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IN ASSEMBLY

February 11, 2020

Introduced by M. of A. ORTIZ -- read once and referred to the Committee
 on Cities

AN ACT to amend the general city law, in relation to the regulation of street vendors

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1	Section 1. The general city law is amended by adding a new section
2	18-e to read as follows:
3	§ 18-e. Street vendors. 1. For the purposes of this section, the
4	following definitions apply:
5	a. "Street vendor" means a person who sells food or merchandise from a
б	food truck, pushcart, stand, display, pedal-driven cart, wagon, show-
7	case, rack, other nonmotorized conveyance, or from one's person, upon a
8	<u>public street, sidewalk or other pedestrian path.</u>
9	b. "Local legislative body" means the legislative body of a city.
10	2. a. A local legislative body shall not regulate street vendors
11	except in accordance with subdivision three, four or five of this
12	section.
13	b. Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the applica-
14	bility of any laws, rules, or regulations pertaining to food safety to a
15	street vendor who sells food.
16	c. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a local
17	legislative body to adopt a new program to regulate street vendors if
18	the local legislative body has established an existing program that
19	substantially complies with the requirements of this section.
20	3. a. A local legislative body may adopt a program to regulate street
21	vendors in compliance with this section.
22	b. A local legislative body's street vending program shall comply with
23	all of the following standards:
24	(i) A local legislative body shall not require a street vendor to
25	operate within specific parts of the public right-of-way, except when
26	such restriction is directly related to objective health, safety, or
27	welfare concerns.

EXPLANATION--Matter in **italics** (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1	(ii) (A) A local legislative body shall not prohibit a street vendor
2	from selling food or merchandise in a park owned or operated by the
3	city, except the local legislative body may prohibit stationary street
4	vendors from vending in the park only if the operator of the park has
5	signed an agreement for concessions that exclusively permits the sale of
6	food or merchandise by the concessionaire.
7	(B) Notwithstanding clause (A) of this subparagraph, a local legisla-
8	tive body may adopt additional requirements regulating the time, place,
9	and manner of street vending in a park owned or operated by the city if
10	the requirements are any of the following:
11	(1) Directly related to objective health, safety, or welfare concerns;
12	(2) Necessary to ensure the public's use and enjoyment of natural
13	resources and recreational opportunities; or
14	(3) Necessary to prevent an undue concentration of commercial activity
15	that unreasonably interferes with the scenic and natural character of
16	the park.
17	(iii) A local legislative body shall not require a street vendor to
18	first obtain the consent or approval of any nongovernmental entity or
19	individual before he or she can sell food or merchandise.
20	(iv) (A) A local legislative body shall not restrict street vendors to
21	operate only in a designated neighborhood or area, except when that
22	restriction is directly related to objective health, safety, or welfare
23	concerns.
24	(B) Notwithstanding clause (A) of this subparagraph, a local legisla-
25	tive body may not prohibit stationary or roaming street vendors in areas
26	that are zoned exclusively residential.
27	(v) A local legislative body shall not restrict the overall number of
28	street vendors permitted to operate within the jurisdiction of the local
29	legislative body.
30	c. A local legislative body may, by law, ordinance or resolution,
31	adopt additional requirements regulating the time, place, and manner of
32	street vending if the requirements are directly related to objective
33	health, safety, or welfare concerns, including, but not limited to, any
34	<u>of the following:</u>
35	(i) Limitations on hours of operation that are not unduly restrictive.
36	In nonresidential areas, any limitations on the hours of operation for
37	street vending shall not be more restrictive than any limitations on
38	hours of operation imposed on other businesses or uses on the same
39	<u>street;</u>
40	(ii) Requirements to maintain sanitary conditions;
41	(iii) Requirements necessary to ensure compliance with the federal
42	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-336) and other
43	disability access standards;
44	(iv) Requiring the street vendor to obtain from the local legislative
45	body a permit for street vending or a valid business license, provided
46	that the local legislative body issuing the permit or business license
47	accepts a New York driver's license or identification number, an indi-
48	vidual taxpayer identification number, or a municipal identification
49	number in lieu of a social security number if the local legislative body
50	otherwise requires a social security number for the issuance of a permit
51	or business license, and that the number collected shall not be avail-
52	able to the public for inspection, is confidential, and shall not be
53	disclosed except as required to administer the permit or licensure
54	program or comply with a state law or state or federal court order;
55	(v) Requiring the street vendor to possess a valid seller's permit or

55 <u>(v) Re</u> 56 <u>license;</u>

1	(vi) Requiring additional licenses from other state or local agencies
2	to the extent required by law;
3	(vii) Requiring compliance with other generally applicable laws; or
4	(viii) Requiring a street vendor to submit information on his or her
5	operations, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
6	(A) The name and current mailing address of the street vendor;
7	(B) A description of the merchandise offered for sale or exchange;
8	(C) A certification by the vendor that to his or her knowledge and
9	belief, the information contained on the form is true;
10	(D) The New York state tax number, if any, of the street vendor; or
11	(E) If the street vendor is an agent of an individual, company, part-
12^{11}	nership, or corporation, the name and business address of the principal.
13	<u>d. Notwithstanding paragraph b of this subdivision, a local legisla-</u>
14^{-1}	tive body may restrict or prohibit street vendors within the immediate
15	vicinity of an area designated for a temporary special permit issued by
16	the local legislative body, provided that any notice, business inter-
17	ruption mitigation, or other rights provided to affected businesses or
18	property owners under the local legislative body's temporary special
19	permit are also provided to any street vendors specifically permitted to
20	operate in the area, if applicable. For the purposes of this paragraph,
21	a temporary special permit is a permit issued by the local legislative
22	body for the temporary use of, or encroachment on, the street, sidewalk,
23	or other public area, including, but not limited to an encroachment
24	permit, special event permit, or temporary event permit, for purposes
25	including, but not limited to, filming, parades, or outdoor concerts. A
26	prohibition of street vendors pursuant to this paragraph shall only be
27	effective for the limited duration of the temporary special permit.
28	e. For the purposes of this section, perceived community animus or
28 29	e. For the purposes of this section, perceived community animus or economic competition shall not constitute an objective health, safety,
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1	violations of any of the requirements of subdivision three of this
2	section, and after notice and an opportunity for a hearing has been
3	provided by the permit-issuing official.
4	(iii) (A) If a local legislative body requires a sidewalk vendor to
5	obtain a street vending permit from the local legislative body, vending
6	without a street vending permit may be punishable by the following in
7	lieu of the fines set forth in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph:
8	(1) A fine not exceeding two hundred dollars for a first violation.
9	(2) A fine not exceeding three hundred dollars for a second violation
10	within one year of the first violation.
11	(3) A fine not exceeding four hundred dollars for each additional
12	violation within one year of the first violation.
13	(B) Upon proof of a valid permit issued by the local legislative body,
14	the fines set forth in this paragraph shall be reduced to the fines set
15	forth in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, respectively.
16	b. The proceeds of a fine assessed pursuant to paragraph a of this
17	subdivision shall be deposited in the general fund of the local legisla-
18	tive body.
19	c. Failure to pay a fine pursuant to paragraph a of this subdivision
20	shall not be punishable as an infraction or misdemeanor. Additional
21	fines, fees, assessments, or any other financial conditions beyond those
22	authorized in paragraph a of this subdivision shall not be assessed.
23	d. (i) A violation of a local legislative body's street vending
24	program that complies with subdivision three of this section, or a
25	violation of any rules or regulations adopted prior to the effective
26	date of this section, that regulate or prohibit street vendors in the
27	jurisdiction of a local legislative body, shall not be punishable as an
28	infraction or misdemeanor, and the person alleged to have violated any
29	such provisions shall not be subject to arrest except when permitted
30	under law.
31	(ii) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, subparagraph (i)
32	of this paragraph shall apply to all pending criminal prosecutions under
33	any law, ordinance or resolution regulating or prohibiting street
34	vendors. Any such criminal prosecutions that have not reached final
35	judgment shall be dismissed.
36	e. A local legislative body that has not adopted rules or regulations
37	by law, ordinance or resolution that comply with subdivision two of this
38	section shall not cite, fine, or prosecute a street vendor for a
39	violation of any law, rule or regulation that is inconsistent with the
40	standards described in paragraph b of subdivision three of this section.
41	f. (i) When assessing a fine pursuant to paragraph a of this subdivi-
42	sion, the adjudicator shall take into consideration the person's ability
43	to pay the fine. The local legislative body shall provide the person
44	with notice of his or her right to request an ability-to-pay determi-
45	nation and shall make available instructions or other materials for
46	requesting an ability-to-pay determination. The person may request an
47	ability-to-pay determination at adjudication or while the judgment
48	remains unpaid, including when a case is delinquent or has been referred
49	to a comprehensive collection program.
50	(ii) The local legislative body may allow the person to complete
51	community service in lieu of paying the total fine, may waive or reduce
52	the fine, or may offer an alternative disposition.
53	g. (i) A person who is currently serving, or who completed, a
54	sentence, or who is subject to a fine, for a conviction of a misdemeanor
55	or infraction for street vending, whether by trial or by open or negoti-
56	ated plea, who would not have been guilty of such offense under this
55	week press, and not have been guitely or buch orrende under child

1	section had this section been in effect at the time of the offense, may
2	petition for dismissal of the sentence, fine, or conviction before the
3	trial court that entered the judgment of conviction in his or her case.
4	(ii) Upon receiving a petition under subparagraph (i) of this para-
5	graph, the court shall presume the petitioner satisfies the criteria in
б	subparagraph (i) of this paragraph unless the party opposing the peti-
7	tion proves by clear and convincing evidence that the petitioner does
8	not satisfy the criteria. If the petitioner satisfies the criteria in
9	subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the court shall grant the petition
10	to dismiss the sentence or fine, if applicable, and dismiss and seal the
11	conviction, because the sentence, fine, and conviction are legally
12	invalid.
13	(iii) Unless requested by the petitioner, no hearing is necessary to
14	grant or deny a petition filed under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph.
15	(iv) If the court that originally sentenced or imposed a fine on the
16	petitioner is not available, the presiding judge shall designate another
17	judge to rule on the petition.
18	(v) Nothing in this paragraph is intended to diminish or abrogate any
19	rights or remedies otherwise available to the petitioner.
20	(vi) Nothing in this paragraph or related provisions is intended to
21	<u>diminish or abrogate the finality of judgments in any case not falling</u>
22	within the purview of this section.
22	8.2 This act shall take effect immediately

23 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.