

STATE OF NEW YORK

8973

IN ASSEMBLY

January 6, 2020

Introduced by M. of A. SIMOTAS -- read once and referred to the Committee on Governmental Employees

AN ACT to amend the civil service law, in relation to a fair, non-biased compensation structure

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 115 of the civil service law, as amended by a chapter of the laws of 2019 amending the civil service law relating to a fair, non-biased compensation structure, as proposed in legislative bills numbers S. 456-B and A. 1047-B, is amended to read as follows:

5 § 115. Policy of the state. 1. In order to attract unusual merit and ability to the service of the state of New York and all its political subdivisions, to stimulate higher efficiency among the personnel, to provide skilled leadership in administrative departments, to reward merit and to insure to the people and the taxpayers of the state of New York the highest return in services for the necessary costs of government, it is hereby declared to be the policy of the state and all its political subdivisions thereof, consistent with the federal Equal Pay Act of 1963 (29 U.S.C. § 206), the federal Civil Rights Act (42 U.S.C. § 2000e-2), article fifteen of the executive law, and section forty-c of the civil rights law, to ensure a fair, non-biased compensation structure for all employees in which status within one or more protected class or classes is not considered [~~either directly or indirectly~~] in determining the proper compensation for a title or in determining the pay for any individual or group of employees, to ensure that no employee with status within one or more protected class or classes shall be paid a wage at a rate less than the rate at which an employee without status within the same protected class or classes in the same establishment is paid for similar work or substantially similar work and to provide regular increases in pay in proper proportion to increase of ability, increase of output and increase of quality of work demonstrated in service.

27 2. For the purpose of this section:

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 (a) the term "protected class" includes age, race, creed, color,
2 national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression,
3 military status, sex, disability, predisposing genetic characteristics,
4 familial status, marital status, or domestic violence victim status, and
5 any employee protected from discrimination pursuant to paragraphs a, b,
6 and c of subdivision one of section two hundred ninety-six of the execu-
7 tive law, and any intern protected from discrimination pursuant to
8 section two hundred ninety-six-c of the executive law.

9 (b) the term "compensation" shall include but not be limited to: all
10 earnings of an employee for labor or services rendered, regardless of
11 whether the amount of earnings is paid on an annual salary, hourly,
12 biweekly or per diem basis; reimbursement for expenses; health, welfare
13 and retirement benefits; and vacation pay, sick pay, separation or holi-
14 day pay, or any other form of remuneration.

15 (c) employees shall be deemed to work in the same establishment if the
16 employees work for the same employer at workplaces located in the same
17 geographical region, no larger than a county, taking into account popu-
18 lation distribution, economic activity, and/or the presence of munici-
19 palities.

20 3. (a) ~~[Where an employee believes he or she is being discriminated~~
21 ~~against in terms of compensation in violation of this section, such~~
22 ~~employee may bring an action in any court of competent jurisdiction to~~
23 ~~recover the equitable and monetary relief described in paragraph (b) of~~
24 ~~this subdivision.~~

25 ~~(b) (1) In any action in which a court or jury finds that an employer~~
26 ~~has engaged in acts in violation of this section, the court or jury~~
27 ~~shall award to any affected employee or employees monetary relief,~~
28 ~~including back pay in an amount equal to the difference between the~~
29 ~~employee's actual earnings and what the employee would have earned but~~
30 ~~for the employer's unlawful practices, including an appropriate increase~~
31 ~~in retirement benefits, and an additional amount in compensatory and~~
32 ~~punitive damages, as appropriate.~~

33 ~~(2) In any action in which a court or jury finds that an employer has~~
34 ~~engaged in acts in violation of this section, the court shall enjoin the~~
35 ~~employer from continuing to discriminate against affected employees and~~
36 ~~shall direct the employer to comply with the provisions of this article,~~
37 ~~and may order the employer to take such additional affirmative steps as~~
38 ~~are necessary to ensure an end to unlawful discrimination, including~~
39 ~~reinstatement to the same or a comparable position for employees in the~~
40 ~~unclassified service or employees classified as management/confidential~~
41 ~~or labor, reinstatement with back pay, or reclassification of affected~~
42 ~~workers.~~

43 ~~(3) In any action in which an affected employee or employees prevail~~
44 ~~in their claims against employers, the court may, in addition to any~~
45 ~~judgement awarded to the plaintiffs, allow a reasonable attorney's fee,~~
46 ~~reasonable expert witness fees, and other costs of the action to be paid~~
47 ~~by the employer.~~

48 ~~(c) An action to recover the damages or equitable relief prescribed in~~
49 ~~paragraph (b) of this subdivision may be maintained against any employer~~
50 ~~in any court of competent jurisdiction by any one or more employees or~~
51 ~~their representative for or on behalf of:~~

52 ~~(1) the employees; or~~

53 ~~(2) the employees and other employees similarly situated.~~

54 4. (a) It shall not be a violation of this section for an employer to
55 pay different compensation to employees, where such payments are made
56 pursuant to:

1 (1) a bona fide seniority or merit system;
2 (2) a bona fide system that measures earnings by quantity or quality
3 of production;
4 (3) a bona fide system based on geographic differentials; [~~ex~~]
5 (4) any other bona fide factor other than status within one or more
6 protected class or classes, such as education, training, or experience.
7 Such factor: (A) shall not be based upon or derived from a differential
8 in compensation based on status within one or more protected class or
9 classes; and (B) shall be job-related with respect to the position in
10 question and shall be consistent with business necessity. Such exception
11 under this paragraph shall not apply when the employee demonstrates (i)
12 that an employer uses a particular employment practice that causes a
13 disparate impact on the basis of status within one or more protected
14 class or classes, (ii) that an alternative employment practice exists
15 that would serve the same purpose and not produce such differential, and
16 (iii) that the employer has refused to adopt such alternative practice;
17 or
18 (5) a collective bargaining agreement.
19 (b) For the purpose of paragraph (a) of this subdivision, "business
20 necessity" shall be defined as a factor that bears a manifest relation-
21 ship to the employment in question.
22 (c) Nothing set forth in this section shall be construed to impede,
23 infringe or diminish the rights and benefits which accrue to employees
24 through collective bargaining agreements, or otherwise diminish the
25 integrity of the existing collective bargaining relationship.
26 § 2. This act shall take effect on the same date and in the same
27 manner as a chapter of the laws of 2019 amending the civil service law
28 relating to a fair, non-biased compensation structure, as proposed in
29 legislative bills numbers S. 456-B and A. 1047-B, takes effect.