STATE OF NEW YORK

8940

IN ASSEMBLY

January 2, 2020

Introduced by M. of A. BENEDETTO -- read once and referred to the Committee on Higher Education

AN ACT to amend the education law in relation to establishing the "New York patients' right to know act"

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "New York patients' right to know act".
- \S 2. The education law is amended by adding a new section 6533 to read 4 as follows:
- § 6533. Patients' right to know. 1. A physician found guilty of any category of professional misconduct as specified in subdivision two of this section, under the procedures prescribed in section two hundred thirty of the public health law, shall provide to all patients a disclosure which includes:
- 10 (a) the penalties imposed upon such physician pursuant to section two 11 hundred thirty-a of the public health law, as added by chapter 606 of 12 the laws of 1991, and the duration of such penalties;
- 13 <u>(b) the office of professional medical conduct's contact information;</u>
 14 <u>and</u>
- 15 (c) an explanation of how patients can find further information about 16 such physician's history of misconduct on the office of professional 17 medical conduct's internet website.
- 2. A physician found guilty of professional misconduct under any of the following subdivisions of section sixty-five hundred thirty of this article shall provide to all patients the disclosure required by subdivision one of this section:
- 22 <u>(a) professional misconduct under paragraph (a) of subdivision nine</u> 23 involving a criminal conviction where:
- 24 (i) such criminal conviction was for any sex offense under article one 25 hundred thirty of the penal law, and where such sex offense was commit-26 ted against a patient of such physician; or
- 27 (ii) such criminal conviction was for any other act resulting in harm 28 to a patient;

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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- (b) professional misconduct under paragraph (e) of subdivision nine, where such physician was found to be in violation of article thirtythree of the public health law; or
- (c) professional misconduct under subdivision seven or eight involving impairment or abuse of alcohol or narcotics.
- 3. A physician required to provide a disclosure pursuant to this section shall obtain from all patients, or such patients' quardian or health care surrogate, a separate, signed copy of such disclosure.
- 9 4. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, a 10 physician shall not be required to provide a disclosure under this 11 section if any of the following applies:
 - (a) the patient is unconscious or otherwise unable to comprehend the disclosure and sign the copy of such disclosure pursuant to subdivision three of this section, and a quardian or health care surrogate is unavailable to comprehend such disclosure and sign a copy;
 - (b) the visit occurs in an emergency room or an urgent care facility or such visit is unscheduled, including consultations given as a part of inpatient health care services, as defined by subdivision eleven of section twenty-five hundred ten of the public health law;
 - (c) such physician is not known to the patient until immediately prior to the start of the visit; or
- (d) such physician does not have a direct treatment relationship with 22 23 the patient.
 - 5. The board of the office of professional medical conduct shall create the disclosure form required under this section, and shall provide such disclosure form on its website to be accessible by physi-
 - 6. The office of professional medical conduct shall make all information required to be included on disclosures under this section additionally available on its website.
 - § 3. The education law is amended by adding a new section 6511-a to read as follows:
 - 6511-a. Patients' right to know. 1. For the purposes of this section, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- 35 (a) "licensee" means and shall be limited to individuals licensed or authorized to practice chiropractic under article one hundred thirty-two 36 of this title, individuals licensed or authorized to practice podiatry 37 under article one hundred forty-one of this title, and individuals 38 licensed or authorized to practice acupuncture under article one hundred 39 40 sixty of this title.
 - (b) "the board" shall mean the board of regents.
- 42 A licensee found guilty of any category of professional misconduct 43 as specified in subdivision three of this section, under the procedures 44 prescribed in section sixty-five hundred ten of this sub article, shall 45 provide to all clients a disclosure which includes:
- 46 (a) the penalties imposed upon such licensee pursuant to section 47 sixty-five hundred eleven of this sub article, and the duration of such 48 penalties;
 - (b) the board's contact information; and
- (c) an explanation of how patients can find further information about 51 such licensee's history of misconduct on the board's internet website.
- 3. A licensee found quilty of professional misconduct under any of the 52 53 following subdivisions of section sixty-five hundred nine of this sub article shall provide to all patients the disclosure required by subdi-54 55 vision two of this section:

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- 1 (a) professional misconduct under paragraph (a) of subdivision five 2 involving a criminal conviction where:
- 3 (i) such criminal conviction was for any sex offense under article one
 4 hundred thirty of the penal law, and where such sex offense was commit5 ted against a patient of such licensee; or
- 6 (ii) such criminal conviction was for any other act resulting in harm 7 to a patient;
- 8 (b) professional misconduct under paragraph (c) of subdivision five,
 9 where such licensee was found to be in violation of article thirty-three
 10 of the public health law; or
- 11 (c) professional misconduct under subdivision three or four involving 12 impairment or abuse of alcohol or narcotics.
- 4. A licensee required to provide a disclosure pursuant to this section shall obtain from all patients, or such patients' guardian or health care surrogate, a separate, signed copy of such disclosure.
- 5. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary a licensee shall not be required to provide a disclosure under this section if any of the following applies:
 - (a) the patient is unconscious or otherwise unable to comprehend the disclosure and sign the copy of such disclosure pursuant to subdivision four of this section, and a guardian or health care surrogate is unavailable to comprehend such disclosure and sign a copy;
- 23 (b) the visit occurs in an emergency room or an urgent care facility
 24 or such visit is unscheduled, including consultations given as a part of
 25 inpatient health care services, as defined by subdivision eleven of
 26 section twenty-five hundred ten of the public health law;
- 27 (c) such licensee is not known to the patient until immediately prior 28 to the start of the visit; or
- 29 (d) such licensee does not have a direct treatment relationship with 30 the patient.
- 6. The board shall create the disclosure form required under this section, and shall provide such disclosure form on its website to be accessible by licensees.
- 7. The board shall make all information required to be included on disclosures under this section additionally available on its website.
- 36 § 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.