STATE OF NEW YORK

8091

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

May 31, 2019

Introduced by M. of A. MAGNARELLI, RYAN -- read once and referred to the Committee on Real Property Taxation

AN ACT to amend the real property tax law, in relation to the residential-commercial urban exemption program

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 485-a of the real property tax law, as amended by 2 chapter 632 of the laws of 2004, subdivision 5 as further amended by subdivision (b) of section 1 of part W of chapter 56 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

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- § 485-a. Residential-commercial urban exemption program. 1. Defi-As used in this section, the following terms shall have the nitions. following meanings:
- (a) "Municipality" means any town, city or village except for a city having more than one million inhabitants.
- 10 (b) "Applicant" means any person obligated to pay real property taxes 11 on the property for which an exemption from real property taxes under this section is sought. 12
- 13 (c) "Commercial construction work" means the modernization, rehabili-14 tation, expansion or other improvement of the portion of mixed-use prop-15 erty to be used for commercial purposes.
- (d) "Commercial purpose or use" means the buying, selling or otherwise 16 providing of goods or services directly to the public, including hotel 17 services, [or other lawful business or commercial activities permitted 18 in mixed-use property retail stores, office space, restaurants, bars, 19 20 gyms, theaters, and cafes.
- 21 (e) "Mixed-use property" means property on which will exist, after 22 completion of residential construction work or a combination of residential construction work and commercial construction work, a building or 24 structure used for both residential and commercial purposes of which, 25 at least fifty percent of the building or structure's square footage is

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 devoted to residential purposes or use and at least fifteen percent of the building or structure's square footage is devoted to commercial 3 purposes or use. Only square footage existing in a story above grade shall be used in the determination of the building's percentage of residential purposes or use and commercial purposes or use.

- (f) "Person" means an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association, agency, trust, estate, foreign or domestic government or subdivision thereof, or other entity.
- (g) "Residential construction work" means the creation, modernization, rehabilitation, expansion or other improvement of dwelling units, other than dwelling units in a hotel, in the portion of mixed-use property to be used for residential purposes.
- (h) "Floor area" means the horizontal areas of the several floors or 14 any portion thereof of a mixed-use property measured from the exterior faces of exterior walls or from the center line of party walls, exclusive of any area existing below-grade.
 - (i) "Story above grade" means any story having its finished floor surface entirely above grade.
 - (j) "Grade" shall mean the finished ground level adjoining the building at all exterior walls.
- 2. Any municipality may, by local law, provide for the exemption of 22 real property from taxation as provided in this section. Upon the adoption of such a local law, the county in which such municipality is located may, by local law, and any school district, all or part of which is located in such municipality, may, by resolution, exempt such property from its taxation in the same manner and to the same extent as such municipality has done.
 - 3. Upon the adoption of such a local law, non-residential real property, upon conversion to mixed-use property, shall be exempt from taxation and special ad valorem levies as provided for in subdivision four of this section. Land which was vacant prior to the residential or commercial construction work for which a tax exemption is sought, shall not be eligible to receive benefits pursuant to this section.
 - 4. (a) (i) For a period of twelve years from the approval of an application, the increase in assessed value of such property attributable to such conversion shall be exempt as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph. Such exemption shall be computed with respect to the "exemption base". The exemption base shall be determined for each year in which there is an increase in assessed value so attributable from that of the previous year's assessed value.
- 41 (ii) The following table shall illustrate the computation of the tax 42 exemption:

43	Year of exemption	Percentage of exemption
44	1 through 8	100% of exemption base
45	9	80% of exemption base
46	10	60% of exemption base
47	11	40% of exemption base
48	12	20% of exemption base

- (b) No such exemption shall be granted unless
- (i) such conversion was commenced subsequent to the date on which the 51 municipality's local law took effect; [and]
- 52 (ii) the cost of such conversion exceeds the sum of ten thousand dollars or such greater amount as may be specified by local law[-];

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(iii) at least seventy-five percent of the floor area of the mixed-use property consists of the pre-existing building or structure;

- (iv) the portion of the building used for commercial purposes is currently, as demonstrated by documentation submitted by the applicant, used as such or is in good faith contemplated.
- (c) For purposes of this section the term conversion shall not include ordinary maintenance and repairs.
- (d) No such exemption shall be granted concurrent with or subsequent to any other real property tax exemption granted to the same improvements to real property, except, where during the period of such previous exemption, payments in lieu of taxes or other payments were made to the local government in an amount that would have been equal to or greater than the amount of real property taxes that would have been paid on such improvements had such property been granted an exemption pursuant to this section. In such case, an exemption shall be granted for a number of years equal to the twelve year exemption granted pursuant to this section less the number of years the property would have been previously exempt from real property taxes.
- 5. Such exemption shall be granted only upon application by the owner of such real property on a form prescribed by the commissioner. Such application shall be filed with the assessor of the municipality or county having the power to assess property for taxation on or before the appropriate taxable status date of such municipality or county.
- 6. If the assessor is satisfied that the applicant is entitled to an exemption pursuant to this section, he or she shall approve the application and such real property shall [thereafter] be exempt from taxation and special ad valorem levies as in this section provided [to approve the assessment roll prepared after the taxable status date referred to in subdivision five of this section]. The assessed value of any exemption granted pursuant to this section shall be entered by the assessor on the assessment roll with the taxable property, with the amount of the exemption shown in a separate column.
- 7. (a) During the period of exemption pursuant to this section, the owner shall submit an annual certification to the assessor attesting that the property complies with the provisions or requirements of this section and any additional provisions or requirements as may be provided by local law. Failure to submit such certification shall result in revocation of benefits. Such certification shall include at a minimum the following:
- (i) the types of residential use and the total above-grade square footage of such use;
- (ii) the types of commercial use and the total above-grade square footage of such use;
- (iii) attestation that the portion of the building used for commercial purposes is currently, as demonstrated by documentation submitted by the applicant, used as such or is in good faith contemplated; and
 - (iv) all such other information required by the municipality.
- (b) If the assessor is satisfied that the applicant continues to be entitled to the exemption pursuant to this section, the assessor shall approve the certification and the real property shall remain exempt from taxation and special ad valorem levies for another year as provided in this section.
- 8. (a) The benefits of this section shall be revoked upon a finding by the assessor that:

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(i) the application for benefits hereunder or the annual certification required hereunder contains a false statement or false information as to a material matter or omits a material matter; or

- (ii) the eligible real property fails to comply with one or more of the provisions or requirements of this section or any provisions or requirements provided by local law.
- (b) Such revocation shall require the repayment of any benefits previously granted pursuant to this section.
- 9 9. If the assessor determines that there was a material misstatement
 10 in an application filed by or on behalf of the owners for an exemption
 11 pursuant to this section and that such misstatement provided the basis
 12 for the granting of such exemption, the municipality shall proceed to
 13 impose a penalty on the applicant of one thousand dollars in addition to
 14 recovering the amount of any prior exemption granted.
- 15 § 2. This act shall take effect on the thirtieth day after it shall 16 have become a law and shall apply to properties for which the initial 17 application for exemption are received on and after such date.