing coverage under this paragraph shall
54 discriminate based on an insured's expected length of life, present of
55 predicted disability, degree of medical dependency, perceived quality of
56 life, or other health conditions, nor based on personal characteristics,

including age, sex, sexual orientation, marital status or gender identity.

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- § 2. Paragraph 3 of subsection (s) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as amended by section 2 of part K of chapter 82 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:
- Coverage of diagnostic and treatment procedures, including prescription drugs used in the diagnosis and treatment of infertility as required by paragraphs one and two of this subsection shall be provided in accordance with this paragraph.
- (A) [Coverage shall be provided for persons whose ages range from twenty-one through forty-four years, provided that nothing herein shall preclude the provision of coverage to persons whose age is below or above such range.
- (B) Diagnosis and treatment of infertility shall be prescribed as part of a physician's overall plan of care and consistent with the guidelines for coverage as referenced in this paragraph.
- $[\begin{array}{c} (C) \end{array}]$ (B) Coverage may be subject to co-payments, coinsurance and deductibles as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and as are consistent with those established for other benefits within a given policy.
- Coverage shall be limited to those individuals who have been [(D) 22 previously covered under the policy for a period of not less than twelve months, provided that for the purposes of this paragraph "period of not less than twelve months" shall be determined by calculating such time 25 from either the date the insured was first covered under the existing 26 policy or from the date the insured was first covered by a previously in-force converted policy, whichever is earlier.
- (E) Coverage (C) Except as provided in subparagraphs (F) and (G) of this paragraph, coverage shall not be required to include the diagnosis and treatment of infertility in connection with: (i) in vitro fertilization, gamete intrafallopian tube transfers or zygote intrafallopian tube transfers; (ii) the reversal of elective sterilizations; (iii) sex 33 change procedures; (iv) cloning; or (v) medical or surgical services or procedures that are deemed to be experimental in accordance with clinical guidelines referenced in subparagraph [(F)] (D) of this paragraph.
 - [(F)] (D) The superintendent, in consultation with the commissioner of health, shall promulgate regulations which shall stipulate the guidelines and standards which shall be used in carrying out the provisions of this paragraph, which shall include:
 - (i) [The determination of "infertility" in accordance with the standards and guidelines established and adopted by the American College of Obstetricians and Cynecologists and the American Society for Reproductive Medicine;
 - (ii) The identification of experimental procedures and treatments not covered for the diagnosis and treatment of infertility determined in accordance with the standards and guidelines established and adopted by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists and the American Society for Reproductive Medicine;
 - [(iii)] (ii) The identification of the required training, experience and other standards for health care providers for the provision of procedures and treatments for the diagnosis and treatment of infertility determined in accordance with the standards and guidelines established and adopted by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists and the American Society for Reproductive Medicine; and
- [(iv)] (iii) The determination of appropriate medical candidates by 56 the treating physician in accordance with the standards and guidelines

established and adopted by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists and/or the American Society for Reproductive Medicine.

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- (E)(i) For the purposes of this subsection, "infertility" means a disease or condition characterized by the incapacity to impregnate another person or to conceive, defined by the failure to establish a clinical pregnancy after twelve months of regular, unprotected sexual intercourse or therapeutic donor insemination, or after six months of regular, unprotected sexual intercourse or therapeutic donor insemination for a female thirty-five years of age or older. Earlier evaluation and treatment may be warranted based on an individual's medical history or physical findings.
- (ii) For purposes of this subsection, "iatrogenic infertility" means an impairment of fertility by surgery, radiation, chemotherapy or medical treatment affecting reproductive organs or processes.
 - (F) Coverage shall also include standard fertility preservation services when a medical treatment may directly or indirectly cause iatrogenic infertility to an insured. Coverage may be subject to annual deductibles and coinsurance, including copayments, as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and as are consistent with those established for other benefits within a given contract.
- (G) Every large group contract that provides medical, major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage shall provide coverage for three cycles of in-vitro fertilization used in the treatment of infertility. Coverage may be subject to annual deductibles and coinsurance, including copayments, as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and as are consistent with those established for other benefits within a given contract. For purposes of this subparagraph, a "cycle" is defined as either all treatment that starts when: preparatory medications are administered for ovarian stimulation for oocyte retrieval with the intent of undergoing in-vitro fertilization using a fresh embryo transfer; or medications are administered for endometrial preparation with the intent of undergoing in-vitro fertilization using a frozen embryo transfer.
- (H) No corporation providing coverage under this subsection shall discriminate based on an insured's expected length of life, present or predicted disability, degree of medical dependency, perceived quality of life, or other health conditions, nor based on personal characteristics, including age, sex, sexual orientation, marital status or gender identity.
- § 3. Paragraph 13 of subsection (i) of section 3216 of the insurance law is amended by adding a new subparagraph (C) to read as follows:
- (C) Every policy that provides medical, major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage shall provide coverage for standard fertility preservation services when a medical treatment may directly or indirectly cause iatrogenic infertility to an insured. Coverage may be subject to annual deductibles and coinsurance, including copayments, as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and as are consistent with those established for other benefits within a given policy.
- (i) For purposes of this subparagraph, "iatrogenic infertility" means an impairment of fertility by surgery, radiation, chemotherapy or other 50 51 medical treatment affecting reproductive organs or processes.
- 52 (ii) No insurer providing coverage under this paragraph shall discrim-53 inate based on an insured's expected length of life, present or 54 predicted disability, degree of medical dependency, perceived quality of 55 life, or other health conditions, nor based on personal characteristics,

1 including age, sex, sexual orientation, marital status or gender identity.

3 4. This act shall take effect January 1, 2020 and shall apply to S 4 policies and contracts issued, renewed, modified, altered or amended on or after such date.

6 PART M

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Section 1. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 16 of subsection (1) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as amended by a chapter of the laws of 2019, amending the insurance law and the social services law relating to requiring health insurance policies to include coverage of all FDA-approved contraceptive drugs, devices, and products, as well as voluntary sterilization procedures, contraceptive education and counseling, and related follow up services and prohibiting a health insurance policy from imposing any cost-sharing requirements or other restrictions or delays with respect to this coverage, as proposed in legislative bills numbers S. 659-a and A. 585-a, is amended and a new subparagraph (H) is added to read as follows:

- (A) Every group or blanket policy that provides medical, major medical, or similar comprehensive type coverage that is issued, amended, 20 renewed, effective or delivered on or after January first, two thousand twenty, shall provide coverage for all of the following services and contraceptive methods:
 - (1) All FDA-approved contraceptive drugs, devices, and other products. This includes all FDA-approved over-the-counter contraceptive drugs, devices, and products as prescribed or as otherwise authorized under state or federal law. The following applies to this coverage:
 - (a) where the FDA has approved one or more therapeutic and pharmaceutical equivalent, as defined by the FDA, versions of a contraceptive drug, device, or product, a group or blanket policy is not required to include all such therapeutic and pharmaceutical equivalent versions in its formulary, so long as at least one is included and covered without cost-sharing and in accordance with this paragraph;
- (b) if the covered therapeutic and pharmaceutical equivalent versions of a drug, device, or product are not available or are deemed medically inadvisable a group or blanket policy shall provide coverage for an alternate therapeutic and pharmaceutical equivalent version of the contraceptive drug, device, or product without cost-sharing. attending health care provider, in his or her reasonable professional judgment, determines that the use of a non-covered therapeutic or pharmaceutical equivalent of a drug, device, or product is warranted, the health care provider's determination shall be final. The superintendent shall promulgate regulations establishing a process, including timeframes, for an insured, an insured's designee or an insured's health 44 care provider to request coverage of a non-covered contraceptive drug, device, or product. Such regulations shall include a requirement that insurers use an exception form that shall meet criteria established by the superintendent;
 - (c) this coverage shall include emergency contraception without costsharing when provided pursuant to a prescription or order under section sixty-eight hundred thirty-one of the education law or when lawfully provided over the counter; and
- (d) this coverage must allow for the dispensing of up to twelve months 53 worth of a contraceptive at one time;

- (2) Voluntary sterilization procedures pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 18022 and identified in the comprehensive guidelines supported by the health resources and services administration and thereby incorporated in the essential health benefits benchmark plan;
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception; and

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- (4) Follow-up services related to the drugs, devices, products, and procedures covered under this paragraph, including, but not limited to, management of side effects, counseling for continued adherence, and device insertion and removal.
- (H) For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter contraceptive products" shall mean those products provided for in comprehensive guidelines supported by the health resources and services administration as of January twenty-first, two thousand nineteen.
- § 2. Paragraph 1 of subsection (cc) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as amended by a chapter of the laws of 2019, amending the insurance law and the social services law relating to requiring health insurance policies to include coverage of all FDA-approved contraceptive drugs, devices, and products, as well as voluntary sterilization procedures, contraceptive education and counseling, and related follow up services and prohibiting a health insurance policy from imposing any cost-sharing requirements or other restrictions or delays with respect to this coveras proposed in legislative bills numbers S. 659-a and A. 585-a, is amended and a new paragraph 8 is added to read as follows:
- (1) Every contract that provides medical, major medical, or similar comprehensive type coverage that is issued, amended, renewed, effective or delivered on or after January first, two thousand twenty, shall provide coverage for all of the following services and contraceptive methods:
- (A) All FDA-approved contraceptive drugs, devices, and other products. This includes all FDA-approved over-the-counter contraceptive drugs, devices, and products as prescribed or as otherwise authorized under state or federal law. The following applies to this coverage:
- (i) where the FDA has approved one or more therapeutic and pharmaceutical equivalent, as defined by the FDA, versions of a contraceptive drug, device, or product, a contract is not required to include all such therapeutic and pharmaceutical equivalent versions in its formulary, so long as at least one is included and covered without cost-sharing and in accordance with this subsection;
- (ii) if the covered therapeutic and pharmaceutical equivalent versions a drug, device, or product are not available or are deemed medically inadvisable a contract shall provide coverage for an alternate therapeutic and pharmaceutical equivalent version of the contraceptive drug, device, or product without cost-sharing. If the attending health care provider, in his or her reasonable professional judgment, determines that the use of a non-covered therapeutic or pharmaceutical equivalent of a drug, device, or product is warranted, the health care provider's determination shall be final. The superintendent shall promulgate regulations establishing a process, including timeframes, for an insured, an insured's designee or an insured's health care provider to request coverage of a non-covered contraceptive drug, device, or product. Such regulations shall include a requirement that insurers use an exception form that shall meet criteria established by the superintendent;
- (iii) this coverage shall include emergency contraception without 54 cost-sharing when provided pursuant to a prescription or order under section sixty-eight hundred thirty-one of the education law or when lawfully provided over the counter; and

- (iv) this coverage must allow for the dispensing of up to twelve months worth of a contraceptive at one time;
- (B) Voluntary sterilization procedures <u>pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 18022 and identified in the comprehensive guidelines supported by the health resources and services administration and thereby incorporated in the essential health benefits benchmark plan;</u>
 - (C) Patient education and counseling on contraception; and

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- (D) Follow-up services related to the drugs, devices, products, and procedures covered under this subsection, including, but not limited to, management of side effects, counseling for continued adherence, and device insertion and removal.
- (8) For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter contraceptive products" shall mean those products provided for in comprehensive guidelines supported by the health resources and services administration as of January twenty-first, two thousand nineteen.
- § 3. Clause (v) of subparagraph (E) of paragraph 17 of subsection (i) of section 3216 of the insurance law, as added by a chapter of the laws of 2019, amending the insurance law and the social services law relating to requiring health insurance policies to include coverage of all FDA-approved contraceptive drugs, devices, and products, as well as voluntary sterilization procedures, contraceptive education and counseling, and related follow up services and prohibiting a health insurance policy from imposing any cost-sharing requirements or other restrictions or delays with respect to this coverage, as proposed in legislative bills numbers S. 659-a and A. 585-a, is amended to read as follows:
- 27 (v) all FDA-approved contraceptive drugs, devices, and other products, 28 including all over-the-counter contraceptive drugs, devices, 29 products as prescribed or as otherwise authorized under state or federal 30 law; voluntary sterilization procedures pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 18022 and 31 identified in the comprehensive guidelines supported by the health 32 resources and services administration and thereby incorporated in the 33 essential health benefits benchmark plan; patient education and counseling on contraception; and follow-up services related to the drugs, 34 35 devices, products, and procedures covered under this clause, including, 36 but not limited to, management of side effects, counseling for continued 37 adherence, and device insertion and removal. Except as otherwise author-38 ized under this clause, a contract shall not impose any restrictions or 39 delays on the coverage required under this clause. However, where the 40 FDA has approved one or more therapeutic and pharmaceutical equivalent, 41 defined by the FDA, versions of a contraceptive drug, device, or 42 product, a contract is not required to include all such therapeutic and 43 pharmaceutical equivalent versions in its formulary, so long as at least 44 one is included and covered without cost-sharing and in accordance with 45 this clause. If the covered therapeutic and pharmaceutical equivalent 46 versions of a drug, device, or product are not available or are deemed 47 medically inadvisable a contract shall provide coverage for an alternate therapeutic and pharmaceutical equivalent version of the contraceptive 48 drug, device, or product without cost-sharing. (a) This coverage shall 49 include emergency contraception without cost sharing when provided 50 51 pursuant to a prescription, or order under section sixty-eight hundred 52 thirty-one of the education law or when lawfully provided over-the-coun-53 ter. (b) If the attending health care provider, in his or her reason-54 able professional judgment, determines that the use of a non-covered 55 therapeutic or pharmaceutical equivalent of a drug, device, or product is warranted, the health care provider's determination shall be final.

1 The superintendent shall promulgate regulations establishing a process, including timeframes, for an insured, an insured's designee or an insured's health care provider to request coverage of a non-covered contraceptive drug, device, or product. Such regulations shall include a requirement that insurers use an exception form that shall meet criteria established by the superintendent. (c) This coverage must allow for the 7 dispensing of up to twelve months worth of a contraceptive at one time. (d) For the purposes of this clause, "over-the-counter contraceptive 9 products" shall mean those products provided for in comprehensive guide-10 lines supported by the health resources and services administration as 11 of January twenty-first, two thousand nineteen.

§ 4. This act shall take effect on the same date and in the same manner as a chapter of the laws of 2019, amending the insurance law and the social services law relating to requiring health insurance policies to include coverage of all FDA-approved contraceptive drugs, devices, and products, as well as voluntary sterilization procedures, contraceptive education and counseling, and related follow up services and prohibiting a health insurance policy from imposing any cost-sharing requirements or other restrictions or delays with respect to this coverage, as proposed in legislative bills numbers S. 659-a and A. 585-a, takes effect.

22 PART N

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23 Intentionally Omitted

24 PART O

25 Section 1. Subdivision 2 of section 605 of the public health law, 26 amended by section 20 of part E of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is 27 amended to read as follows:

- 2. State aid reimbursement for public health services provided by a municipality under this title, shall be made if the municipality is providing some or all of the core public health services identified in section six hundred two of this title, pursuant to an approved application for state aid, at a rate of no less than thirty-six per centum, except for the city of New York which shall receive no less than twenty per centum, of the difference between the amount of moneys expended by the municipality for public health services required by section six hundred two of this title during the fiscal year and the base grant provided pursuant to subdivision one of this section. No such reimbursement shall be provided for services that are not eligible for state aid pursuant to this article.
- § 2. Subdivision 1 of section 616 of the public health law, as amended 41 by section 27 of part E of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. The total amount of state aid provided pursuant to this article shall be limited to the amount of the annual appropriation made by the legislature. In no event, however, shall such state aid be less than an amount to provide the full base grant and, as otherwise provided by [paragraph (a) of] subdivision two of section six hundred five of this article, [at least] no less than thirty-six per centum, except for the city of New York which shall receive no less than twenty per centum, of 50 the difference between the amount of moneys expended by the municipality 51 for eligible public health services pursuant to an approved application

for state aid during the fiscal year and the base grant provided pursuant to subdivision one of section six hundred five of this article.

§ 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

4 PART P

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Section 1. Subdivision 6 of section 1370 of the public health law, as amended by chapter 485 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows:

- "Elevated lead levels" means a blood lead level greater than or equal to [tem] five micrograms of lead per deciliter of whole blood or such lower blood lead level as may be established by the department 10 pursuant to rule or regulation. 11
 - § 1-a. (a) Within 180 days after the date on which this act takes effect, the department of health shall adopt all necessary regulations to define "elevated lead levels" to mean a blood lead level greater than or equal to 5 micrograms per deciliter of whole blood, or such lower blood lead level as the department may establish, to be utilized in its lead poisoning prevention program.
 - (b) Within 6 months after the date on which the federal department of health and human services has published guidance recommending a lower concentration of lead in blood than the concentration established pursuant to subdivision 6 of section 1370 of the public health law as the reference level for conducting an environmental intervention, department of health shall, in consultation with the New York state advisory council on lead poisoning prevention, make recommendations to the governor and the legislature recommending actions the state should take in response to such guidance.
- 27 2. Section 1151 of the public health law is amended by adding a new 28 subdivision 9 to read as follows:
- 29 9. General information regarding lead pipes reasonably known to be 30 located within the water system, as that term is defined in subdivision 31 twenty-six of section two of the public service law.
 - § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

33 PART Q

Section 1. Section 2825-f of the public health law is amended by adding two new subdivisions 4-a and 4-b to read as follows:

4-a. Notwithstanding subdivision two of this section or any inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, and upon approval of the director of the budget, the commissioner may, subject to the availability of lawful appropriation, award up to three hundred million dollars of the funds made available pursuant to this section for unfunded project applications submitted in response to the request for applications number 17648 issued by the department on January eighth, two thousand eighteen pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred twenty-five-e of this article, provided however that the provisions of subdivisions three and four of this section shall apply.

4-b. Authorized amounts to be awarded pursuant to applications submitted in response to the request for application number 17648 shall be awarded no later than May first, two thousand nineteen.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

50 PART R

Intentionally Omitted 1

2 PART S

3 Intentionally Omitted

4 PART T

5 Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "NY State of Health, The Official Health Plan Marketplace Act".

§ 2. Article 2 of the public health law is amended by adding a new 7 title VII to read as follows: 8

TITLE VII

10 NY STATE OF HEALTH

11 Section 268. Statement of policy and purposes.

268-a. Definitions.

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268-b. Establishment of NY State of Health, The Official Health Plan Marketplace.

268-c. Functions of the Marketplace.

268-d. Special functions of the Marketplace related to health plan certification and qualified health plan oversight.

268-e. Appeals and appeal hearings; judicial review.

268-f. Marketplace advisory committee.

268-g. Funding of the Marketplace.

268-h. Construction.

§ 268. Statement of policy and purposes. The purpose of this title is to codify the establishment of the health benefit exchange in New York, known as NY State of Health, The Official Health Plan Marketplace (Marketplace), in conformance with Executive Order 42 (Cuomo) issued April 12, 2012. The Marketplace shall continue to perform eligibility determinations for federal and state insurance affordability programs including medical assistance in accordance with section three hundred sixty-six of the social services law, child health plus in accordance with section twenty-five hundred eleven of this chapter, the basic 30 health program in accordance with section three hundred sixty-nine-gg of the social services law, and premium tax credits and cost-sharing reductions, together with performing eliqibility determinations for qualified health plans and such other health insurance programs as determined by the commissioner. The Marketplace shall also facilitate enrollment in insurance affordability programs, qualified health plans and other health insurance programs as determined by the commissioner, the purchase and sale of qualified health plans and/or other or additional health plans certified by the Marketplace pursuant to this title, and shall continue to have the authority to operate a small business health options program ("SHOP") to assist eligible small employers in selecting qualified health plans and/or other or additional health plans certified by the Marketplace and to determine small employer eliqibility for purposes of small employer tax credits. It is the intent of the legislature, by codifying the Marketplace in state statute, to continue to promote quality and affordable health coverage and care, reduce the number of uninsured persons, provide a transparent marketplace, educate consumers and assist individuals with access to coverage, premium assistance tax credits and cost-sharing reductions. In addition, the 50 legislature declares the intent that the Marketplace continue to be 51 properly integrated with insurance affordability programs, including

- Medicaid, child health plus and the basic health program, and such other health insurance programs as determined by the commissioner.
- § 268-a. Definitions. For purposes of this title, the following defi-4 nitions shall apply:
- 5 <u>1. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health of the state of New</u> 6 York.
- 7 2. "Marketplace" means the "NY State of Health, The official health 8 plan Marketplace" or "Marketplace" established as a health benefit 9 exchange or "marketplace" within the department of health pursuant to 10 Executive Order 42 (Cuomo) issued April 12, 2012 and this title.
- 3. "Federal act" means the patient protection and affordable care act,
 public law 111-148, as amended by the health care and education reconciliation act of 2010, public law 111-152, and any regulations or guidance issued thereunder.
- 4. "Health plan" means a policy, contract or certificate, offered or issued by an insurer to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for or reimburse any of the costs of health care services. Health plan shall not include the following:
- 19 <u>(a) accident insurance or disability income insurance, or any combina-</u>
 20 <u>tion thereof;</u>
 - (b) coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance;
- 22 (c) liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance;
 - (d) workers' compensation or similar insurance;
 - (e) automobile no-fault insurance;
 - (f) credit insurance;

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- (g) other similar insurance coverage, as specified in federal regulations, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits;
- 30 (h) limited scope dental or vision benefits, benefits for long-term
 31 care insurance, nursing home insurance, home care insurance, or any
 32 combination thereof, or such other similar, limited benefits health
 33 insurance as specified in federal regulations, if the benefits are
 34 provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance
 35 or are otherwise not an integral part of the plan;
- 36 (i) coverage only for a specified disease or illness, hospital indem-37 nity, or other fixed indemnity coverage;
- (j) Medicare supplemental insurance as defined in section 1882(g)(1)
 of the federal social security act, coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter 55 of title 10 of the United States Code, or
 similar supplemental coverage provided under a group health plan if it
 is offered as a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance;
 or
- 44 (k) the New York state medical indemnity fund established pursuant to 45 title four of article twenty-nine-D of the public health law.
 - 5. "Insurer" means an insurance company subject to article forty-two or a corporation subject to article forty-three of the insurance law, or a health maintenance organization certified pursuant to article forty-four of the public health law that contracts or offers to contract to provide, deliver, arrange, pay or reimburse any of the costs of health care services.
- 52 <u>6. "Stand-Alone dental plan" means a dental services plan that has</u>
 53 <u>been issued pursuant to applicable law and certified by the Marketplace</u>
 54 <u>in accordance with section two hundred sixty-eight-d of this title.</u>
- 55 <u>7. "Qualified health plan" means a health plan that is issued pursuant</u>
 56 to applicable law and certified by the Marketplace in accordance with

- 1 section two hundred sixty-eight-d of this title, including a stand-alone
 2 dental plan.
 - 8. "Insurance affordability program" means Medicaid, child health plus, the basic health program and any other health insurance subsidy program designated as such by the commissioner.
 - 9. "Eligible individual" means an individual, including a minor, who is eligible to enroll in an insurance affordability program or other health insurance program as determined by the commissioner.
- 9 <u>10. "Qualified individual" means, with respect to qualified health</u>
 10 <u>plans, an individual, including a minor, who:</u>
- 11 (a) is eligible to enroll in a qualified health plan offered to indi-12 viduals through the Marketplace;
 - (b) resides in this state;

- 14 <u>(c) at the time of enrollment, is not incarcerated, other than incar-</u>
 15 <u>ceration pending the disposition of charges; and</u>
- 16 (d) is, and is reasonably expected to be, for the entire period for
 17 which enrollment is sought, a citizen or national of the United States
 18 or an alien lawfully present in the United States.
- 19 <u>11. "Secretary" means the secretary of the United States department of</u> 20 <u>health and human services.</u>
 - 12. "SHOP" means the small business health options program operated by the Marketplace to assist eligible small employers in this state in selecting qualified health plans and/or other or additional health plans certified by the Marketplace and to determine small employer eligibility for purposes of small employer tax credits in accordance with applicable federal and state laws and regulations.
 - 13. "Small employer" means an employer which offers coverage where the coverage such employer offers would be considered small group coverage under the insurance law and regulations promulgated thereunder, provided that it is not otherwise prohibited under the federal act.
- 14. "Small group market" means the health insurance market under which individuals receive health insurance coverage on behalf of themselves and their dependents through a group health plan maintained by a small employer.
 - 15. "Superintendent" means the superintendent of financial services.
 - 16. "Essential health benefits" shall mean the categories of benefits defined in subsection (a) of section three thousand two hundred seventeen-i and subsection (a) of section four thousand three hundred six-h of the insurance law.
 - § 268-b. Establishment of NY State of Health, The Official Health Plan Marketplace. 1. There is hereby established an office within the department of health to be known as the "NY State of Health, The official health plan Marketplace".
 - 2. The purpose of the Marketplace is to facilitate enrollment in health coverage and the purchase and sale of qualified health plans and other health plans certified by the Marketplace; enroll individuals in coverage for which they are eligible in accordance with federal and state law; enable eligible individuals to receive premium tax credits, cost-sharing reductions, and to access insurance affordability programs and other health insurance programs as determined by the commissioner; assist eligible small employers in selecting qualified health plans and/or other, or additional health plans certified by the Marketplace and to qualify for small employer tax credits in accordance with applicable law; and to carry out other functions set forth in this title.
 - § 268-c. Functions of the Marketplace. The Marketplace shall:

1. (a) Perform eligibility determinations for federal and state insurance affordability programs including medical assistance in accordance with section three hundred sixty-six of the social services law, child health plus in accordance with section twenty-five hundred eleven of this chapter, the basic health program in accordance with section three hundred sixty-nine-gg of the social services law, premium tax credits and cost-sharing reductions and qualified health plans in accordance with applicable law and other health insurance programs as determined by the commissioner;

- (b) certify and make available to qualified individuals, qualified health plans, including dental plans, certified by the Marketplace pursuant to applicable law, provided that coverage under such plans shall not become effective prior to certification by the Marketplace; and
- (c) certify and/or make available to eligible individuals, health plans certified by the Marketplace pursuant to applicable law, and/or participating in an insurance affordability program pursuant to applicable law, provided that coverage under such plans shall not become effective prior to certification by the Marketplace, and/or approval by the commissioner.
- 2. Assign an actuarial value to each Marketplace certified plan offered through the Marketplace in accordance with the criteria developed by the secretary pursuant to federal law or the superintendent pursuant to the insurance law and/or requirements developed by the Marketplace, and determine each health plan's level of coverage in accordance with regulations issued by the secretary pursuant to federal law or the superintendent pursuant to the insurance law.
- 3. Utilize a standardized format for presenting health benefit options in the Marketplace, including the use of the uniform outline of coverage established under section 2715 of the federal public health service act or the insurance law.
- 4. Standardize the benefits available through the Marketplace at each level of coverage defined by the superintendent in the insurance law.
 - 5. Maintain enrollment periods in the best interest of qualified individuals consistent with federal and state law.
 - 6. Implement procedures for the certification, recertification and decertification of health plans as qualified health plans or health plans approved for sale by the department of financial services or department of health and certified by the Marketplace, consistent with quidelines developed by the secretary pursuant to section 1311(c) of the federal act and requirements developed by the Marketplace.
- 7. Contract for health care coverage offered to qualified individuals through the Marketplace, and in doing so shall seek to provide health care coverage choices that offer the optimal combination of choice, value, quality, and service.
- 8. Contract for health care coverage offered to certain eligible individuals through the Marketplace, pursuant to health insurance programs as determined by the commissioner, and in doing so shall seek to provide health care coverage choices that offer the optimal combination of choice, value, quality, and service;
- 9. Provide the minimum requirements an insurer shall meet to participate in the Marketplace, in the best interest of qualified individuals or eligible individuals;
- 54 <u>10. Require qualified health plans and/or other health plans certified</u>
 55 <u>by the Marketplace to offer those benefits determined to be essential</u>
 56 <u>health benefits pursuant to state law or as required by the Marketplace.</u>

11. Ensure that insurers offering health plans through the Marketplace do not charge an individual enrollee a fee or penalty for termination of coverage.

- 12. Provide for the operation of a toll-free telephone hotline to respond to requests for assistance.
- 13. Maintain an internet website through which enrollees and prospective enrollees of qualified health plans and health plans certified by the Marketplace may obtain standardized comparative information on such plans and insurance affordability programs.
- 10 14. Make available by electronic means a calculator to determine the
 11 actual cost of coverage after the application of any premium tax credit
 12 under section 36B of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or applicable
 13 state law and any cost-sharing reduction under federal or applicable
 14 state law.
 - 15. Operate a program under which the Marketplace awards grants to entities to serve as navigators in accordance with applicable federal law and regulations adopted thereunder, and/or a program under which the Marketplace awards grants to entities to provide community based enrollment assistance in accordance with requirements developed by the Marketplace; and/or a program under which the Marketplace certifies New York state licensed producers to provide assistance to eligible individuals and/or small employers pursuant to federal or state law.
 - 16. In accordance with applicable federal and state law, inform individuals of eligibility requirements for the Medicaid program under title XIX of the social security act and the social services law, the children's health insurance program (CHIP) under title XXI of the social security act and this chapter, the basic health program under section three hundred sixty-nine-gg of the social services law, or any applicable state or local public health insurance program and if, through screening of the application by the Marketplace, the Marketplace determines that such individuals are eligible for any such program, enroll such individuals in such program.
 - 17. Grant a certification that an individual is exempt from the requirement to maintain minimum essential coverage pursuant to federal or state law and from any penalties imposed by such requirements because:
- 37 <u>(a) there is no affordable health plan available covering the individ-</u>
 38 <u>ual, as defined by applicable law; or</u>
 - (b) the individual meets the requirements for any other such exemption from the requirement to maintain minimum essential coverage or to pay the penalty pursuant to applicable federal or state law.
 - 18. Operate a small business health options program ("SHOP") pursuant to section 1311 of the federal act and applicable state law, through which eligible small employers may select marketplace-certified qualified health plans offered in the small group market, and through which eligible small employers may receive assistance in qualifying for small business tax credits available pursuant to federal and state law.
 - 19. Enter into agreements as necessary with federal and state agencies and other state Marketplaces to carry out its responsibilities under this title, provided such agreements include adequate protections with respect to the confidentiality of any information to be shared and comply with all state and federal laws and regulations.
- 20. Perform duties required by the secretary, the secretary of the
 United States department of the treasury or the commissioner related to
 determining eligibility for premium tax credits or reduced cost-sharing
 under applicable federal or state law.

- 21. Meet program integrity requirements under applicable law, including keeping an accurate accounting of receipts and expenditures and providing reports to the secretary regarding Marketplace related activities in accordance with applicable law.
- 5 22. Submit information provided by Marketplace applicants for verifi-6 cation as required by section 1411(c) of the federal act and applicable 7 state law.
- 8 23. Establish rules and regulations that do not conflict with or 9 prevent the application of regulations promulgated by the secretary.
- 10 24. Determine eligibility, provide notices, and provide opportunities for appeal and redetermination in accordance with the requirements of 11 federal and state law. 12
 - § 268-d. Special functions of the Marketplace related to health plan certification and qualified health plan oversight. 1. Health plans certified by the Marketplace shall meet the following requirements:
 - (a) The insurer offering the health plan:

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- (i) is licensed or certified by the superintendent or commissioner, in good standing to offer health insurance coverage in this state, and meets the requirements established by the Marketplace;
- (ii) offers at least one qualified health plan and/or other or additional health plans authorized for sale by the department of financial services or the department in each of the silver and gold levels as required by state law, provided, however, that the Marketplace may require additional benefit levels to be offered by all insurers partic-<u>ipating</u> in the Marketplace;
- (iii) has filed with and received approval from the superintendent of its premium rates and policy or contract forms pursuant to the insurance law and/or this chapter;
- (iv) does not charge any cancellation fees or penalties for termination of coverage in violation of applicable law; and
- (v) complies with the regulations developed by the secretary under section 1311(c) of the federal act and such other requirements as the Marketplace may establish.
- (b) The health plan: (i) provides the essential health benefits package described in state law or required by the Marketplace and includes such additional benefits as are mandated by state law, except that the health plan shall not be required to provide essential benefits that duplicate the minimum benefits of qualified dental plans if:
- (A) the Marketplace has determined that at least one qualified dental plan or dental plan approved by the department of financial services or the department is available to supplement the health plan's coverage;
- the insurer makes prominent disclosure at the time it offers the health plan, in a form approved by the Marketplace, that the plan does not provide the full range of essential pediatric benefits, and that qualified dental plans or dental plans approved by the department of financial services or department of health providing those benefits and other dental benefits not covered by the plan are offered through the <u>Marketplace;</u>
- (ii) provides at least a bronze level of coverage as defined by state 51 law, unless the plan is certified as a qualified catastrophic plan, as defined in section 1302(e) of the federal act and the insurance law, and 52 53 shall only be offered to individuals eligible for catastrophic coverage;
- 54 (iii) has cost-sharing requirements, including deductibles, which do not exceed the limits established under section 1302(c) of the federal 55 56 act, state law and any requirements of the Marketplace;

- (iv) complies with regulations promulgated by the secretary pursuant to section 1311(c) of the federal act and applicable state law, which include minimum standards in the areas of marketing practices, network adequacy, essential community providers in underserved areas, accreditation, quality improvement, uniform enrollment forms and descriptions of coverage and information on quality measures for health benefit plan performance;
- (v) meets standards specified and determined by the Marketplace, provided that the standards do not conflict with or prevent the application of federal requirements; and
- 11 (vi) complies with the insurance law and this chapter requirements
 12 applicable to health insurance issued in this state and any regulations
 13 promulgated pursuant thereto that do not conflict with or prevent the
 14 application of federal requirements; and
- 15 <u>(c) The Marketplace determines that making the health plan available</u> 16 <u>through the Marketplace is in the interest of qualified individuals in</u> 17 <u>this state.</u>
 - 2. The Marketplace shall not exclude a health plan:
 - (a) on the basis that the health plan is a fee-for-service plan;
 - (b) through the imposition of premium price controls by the Market-place; or
- 22 (c) on the basis that the health plan provides treatments necessary to 23 prevent patients' deaths in circumstances the Marketplace determines are 24 inappropriate or too costly.
 - 3. The Marketplace shall require each insurer certified or seeking certification of a health plan as a qualified health plan or plan approved for sale by the department of financial services or the department to:
 - (a) submit a justification for any premium increase pursuant to applicable law prior to implementation of such increase. The insurer shall prominently post the information on its internet website. Such rate increases shall be subject to the prior approval of the superintendent pursuant to the insurance law;
 - (b)(i) make available to the public and submit to the Marketplace, the secretary and the superintendent, accurate and timely disclosure of:
 - (A) claims payment policies and practices;
 - (B) periodic financial disclosures;
 - (C) data on enrollment and disenrollment;
 - (D) data on the number of claims that are denied;
 - (E) data on rating practices;

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- 41 (F) information on cost-sharing and payments with respect to any out-42 of-network coverage;
- 43 (G) information on enrollee and participant rights under title I of 44 the federal act; and
- 45 (H) other information as determined appropriate by the secretary or 46 otherwise required by the Marketplace;
- 47 (ii) the information shall be provided in plain language, as that term
 48 is defined in section 1311(e)(3)(B) of the federal act and state law,
 49 and in guidance jointly issued thereunder by the secretary and the
 50 federal secretary of labor; and
- (c) provide to individuals, in a timely manner upon the request of the individual, the amount of cost-sharing, including deductibles, copayments, and coinsurance, under the individual's health plan or coverage that the individual would be responsible for paying with respect to the furnishing of a specific item or service by a participating provider. At a minimum, this information shall be made available to the individual

through an internet website and through other means for individuals
without access to the internet.

- 4. The Marketplace shall not exempt any insurer seeking certification of a health plan, regardless of the type or size of the insurer, from licensing or solvency requirements under the insurance law or this chapter, and shall apply the criteria of this section in a manner that ensures a level playing field for insurers participating in the Marketplace.
- 5. (a) The provisions of this article that apply to qualified health plans and plans approved for sale by the department of financial services and the department also shall apply to the extent relevant to qualified dental plans approved for sale by the department of financial services or the department, except as modified in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subdivision or otherwise required by the Marketplace.
- (b) The qualified dental plan or dental plan approved for sale by the department of financial services and/or the department shall be limited to dental and oral health benefits, without substantially duplicating the benefits typically offered by health benefit plans without dental coverage, and shall include, at a minimum, the essential pediatric dental benefits prescribed by the secretary pursuant to section 1302(b)(1)(J) of the federal act, and such other dental benefits as the Marketplace or secretary may specify in regulations.
- (c) Insurers may jointly offer a comprehensive plan through the Marketplace in which an insurer provides the dental benefits through a qualified dental plan or plan approved by the department of financial services or the department and an insurer provides the other benefits through a qualified health plan, provided that the plans are priced separately and also are made available for purchase separately at the same price.
- § 268-e. Appeals and appeal hearings; judicial review. 1. Any applicant or enrollee, or any individual authorized to act on behalf of any such applicant or enrollee, may appeal to the department from determinations of department officials or failures to make determinations upon grounds specified in subdivision four of this section. The department must review the appeal de novo and give such person an opportunity for an appeal hearing. The department may also, on its own motion, review any decision made or any case in which a decision has not been made by the Marketplace or a social services official within the time specified by law or regulations of the department. The department may make such additional investigation as it may deem necessary, and the commissioner must make such determination as is justified and in accordance with applicable law.
- 2. Regarding any appeal pursuant to this section, with or without an appeal hearing, the commissioner may designate and authorize one or more appropriate members of his staff to consider and decide such appeals. Any staff member so designated and authorized will have authority to decide such appeals on behalf of the commissioner with the same force and effect as if the commissioner had made the decisions. Appeal hearings must be held on behalf of the commissioner by members of his staff who are employed for such purposes or who have been designated and authorized by the commissioner.
- 53 <u>3. Persons entitled to appeal to the department pursuant to this</u> 54 <u>section must include:</u>
- 55 <u>(a) applicants for or enrollees in insurance affordability programs</u>
 56 <u>and qualified health plans; and</u>

- 1 (b) other persons entitled to an opportunity for an appeal hearing as 2 directed by the commissioner.
- 4. An applicant or enrollee has the right to appeal at least the 3 4 following issues:
- 5 (a) An eliqibility determination made in accordance with this article 6 and applicable law, including:
 - (i) An initial determination of eligibility, including:
 - (A) eligibility to enroll in a qualified health plan;
- 9 (B) eligibility for Medicaid;

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- (C) eligibility for Child Health Plus;
- (D) eligibility for the Basic Health Program;
- (E) the amount of advance payments of the premium tax credit and level 12 of cost-sharing reductions; 13
- 14 (F) the amount of any other subsidy that may be available under law; 15 and
- 16 (G) eligibility for such other health insurance programs as determined 17 by the commissioner; and
 - (ii) a re-determination of eligibility of the programs under this subdivision.
 - (b) An eligibility determination for an exemption for any mandate to purchase health insurance.
- (c) A failure by NY State of Health to provide timely written notice 22 of an eligibility determination made in accordance with applicable law. 23
 - 5. The department may, subject to the discretion of the commissioner, promulgate such regulations, consistent with federal or state law, as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
 - 6. Regarding every decision of an appeal pursuant to this section, the department must inform every party, and his or her representative, if any, of the availability of judicial review and the time limitation to pursue future review.
- 31 7. Applicants and enrollees of qualified health plans, with or without advance payments of the premium tax credit and cost-sharing reductions, 32 also have the right to appeal to the United States Department of Health 33 34 and Human Services appeal entity:
- 35 (a) appeals decisions issued by NY State of Health upon the exhaustion of the NY State of Health appeals process; and 36
- (b) a denial of a request to vacate a dismissal made by the NY State 37 38 of Health appeals entity.
- 8. The department must include notice of the right to appeal as 39 provided by subdivision four of this section and instructions regarding 40 41 how to file an appeal in any eligibility determination issued to the 42 applicant or enrollee in accordance with applicable law. Such notice 43 shall include:
 - (a) an explanation of the applicant or enrollee's appeal rights;
- (b) a description of the procedures by which the applicant or enrollee 46 may request an appeal;
- (c) information on the applicant or enrollee's right to represent 48 himself or herself, or to be represented by legal counsel or another representative;
- 50 (d) an explanation of the circumstances under which the appellant's 51 eligibility may be maintained or reinstated pending an appeal decision; 52 and
- 53 (e) an explanation that an appeal decision for one household member 54 may result in a change in eligibility for other household members and that such a change will be handled as a redetermination of eligibility 55

- for all household members in accordance with the standards specified in 2 applicable law.
 - § 268-f. Marketplace advisory committee. 1. There is hereby created the marketplace advisory committee, which shall consider and advise the department and commissioner on matters concerning the provision of health care coverage through the NY State of Health or Health Plan Marketplace.
 - 2. The marketplace advisory committee shall be composed of up to twenty-eight members consisting of twenty-four members appointed by the commissioner, two members appointed by the speaker of the assembly, and two members appointed by the temporary president of the senate. The advisory committee shall at all times be representative of each geographic area of the state and include:
- 14 (a) representatives from the following categories, but not more than 15 six from any single category:
 - (i) health plan consumer advocates;

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- (ii) small business consumer representatives;
- (iii) health care provider representatives;
 - (iv) representatives of the health insurance industry;
- 20 (b) representatives from the following categories, but not more than 21 two from either category:
 - (i) licensed insurance producers; and
 - (ii) representatives of labor organizations.
 - 3. The commissioner shall select the chair of the advisory committee from among the members of such committee and shall designate an officer or employee of the department to assist the marketplace advisory committee in the performance of its duties under this section. The Marketplace shall adopt rules for the governance of the advisory committee, which shall meet as frequently as its business may require and at such other times as determined by the chair to be necessary, in consultation with the executive director of the Marketplace.
- 32 4. Members of the advisory committee shall serve without compensation 33 for their services as members, but each shall be allowed the necessary and actual expenses incurred in the performance of his or her duties 34 35 under this section.
 - § 268-g. Funding of the Marketplace. 1. The Marketplace shall be funded by state and federal sources as authorized by applicable law, including but not limited to applicable law authorizing the respective insurance affordability programs available through the Marketplace.
- 2. The accounts of the Marketplace shall be subject to supervision of 40 41 the comptroller and such accounts shall include receipts, expenditures, 42 contracts and other matters which pertain to the fiscal soundness of the 43 Marketplace.
- 3. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section four of the state finance law, upon request of the director of the budget, in consultation with the commissioner, the superintendent and the executive director of the Marketplace, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to sub-allocate or transfer special revenue federal funds appropriated to the department for planning and implementing various healthcare and insurance reform initiatives authorized by applicable law. Marketplace moneys sub-allocated or transferred pursuant to this section shall be paid out of the fund upon audit and warrant of the state comptroller on vouchers certified or approved by the 54 Marketplace.
- 55 § 268-h. Construction. Nothing in this article, and no action taken by 56 the Marketplace pursuant hereto, shall be construed to:

- preempt or supersede the authority of the superintendent or the 2 commissioner; or
 - 2. exempt insurers, insurance producers or qualified health plans from this chapter or the insurance law and any regulations promulgated there-
 - § 3. Severability. If any provision of this article, or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid or unconstitutional, that invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect other provisions or applications of this article that can be given effect without the invalid or unconstitutional provision or application, and to this end the provisions and application of this article are severable.
- 12 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

13 PART II

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Section 1. Section 203 of the elder law is amended by adding a new 14 15 subdivision 12 to read as follows:

12.(a) The director is hereby authorized to implement private pay 16 protocols for programs and services administered by the office. These 17 18 protocols may be implemented by area agencies on aging at their option 19 and such protocols shall not be applied to services for a participant when being paid for with federal funds or funds designated as federal 20 match, or for individuals with an income below four hundred percent of 21 22 the federal poverty level. All private payments received directly by an area agency on aging or indirectly by one of its contractors shall be 23 24 used to supplement, not supplant, funds by state, federal, or county 25 appropriations. Such private pay payments shall be set at a cost to the participant of not more than twenty percent above either the unit cost 26 27 to the area agency on aging to provide the program or service directly, 28 or the amount that the area agency on aging pays to its contractor to 29 provide the program or service. Private pay payments received under this 30 subdivision shall be used by the area agency on aging to first reduce any unmet need for programs and services, and then to support and 31 enhance services or programs provided by the area agency on aging. 32 33 participant, regardless of income, shall be required to pay for any 34 program or service that they are receiving at the time these protocols are implemented by the area agency on aging. This subdivision shall not 35 36 prevent cost sharing for the programs and services established pursuant 37 to section two hundred fourteen of this title for individuals below four hundred percent of the federal poverty level. Consistent with federal 38 39 and state statute and regulations, when providing programs and services, 40 area agencies on aging and their contractors shall continue to give 41 priority for programs and services to individuals with the greatest economic or social needs. In the event that the capacity to provide 42 43 programs and services is limited, such programs and services shall be 44 provided to individuals with incomes below four hundred percent of the 45 federal poverty level before such programs and services are provided to 46 those participating in the private pay protocol pursuant to this subdi-47 vision.

(b) Area agencies on aging participating in the private pay protocol shall annually report to the office the unmet need, if any, for all programs and services offered, the number of participants that privately paid for each program or service for that year, the rates participants were charged for each program or service provided, and how unmet need for programs or services offered by the area agency on aging were affected by revenue from the private pay protocol. Such annual report

1 shall also be shared with the Temporary President of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly no later than July first, two thousand twenty-3 one and shall be updated and reissued on an annual basis thereafter.

§ 2. This act shall take effect on the three hundred sixty-fifth day after it shall have become a law; provided, however, that effective immediately, any actions necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are authorized to be completed on or before such date.

9 PART V

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Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subdivision 32 of section 364-j of the 10 11 social services law, as added by section 15 of part B of chapter 59 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows: 12

- (d) (i) Penalties under this subdivision may be applied to any and all circumstances described in paragraph (b) of this subdivision until the managed care organization complies with the requirements for submission of encounter data.
- (ii) No penalties for late, incomplete or inaccurate encounter data shall be assessed against managed care organizations in addition to those provided for in this subdivision, provided, however, that nothing this paragraph shall prohibit the imposition of penalties, in cases of fraud or abuse, otherwise authorized by law.
- § 2. Section 364-j of the social services law is amended by adding a new subdivision 34 read as follows:
- 34. For purposes of recovery of overpayments pursuant to subdivision thirty-five of this section, any payment made pursuant to the state's managed care program, including payments made by managed long term care plans, shall be deemed a payment by the state's medical assistance program, provided that this subdivision shall not permit the imposition of a lien or recovery against property of an individual or estate on account of medical assistance payments where recovery is made against the individual's managed care provider or provider of medical assistance program items or services. Provided however nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to limit recoveries under other relevant sections of
- § 3. Section 364-j of the social services law is amended by adding a new subdivision 36 to read as follows:
- 36. Medicaid Program Integrity Reviews. (a) For purposes of this subdivision, managed care provider shall also include managed long term care plans.
- (b) The Medicaid inspector general shall conduct periodic reviews of 41 the contractual performance of each managed care provider as it relates 42 to the managed care provider's program integrity obligations under its 43 contract with the department. The Medicaid inspector general, in consul-44 tation with the commissioner, shall publish on its website, a list of those contractual obligations pursuant to which the managed care provid-45 er's program integrity performance shall be evaluated, including bench-46 marks, prior to commencing any review. A Medicaid program integrity 47 review of a managed care provider conducted pursuant to this subdivi-48 49 sion, may be completed no more than annually. Reviews performed pursuant 50 to this subdivision shall include a review of compliance with contractu-51 al standards which prevent fraud, waste, or abuse. Such standards may 52 include but are not limited to excluded providers, restricted recipient program, reporting obligations, compliance programs, and suspension of 53 54 payments. However, if the Medicaid inspector general determines that a

subsequent review, pursuant to this subdivision, is necessary, a second review may occur within one year.

- (c) If, as a result of his or her review, the Medicaid inspector general determines that a managed care provider is not meeting its program integrity obligations, the Medicaid inspector general may recover from the managed care provider up to two percent of the Medicaid premiums paid to the managed care provider for the period under review. Any premium recovery under this subdivision shall be a percentage of the administrative component of the Medicaid premium calculated by the department and may be recovered by the department in the same manner it recovers overpayments.
- (d) The managed care provider shall be entitled to receive a draft audit report and final audit report containing the results of the Medicaid inspector general's review. If the Medicaid inspector general determines to recover a percentage of the premium as described in paragraph (c) of this subdivision, the managed care provider shall be entitled to notice and an opportunity to be heard in accordance with section twenty-two of this chapter.
- § 4. Subdivision 3 of section 363-d of the social services law, as amended by section 44 of part C of chapter 58 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. Upon enrollment in the medical assistance program, a provider shall certify to the department that the provider satisfactorily meets the requirements of this section. Additionally, the commissioner of health and Medicaid inspector general shall have the authority to determine at any time if a provider has a compliance program that satisfactorily meets the requirements of this section.
- (a) A compliance program that is accepted by the federal department of health and human services office of inspector general and remains in compliance with the standards promulgated by such office shall be deemed in compliance with the provisions of this section, so long as such plans adequately address medical assistance program risk areas and compliance issues.
- (b) A compliance program that meets Federal requirements for managed care provider compliance programs, as specified in the contract or contracts between the department and the Medicaid managed care provider shall be deemed in compliance with the provisions in this section, so long as such programs adequately address medical assistance program risk areas and compliance issues. For purposes of this section, a managed care provider is as defined in paragraph (c) of subdivision one of section three hundred sixty-four-j of this chapter, and includes managed long term care plans.
- (c) In the event that the commissioner of health or the Medicaid inspector general finds that the provider does not have a satisfactory program within ninety days after the effective date of the regulations issued pursuant to subdivision four of this section, the provider may be subject to any sanctions or penalties permitted by federal or state laws and regulations, including revocation of the provider's agreement to participate in the medical assistance program.
 - § 5. Intentionally omitted.

- § 6. Section 364-j of the social services law is amended by adding a new subdivision 35 to read as follows:
- 53 35. Recovery of overpayments from network providers. (a) Where the
 54 Medicaid inspector general during the course of an audit, investigation,
 55 or review, or the deputy attorney general for the Medicaid fraud control
 56 unit during the course of an investigation or prosecution for Medicaid

fraud, identifies medical assistance overpayments made by a managed care provider or managed long term care plan to its subcontractor or subcontractors or provider or providers, the state shall have the right to recover the overpayment from the subcontractor or subcontractors, provider or providers, or the managed care provider or managed long term care plan; provided, however, in no event shall the state duplicate the recovery of an overpayment from a provider or subcontractor.

- (b) Where the state is unsuccessful in recovering an overpayment from the subcontractor or subcontractors or provider or providers, the Medicaid inspector general may require the managed care provider or managed long term care plan to recover the medical assistance overpayment identified in paragraph (a) of this subdivision on behalf of the state. The managed care provider or managed long term care plan shall remit to the state the full amount of the identified overpayment no later than six months after receiving notice of the overpayment from the state.
- 16 § 7. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 17 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2019; provided, however, that the amendments to section 364-j of the social services law 18 made by sections one, two, three, and six of this act shall not affect 19 20 the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith; provided further, that section three of this act shall apply to a contract or contracts in effect as of January 1, 2015 or thereafter and 22 any review period in section three of this act shall not begin before 23 January 1, 2018.

25 PART W

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Section 1. Section 1 of part D of chapter 111 of the laws of 2010 relating to the recovery of exempt income by the office of mental health for community residences and family-based treatment programs, as amended by section 1 of part H of chapter 59 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:

Section 1. The office of mental health is authorized to recover funding from community residences and family-based treatment providers licensed by the office of mental health, consistent with contractual obligations of such providers, and notwithstanding any other inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, in an amount equal to 50 percent of the income received by such providers which exceeds the fixed amount of annual Medicaid revenue limitations, as established by the commissioner of mental health. Recovery of such excess income shall be for the following fiscal periods: for programs in counties located outside of the city of New York, the applicable fiscal periods shall be January 1, 2003 through December 31, 2009 and January 1, 2011 through December 31, [2019] 2022; and for programs located within the city of New York, the applicable fiscal periods shall be July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2010 and July 1, 2011 through June 30, [2019] 2022.

45 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

46 PART X

47 Intentionally Omitted

48 PART Y

Section 1. Subdivisions 3-b and 3-c of section 1 of part C of chapter 50 57 of the laws of 2006, relating to establishing a cost of living

adjustment for designated human services programs, as amended by section 1 of part AA of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, are amended to read as follows:

- 3-b. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, beginning April 1, 2009 and ending March 31, 2016 and beginning April 1, 2017 and ending March 31, [2019] 2020, the commissioners shall not include a COLA for the purpose of establishing rates of payments, contracts or any other form of reimbursement, provided that the commissioners of the office for people with developmental disabilities, the office of mental health, and the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services shall not include a COLA beginning April 1, 2017 and ending March 31, [2019] 2021.
- 3-c. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, beginning April 1, [2019] 2020 and ending March 31, [2022] 2023, the commissioners shall develop the COLA under this section using the actual U.S. consumer price index for all urban consumers (CPI-U) published by the United States department of labor, bureau of labor statistics for the twelve month period ending in July of the budget year prior to such state fiscal year, for the purpose of establishing rates of payments, contracts or any other form of reimbursement.
- § 2. Section 1 of part C of chapter 57 of the laws of 2006, relating to establishing a cost of living adjustment for designated human services programs, is amended by adding a new subdivision 3-f to read as follows:
- 3-f. (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 3-b of this section or any other inconsistent provision of law, and subject to the availability of the appropriation therefor, for the programs listed in paragraphs (i), (ii), and (iii) of subdivision 4 of this section, the commissioners shall provide funding to support (1) an overall average two percent (2.00%) increase to total salaries for direct care staff, direct support professionals for each eligible state-funded program beginning January 1, 2020; and (2) an overall average two percent (2.00%) increase to total salaries for direct care staff and direct support professionals, and clinical staff for each eligible state-funded program beginning April 1, 2020. For the purpose of this funding increase, direct support professionals are individuals employed in consolidated fiscal reporting position title codes ranging from 100 to 199; direct care staff are individuals employed in consolidated fiscal reporting position title codes ranging from 200 to 299; and clinical staff are individuals employed in consolidated fiscal reporting position title codes ranging from 300 to 399.
- (ii) The funding made available pursuant to paragraph (i) of this subdivision shall be used: (1) to help alleviate the recruitment and retention challenges of direct care staff, direct support professionals and clinical staff employed in eligible programs; and (2) to continue and to expand efforts to support the professionalism of the direct care workforce. Each local government unit or direct contract provider receiving such funding shall have flexibility in allocating such funding to support salary increases to particular job titles to best address the needs of its direct care staff, direct support professionals and clinical staff. Each local government unit or direct contract provider receiving such funding shall also submit a written certification, in such form and at such time as each commissioner shall prescribe, attesting to how such funding will be or was used for purposes eligible under this section. Further, providers shall submit a resolution from their governing body to the appropriate commissioner, attesting that the fund-

ing received will be used solely to support salary and salary-related fringe benefit increases for direct care staff, direct support professionals and clinical staff, pursuant to paragraph (i) of this subdivi-3 sion. Salary increases that take effect on and after April 1, 2019 may 4 be used to demonstrate compliance with the January 1, 2020 funding increase authorized by this section, except for salary increases neces-7 sary to comply with state minimum wage requirements. Such commissioners 8 shall be authorized to recoup any funds as appropriated herein deter-9 mined to have been used in a manner inconsistent with such standards or inconsistent with the provisions of this subdivision, and such commis-10 sioners shall be authorized to employ any legal mechanism to recoup such 11 funds, including an offset of other funds that are owed to such local 12 13 governmental unit or provider.

(iii) Where appropriate transfers to the department of health shall be made as reimbursement for the state share of medical assistance.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2019; provided, however, that the amendments to section 1 of part C of chapter 57 of the laws of 2006 made by sections one and two of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith.

21 PART Z

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Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 2801 of the public health law, as amended by section 1 of subpart B of part S of chapter 57 of the laws of 24 2018, is amended to read as follows:

25 1. "Hospital" means a facility or institution engaged principally in 26 providing services by or under the supervision of a physician or, in the 27 case of a dental clinic or dental dispensary, of a dentist, or, in the 28 case of a midwifery birth center, of a midwife, for the prevention, 29 diagnosis or treatment of human disease, pain, injury, deformity or 30 physical condition, including, but not limited to, a general hospital, public health center, diagnostic center, treatment center, dental clin-31 32 ic, dental dispensary, rehabilitation center other than a facility used 33 solely for vocational rehabilitation, nursing home, tuberculosis hospi-34 tal, chronic disease hospital, maternity hospital, midwifery birth center, lying-in-asylum, out-patient department, out-patient lodge, 36 dispensary and a laboratory or central service facility serving one or more such institutions, but the term hospital shall not include an 37 institution, sanitarium or other facility engaged principally in provid-38 ing services for the prevention, diagnosis or treatment of mental disa-39 40 bility and which is subject to the powers of visitation, examination, 41 inspection and investigation of the department of mental hygiene except 42 for those distinct parts of such a facility which provide hospital 43 service. The provisions of this article shall not apply to a facility or 44 institution engaged principally in providing services by or under the 45 supervision of the bona fide members and adherents of a recognized religious organization whose teachings include reliance on spiritual means 46 47 through prayer alone for healing in the practice of the religion of such organization and where services are provided in accordance with those 48 teachings. No provision of this article or any other provision of law 49 50 shall be construed to: (a) limit the volume of mental health substance use disorder services or developmental disability services 52 that can be provided by a provider of primary care services licensed under this article and authorized to provide integrated services in 53 accordance with regulations issued by the commissioner in consultation

with the commissioner of the office of mental health [and], the commissioner of the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services and the commissioner of the office for people with developmental disabilities, 3 including regulations issued pursuant to subdivision seven of section three hundred sixty-five-l of the social services law or part L of chapter fifty-six of the laws of two thousand twelve; (b) require a provider 7 licensed pursuant to article thirty-one of the mental hygiene law or certified pursuant to <u>article sixteen or</u> article thirty-two of the 9 mental hygiene law to obtain an operating certificate from the depart-10 ment if such provider has been authorized to provide integrated services 11 in accordance with regulations issued by the commissioner in consultation with the commissioner of the office of mental health [and], the 12 13 commissioner of the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services 14 and the commissioner of the office for people with developmental disa-15 bilities, including regulations issued pursuant to subdivision seven of 16 section three hundred sixty-five-l of the social services law or part L 17 of chapter fifty-six of the laws of two thousand twelve.

§ 2. Subdivision (f) of section 31.02 of the mental hygiene law, as added by section 2 of subpart B of part S of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

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- (f) No provision of this article or any other provision of law shall be construed to require a provider licensed pursuant to article twenty-eight of the public health law or certified pursuant to article sixteen or article thirty-two of this chapter to obtain an operating certificate from the office of mental health if such provider has been authorized to provide integrated services in accordance with regulations issued by the commissioner of the office of mental health in consultation with the commissioner of the department of health [and], the commissioner of the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services and the commissioner of the office for people with developmental disabilities, including regulations issued pursuant to subdivision seven of section three hundred sixty-five-l of the social services law or part L of chapter fifty-six of the laws of two thousand twelve.
- § 3. Subdivision (b) of section 32.05 of the mental hygiene law, as amended by section 3 of subpart B of part S of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follow:
- 37 (b) (i) Methadone, or such other controlled substance designated by 38 the commissioner of health as appropriate for such use, may be administered to an addict, as defined in section thirty-three hundred two of 39 the public health law, by individual physicians, groups of physicians 40 41 and public or private medical facilities certified pursuant to article 42 twenty-eight or thirty-three of the public health law as part of a chem-43 ical dependence program which has been issued an operating certificate 44 by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision (b) of section 32.09 of this 45 article, provided, however, that such administration must be done in 46 accordance with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations. 47 Individual physicians or groups of physicians who have obtained authori-48 zation from the federal government to administer buprenorphine to 49 addicts may do so without obtaining an operating certificate from the 50 commissioner. (ii) No provision of this article or any other provision 51 of law shall be construed to require a provider licensed pursuant to 52 article twenty-eight of the public health law [exp], article thirty-one of this chapter or a provider certified pursuant to article sixteen of 54 this chapter to obtain an operating certificate from the office of alco-55 holism and substance abuse services if such provider has been authorized to provide integrated services in accordance with regulations issued by

1 the commissioner of alcoholism and substance abuse services in consultation with the commissioner of the department of health [and], the 3 commissioner of the office of mental health and the commissioner of the 4 office for people with developmental disabilities, including regulations issued pursuant to subdivision seven of section three hundred sixtyfive-l of the social services law or part L of chapter fifty-six of the 7 laws of two thousand twelve.

§ 4. Section 16.03 of the mental hygiene law is amended by adding a new subdivision (g) to read as follows:

(q) No provision of this article or any other provision of law shall 11 be construed to require a provider licensed pursuant to article twentyeight of the public health law or certified pursuant to article thirtyone or thirty-two of this chapter to obtain an operating certificate 14 from the office for people with developmental disabilities if such provider has been authorized to provide integrated services in accord-16 ance with regulations issued by the commissioner of the office for people with developmental disabilities, in consultation with the commissioner of the department of health, the commissioner of the office of mental health and the commissioner of the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services, including regulations issued pursuant to subdivision seven of section three hundred sixty-five-1 of the social services law or part L of chapter fifty-six of the laws of two thousand twelve.

§ 5. This act shall take effect October 1, 2019; provided, however, that the commissioner of the department of health, the commissioner of the office of mental health, the commissioner of the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services, and the commissioner of the office for people with developmental disabilities are authorized to issue any rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of this act on or before its effective date.

31 PART AA

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32 Intentionally Omitted

33 PART BB

34 Section 1. This part enacts into law major components of legislation 35 which are necessary to effectuate provisions relating to mental health and substance use disorder treatment. Each component is wholly contained within a Subpart identified as Subparts A through E. The 37 38 effective date for each particular provision contained within such Subpart is set forth in the last section of such Subpart. Any provision 40 in any section contained within a Subpart, including the effective date 41 of the Subpart, which makes a reference to a section "of this act", when 42 used in connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Subpart in which it is found. Section three of this Part sets forth the general effective 45 date of this Part.

46 SUBPART A

47 Section 1. Paragraph 4 of subsection (i) of section 3216 of the insur-48 ance law is amended to read as follows:

(4) If a policy provides for reimbursement for psychiatric or psycho-50 logical services or for diagnosis and treatment of mental[rervous, or emotional disorders or ailments, health conditions however defined in the policy, the insured shall be entitled to reimbursement for such services, diagnosis or treatment whether performed by a physician, psychiatrist [ex], a certified and registered psychologist, or a nurse practitioner when the services rendered are within the lawful scope of their practice.

- § 2. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 25 of subsection (i) of section 3216 of the insurance law, as amended by section 38 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (B) Every policy that provides physician services, medical, major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage shall provide coverage for the screening, diagnosis and treatment of autism spectrum disorder in accordance with this paragraph and shall not exclude coverage for the screening, diagnosis or treatment of medical conditions otherwise covered by the policy because the individual is diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder. Such coverage may be subject to annual deductibles, copayments and coinsurance as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and shall be consistent with those imposed on other benefits under the policy. [Coverage for applied behavior analysis shall be subject to a maximum benefit of six hundred eighty hours of treatment 21 per policy or calendar year per covered individual. This paragraph shall not be construed as limiting the benefits that are otherwise available to an individual under the policy, provided however that such policy shall not contain any limitations on visits that are solely applied to the treatment of autism spectrum disorder. No insurer shall terminate coverage or refuse to deliver, execute, issue, amend, adjust, or renew coverage to an individual solely because the individual is diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder or has received treatment for autism spectrum disorder. Coverage shall be subject to utilization review and external appeals of health care services pursuant to article forty-nine of this chapter as well as $[\tau]$ case management $[\tau]$ and other managed care provisions.
 - § 3. Items (i) and (iii) of subparagraph (C) of paragraph 25 of subsection (i) of section 3216 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 596 of the laws of 2011, are amended to read as follows:
 - (i) "autism spectrum disorder" means any pervasive developmental disorder as defined in the most recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders[, including autistic disorder, Asperger's disorder, Rett's disorder, childhood disintegrative disorder, or pervasive developmental disorder not otherwise specified (PDD-NOS)].
 - (iii) "behavioral health treatment" means counseling and treatment programs, when provided by a licensed provider, and applied behavior analysis, when provided [or supervised] by a [behavior analyst certified pursuant to the behavior analyst certification board] person licensed, certified or otherwise authorized to provide applied behavior analysis, that are necessary to develop, maintain, or restore, to the maximum extent practicable, the functioning of an individual. [Individuals that provide behavioral health treatment under the supervision of a certified behavior analyst pursuant to this paragraph shall be subject to standards of professionalism, supervision and relevant experience pursuant to regulations promulgated by the superintendent in consultation with the commissioners of health and education.]
- § 4. Paragraph 25 of subsection (i) of section 3216 of the insurance law is amended by adding four new subparagraphs (H), (I), (J), and (K) to read as follows:

- (H) Coverage under this paragraph shall not apply financial requirements or treatment limitations to autism spectrum disorder benefits that are more restrictive than the predominant financial requirements and treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the policy.
- (I) The criteria for medical necessity determinations under the policy with respect to autism spectrum disorder benefits shall be made available by the insurer to any insured, prospective insured, or in-network provider upon request.
 - (J) For purposes of this paragraph:

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- (i) "financial requirement" means deductible, copayments, coinsurance and out-of-pocket expenses; 12
 - (ii) "predominant" means that a financial requirement or treatment limitation is the most common or frequent of such type of limit or requirement; and
 - (iii) "treatment limitation" means limits on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of coverage, or other similar limits on the scope or duration of treatment and includes nonquantitative treatment limitations such as: medical management standards limiting or excluding benefits based on medical necessity, or based on whether the treatment is experimental or investigational; formulary design for prescription drugs; network tier design; standards for provider admission to participate in a network, including reimbursement rates; methods for determining usual, customary, and reasonable charges; fail-first or step therapy protocols; exclusions based on failure to complete a course of treatment; and restrictions based on geographic location, facility type, provider specialty, and other criteria that limit the scope or duration of benefits for services provided under the policy.
 - (K) An insurer shall provide coverage under this paragraph, at a minimum, consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).
 - § 5. Paragraph 30 of subsection (i) of section 3216 of the insurance law, as amended by section 1 of part B of chapter 71 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:
 - (30)(A) Every policy that provides hospital, major medical or similar comprehensive coverage [must] shall provide inpatient coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of substance use disorder, including detoxification and rehabilitation services. Such inpatient coverage shall include unlimited medically necessary treatment for substance use disorder treatment services provided in residential settings [as required by the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § Further, such inpatient coverage shall not apply financial requirements or treatment limitations, including utilization review requirements, to inpatient substance use disorder benefits that are more restrictive than the predominant financial requirements and treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the policy. [Further, such coverage shall be provided consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).]
- (B) Coverage provided under this paragraph may be limited to facilities in New York state [which are certified] that are licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services and, in other states, to those which are accredited by 54 the joint commission as alcoholism, substance abuse, or chemical depend-55 ence treatment programs and are similarly licensed, certified or otherwise authorized in the state in which the facility is located.

(C) Coverage provided under this paragraph may be subject to annual deductibles and co-insurance as deemed appropriate by the superintendent and that are consistent with those imposed on other benefits within a given policy.

5 (D) This subparagraph shall apply to facilities in this state that are 6 licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of alcoholism 7 and substance abuse services that are participating in the insurer's 8 provider network. Coverage provided under this paragraph shall not be 9 subject to preauthorization. Coverage provided under this paragraph 10 shall also not be subject to concurrent utilization review during the 11 first [fourteen] twenty-eight days of the inpatient admission provided that the facility notifies the insurer of both the admission and the 12 initial treatment plan within [forty-eight hours] two business days of 13 14 the admission. The facility shall perform daily clinical review of the 15 patient, including [the] periodic consultation with the insurer at or 16 just prior to the fourteenth day of treatment to ensure that the facility is using the evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review tool 17 18 utilized by the insurer which is designated by the office of alcoholism 19 and substance abuse services and appropriate to the age of the patient, 20 to ensure that the inpatient treatment is medically necessary for the patient. Prior to discharge, the facility shall provide the patient and the insurer with a written discharge plan which shall describe arrange-22 ments for additional services needed following discharge from the inpa-23 24 tient facility as determined using the evidence-based and peer-reviewed 25 clinical review tool utilized by the insurer which is designated by the 26 office of alcoholism and substance abuse services. Prior to discharge, 27 the facility shall indicate to the insurer whether services included in the discharge plan are secured or determined to be reasonably available. 28 29 Any utilization review of treatment provided under this subparagraph may 30 include a review of all services provided during such inpatient treat-31 ment, including all services provided during the first [fourteen] twen-32 ty-eight days of such inpatient treatment. Provided, however, the insur-33 er shall only deny coverage for any portion of the initial [fourteen] twenty-eight day inpatient treatment on the basis that such treatment 34 35 was not medically necessary if such inpatient treatment was contrary to 36 the evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review tool utilized by 37 the insurer which is designated by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services. An insured shall not have any financial obli-38 39 gation to the facility for any treatment under this subparagraph other than any copayment, coinsurance, or deductible otherwise required under 40 41 the policy.

(E) An insurer shall make available to any insured, prospective insured, or in-network provider, upon request, the criteria for medical necessity determinations under the policy with respect to inpatient substance use disorder benefits.

(F) For purposes of this paragraph:

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- (i) "financial requirement" means deductible, copayments, coinsurance and out-of-pocket expenses;
- (ii) "predominant" means that a financial requirement or treatment limitation is the most common or frequent of such type of limit or requirement;
- (iii) "treatment limitation" means limits on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of coverage, or other similar limits on the scope or duration of treatment and includes nonquantitative treatment limitations such as: medical management standards limiting or excluding benefits based on medical necessity, or based on whether the treatment

is experimental or investigational; formulary design for prescription drugs; network tier design; standards for provider admission to participate in a network, including reimbursement rates; methods for determining usual, customary, and reasonable charges; fail-first or step therapy protocols; exclusions based on failure to complete a course of treatment; and restrictions based on geographic location, facility type, provider specialty, and other criteria that limit the scope or duration of benefits for services provided under the policy; and

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- (iv) "substance use disorder" shall have the meaning set forth in the most recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders or the most recent edition of another generally recognized independent standard of current medical practice, such as the international classification of diseases.
- (G) An insurer shall provide coverage under this paragraph, at a minimum, consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).
- § 6. Paragraph 31 of subsection (i) of section 3216 of the insurance law, as added by chapter 41 of the laws of 2014 and subparagraph (E) as added by section 3 of part MM of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, amended to read as follows:
- (A) Every policy that provides medical, major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage [must] shall provide outpatient coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of substance use disorder, including detoxification and rehabilitation services. Such coverage shall not apply financial requirements or treatment limitations to outpatient substance use disorder benefits that are more restrictive than the predominant financial requirements and treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the policy. [Further, such coverage shall be provided consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).
- (B) Coverage under this paragraph may be limited to facilities in New York state [gertified] that are licensed, certified or otherwise author- ${\bf \underline{ized}}$ by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services [${\bf \underline{or}}$ licensed by such office as outpatient clinics or medically supervised ambulatory to provide outpatient substance [abuse programs] use disorder services and, in other states, to those which are accredited by the joint commission as alcoholism or chemical dependence substance abuse treatment programs and are similarly licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized in the state in which the facility is located.
- (C) Coverage provided under this paragraph may be subject to annual deductibles and co-insurance as deemed appropriate by the superintendent and that are consistent with those imposed on other benefits within a given policy.
- (D) A policy providing coverage for substance use disorder services pursuant to this paragraph shall provide up to twenty outpatient visits per policy or calendar year to an individual who identifies him or herself as a family member of a person suffering from substance use disorder and who seeks treatment as a family member who is otherwise covered by the applicable policy pursuant to this paragraph. The coverage required by this paragraph shall include treatment as a family member pursuant to such family member's own policy provided such family member:
- (i) does not exceed the allowable number of family visits provided by 55 the applicable policy pursuant to this paragraph; and

(ii) is otherwise entitled to coverage pursuant to this paragraph and such family member's applicable policy.

(E) This subparagraph shall apply to facilities in this state that are licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services for the provision of outpatient, intensive outpatient, outpatient rehabilitation and opioid treatment that are participating in the insurer's provider network. Coverage provided under this paragraph shall not be subject to preauthorization. Coverage 9 provided under this paragraph shall not be subject to concurrent review for the first [two] four weeks of continuous treatment, not to exceed 10 11 [fourteen] twenty-eight visits, provided the facility notifies the insurer of both the start of treatment and the initial treatment plan 12 within [forty-eight hours] two business days. The facility shall perform 13 14 clinical assessment of the patient at each visit, including [the] peri-15 odic consultation with the insurer at or just prior to the fourteenth 16 day of treatment to ensure that the facility is using the evidence-based 17 and peer reviewed clinical review tool utilized by the insurer which is designated by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services and 18 appropriate to the age of the patient, to ensure that the outpatient 19 20 treatment is medically necessary for the patient. Any utilization review 21 of the treatment provided under this subparagraph may include a review of all services provided during such outpatient treatment, including all 22 23 services provided during the first [two] four weeks of continuous treat-24 ment, not to exceed [fourteen] twenty-eight visits, of such outpatient treatment. Provided, however, the insurer shall only deny coverage for 25 26 any portion of the initial [two] four weeks of continuous treatment, not 27 to exceed [fourteen] twenty-eight visits, for outpatient treatment on the basis that such treatment was not medically necessary if such outpa-28 tient treatment was contrary to the evidence-based and peer reviewed 30 clinical review tool utilized by the insurer which is designated by the 31 office of alcoholism and substance abuse services. An insured shall not 32 have any financial obligation to the facility for any treatment under 33 this subparagraph other than any copayment, coinsurance, or deductible 34 otherwise required under the policy.

(F) The criteria for medical necessity determinations under the policy with respect to outpatient substance use disorder benefits shall be made available by the insurer to any insured, prospective insured, or in-network provider upon request.

(G) For purposes of this paragraph:

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(i) "financial requirement" means deductible, copayments, coinsurance and out-of-pocket expenses;

(ii) "predominant" means that a financial requirement or treatment limitation is the most common or frequent of such type of limit or requirement;

(iii) "treatment limitation" means limits on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of coverage, or other similar limits on the scope or duration of treatment and includes nonquantitative treatment limitations such as: medical management standards limiting or excluding benefits based on medical necessity, or based on whether the treatment is experimental or investigational; formulary design for prescription drugs; network tier design; standards for provider admission to participate in a network, including reimbursement rates; methods for determining usual, customary, and reasonable charges; fail-first or step therapy protocols; exclusions based on failure to complete a course of treatment; and restrictions based on geographic location, facility type,

provider specialty, and other criteria that limit the scope or duration of benefits for services provided under the policy; and

- (iv) "substance use disorder" shall have the meaning set forth in the most recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders or the most recent edition of another generally recognized independent standard of current medical practice such as the international classification of diseases.
- (H) An insurer shall provide coverage under this paragraph, at a minimum, consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).
- § 7. Paragraph 31-a of subsection (i) of section 3216 of the insurance law, as added by section 1 of part B of chapter 69 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:
- (31-a) [(A)] Every policy that provides medical, major medical or comprehensive-type coverage and provides coverage for prescription drugs for medication for the treatment of a substance use disorder shall include immediate access, without prior authorization, to [a five day emergency supply] the formulary forms of prescribed medications covered under the policy for the treatment of substance use disorder [where an emergency condition exists], including a prescribed drug or medication associated with the management of opioid withdrawal and/or stabilization, except where otherwise prohibited by law. Further, coverage [of an emergency supply] without prior authorization shall include formulary forms of medication for opioid overdose reversal otherwise covered under the policy prescribed or dispensed to an individual covered by the policy.
- [(B) For purposes of this paragraph, an "emergency condition" means a substance use disorder condition that manifests itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain or the expectation of severe pain, such that a prudent layperson, possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in:
- (i) placing the health of the person afflicted with such condition in serious jeopardy, or in the case of a behavioral condition, placing the health of such person or others in serious jeopardy;
 - (ii) serious impairment to such person's bodily functions;
 - (iii) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part of such person;
- 38 (iv) serious disfigurement of such person; or 39

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- (v) a condition described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of section 1867(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act.
- (C) Coverage provided under this paragraph may be subject to copayments, coingurance, and annual deductibles that are consistent with those imposed on other benefits within the policy; provided, however, no policy shall impose an additional copayment or coinsurance on an insured who received an emergency supply of medication and then received up to a thirty day supply of the same medication in the same thirty day period in which the emergency supply of medication was dispensed. This subparagraph shall not preclude the imposition of a copayment or coinsurance on the initial emergency supply of medication in an amount that is less than the copayment or coinsurance otherwise applicable to a thirty day supply of such medication, provided that the total sum of the copayments or coingurance for an entire thirty day supply of the medication does not exceed the copayment or coinsurance otherwise applicable to a thirty 54 day supply of such medication.
 - § 8. Subsection (i) of section 3216 of the insurance law is amended by adding a new paragraph 35 to read as follows:

- (35) (A) Every policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state that provides coverage for inpatient hospital care or coverage for physician services shall provide coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of mental health conditions as follows:
- (i) where the policy provides coverage for inpatient hospital care, benefits for inpatient care in a hospital as defined by subdivision ten of section 1.03 of the mental hygiene law and benefits for outpatient care provided in a facility issued an operating certificate by the commissioner of mental health pursuant to the provisions of article thirty-one of the mental hygiene law, or in a facility operated by the 11 office of mental health, or, for care provided in other states, to similarly licensed or certified hospitals or facilities; and 12
 - (ii) where the policy provides coverage for physician services, benefits for outpatient care provided by a psychiatrist or psychologist licensed to practice in this state, a licensed clinical social worker who meets the requirements of subparagraph (D) of paragraph four of subsection (1) of section three thousand two hundred twenty-one of this article, a nurse practitioner licensed to practice in this state, or a professional corporation or university faculty practice corporation thereof.
 - (B) Coverage required by this paragraph may be subject to annual deductibles, copayments and coinsurance as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and shall be consistent with those imposed on other benefits under the policy.
 - (C) Coverage under this paragraph shall not apply financial requirements or treatment limitations to mental health benefits that are more restrictive than the predominant financial requirements and treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the policy.
- 30 (D) The criteria for medical necessity determinations under the policy 31 with respect to mental health benefits shall be made available by the 32 insurer to any insured, prospective insured, or in-network provider upon 33 request.
 - (E) For purposes of this paragraph:

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- 35 (i) "financial requirement" means deductible, copayments, coinsurance 36 and out-of-pocket expenses;
- 37 (ii) "predominant" means that a financial requirement or treatment 38 limitation is the most common or frequent of such type of limit or 39 requirement;
- 40 (iii) "treatment limitation" means limits on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of coverage, or other similar limits on the 41 42 scope or duration of treatment and includes nonquantitative treatment 43 limitations such as: medical management standards limiting or excluding benefits based on medical necessity, or based on whether the treatment 44 45 is experimental or investigational; formulary design for prescription 46 drugs; network tier design; standards for provider admission to participate in a network, including reimbursement rates; methods for determin-47 ing usual, customary, and reasonable charges; fail-first or step therapy 48 protocols; exclusions based on failure to complete a course of treat-49 ment; and restrictions based on geographic location, facility type, 50 51 provider specialty, and other criteria that limit the scope or duration of benefits for services provided under the policy; and 52
- 53 (iv) "mental health condition" means any mental health disorder as 54 defined in the most recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders or the most recent edition of another gener-55

ally recognized independent standard of current medical practice such as the international classification of diseases.

- (F) An insurer shall provide coverage under this paragraph, at a minimum, consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).
- (G) This subparagraph shall apply to hospitals in this state that are licensed by the office of mental health that are participating in the insurer's provider network. Where the policy provides coverage for inpa-tient hospital care, benefits for inpatient hospital care in a hospital as defined by subdivision ten of section 1.03 of the mental hygiene law provided to individuals who have not attained the age of eighteen shall not be subject to preauthorization. Coverage provided under this subpar-agraph shall also not be subject to concurrent utilization review during the first fourteen days of the inpatient admission, provided the facili-ty notifies the insurer of both the admission and the initial treatment plan within two business days of the admission, performs daily clinical review of the patient, and participates in periodic consultation with the insurer to ensure that the facility is using the evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review criteria utilized by the insurer which is approved by the office of mental health and appropriate to the age of the patient, to ensure that the inpatient care is medically necessary for the patient. All treatment provided under this subparagraph may be reviewed retrospectively. Where care is denied retrospectively, an insured shall not have any financial obligation to the facility for any treatment under this subparagraph other than any copayment, coinsurance, or deductible otherwise required under the policy.
 - § 9. Paragraphs 17, 19 and 20 of subsection 2 of section 3217-a of the insurance law, paragraph 17 as amended and paragraphs 19 and 20 as added by section 1 of part H of chapter 60 of the laws of 2014, are amended and a new paragraph 21 is added to read as follows:
 - (17) where applicable, a listing by specialty, which may be in a separate document that is updated annually, of the name, address, and telephone number of all participating providers, including facilities, and:

 (A) whether the provider is accepting new patients; (B) in the case of mental health or substance use disorder services providers, any affiliations with participating facilities certified or authorized by the office of mental health or the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services, and any restrictions regarding the availability of the individual provider's services; and [in addition,] (C) in the case of physicians, board certification, languages spoken and any affiliations with participating hospitals. The listing shall also be posted on the insurer's website and the insurer shall update the website within fifteen days of the addition or termination of a provider from the insurer's network or a change in a physician's hospital affiliation;
 - (19) with respect to out-of-network coverage:
 - (A) a clear description of the methodology used by the insurer to determine reimbursement for out-of-network health care services;
 - (B) the amount that the insurer will reimburse under the methodology for out-of-network health care services set forth as a percentage of the usual and customary cost for out-of-network health care services; and
 - (C) examples of anticipated out-of-pocket costs for frequently billed out-of-network health care services; [and]
 - (20) information in writing and through an internet website that reasonably permits an insured or prospective insured to estimate the anticipated out-of-pocket cost for out-of-network health care services in a geographical area or zip code based upon the difference between

what the insurer will reimburse for out-of-network health care services and the usual and customary cost for out-of-network health care services[+]; and

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- (21) the most recent comparative analysis performed by the insurer to assess the provision of its covered services in accordance with the Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008, 42 U.S.C. 18031(j), and any amendments to, and federal guidance or regulations issued under those acts.
- § 10. Subsection (b) of section 3217-b of the insurance law, as added by chapter 705 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows:
- (b) No insurer subject to this article shall by contract, written policy [ex], written procedure or practice prohibit or restrict any health care provider from filing a complaint, making a report or commenting to an appropriate governmental body regarding the policies or practices of such insurer which the provider believes may negatively impact upon the quality of, or access to, patient care. Nor shall an insurer subject to this article take any adverse action, including but not limited to refusing to renew or execute a contract or agreement with a health care provider as retaliation against a health care provider for filing a complaint, making a report or commenting to an appropriate governmental body regarding policies or practices of such insurer which may violate this chapter including paragraphs thirty, as added by chapter forty-one of the laws of 2014, thirty-one, thirty-one-a and thirtyfive of subsection (i) of section thirty-two hundred sixteen and paragraphs five, six, seven, seven-a and seven-b of subsection (1) of section thirty-two hundred twenty-one of this article.
- § 11. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 4 of subsection (1) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 230 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:
- (A) Every insurer delivering a group policy or issuing a group policy for delivery, in this state, [which] that provides reimbursement for psychiatric or psychological services or for the diagnosis and treatment of mental[nervous or emotional disorders and ailments health conditions, however defined in such policy, by physicians, psychiatrists or psychologists, [must] shall make available and if requested by the policyholder provide the same coverage to insureds for such services when performed by a licensed clinical social worker, within the lawful scope of his or her practice, who is licensed pursuant to article one hundred fifty-four of the education law. Written notice of the availability of such coverage shall be delivered to the policyholder prior to inception of such group policy and annually thereafter, except that this notice shall not be required where a policy covers two hundred or more employees or where the benefit structure was the subject of collective bargaining affecting persons who are employed in more than one state.
- § 12. Subparagraph (D) of paragraph 4 of subsection (1) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as amended by section 50 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (D) In addition to the requirements of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, every insurer issuing a group policy for delivery in this state where the policy provides reimbursement to insureds for psychiatric or psychological services or for the diagnosis and treatment of mental[7 nervous or emotional disorders and ailments | health conditions, however defined in such policy, by physicians, psychiatrists or psychologists, 54 shall provide the same coverage to insureds for such services when performed by a licensed clinical social worker, within the lawful scope 56 of his or her practice, who is licensed pursuant to subdivision two of

section seven thousand seven hundred four of the education law and in addition shall have either: (i) three or more additional years experi-3 ence in psychotherapy, which for the purposes of this subparagraph shall mean the use of verbal methods in interpersonal relationships with the intent of assisting a person or persons to modify attitudes and behavior that are intellectually, socially or emotionally maladaptive, under 7 supervision, satisfactory to the state board for social work, in a 8 facility, licensed or incorporated by an appropriate governmental 9 nervous or emotional disorders or ailments] health conditions; (ii) 10 three or more additional years experience in psychotherapy under the 11 supervision, satisfactory to the state board for social work, of a 12 psychiatrist, a licensed and registered psychologist or a licensed clin-13 14 ical social worker qualified for reimbursement pursuant to subsection 15 (e) of this section, or (iii) a combination of the experience specified 16 in items (i) and (ii) of this subparagraph totaling three years, satis-17 factory to the state board for social work.

§ 13. Subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph 5 of subsection (1) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 502 of the laws of 2007, are amended to read as follows:

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- (A) Every insurer delivering a group or school blanket policy or issuing a group or school blanket policy for delivery, in this state, which provides coverage for inpatient hospital care or coverage for physician services shall provide [as part of such policy broad-based] coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of mental[, nervous or emotional disorders or ailments, however defined in such policy, at least equal to the coverage provided for other] health conditions and:
- (i) where the policy provides coverage for inpatient hospital care, benefits for inpatient care in a hospital as defined by subdivision ten of section 1.03 of the mental hygiene law[- which benefits may be limited to not less than thirty days of active treatment in any contract year, plan year or calendar year, and benefits for outpatient care provided in a facility issued an operating certificate by the commissioner of mental health pursuant to the provisions of article thirty-one of the mental hygiene law, or in a facility operated by the office of mental health[, which benefits may be limited to not less than twenty visits in any contract year, plan year or calendar year. Benefits for partial hospitalization program services shall be provided as an offset to covered inpatient days at a ratio of two partial hospitalization visits to one inpatient day of treatment.] or, for care provided in other states, to similarly licensed or certified hospitals or facilities; and
- (ii) where the policy provides coverage for physician services, it shall include benefits for outpatient care provided by a psychiatrist or psychologist licensed to practice in this state, a licensed clinical social worker who meets the requirements of subparagraph (D) of paragraph four of this subsection, a nurse practitioner licensed to practice in this state, or a professional corporation or university faculty practice corporation thereof. [Such benefits may be limited to not less than twenty visits in any contract year, plan year, or calendar year.]

[(iii)] (B) Coverage required by this paragraph may be [provided on a contract year, plan year or calendar year basis and shall be consistent with the provision of other benefits under the policy. Such coverage may 54 be | subject to annual deductibles, co-pays and coinsurance as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and shall be consistent with those imposed on other benefits under the policy. [In the event that a

policy provides coverage for both inpatient hospital care and physician services, the aggregate of the benefits for outpatient care obtained under this paragraph may be limited to not less than twenty visits in any contract year, plan year or calendar year.

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(iv) In this paragraph, "active treatment" means treatment furnished in conjunction with inpatient confinement for mental, nervous or emotional disorders or ailments that meet standards prescribed pursuant to the regulations of the commissioner of mental health.

(B) (i) Every insurer delivering a group or school blanket policy or issuing a group or school blanket policy for delivery, in this state, which provides coverage for inpatient hospital care or coverage for physician services, shall provide comparable coverage for adults and children with biologically based mental illness. Such group policies issued or delivered in this state shall also provide such comparable coverage for children with serious emotional disturbances. Such coverage shall be provided under the terms and conditions otherwise applicable under the policy, including network limitations or variations, exclusions, co-pays, coinsurance, deductibles or other specific cost sharing mechanisms. Provided further, where a policy provides both in-network and out-of-network benefits, the out-of-network benefits may have different coincurance, co-pays, or deductibles, than the in-network benefits, regardless of whether the policy is written under one license or two licenses.

(ii) For purposes of this paragraph, the term "biologically based mental illness" means a mental, nervous, or emotional condition that is caused by a biological disorder of the brain and results in a clinically significant, psychological syndrome or pattern that substantially limits the functioning of the person with the illness. Such biologically based mental illnesses are defined as schizophrenia/psychotic disorders, major depression, bipolar disorder, delusional disorders, panic disorder, obsessive compulsive disorders, bulimia, and anorexia.] Provided that no copayment or coinsurance imposed for outpatient mental health services provided in a facility licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of mental health shall exceed the copayments or coinsurance imposed for a primary care office visit under the policy.

§ 14. Subparagraphs (C), (D) and (E) of paragraph 5 of subsection (1) of section 3221 of the insurance law are REPEALED and five new subparagraphs (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) are added to read as follows:

(C) Coverage under this paragraph shall not apply financial requirements or treatment limitations to mental health benefits that are more restrictive than the predominant financial requirements and treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the policy.

(D) The criteria for medical necessity determinations under the policy with respect to mental health benefits shall be made available by the insurer to any insured, prospective insured, or in-network provider upon

- (E) For purposes of this paragraph:
- (i) "financial requirement" means deductible, copayments, coinsurance and out-of-pocket expenses;
- (ii) "predominant" means that a financial requirement or treatment 51 limitation is the most common or frequent of such type of limit or 52 53 requirement;
- (iii) "treatment limitation" means limits on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of coverage, or other similar limits on the 55 scope or duration of treatment and includes nonquantitative treatment

limitations such as: medical management standards limiting or excluding benefits based on medical necessity, or based on whether the treatment is experimental or investigational; formulary design for prescription drugs; network tier design; standards for provider admission to participate in a network, including reimbursement rates; methods for determining usual, customary, and reasonable charges; fail-first or step therapy protocols; exclusions based on failure to complete a course of treatment; and restrictions based on geographic location, facility type, provider specialty, and other criteria that limit the scope or duration of benefits for services provided under the policy; and

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(iv) "mental health condition" means any mental health disorder as defined in the most recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders or the most recent edition of another generally recognized independent standard of current medical practice such as the international classification of diseases.

(F) An insurer shall provide coverage under this paragraph, at a minimum, consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).

(G) This subparagraph shall apply to hospitals in this state that are licensed by the office of mental health that are participating in the insurer's provider network. Where the policy provides coverage for inpatient hospital care, benefits for inpatient hospital care in a hospital as defined by subdivision ten of section 1.03 of the mental hygiene law provided to individuals who have not attained the age of eighteen shall not be subject to preauthorization. Coverage provided under this subparagraph shall also not be subject to concurrent utilization review during the first fourteen days of the inpatient admission, provided the facility notifies the insurer of both the admission and the initial treatment plan within two business days of the admission, performs daily clinical review of the patient, and participates in periodic consultation with the insurer to ensure that the facility is using the evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review criteria utilized by the insurer which is approved by the office of mental health and appropriate to the age of the patient, to ensure that the inpatient care is medically necessary for the patient. All treatment provided under this subparagraph may be reviewed retrospectively. Where care is denied retrospectively, an insured shall not have any financial obligation to the facility for any treatment under this subparagraph other than any copayment, coinsurance, or deductible otherwise required under the policy.

- § 15. Subparagraphs (A), (B) and (D) of paragraph 6 of subsection (1) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as amended by section 2 of part B of chapter 71 of the laws of 2016, are amended and three new subparagraphs (E), (F) and (G) are added to read as follows:
- (A) Every policy that provides hospital, major medical or similar comprehensive coverage [must] shall provide inpatient coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of substance use disorder, including detoxification and rehabilitation services. Such inpatient coverage shall include unlimited medically necessary treatment for substance use disorder treatment services provided in residential settings [as required by the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 51 1185a)]. Further, such inpatient coverage shall not apply financial requirements or treatment limitations, including utilization review requirements, to inpatient substance use disorder benefits that are more 54 restrictive than the predominant financial requirements and treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits 56 covered by the policy. [Further, such coverage shall be provided

consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).

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- (B) Coverage provided under this paragraph may be limited to facilities in New York state [which are certified] that are licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services and, in other states, to those which are accredited by the joint commission as alcoholism, substance abuse or chemical dependence treatment programs and are similarly licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized in the state in which the facility is located.
- 10 (D) This subparagraph shall apply to facilities in this state that are 11 licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services that are participating in the insurer's 12 13 provider network. Coverage provided under this paragraph shall not be 14 subject to preauthorization. Coverage provided under this paragraph 15 shall also not be subject to concurrent utilization review during the 16 first [fourteen] twenty-eight days of the inpatient admission provided that the facility notifies the insurer of both the admission and the 17 initial treatment plan within [$\frac{\text{forty-eight hours}}{\text{of}}$] $\frac{\text{two business days}}{\text{two business days}}$ 18 the admission. The facility shall perform daily clinical review of the 19 20 patient, including [the] periodic consultation with the insurer at or 21 just prior to the fourteenth day of treatment to ensure that the facility is using the evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review tool 22 utilized by the insurer which is designated by the office of alcoholism 23 24 and substance abuse services and appropriate to the age of the patient, to ensure that the inpatient treatment is medically necessary for the 25 26 patient. Prior to discharge, the facility shall provide the patient and 27 the insurer with a written discharge plan which shall describe arrange-28 ments for additional services needed following discharge from the inpa-29 tient facility as determined using the evidence-based and peer-reviewed 30 clinical review tool utilized by the insurer which is designated by the 31 office of alcoholism and substance abuse services. Prior to discharge, 32 the facility shall indicate to the insurer whether services included in the discharge plan are secured or determined to be reasonably available. 33 Any utilization review of treatment provided under this subparagraph may 34 35 include a review of all services provided during such inpatient treat-36 ment, including all services provided during the first [fourteen] twen-37 ty-eight days of such inpatient treatment. Provided, however, the insur-38 er shall only deny coverage for any portion of the initial [fourteen] twenty-eight day inpatient treatment on the basis that such treatment 39 40 was not medically necessary if such inpatient treatment was contrary to the evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review tool utilized by 41 42 the insurer which is designated by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services. An insured shall not have any financial obli-43 gation to the facility for any treatment under this subparagraph other 44 45 than any copayment, coinsurance, or deductible otherwise required under 46 the policy. 47
 - (E) The criteria for medical necessity determinations under the policy with respect to inpatient substance use disorder benefits shall be made available by the insurer to any insured, prospective insured, or in-network provider upon request.
 - (F) For purposes of this paragraph:
 - (i) "financial requirement" means deductible, copayments, coinsurance and out-of-pocket expenses;
- (ii) "predominant" means that a financial requirement or treatment limitation is the most common or frequent of such type of limit or 55 requirement;

(iii) "treatment limitation" means limits on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of coverage, or other similar limits on the scope or duration of treatment and includes nonquantitative treatment limitations such as: medical management standards limiting or excluding benefits based on medical necessity, or based on whether the treatment is experimental or investigational; formulary design for prescription drugs; network tier design; standards for provider admission to participate in a network, including reimbursement rates; methods for determining usual, customary, and reasonable charges; fail-first or step therapy protocols; exclusions based on failure to complete a course of treatment; and restrictions based on geographic location, facility type, provider specialty, and other criteria that limit the scope or duration of benefits for services provided under the policy; and

- (iv) "substance use disorder" shall have the meaning set forth in the most recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders or the most recent edition of another generally recognized independent standard of current medical practice such as the international classification of diseases.
- (G) An insurer shall provide coverage under this paragraph, at a minimum, consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).
- § 16. Subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph 7 of subsection (1) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 41 of the laws of 2014, are amended and a new subparagraph (C-1) is added to read as follows:
- (A) Every policy that provides medical, major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage [must] shall provide outpatient coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of substance use disorder, including detoxification and rehabilitation services. Such coverage shall not apply financial requirements or treatment limitations to outpatient substance use disorder benefits that are more restrictive than the predominant financial requirements and treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the policy. [Further, such coverage shall be provided consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).]
- (B) Coverage under this paragraph may be limited to facilities in New York state that are licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services [or licensed by such office as outpatient clinics or medically supervised ambulatory substance abuse programs] to provide outpatient substance use disorder services and, in other states, to those which are accredited by the joint commission as alcoholism or chemical dependence treatment programs and similarly licensed, certified or otherwise authorized in the state in which the facility is located.
- (C-1) A large group policy that provides coverage under this paragraph shall not impose copayments or coinsurance for outpatient substance use disorder services that exceeds the copayment or coinsurance imposed for a primary care office visit. Provided that no greater than one such copayment may be imposed for all services provided in a single day by a facility licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services to provide outpatient substance use disorder services.
- § 17. Subparagraph (E) of paragraph 7 of subsection (1) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as added by section 4 of part MM of chapter

57 of the laws of 2018, is amended and three new subparagraphs (F), (G) and (H) are added to read as follows:

(E) This subparagraph shall apply to facilities in this state $\underline{\text{that are}}$ 3 4 licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services for the provision of outpatient, intensive outpatient, outpatient rehabilitation and opioid treatment that are 7 participating in the insurer's provider network. Coverage provided under this paragraph shall not be subject to preauthorization. Coverage 9 provided under this paragraph shall not be subject to concurrent review 10 for the first [two] four weeks of continuous treatment, not to exceed 11 [fourteen] twenty-eight visits, provided the facility notifies the insurer of both the start of treatment and the initial treatment plan 12 13 within [forty-eight hours] two business days. The facility shall 14 perform clinical assessment of the patient at each visit, including 15 [the] periodic consultation with the insurer at or just prior to the 16 fourteenth day of treatment to ensure that the facility is using the 17 evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review tool utilized by the insurer which is designated by the office of alcoholism and substance 18 19 abuse services and appropriate to the age of the patient, to ensure that 20 the outpatient treatment is medically necessary for the patient. Any 21 utilization review of the treatment provided under this subparagraph may include a review of all services provided during such outpatient treat-22 ment, including all services provided during the first [two] four weeks 23 24 of continuous treatment, not to exceed [fourteen] twenty-eight visits, such outpatient treatment. Provided, however, the insurer shall only 25 26 deny coverage for any portion of the initial [two] four weeks of contin-27 uous treatment, not to exceed [fourteen] twenty-eight visits, for outpatient treatment on the basis that such treatment was not medically 28 29 necessary if such outpatient treatment was contrary to the evidence-30 based and peer reviewed clinical review tool utilized by the insurer 31 which is designated by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse 32 services. An insured shall not have any financial obligation to the 33 facility for any treatment under this subparagraph other than any copay-34 ment, coinsurance, or deductible otherwise required under the policy.

(F) The criteria for medical necessity determinations under the policy with respect to outpatient substance use disorder benefits shall be made available by the insurer to any insured, prospective insured, or in-network provider upon request.

(G) For purposes of this paragraph:

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(i) "financial requirement" means deductible, copayments, coinsurance and out-of-pocket expenses;

(ii) "predominant" means that a financial requirement or treatment limitation is the most common or frequent of such type of limit or requirement;

(iii) "treatment limitation" means limits on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of coverage, or other similar limits on the scope or duration of treatment and includes nonquantitative treatment limitations such as: medical management standards limiting or excluding benefits based on medical necessity, or based on whether the treatment is experimental or investigational; formulary design for prescription drugs; network tier design; standards for provider admission to participate in a network, including reimbursement rates; methods for determining usual, customary, and reasonable charges; fail-first or step therapy protocols; exclusions based on failure to complete a course of treatment; and restrictions based on geographic location, facility type,

provider specialty, and other criteria that limit the scope or duration of benefits for services provided under the policy; and

- (iv) "substance use disorder" shall have the meaning set forth in the most recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders or the most recent edition of another generally recognized independent standard of current medical practice such as the international classification of diseases.
- (H) An insurer shall provide coverage under this paragraph, at a minimum, consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).
- § 18. Paragraph 7-b of subsection (1) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as added by section 2 of part B of chapter 69 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:
- (7-b) [(A)] Every policy that provides medical, major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage and provides coverage for prescription drugs for medication for the treatment of a substance use disorder shall include immediate access, without prior authorization, [to a five day emergency supply] to the formulary forms of prescribed medications covered under the policy for the treatment of substance use disorder [where an emergency condition exists], including a prescribed drug or medication associated with the management of opioid withdrawal and/or stabilization, except where otherwise prohibited by law. Further, coverage [ef an emergency supply without prior authorization shall include **formulary forms** medication for opioid overdose reversal otherwise covered under the policy prescribed or dispensed to an individual covered by the policy.
- [(B) For purposes of this paragraph, an "emergency condition" means a substance use disorder condition that manifests itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain or the expectation of severe pain, such that a prudent layperson, possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in:
- (i) placing the health of the person afflicted with such condition in serious jeopardy, or in the case of a behavioral condition, placing the health of such person or others in serious jeopardy;
 - (ii) serious impairment to such person's bodily functions;
 - (iii) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part of such person;
- 38 (iv) serious disfigurement of such person; or

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- (v) a condition described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of section 1867(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act.
- (C) Coverage provided under this paragraph may be subject to copayments, coingurance, and annual deductibles that are consistent with those imposed on other benefits within the policy; provided, however, no policy shall impose an additional copayment or coinsurance on an insured who received an emergency supply of medication and then received up to a thirty day supply of the same medication in the same thirty day period in which the emergency supply of medication was dispensed. This subparagraph shall not preclude the imposition of a copayment or coinsurance on the initial emergency supply of medication in an amount that is less than the copayment or coinsurance otherwise applicable to a thirty day 51 supply of such medication, provided that the total sum of the copayments 52 or coingurance for an entire thirty day supply of the medication does 53 not exceed the copayment or coinsurance otherwise applicable to a thirty 54 day supply of such medication.

§ 19. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 17 of subsection (1) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as amended by section 39 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

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- (B) Every group or blanket policy that provides physician services, medical, major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage shall provide coverage for the screening, diagnosis and treatment of autism spectrum disorder in accordance with this paragraph and shall not exclude coverage for the screening, diagnosis or treatment of medical conditions otherwise covered by the policy because the individual is diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder. Such coverage may be subject to annual deductibles, copayments and coinsurance as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and shall be consistent with those imposed on other benefits under the group or blanket policy. [Coverage for applied behavior analysis shall be subject to a maximum benefit of six hundred eighty hours of treatment per policy or calendar year per covered individual. This paragraph shall not be construed as limiting the benefits that are otherwise available to an individual under the group or blanket policy, provided however that such policy shall not contain any limitations on visits that are solely applied to the treatment of autism spectrum disorder. No insurer shall terminate coverage or refuse to deliver, execute, issue, amend, adjust, or renew coverage to an individual solely because the individual is diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder or has received treatment for autism spectrum disorder. Coverage shall be subject to utilization review and external appeals of health care services pursuant to article forty-nine of this chapter as well as $[\tau]$ case management $[\tau]$ and other managed care provisions.
- § 20. Items (i) and (iii) of subparagraph (C) of paragraph 17 of subsection (1) of section 3221 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 596 of the laws of 2011, are amended to read as follows:
- "autism spectrum disorder" means any pervasive developmental disorder as defined in the most recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders[- including autistic disorder, Asperger's disorder, Rett's disorder, shildhood disintegrative disorder, or pervasive developmental disorder not otherwise specified (PDD-NOS)].
- (iii) "behavioral health treatment" means counseling and treatment programs, when provided by a licensed provider, and applied behavior analysis, when provided [or supervised] by a [behavior analyst] person licensed, certified [pursuant to the behavior analyst certification board, or otherwise authorized to provide applied behavior analysis, that are necessary to develop, maintain, or restore, to the maximum extent practicable, the functioning of an individual. [Individuals that provide behavioral health treatment under the supervision of a certified behavior analyst pursuant to this paragraph shall be subject to standards of professionalism, supervision and relevant experience pursuant to regulations promulgated by the superintendent in consultation with the commissioners of health and education.
- § 21. Paragraph 17 of subsection (1) of section 3221 of the insurance law is amended by adding four new subparagraphs (H), (I), (J) and (K) to read as follows:
- (H) Coverage under this paragraph shall not apply financial requirements or treatment limitations to autism spectrum disorder benefits that restrictive than the predominant financial requirements and 54 treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the policy.

(I) The criteria for medical necessity determinations under the policy with respect to autism spectrum disorder benefits shall be made available by the insurer to any insured, prospective insured, or in-network provider upon request.

(J) For purposes of this paragraph:

- (i) "financial requirement" means deductible, copayments, coinsurance and out-of-pocket expenses;
- 8 (ii) "predominant" means that a financial requirement or treatment 9 limitation is the most common or frequent of such type of limit or 10 requirement; and
 - (iii) "treatment limitation" means limits on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of coverage, or other similar limits on the scope or duration of treatment and includes nonquantitative treatment limitations such as: medical management standards limiting or excluding benefits based on medical necessity, or based on whether the treatment is experimental or investigational; formulary design for prescription drugs; network tier design; standards for provider admission to participate in a network, including reimbursement rates; methods for determining usual, customary, and reasonable charges; fail-first or step therapy protocols; exclusions based on failure to complete a course of treatment; and restrictions based on geographic location, facility type, provider specialty, and other criteria that limit the scope or duration of benefits for services provided under the policy.
 - (K) An insurer shall provide coverage under this paragraph, at a minimum, consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).
 - § 22. Paragraphs 1, 2, and 3 of subsection (g) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 502 of the laws of 2007, are amended to read as follows:
- [(1)] A medical expense indemnity corporation, hospital service corporation or a health service corporation, [which] that provides group, group remittance or school blanket coverage for inpatient hospital care[7] or coverage for physician services shall provide as part of its 34 mental[, nervous or emotional disorders or ailments, however defined in such contract, at least equal to the coverage provided for other] health conditions and [shall include]:

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- (1) where the contract provides coverage for inpatient hospital care, benefits for in-patient care in a hospital as defined by subdivision ten of section 1.03 of the mental hygiene law[- which benefits may be limited to not less than thirty days of active treatment in any contract year, plan year or calendar year.
- (B) or for inpatient care provided in other states, to similarly licensed hospitals, and benefits for out-patient care provided in a facility issued an operating certificate by the commissioner of mental health pursuant to the provisions of article thirty-one of the mental hygiene law or in a facility operated by the office of mental health[$_{m{ au}}$ which benefits may be limited to not less than twenty visits in any contract year, plan year or calendar year. Benefits for partial hospitalization program services shall be provided as an offset to covered inpatient days at a ratio of two partial hospitalization visits to one inpatient day of treatment.
- (C) Such coverage may be provided on a contract year, plan year or 55 calendar year basis and shall be consistent with the provision of other

benefits under the contract. or for out-patient care provided in other states, to similarly certified facilities; and

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- (2) where the contract provides coverage for physician services benefits for outpatient care provided by a psychiatrist or psychologist licensed to practice in this state, a licensed clinical social worker who meets the requirements of subsection (n) of this section, a nurse practitioner licensed to practice on this state, or professional corporation or university faculty practice corporation thereof.
- (3) Such coverage may be subject to annual deductibles, co-pays and coinsurance as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and shall be consistent with those imposed on other benefits under the contract. Provided that no copayment or coinsurance imposed for outpatient mental health services provided in a facility licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of mental health shall exceed the copayments or coinsurance imposed for a primary care office visit under the contract.
- [(D) For the purpose of this subsection, "active treatment" means treatment furnished in conjunction with in-patient confinement for mental, nervous or emotional disorders or ailments that meet such standards as shall be prescribed pursuant to the regulations of the commissioner of mental health.
- (E) In the event the group remittance group or contract holder is provided coverage under this subsection and under paragraph one of subsection (h) of this section from the same health service corporation, or under a contract that is jointly underwritten by two health service corporations or by a health service corporation and a medical expense indemnity corporation, the aggregate of the benefits for outpatient care obtained under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph and paragraph one of subsection (h) of this section may be limited to not less than twenty visits in any contract year, plan year or calendar year.
- (2) (A) A hospital service corporation or a health service corporation, which provides group, group remittance or school blanket coverage for inpatient hospital care, shall provide comparable coverage for adults and children with biologically based mental illness. Such hospital service corporation or health service corporation shall also provide such comparable coverage for children with serious emotional disturbances. Such coverage shall be provided under the terms and conditions otherwise applicable under the contract, including network limitations or variations, exclusions, co-pays, coinsurance, deductibles or other specific cost sharing mechanisms. Provided further, where a contract provides both in-network and out-of-network benefits, the out-of-network benefits may have different coinsurance, co-pays, or deductibles, than the in-network benefits, regardless of whether the contract is written under one license or two licenses.
- (B) For purposes of this subsection, the term "biologically based mental illness" means a mental, nervous, or emotional condition that is caused by a biological disorder of the brain and results in a clinically significant, psychological syndrome or pattern that substantially limits the functioning of the person with the illness. Such biologically based mental illnesses are defined as schizophrenia/psychotic disorders, major depression, bipolar disorder, delusional disorders, panic disorder, obsessive compulsive disorders, anorexia, and bulimia.
- (3) For purposes of this subsection, the term "children with serious emotional disturbances" means persons under the age of eighteen years 54 who have diagnoses of attention deficit disorders, disruptive behavior disorders, or pervasive development disorders, and where there are one or more of the following:

- (A) serious suicidal symptoms or other life-threatening self-destructive behaviors;
- (B) significant psychotic symptoms (hallucinations, delusion, bizarre behaviors);
- (C) behavior caused by emotional disturbances that placed the child at risk of causing personal injury or significant property damage; or
- (D) behavior caused by emotional disturbances that placed the child at substantial risk of removal from the household.
- § 23. Paragraphs 4 and 5 of subsection (g) of section 4303 of the insurance law are REPEALED and five new paragraphs 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 are added to read as follows:
- (4) Coverage under this subsection shall not apply financial requirements or treatment limitations to mental health benefits that are more restrictive than the predominant financial requirements and treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the contract.
- (5) The criteria for medical necessity determinations under the contract with respect to mental health benefits shall be made available by the corporation to any insured, prospective insured, or in-network provider upon request.
 - (6) For purposes of this subsection:

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- (A) "financial requirement" means deductible, copayments, coinsurance and out-of-pocket expenses;
- 24 (B) "predominant" means that a financial requirement or treatment limitation is the most common or frequent of such type of limit or 25 26 requirement;
- (C) "treatment limitation" means limits on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of coverage, or other similar limits on the 28 scope or duration of treatment and includes nonquantitative treatment 30 limitations such as: medical management standards limiting or excluding benefits based on medical necessity, or based on whether the treatment 31 32 is experimental or investigational; formulary design for prescription 33 drugs; network tier design; standards for provider admission to partic-34 ipate in a network, including reimbursement rates; methods for deter-35 mining usual, customary, and reasonable charges; fail-first or step 36 therapy protocols; exclusions based on failure to complete a course of treatment; and restrictions based on geographic location, facility type, 38 provider specialty, and other criteria that limit the scope or duration of benefits for services provided under the contract; and
 - (D) "mental health condition" means any mental health disorder as defined in the most recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders or the most recent edition of another generally recognized independent standard of current medical practice such as the international classification of diseases.
- 45 (7) A corporation shall provide coverage under this subsection, at a 46 minimum, consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici 47 Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 48 1185a). 49
- (8) This paragraph shall apply to hospitals in this state that are licensed by the office of mental health that are participating in the 50 51 corporation's provider network. Where the contract provides coverage for inpatient hospital care, benefits for inpatient hospital care in a 52 53 hospital as defined by subdivision ten of section 1.03 of the mental 54 hygiene law provided to individuals who have not attained the age of eighteen shall not be subject to preauthorization. Coverage provided 55 56 under this paragraph shall also not be subject to concurrent utiliza-

1 tion review during the first fourteen days of the inpatient admission, provided the facility notifies the corporation of both the admission and 3 the initial treatment plan within two business days of the admission, performs daily clinical review of the patient, and participates in periodic consultation with the corporation to ensure that the facility is using the evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review criteria 7 utilized by the corporation which is approved by the office of mental 8 health and appropriate to the age of the patient, to ensure that the 9 inpatient care is medically necessary for the patient. All treatment provided under this paragraph may be reviewed retrospectively. Where 10 11 care is denied retrospectively, an insured shall not have any financial obligation to the facility for any treatment under this paragraph other 12 13 than any copayment, coinsurance, or deductible otherwise required under 14 the contract.

§ 24. Subsection (h) of section 4303 of the insurance law is REPEALED. § 25. Subsection (i) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 230 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

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- (i) A medical expense indemnity corporation or health service corporation [which] that provides coverage for physicians, psychiatrists or psychologists for psychiatric or psychological services or for the diagnosis and treatment of [mental, nervous or emotional disorders and ailments] mental health conditions, however defined in such contract, [must] shall make available and if requested by all persons holding individual contracts in a group whose premiums are paid by a remitting agent or by the contract holder in the case of a group contract issued pursuant to section four thousand three hundred five of this article, provide the same coverage for such services when performed by a licensed clinical social worker, within the lawful scope of his or her practice, who is licensed pursuant to article one hundred fifty-four of the educa-30 tion law. The state board for social work shall maintain a list of all licensed clinical social workers qualified for reimbursement under this subsection. Such coverage shall be made available at the inception of all new contracts and, with respect to all other contracts, at any anniversary date subject to evidence of insurability. Written notice of the availability of such coverage shall be delivered to the group remitting agent or group contract holder prior to inception of such contract and annually thereafter, except that this notice shall not be required where a [policy or covers two hundred or more employees or where the benefit structure was the subject of collective bargaining affecting persons who are employed in more than one state.
 - § 26. Subsection (k) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as amended by section 3 of part B of chapter 71 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:
- (k)(1) Every contract that provides hospital, major medical or similar comprehensive coverage [must] shall provide inpatient coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of substance use disorder, including detoxification and rehabilitation services. Such inpatient coverage shall include unlimited medically necessary treatment for substance use disorder treatment services provided in residential settings [as required by the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. \$ Further, such inpatient coverage shall not apply financial requirements or treatment limitations, including utilization review requirements, to inpatient substance use disorder benefits that are more 54 restrictive than the predominant financial requirements and treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits 56 covered by the contract. [Further, such coverage shall be provided

consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).

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- (2) Coverage provided under this subsection may be limited to facilities in New York state [which are certified] that are licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services and, in other states, to those which are accredited by the joint commission as alcoholism, substance abuse, or chemical dependence treatment programs and are similarly licensed, certified or otherwise authorized in the state in which the facility is located.
- (3) Coverage provided under this subsection may be subject to annual deductibles and co-insurance as deemed appropriate by the superintendent and that are consistent with those imposed on other benefits within a given contract.
- 14 (4) This paragraph shall apply to facilities in this state [certified] 15 that are licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of 16 alcoholism and substance abuse services that are participating in the 17 corporation's provider network. Coverage provided under this subsection shall not be subject to preauthorization. Coverage provided under this 18 19 subsection shall also not be subject to concurrent utilization review 20 during the first [fourteen] twenty-eight days of the inpatient admission 21 provided that the facility notifies the corporation of both the admission and the initial treatment plan within [forty-eight hours] two busi-22 ness days of the admission. The facility shall perform daily clinical 23 24 review of the patient, including [the] periodic consultation with the 25 corporation at or just prior to the fourteenth day of treatment to 26 ensure that the facility is using the evidence-based and peer reviewed 27 clinical review tool utilized by the corporation which is designated by 28 the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services and appropriate to 29 the age of the patient, to ensure that the inpatient treatment is 30 medically necessary for the patient. Prior to discharge, the facility 31 shall provide the patient and the corporation with a written discharge 32 plan which shall describe arrangements for additional services needed following discharge from the inpatient facility as determined using the 33 evidence-based and peer-reviewed clinical review tool utilized by the 34 corporation which is designated by the office of alcoholism and 35 36 substance abuse services. Prior to discharge, the facility shall indi-37 cate to the corporation whether services included in the discharge plan 38 are secured or determined to be reasonably available. Any utilization review of treatment provided under this paragraph may include a review 39 of all services provided during such inpatient treatment, including all 40 41 services provided during the first [fourteen] twenty-eight days of such 42 inpatient treatment. Provided, however, the corporation shall only deny 43 coverage for any portion of the initial [fourteen] twenty-eight day inpatient treatment on the basis that such treatment was not medically 44 45 necessary if such inpatient treatment was contrary to the evidence-based 46 and peer reviewed clinical review tool utilized by the corporation which 47 is designated by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services. 48 insured shall not have any financial obligation to the facility for 49 any treatment under this paragraph other than any copayment, coinsu-50 rance, or deductible otherwise required under the contract.
 - (5) The criteria for medical necessity determinations under the contract with respect to inpatient substance use disorder benefits shall be made available by the corporation to any insured, prospective insured or in-network provider upon request.
 - (6) For purposes of this subsection:

(A) "financial requirement" means deductible, copayments, coinsurance and out-of-pocket expenses;

- (B) "predominant" means that a financial requirement or treatment limitation is the most common or frequent of such type of limit or requirement;
- (C) "treatment limitation" means limits on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of coverage, or other similar limits on the scope or duration of treatment and includes nonquantitative treatment limitations such as: medical management standards limiting or excluding benefits based on medical necessity, or based on whether the treatment is experimental or investigational; formulary design for prescription drugs; network tier design; standards for provider admission to participate in a network, including reimbursement rates; methods for determining usual, customary, and reasonable charges; fail-first or step therapy protocols; exclusions based on failure to complete a course of treatment; and restrictions based on geographic location, facility type, provider specialty, and other criteria that limit the scope or duration of benefits for services provided under the contract; and
- (D) "substance use disorder" shall have the meaning set forth in the most recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders or the most recent edition of another generally recognized independent standard of current medical practice such as the international classification of diseases.
- (7) A corporation shall provide coverage under this subsection, at a minimum, consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).
- § 27. Paragraphs 1 and 2 of subsection (1) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 41 of the laws of 2014, are amended and a new paragraph 3-a is added to read as follows:
- (1) Every contract that provides medical, major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage [must] shall provide outpatient coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of substance use disorder, including detoxification and rehabilitation services. Such coverage shall not apply financial requirements or treatment limitations to outpatient substance use disorder benefits that are more restrictive than the predominant financial requirements and treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the contract. [Further, such coverage shall be provided consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).]
- (2) Coverage under this subsection may be limited to facilities in New York state that are licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services [or licensed by such office as outpatient clinics or medically supervised ambulatory] to provide outpatient substance [abuse programs] use disorder services and, in other states, to those which are accredited by the joint commission as alcoholism or chemical dependence substance abuse treatment programs and are similarly licensed, certified or otherwise authorized in the state in which the facility is located.
- (3-a) A contract that provides large group coverage under this subsection shall not impose copayments or coinsurance for outpatient substance use disorder services that exceed the copayment or coinsurance imposed for a primary care office visit. Provided that no greater than one such copayment may be imposed for all services provided in a single day by a facility licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the

office of alcoholism and substance abuse services to provide outpatient substance use disorder services.

- § 28. Paragraph 5 of subsection (1) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as added by section 5 of part MM of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended and three new paragraphs 6, 7 and 8 are added to read as follows:
- 7 (5) This paragraph shall apply to facilities in this state [certified] that are licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the office of 8 alcoholism and substance abuse services for the provision of outpatient, 9 10 intensive outpatient, outpatient rehabilitation and opioid treatment 11 that are participating in the corporation's provider network. Coverage provided under this subsection shall not be subject to preauthorization. 12 13 Coverage provided under this subsection shall not be subject to concur-14 rent review for the first [two] four weeks of continuous treatment, not 15 to exceed [fourteen] twenty-eight visits, provided the facility notifies 16 the corporation of both the start of treatment and the initial treatment 17 plan within [forty-eight hours] two business days. The facility shall perform clinical assessment of the patient at each visit, including 18 [the] periodic consultation with the corporation at or just prior to the 19 20 fourteenth day of treatment to ensure that the facility is using the 21 evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review tool utilized by the 22 corporation which is designated by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services and appropriate to the age of the patient, to 23 24 ensure that the outpatient treatment is medically necessary for the Any utilization review of the treatment provided under this 25 patient. 26 paragraph may include a review of all services provided during such 27 outpatient treatment, including all services provided during the first 28 [two] four weeks of continuous treatment, not to exceed [fourteen] twen-29 ty-eight visits, of such outpatient treatment. Provided, however, the 30 corporation shall only deny coverage for any portion of the initial 31 [two] four weeks of continuous treatment, not to exceed [fourteen] twen-32 ty-eight visits, for outpatient treatment on the basis that such treatment was not medically necessary if such outpatient treatment was 33 contrary to the evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review tool 34 utilized by the corporation which is designated by the office of alco-35 36 holism and substance abuse services. A subscriber shall not have any 37 financial obligation to the facility for any treatment under this para-38 graph other than any copayment, coinsurance, or deductible otherwise 39 required under the contract.
 - (6) The criteria for medical necessity determinations under the contract with respect to outpatient substance use disorder benefits shall be made available by the corporation to any insured, prospective insured, or in-network provider upon request.
 - (7) For purposes of this subsection:

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- (A) "financial requirement" means deductible, copayments, coinsurance and out-of-pocket expenses;
- (B) "predominant" means that a financial requirement or treatment limitation is the most common or frequent of such type of limit or requirement.
- (C) "treatment limitation" means limits on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of coverage, or other similar limits on the scope or duration of treatment and includes nonquantitative treatment limitations such as: medical management standards limiting or excluding benefits based on medical necessity, or based on whether the treatment is experimental or investigational; formulary design for prescription drugs; network tier design; standards for provider admission to partic-

ipate in a network, including reimbursement rates; methods for determining usual, customary, and reasonable charges; fail-first or step therapy protocols; exclusions based on failure to complete a course of treatment; and restrictions based on geographic location, facility type, provider specialty, and other criteria that limit the scope or duration of benefits for services provided under the contract; and

- (D) "substance use disorder" shall have the meaning set forth in the most recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders or the most recent edition of another generally recognized independent standard of current medical practice such as the international classification of diseases.
- (8) A corporation shall provide coverage under this subsection, at a minimum, consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).
- § 29. Subsection (1-2) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as added by section 3 of part B of chapter 69 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:
- (1-2) [(1)] Every contract that provides medical, major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage and provides coverage for prescription drugs for medication for the treatment of a substance use disorder shall include immediate access, without prior authorization, to [a five day emergency supply] the formulary forms of prescribed medications covered under the contract for the treatment of substance use disorder [where an emergency condition exists], including a prescribed drug or medication associated with the management of opioid withdrawal and/or stabilization, except where otherwise prohibited by law. Further, coverage [of an emergency supply] without prior authorization shall include formulary forms of medication for opioid overdose reversal otherwise covered under the contract prescribed or dispensed to an individual covered by the contract.
- [(2) For purposes of this paragraph, an "emergency condition" means a substance use disorder condition that manifests itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain or the expectation of severe pain, such that a prudent layperson, possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in:
- (i) placing the health of the person afflicted with such condition in serious jeopardy, or in the case of a behavioral condition, placing the health of such person or others in serious jeopardy;
 - (ii) serious impairment to such person's bodily functions;
 - (iii) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part of such person;
- (iv) serious disfigurement of such person; or
- 44 (v) a condition described in clause (i), (ii) or (iii) of section 45 1867(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act.
- (3) Coverage provided under this subsection may be subject to copay-ments, coinsurance, and annual deductibles that are consistent with those imposed on other benefits within the contract; provided, however, no contract shall impose an additional copayment or coinsurance on an insured who received an emergency supply of medication and then received up to a thirty day supply of the same medication in the same thirty day period in which the emergency supply of medication was dispensed. This 53 paragraph shall not preclude the imposition of a sepayment or seinsu-54 rance on the initial limited supply of medication in an amount that is 55 less than the copayment or coinsurance otherwise applicable to a thirty 56 day supply of such medication, provided that the total sum of the copay-

ments or coinsurance for an entire thirty day supply of the medication does not exceed the copayment or coinsurance otherwise applicable to a thirty day supply of such medication.

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- § 30. Subsection (n) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 230 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:
- 5 6 (n) In addition to the requirements of subsection (i) of this section, 7 every health service or medical expense indemnity corporation issuing a group contract pursuant to this section or a group remittance contract 9 for delivery in this state which contract provides reimbursement to 10 subscribers or physicians, psychiatrists or psychologists for psychiat-11 ric or psychological services or for the diagnosis and treatment of [mental, nervous or emotional disorders and ailments,] mental health 12 conditions, however defined in such contract, must provide the same 13 14 coverage to persons covered under the group contract for such services 15 when performed by a licensed clinical social worker, within the lawful 16 scope of his or her practice, who is licensed pursuant to subdivision 17 two of section seven thousand seven hundred four of the education law and in addition shall have either (i) three or more additional years 18 experience in psychotherapy, which for the purposes of this subsection 19 20 shall mean the use of verbal methods in interpersonal relationships with 21 the intent of assisting a person or persons to modify attitudes and 22 behavior which are intellectually, socially or emotionally maladaptive, under supervision, satisfactory to the state board for social work, in a 23 24 facility, licensed or incorporated by an appropriate governmental 25 department, providing services for diagnosis or treatment of [mental, 26 nervous or emotional disorders or ailments, mental health conditions, 27 or (ii) three or more additional years experience in psychotherapy under the supervision, satisfactory to the state board for social work, of a 28 29 psychiatrist, a licensed and registered psychologist or a licensed clin-30 ical social worker qualified for reimbursement pursuant to subsection 31 (i) of this section, or (iii) a combination of the experience specified 32 in paragraphs (i) and (ii) totaling three years, satisfactory to the 33 state board for social work. The state board for social work shall maintain a list of all licensed clinical social workers qualified for 34 reimbursement under this subsection. 35
 - § 31. Paragraph 2 of subsection (ee) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as amended by section 40 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (2) Every contract that provides physician services, medical, major medical or similar comprehensive-type coverage shall provide coverage for the screening, diagnosis and treatment of autism spectrum disorder in accordance with this paragraph and shall not exclude coverage for the screening, diagnosis or treatment of medical conditions otherwise covered by the contract because the individual is diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder. Such coverage may be subject to annual deductibles, copayments and coinsurance as may be deemed appropriate by the superintendent and shall be consistent with those imposed on other benefits under the contract. [Coverage for applied behavior analysis shall be subject to a maximum benefit of six hundred eighty hours of treatment per contract or calendar year per covered individual. This paragraph shall not be construed as limiting the benefits that are otherwise available to an individual under the contract, provided however that such contract shall not contain any limitations on visits that are sole-54 ly applied to the treatment of autism spectrum disorder. No insurer shall terminate coverage or refuse to deliver, execute, issue, amend, adjust, or renew coverage to an individual solely because the individual

is diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder or has received treatment for autism spectrum disorder. Coverage shall be subject to utilization review and external appeals of health care services pursuant to article forty-nine of this chapter as well as $[\tau]$ case management $[\tau]$ and other managed care provisions.

- § 32. Subparagraphs (A) and (C) of paragraph 3 of subsection (ee) of section 4303 of the insurance law, as amended by chapter 596 of the laws of 2011, are amended to read as follows:
- "autism spectrum disorder" means any pervasive developmental disorder as defined in the most recent edition of the diagnostic and 11 statistical manual of mental disorders[- including autistic disorder, Asperger's disorder, Rett's disorder, childhood disintegrative disorder, 12 13 or pervasive developmental disorder not otherwise specified (PDD-NOS)].
 - (C) "behavioral health treatment" means counseling and treatment programs, when provided by a licensed provider, and applied behavior analysis, when provided [or supervised] by a [behavior analyst certified purguant to the behavior analyst certification board person that is licensed, certified or otherwise authorized to provide applied behavior analysis, that are necessary to develop, maintain, or restore, to the maximum extent practicable, the functioning of an individual. [Individuals that provide behavioral health treatment under the supervision of a certified behavior analyst pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to standards of professionalism, supervision and relevant experience pursuant to regulations promulgated by the superintendent in consultation with the commissioners of health and education.
 - § 33. Subsection (ee) of section 4303 of the insurance law is amended by adding four new paragraphs 8, 9, 10, and 11 to read as follows:
 - (8) Coverage under this subsection shall not apply financial requirements or treatment limitations to autism spectrum disorder benefits that are more restrictive than the predominant financial requirements and treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the policy.
 - (9) The criteria for medical necessity determinations under the contract with respect to autism spectrum disorder benefits shall be made available by the corporation to any insured, prospective insured, or <u>in-network provider upon request.</u>
 - (10) For purposes of this subsection:

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- (A) "financial requirement" means deductible, copayments, coinsurance and out-of-pocket expenses;
- 40 (B) "predominant" means that a financial requirement or treatment limitation is the most common or frequent of such type of limit or 41 42 requirement; and
- (C) "treatment limitation" means limits on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of coverage, or other similar limits on the scope or duration of treatment and includes nonquantitative treatment limitations such as: medical management standards limiting or excluding benefits based on medical necessity, or based on whether the treatment is experimental or investigational; formulary design for prescription drugs; network tier design; standards for provider admission to participate in a network, including reimbursement rates; methods for determining usual, customary, and reasonable charges; fail-first or step therapy 52 protocols; exclusions based on failure to complete a course of treatment; and restrictions based on geographic location, facility type, 54 provider specialty, and other criteria that limit the scope or duration of benefits for services provided under the contract.

(11) A corporation shall provide coverage under this subsection, at a minimum, consistent with the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (29 U.S.C. § 1185a).

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- § 34. Paragraphs 17, 20 and 21 of subsection (a) of section 4324 of the insurance law, paragraph 17 as amended and paragraphs 20 and 21 as added by section 8 of part H of chapter 60 of the laws of 2014, are amended and a new paragraph 22 is added to read as follows:
- (17) where applicable, a listing by specialty, which may be in a separate document that is updated annually, of the name, address, and telephone number of all participating providers, including facilities, [and in addition, and: (A) whether the provider is accepting new patients; (B) in the case of mental health or substance use disorder services providers, any affiliations with participating facilities certified or authorized by the office of mental health or the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services, and any restrictions regarding the availability of the individual provider's services; (C) in the case of physicians, board certification, languages spoken and any affiliations with participating hospitals. The listing shall also be posted on the corporation's website and the corporation shall update the website within fifteen days of the addition or termination of a provider from the corporation's network or a change in a physician's hospital affiliation; (20) with respect to out-of-network coverage:
- (A) a clear description of the methodology used by the corporation to determine reimbursement for out-of-network health care services;
- (B) a description of the amount that the corporation will reimburse under the methodology for out-of-network health care services set forth as a percentage of the usual and customary cost for out-of-network health care services; and
- (C) examples of anticipated out-of-pocket costs for frequently billed out-of-network health care services; [and]
- (21) information in writing and through an internet website that reasonably permits a subscriber or prospective subscriber to estimate the anticipated out-of-pocket cost for out-of-network health care services in a geographical area or zip code based upon the difference between what the corporation will reimburse for out-of-network health care services and the usual and customary cost for out-of-network health care services[-]; and
- (22) the most recent comparative analysis performed by the corporation to assess the provision of its covered services in accordance with the Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008, 42 U.S.C. 18031 (j), and any amendments to, and federal guidance or regulations issued under, those Acts.
- § 35. Subsection (b) of section 4325 of the insurance law, as added by chapter 705 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows:
- (b) No corporation organized under this article shall by contract, written policy [ex], written procedure or practice prohibit or restrict any health care provider from filing a complaint, making a report or commenting to an appropriate governmental body regarding the policies or practices of such corporation which the provider believes may negatively impact upon the quality of or access to patient care. Nor shall a corporation organized under this article take any adverse action, including but not limited to refusing to renew or execute a contract or agreement 54 with a health care provider as retaliation against a health care provider for filing a complaint, making a report or commenting to an appropriate governmental body regarding policies or practices of such corpo-

ration which may violate this chapter including subsection (g), (k), (1), (1-1) or (1-2) of section forty-three hundred three of this article.

- § 36. Subparagraph (C) of paragraph 1 of subsection (b) of section 4900 of the insurance law, as added by chapter 41 of the laws of 2014, is amended and a new subparagraph (D) is added to read as follows:
- (C) for purposes of a determination involving substance use disorder treatment:
- (i) a physician who possesses a current and valid non-restricted license to practice medicine and who specializes in behavioral health and has experience in the delivery of substance use disorder courses of treatment; or
- (ii) a health care professional other than a licensed physician who specializes in behavioral health and has experience in the delivery of substance use disorder courses of treatment and, where applicable, possesses a current and valid non-restricted license, certificate or registration or, where no provision for a license, certificate or registration exists, is credentialed by the national accrediting body appropriate to the profession; [and] or
- (D) for purposes of a determination involving treatment for a mental health condition:
- (i) a physician who possesses a current and valid non-restricted license to practice medicine and who specializes in behavioral health and has experience in the delivery of mental health courses of treatment; or
- (ii) a health care professional other than a licensed physician who specializes in behavioral health and has experience in the delivery of mental health courses of treatment and, where applicable, possesses a current and valid non-restricted license, certificate, or registration or, where no provision for a license, certificate or registration exists, is credentialed by the national accrediting body appropriate to the profession; and
- § 37. Paragraph 9 of subsection (a) of section 4902 of the insurance law, as amended by section 1 of part A of chapter 69 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:
- (9) When conducting utilization review for purposes of determining health care coverage for substance use disorder treatment, a utilization review agent shall utilize an evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review [tools designated by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services that are appropriate to the age of the patient and consistent with the treatment service levels within the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services system] tool that is appropriate to the age of the patient. When conducting such utilization review for treatment provided in this state, a utilization review agent shall utilize an evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical tool designated by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services that is consistent with the treatment service levels within the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services system. All approved tools shall have inter rater reliability testing completed by December thirty-first, two thousand sixteen.
- § 38. Subsection (a) of section 4902 of the insurance law is amended by adding a new paragraph 12 to read as follows:
- (12) When conducting utilization review for purposes of determining
 health care coverage for a mental health condition, a utilization review
 agent shall utilize evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review
 criteria that is appropriate to the age of the patient. The utilization

review agent shall use clinical review criteria deemed appropriate and approved for such use by the commissioner of the office of mental health, in consultation with the commissioner of health and the superintendent. Approved clinical review criteria shall have inter rater reliability testing completed by December thirty-first, two thousand nineteen.

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- § 39. Paragraph (b) of subsection 5 of section 4403 of the public health law, as added by chapter 705 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows:
- 10 The following criteria shall be considered by the commissioner at 11 the time of a review: (i) the availability of appropriate and timely care that is provided in compliance with the standards of the Federal 12 13 Americans with Disability Act to assure access to health care for the 14 enrollee population; (ii) the network's ability to provide culturally 15 and linguistically competent care to meet the needs of the enrollee 16 population; [and] (iii) the availability of appropriate and timely care 17 that is in compliance with the standards of the Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008, 42 18 19 U.S.C. 18031(j), and any amendments to, and federal guidance and regu-20 lations issued under those Acts, which shall include an analysis of the 21 rate of out-of-network utilization for covered mental health and substance use disorder services as compared to the rate of out-of-net-22 work utilization for the respective category of medical services; and 23 (iv) with the exception of initial licensure, the number of grievances 24 25 filed by enrollees relating to waiting times for appointments, appropri-26 ateness of referrals and other indicators of plan capacity.
 - § 40. Subdivision 3 of section 4406-c of the public health law, as added by chapter 705 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows:
 - 3. No health care plan shall by contract, written policy $[ullet oldsymbol{e}^*]_{oldsymbol{x}}$ written procedure or practice prohibit or restrict any health care provider from filing a complaint, making a report or commenting to an appropriate governmental body regarding the policies or practices of such health care plan which the provider believes may negatively impact upon the quality of, or access to, patient care. Nor shall a health care plan take any adverse action, including but not limited to refusing to renew or execute a contract or agreement with a health care provider as retaliation against a health care provider for filing a complaint, making a report or commenting to an appropriate governmental body regarding policies or practices of such health care plan which may violate this chapter or the insurance law including subsection (g), (k), (l), (l-1) or (1-2) of section forty-three hundred three of the insurance law.
 - § 41. Paragraphs (r), (t) and (u) of subdivision 1 of section 4408 of the public health law, paragraph (r) as amended and paragraphs (t) and (u) as added by section 18 of part H of chapter 60 of the laws of 2014, are amended and a new paragraph (v) is added to read as follows:
- (r) a listing by specialty, which may be in a separate document that is updated annually, of the name, address and telephone number of all participating providers, including facilities, [and, in addition, and: (i) whether the provider is accepting new patients; (ii) in the case of mental health or substance use disorder services providers, any affiliations with participating facilities certified or authorized by the office of mental health or the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services, and any restrictions regarding the availability of the indi-54 vidual provider's services; and (iii) in the case of physicians, board certification, languages spoken and any affiliations with participating 56 hospitals. The listing shall also be posted on the health maintenance

organization's website and the health maintenance organization shall update the website within fifteen days of the addition or termination of a provider from the health maintenance organization's network or a change in a physician's hospital affiliation;

(t) with respect to out-of-network coverage:

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- (i) a clear description of the methodology used by the health maintenance organization to determine reimbursement for out-of-network health care services;
- (ii) the amount that the health maintenance organization will reimburse under the methodology for out-of-network health care services set forth as a percentage of the usual and customary cost for out-of-network 11 12 health care services;
- (iii) examples of anticipated out-of-pocket costs for frequently 14 billed out-of-network health care services; [and]
- (u) information in writing and through an internet website that 16 reasonably permits an enrollee or prospective enrollee to estimate the anticipated out-of-pocket cost for out-of-network health care services in a geographical area or zip code based upon the difference between what the health maintenance organization will reimburse for out-of-network health care services and the usual and customary cost for out-ofnetwork health care services[+]; and
- (v) the most recent comparative analysis performed by the health maintenance organization to assess the provision of its covered services in 23 accordance with the Paul Wellstone and Pete Dominici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008, 42 U.S.C. 18031(j) and any amendments to, and federal guidance and regulations issued under, those Acts.
 - § 42. Subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section of the public health law, as added by chapter 41 of the laws of 4900 2014, is amended and a new subparagraph (iv) is added to read as follows:
- (iii) for purposes of a determination involving substance use disorder 32 treatment:
 - (A) a physician who possesses a current and valid non-restricted license to practice medicine and who specializes in behavioral health and has experience in the delivery of substance use disorder courses of treatment; or
 - (B) a health care professional other than a licensed physician who specializes in behavioral health and has experience in the delivery of substance use disorder courses of treatment and, where applicable, possesses a current and valid non-restricted license, certificate or registration or, where no provision for a license, certificate or registration exists, is credentialed by the national accrediting body appropriate to the profession; [and] or
- 44 (iv) for purposes of a determination involving treatment for a mental 45 <u>health condition:</u>
 - (A) a physician who possesses a current and valid non-restricted license to practice medicine and who specializes in behavioral health and has experience in the delivery of mental health courses of treat-
- (B) a health care professional other than a licensed physician who 51 specializes in behavioral health and has experience in the delivery of a 52 mental health courses of treatment and, where applicable, possesses a 53 current and valid non-restricted license, certificate, or registration 54 or, where no provision for a license, certificate or registration exists, is credentialed by the national accrediting body appropriate to 55 the profession; and

§ 43. Paragraph (i) of subdivision 1 of section 4902 of the public health law, as amended by section 2 of part A of chapter 69 of the laws of 2016, is amended and a new paragraph (j) is added to read as follows: 3 (i) When conducting utilization review for purposes of determining health care coverage for substance use disorder treatment, a utilization review agent shall utilize an evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review [tools designated by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services that are appropriate to the age of the patient and consistent with the treatment service levels within the office of alcoholism and 9 substance abuse services system] tool that is appropriate to the age of 10 11 the patient. When conducting such utilization review for treatment provided in this state, a utilization review agent shall utilize an 12 evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical tool designated by the office 13 14 of alcoholism and substance abuse services that is consistent with the 15 treatment service levels within the office of alcoholism and substance 16 abuse services system. All approved tools shall have inter rater reliability testing completed by December thirty-first, two 17 18 sixteen.

(j) When conducting utilization review for purposes of determining health care coverage for a mental health condition, a utilization review agent shall utilize evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review criteria that is appropriate to the age of the patient. The utilization review agent shall use clinical review criteria deemed appropriate and approved for such use by the commissioner of the office of mental health, in consultation with the commissioner and the superintendent of financial services. Approved clinical review criteria shall have inter rater reliability testing completed by December thirty-first, two thousand nineteen.

§ 44. This act shall take effect on the first of January next succeeding the date on which it shall have become a law and shall apply to all policies and contracts issued, renewed, modified, altered or amended on or after such date; provided, however, notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, nothing in this act shall limit the rights accruing 34 to employees pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement with any state or local government employer for the unexpired term of such agreement where such agreement is in effect on the effective date of this act and so long as such agreement remains in effect thereafter or the eligibility of any member of an employee organization to join a health insurance plan open to him or her pursuant to such a collectively negotiated agreement.

41 SUBPART B

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Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 2803-u of the public health law, 43 as added by section 1 of part C of chapter 70 of the laws of 2016, 44 amended to read as follows:

1. The office of alcoholism and substance abuse services, in consultation with the department, shall develop or utilize existing educational 47 materials to be provided to general hospitals to disseminate to individuals with a documented substance use disorder or who appear to have or 48 49 be at risk for a substance use disorder during discharge planning pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred three-i of this [chapter] article. 50 Such materials shall include information regarding the various types of 52 treatment and recovery services, including but not limited to: inpatient, outpatient, and medication-assisted treatment; how to recognize the need for treatment services; information for individuals to deter1 mine what type and level of treatment is most appropriate and what resources are available to them; and any other information the commissioner deems appropriate. General hospitals shall include in their poli-3 4 cies and procedures treatment protocols, consistent with medical standards, to be utilized by the emergency departments in general hospitals for the appropriate use of medication-assisted treatment, including 7 buprenorphine, prior to discharge, or referral protocols for evaluation of medication-assisted treatment when initiation in an emergency depart-9 ment of a general hospital is not feasible.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

11 SUBPART C

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12 Intentionally Omitted

13 SUBPART D

14 Section 1. Paragraph (r) of subdivision 4 of section 364-j of the 15 social services law, as amended by section 39 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows: 16

- (r) A managed care provider shall provide services to participants 18 pursuant to an order of a court of competent jurisdiction, provided however, that such services shall be within such provider's or plan's 19 20 benefit package and are reimbursable under title xix of the federal social security act, provided that services for a substance use disorder 21 22 shall be provided by a program licensed, certified or otherwise author-23 ized by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services.
- § 2. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however that 24 25 the amendments to paragraph (r) of subdivision 4 of section 364-j of the social services law made by section one of this act shall not affect the 26 repeal of such section and shall be deemed to be repealed therewith. 27

28 SUBPART E

29 Intentionally Omitted

- § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-31 sion, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, 32 33 impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section 34 or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It has hereby declared to be the intent 37 of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such 38 invalid provisions had not been included herein.
- 39 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 40 the applicable effective date of Subparts A through E of this act shall be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts.

42 PART CC

43 Intentionally Omitted

44 PART DD

Intentionally Omitted

2 PART EE

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Section 1. Subdivision 10 of section 2899-a of the public health law, as amended by section 5 of part C of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

6 10. Notwithstanding subdivision eleven of section eight hundred 7 forty-five-b of the executive law, a certified home health agency, licensed home care services agency or long term home health care program certified, licensed or approved under article thirty-six of this chapter or a home care services agency exempt from certification or licensure 10 11 under article thirty-six of this chapter, a hospice program under arti-12 cle forty of this chapter, or an adult home, enriched housing program or 13 residence for adults licensed under article seven of the social services 14 law, or a health home, or any subcontractor of such health home, who contracts with or is approved or otherwise authorized by the department 15 to provide health home services to all enrollees enrolled pursuant to a 16 diagnosis of a developmental disability as defined in subdivision twen-17 18 ty-two of section 1.03 of the mental hygiene law and enrollees who are 19 under twenty-one years of age under section three hundred sixty-five-l 20 of the social services law, or any entity that provides home and community based services to enrollees who are under twenty-one years of age 21 under a demonstration program pursuant to section eleven hundred fifteen of the federal social security act may temporarily approve a prospective 23 24 employee while the results of the criminal history information check and 25 the determination are pending, upon the condition that the provider 26 conducts appropriate direct observation and evaluation of the temporary 27 employee, while he or she is temporarily employed, and the care recipi-28 ent; provided, however, that for a health home, or any subcontractor of 29 a health home, who contracts with or is approved or otherwise authorized 30 by the department to provide health home services to all enrollees enrolled pursuant to a diagnosis of developmental disability as defined 31 in subdivision twenty-two of section 1.03 of the mental hygiene law and 32 33 enrollees who are under twenty-one years of age under section three 34 hundred sixty-five-1 of the social services law, or any entity that provides home and community based services to enrollees who are under 36 twenty-one years of age under a demonstration program pursuant to section eleven hundred fifteen of the federal social security act, 37 direct observation and evaluation of temporary employees shall not be 38 required until [April] July first, two thousand nineteen. The results of 39 40 such observations shall be documented in the temporary employee's personnel file and shall be maintained. For purposes of providing such 41 42 appropriate direct observation and evaluation, the provider shall 43 utilize an individual employed by such provider with a minimum of one 44 year's experience working in an agency certified, licensed or approved 45 under article thirty-six of this chapter or an adult home, enriched housing program or residence for adults licensed under article seven of 47 the social services law, a health home, or any subcontractor of such 48 health home, who contracts with or is approved or otherwise authorized by the department to provide health home services to those enrolled 49 50 pursuant to a diagnosis of a developmental disability as defined in subdivision twenty-two of section 1.03 of the mental hygiene law and 52 enrollees who are under twenty-one years of age under section three 53 hundred sixty-five-l of the social services law, or any entity that 54 provides home and community based services to enrollees who are under

1 twenty-one years of age under a demonstration program pursuant to section eleven hundred fifteen of the federal social security act. If the temporary employee is working under contract with another provider 4 certified, licensed or approved under article thirty-six of this chapter, such contract provider's appropriate direct observation and evaluation of the temporary employee, shall be considered sufficient for the purposes of complying with this subdivision.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately, except that if this act shall have become a law on or after April 1, 2019 this act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2019.

12 PART FF

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Section 1. Section 4 of chapter 495 of the laws of 2004, amending the 13 insurance law and the public health law relating to the New York state health insurance continuation assistance demonstration project, 15 amended by section 1 of part QQ of chapter 58 of the laws of 2018, 16 amended to read as follows: 17

- 18 This act shall take effect on the sixtieth day after it shall 19 have become a law; provided, however, that this act shall remain in effect until July 1, [2019] 2020 when upon such date the provisions of 20 this act shall expire and be deemed repealed; provided, further, that a 22 displaced worker shall be eligible for continuation assistance retroac-23 tive to July 1, 2004.
- 24 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

25 PART GG

26 Section 1. It is the intent of the legislature that, subject to the 27 approval of the director of the budget and sufficient appropriation authority, no less than one hundred million dollars of existing revenue shall be made available annually to support programs operated by the New 30 York state office of alcoholism and substance abuse services or agencies 31 certified, authorized, approved or otherwise funded by the New York 32 state office of alcoholism and substance abuse services to provide opioid treatment, recovery and prevention and education services.

35 PART HH

36 Section 1. Subdivision 5 of section 209 of the elder law, as amended by section 1 of part S of chapter 59 of the laws of 2016, is amended to 37 38 read as follows:

Within amounts specifically appropriated therefor and consistent 40 with the criteria developed and required pursuant to this section the director shall approve grants to eligible applicants. Individual grants awarded for classic NORC programs shall be in amounts not to exceed [two] three hundred thousand ([\$200,000] \$300,000) dollars and for neighborhood NORCs not less than sixty thousand (\$60,000) dollars in any 44 twelve month period.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

47 PART II

Section 1. Section 13 of chapter 141 of the laws of 1994, amending the legislative law and the state finance law relating to the operation and administration of the legislature, as amended by section 2 of part GGG of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

§ 13. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect as of April 1, 1994, provided that, the provisions of section 5-a of the legislative law as amended by sections two and two-a of this act shall take effect on January 1, 1995, and provided further that, the provisions of article 5-A of the legislative law as added by section eight of this act shall expire June 30, [2019] 2020 when upon such date the provisions of such article shall be deemed repealed; and provided further that section twelve of this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 10, 1994.

This act shall take effect immediately, provided, however, if section one of this act shall take effect on or after June 30, 2019 17 section one of this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and 18 effect on and after June 30, 2019.

19 PART JJ

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20 Section 1. Section 2815 of the public health law is amended by adding 21 a new subdivision 5-a to read as follows:

5-a. Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, the authority is authorized and directed to transfer from the restructuring pool to the department, upon written request of the director of the budget and within thirty days thereof, funds repaid by participating borrowers, and held by the authority relating to restructuring pool loans funded by amounts transferred to the restructuring pool by the department or remaining funds in the restructuring pool that were transferred by the department, not to exceed a total of eighty-three million five hundred thousand dollars, excepting therefrom amounts necessary to pay expenses of the authority as provided in the agreement described in subdivision three of this section. All participating borrowers shall be obligated in their loan agreement to repay no later than March thirtyfirst, two thousand twenty all funds borrowed from the eighty-three million five hundred thousand dollars transferred by the department pursuant to this section, to fund these restructuring pool loans. Further, in respect of these borrowed funds, all participating borrowers shall be required under the terms of their loan agreement to immediately upon receipt of quality improvement incentive payments or additional supplemental assistance initiate repayment of an amount equal to the quality improvement incentive payments or additional supplemental assistance not to exceed the amount of such borrowed funds, unless a waiver or extension of repayment has been approved by the director of the budget.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

46 PART KK

47 Section 1. The Department of Health shall conduct a study to examine 48 how staffing enhancements and other initiatives could be used to improve patient safety and the quality of healthcare service delivery in hospi-50 tals and nursing homes subject to article 28 of the public health law. 51 The Department study shall consider minimum staffing levels, other staffing enhancement strategies, and other patient quality improvement initiatives for registered nurses, licensed practical nurses, and certified nurse aides to improve the quality of care and patient safety.

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The study will analyze the range of potential fiscal impacts of staffing levels, other staffing enhancement strategies, and other patient quality improvement initiatives.

The Department study will commence no later than May 1, 2019, and shall engage stakeholders, including the statewide hospital and nursing 7 home associations, direct care health workers, and patient and community 9 health advocates, and shall report its findings and recommendations to the Commissioner of the Department of Health and to the Temporary President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly no later than December 11 31, 2019. 12

- § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 14 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2019.
- 15 § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-16 sion, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of 17 competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in 18 19 its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section 20 or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judg-21 ment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such 22 invalid provisions had not been included herein. 23
- 24 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 25 the applicable effective date of Parts A through KK of this act shall be 26 as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.