STATE OF NEW YORK

6151

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

February 28, 2019

- Introduced by M. of A. ORTIZ, FAHY, JAFFEE, GOTTFRIED, NIOU, LUPARDO, SEAWRIGHT, RODRIGUEZ, ROZIC, JEAN-PIERRE, LAVINE, QUART, RICHARDSON, CARROLL, D'URSO, GALEF, L. ROSENTHAL, SANTABARBARA, DINOWITZ, PAULIN, ABINANTI, SIMOTAS, CAHILL, MAGNARELLI, CYMBROWITZ, SOLAGES, GLICK, PERRY, THIELE, O'DONNELL, STIRPE, PEOPLES-STOKES, PICHARDO, BARRON, D. ROSENTHAL, DICKENS, TAYLOR, COLTON, DE LA ROSA, HYNDMAN, MOSLEY, BLAKE, JONES, WEPRIN, ARROYO, BARNWELL, EPSTEIN, BICHOTTE, RIVERA, HUNTER, WOERNER, STERN, OTIS, ZEBROWSKI, BARRETT -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. BUCHWALD, BYRNE, COOK, HEVESI, MCDONOUGH, M. L. MILLER, NOLAN, SIMON, STECK, WRIGHT -- read once and referred to the Committee on Consumer Affairs and Protection
- AN ACT to amend the general business law, in relation to chemicals of high concern to children

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The general business law is amended by adding a new section 391-u to read as follows: 2 391-u. Chemicals of high concern to children. 1. Definitions. For 3 S 4 the purposes of this section, the following terms shall have the follow-5 ing meanings: б (a) "Children's apparel" means any item of clothing, footwear or 7 apparel, including, but not limited to, accessories that consist of fabric or related material intended or promoted for use in children's 8 clothing. Children's apparel does not include protective equipment 9 designed to prevent injury including, but not limited to, bicycle 10 11 helmets, athletic supporters, knee pads or elbow pads. 12 (b) "Chemical" means any organic or inorganic substance of a partic-13 ular molecular identity, including: (i) any combination of such substances occurring in whole or in part as a result of a chemical reaction or occurring in nature; and (ii) any element or uncombined 14 15 16 radical. (c) "Chemical of high concern to children" means any chemical that has 17 18 been identified by a state, federal or international governmental entity on the basis of credible scientific evidence or reliable information as: 19

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD05553-02-9

A. 6151

1	(i) a carcinogen, a reproductive or developmental toxicant, neurotoxi-
2	cant, endocrine disruptor or asthmagen; (ii) persistent, bioaccumulative
3	and toxic; or (iii) very persistent and very bioaccumulative.
4	(d) "Child or children" means a person or persons twelve years of age
5	or younger.
6	(e) "Children's product" means a product primarily intended for, made
7	for or marketed for use by children, including but not limited to: baby
8	products; toys; car seats; children's cosmetics; school supplies; a
9	product designed or intended by the manufacturer to help a child with
10	sucking or teething, to facilitate sleep, relaxation or the feeding of a
11	child; children's novelty products; children's jewelry; children's
12	bedding, furniture and furnishings; and children's apparel. Such term
13	shall not include: (i) batteries; (ii) consumer electronics; (iii) a
14	supplement, food or beverage or an additive to a food or beverage regu-
15	lated by the United States Food and Drug Administration; (iv) a drug,
16	biologic or medical device regulated by the United States Food and Drug
17	Administration; or (v) a pesticide product regulated by the United
18	States Environmental Protection Agency and registered by the department
19	of environmental conservation.
20	(f) "Component" means a uniquely identifiable or reasonably separate
21	material that is intended to be included as a part of a finished chil-
22	dren's product. A single chemical shall not be considered a "component"
23	unless the entire material is composed of that single chemical.
24	(g) "Distributor" means a person who sells children's products to
25	retail establishments.
26	(h) "Manufacturer" means any person who manufactures a children's
27	product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product. In the
28	case of a children's product that is imported into the United States,
20	
29	
29 30	"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of
30	"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the
30 31	<u>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of</u> the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's
30 31 32	"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States.
30 31 32 33	"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high
30 31 32 33 34	"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department
30 31 32 33 34 35	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser-</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation.</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i)</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer.</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ-</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ- mental conservation and the department of health shall post the list of</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ- mental conservation and the department of health shall post the list of chemicals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclo-</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ- mental conservation and the department of health shall post the list of chemicals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclo- sure on their websites.</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ- mental conservation and the department of health shall post the list of chemicals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclo- sure on their websites. 3. Disclosure of information. Reporting of chemical occurrence. Chem-</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ- mental conservation and the department of health shall post the list of chemicals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclo- sure on their websites. 3. Disclosure of information. Reporting of chemical occurrence. Chem- icals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclosure</pre>
30 31 32 33 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 445 46 47	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ- mental conservation and the department of health shall post the list of chemicals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclosure shall be determined by the department of health, in consultation with</pre>
30 31 32 33 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 445 46 47 48	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ- mental conservation and the department of health shall post the list of chemicals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclosure sure on their websites. 3. Disclosure of information. Reporting of chemical occurrence. Chem- icals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclosure shall be determined by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environ. Once the department of</pre>
30 31 32 33 35 36 37 38 40 41 42 45 46 47 48 49	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (i) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ- mental conservation and the department of health shall post the list of chemicals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclo- sure on their websites. 3. Disclosure of information. Reporting of chemical occurrence. Chem- icals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclosure shall be determined by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conservation. Once the department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conser- sure on the department of health, in consultation with the department of health and the department of environmental conservation.</pre>
30 312 33 35 36 37 39 41 42 43 45 467 489 50	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (i) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ- mental conservation and the department of health shall post the list of chemicals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclo- sure on their websites. 3. Disclosure of information. Reporting of chemical occurrence. Chem- icals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclosure shall be determined by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conservation. Once the department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conser- vation publish the list of chemicals to their websites, every manufac-</pre>
30 312 33 35 36 37 39 412 43 45 467 489 51	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ- mental conservation and the department of health shall post the list of chemicals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclo- sure on their websites. 3. Disclosure of information. Reporting of chemical occurrence. Chem- icals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclosure shall be determined by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conservation. Once the department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conser- vation publish the list of chemicals to their websites, every manufac- turer who sells or distributes a children's product in this state shall</pre>
30 312 334 35 36 3739 412 434 456 4789 512 52	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ- mental conservation and the department of health shall post the list of chemicals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclo- sure on their websites. 3. Disclosure of information. Reporting of chemical occurrence. Chem- icals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclosure shall be determined by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conservation. Once the department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conser- vation publish the list of chemicals to their websites, every manufac- turer who sells or distributes a children's product in this state shall report to the department of state if any of the priority chemicals for</pre>
30 312 333 35 36 3739 412 434 456 490 512 52 53	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (i) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ- mental conservation and the department of health shall post the list of chemicals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclosure shall be determined by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conservation. Once the department of state, department of environmental conser- vation publish the list of chemicals to the department of state, department of environmental conservation. Once the department of state, department of health, in consultation with the department of health and the department of environmental conser- vation publish the list of chemicals to their websites, every manufac- turer who sells or distributes a children's product in this state shall report to the department of state if any of the priority chemicals for disclosure are present in a children's product. The list of priority</pre>
30 312 334 35 36 3739 412 434 456 4789 512 52	<pre>"manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the children's product if the person who manufactures or assembles the children's product or whose brand name is affixed to the children's product does not have a presence in the United States. (i) "Priority chemicals for disclosure" means chemicals of high concern to children that are designated for disclosure by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conser- vation. (j) "Retailer" means any person who sells or leases children's products in the state to consumers. Such term shall not include: (i) someone who purchased or acquired a product primarily for personal use and who subsequently resells the product; or (ii) any secondhand dealer. 2. Publishing lists. The department of state, department of environ- mental conservation and the department of health shall post the list of chemicals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclo- sure on their websites. 3. Disclosure of information. Reporting of chemical occurrence. Chem- icals of high concern to children and priority chemicals for disclosure shall be determined by the department of health, in consultation with the department of environmental conservation. Once the department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conser- vation publish the list of chemicals to their websites, every manufac- turer who sells or distributes a children's product in this state shall report to the department of state if any of the priority chemicals for</pre>

A. 6151

1 The department of state, in consultation with the department of environmental conservation and the department of health, shall promulgate 2 3 rules and regulations regarding the notification format the manufactur-4 ers must comply with when disclosing information to consumers and the 5 departments. б The department of state, department of health and the department of 7 environmental conservation are authorized to participate in an inter-8 state chemicals clearinghouse to assist in carrying out the requirements 9 of this section. Such departments may also enter into reciprocal data-10 sharing agreements with other states in which a manufacturer of chil-11 dren's products is required to disclose information related to chemicals of high concern to children in children's products. 12 13 4. Waiver of reporting. Upon application by a manufacturer, the 14 commissioner of health may waive all or part of the disclosure requirements. In making such determination, such commissioner may consider: 15 16 (a) whether substantially equivalent information is already publicly 17 available or such information is not needed for the purposes of this 18 article; 19 (b) whether similar waivers have been granted by other states; 20 (c) whether the specified use or uses are minor in volume; or 21 (d) whether the manufacturer either individually or jointly submits the information required in a notice under this section to: (i) a state 22 with which the department of state has entered a reciprocal data-sharing 23 agreement; or (ii) a trade association, the Interstate Chemicals Clear-24 25 inghouse, a federal governmental agency, or other independent third 26 party, who makes that data available to the department of health on 27 behalf of the manufacturer. 5. Notice to retailers. A manufacturer of a children's product 28 29 containing a priority chemical for disclosure shall notify, in a form prescribed by the department of state, retailers that offer the chil-30 31 dren's product for sale or distribution in the state of the presence of 32 such priority chemical for disclosure and any other information the 33 departments of state and health deem appropriate. 34 6. Notice to consumers. The department of state shall notify consumers 35 about children's products containing priority chemicals for disclosure. The notification shall link chemical disclosure to known and potential 36 health impacts, and shall be published on the department of health's and 37 38 department of environmental conservation's websites in a form and manner 39 determined by the commissioners of such departments. 7. Certificate of compliance. A manufacturer required to submit 40 41 notice pursuant to this section to the commissioners of health and envi-42 ronmental conservation may rely on a certificate of compliance, data or 43 information from suppliers for determining reporting obligations. A 44 certificate of compliance provided by a supplier under this subdivision 45 shall be solely for the purpose of compliance with the requirements of 46 this section. 8. Applicability. The provisions of this section shall apply to chem-47 48 icals in children's products sold or distributed as new. It shall not 49 apply to used children's products that are sold or distributed for free 50 at secondhand stores, yard sales, on the internet or donated to chari-51 ties. Transportation. The requirements of this section shall not apply 52 9. to motor vehicles or their component parts, watercraft or their compo-53 nent parts, all-terrain vehicles or their component parts, or off-high-54

55 way motorcycles or their component parts, except that the presence of

A. 6151

1	priority chemicals for disclosure in detachable car seats shall not be
2	exempt.
3	10. Combustion. The requirements of this section shall not apply to
4	chemicals generated solely as combustion byproducts or that are present
5	in combustible fuels.
6	11. Industry. The requirements of this section shall not apply to
7	priority chemicals for disclosure used in or for industry or manufactur-
8	ing, including chemicals processed or otherwise used in or for indus-
9	trial or manufacturing processes and not present in the final product.
10	12. Statement of compliance. If the department of environmental
11	conservation suspects that a children's product is being offered or sold
12	in violation of this section, such department may request the manufac-
13	turer of the children's product to provide within thirty days of receipt
14	of a request from the department of environmental conservation, a state-
15	ment of compliance on a form provided by the department of environmental
16	conservation. The statement of compliance shall: (a) attest that the
17	children's product does not contain the priority chemical for disclo-
18	sure; or (b) attest and provide the department of state with documenta-
19	tion that notification of the presence of a priority chemical for
20	disclosure was provided to the department pursuant to this section; or
21	(c) attest that the manufacturer has notified retailers of the presence
22	of the priority chemical for disclosure pursuant to this section.
23	13. Unauthorized sales. The commissioner of environmental conserva-
24	tion may issue an order directing the cessation of the sale or distrib-
25	ution by manufacturers, distributors or retailers of any children's
26	product being distributed, sold, leased or otherwise offered for sale in
27	this state that is in violation of this section. In the instance of
28	non-compliance with such order, the department of environmental conser-
29	vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale,
29 30	vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products.
29 30 31	vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a
29 30 31 32	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the</pre>
29 30 31 32 33	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed.</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations of this section.</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations. The department of state, department of health and</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this section.</pre>
$29 \\ 30 \\ 31 \\ 32 \\ 33 \\ 35 \\ 36 \\ 37 \\ 38 \\ 39 \\ 40 \\ 41 \\ 42 \\ 43 \\ 44 \\ 45 $	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this section. § 2. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this section. § 2. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 39\\ 40\\ 41\\ 42\\ 43\\ 44\\ 45\\ 46\\ 47\end{array}$	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this section. § 2. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 39\\ 40\\ 41\\ 42\\ 43\\ 445\\ 46\\ 47\\ 48\end{array}$	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations of this section. 15. Regulations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this section. § 2. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof,</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 39\\ 40\\ 41\\ 42\\ 43\\ 445\\ 46\\ 47\\ 48\\ 49\\ \end{array}$	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this section. § 2. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph.</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 39\\ 40\\ 41\\ 42\\ 43\\ 445\\ 46\\ 47\\ 48\\ 49\\ 50\\ \end{array}$	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations of this section. 15. Regulations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this section. § 2. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, para- graph, section or part of this act directly involved in the controversy</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 2 9 \\ 3 0 \\ 3 1 \\ 3 2 \\ 3 3 \\ 3 4 \\ 3 5 \\ 3 7 \\ 3 8 \\ 3 9 \\ 4 1 \\ 4 2 \\ 4 4 \\ 4 5 \\ 4 6 \\ 4 7 \\ 4 8 \\ 9 \\ 5 1 \\ 5 1 \end{array}$	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this section. § 2. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, para- graph, section or part of this act directly involved in the controversy in which the judgment shall have been rendered.</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 2 9 \\ 3 0 \\ 3 1 \\ 3 2 \\ 3 3 \\ 3 4 \\ 3 5 \\ 3 7 \\ 3 3 \\ 3 9 \\ 4 1 \\ 4 2 \\ 4 4 \\ 4 5 \\ 4 7 \\ 4 8 \\ 9 0 \\ 5 1 \\ 5 2 \end{array}$	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this section. § 2. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, para- graph, section or part of this act directly involved in the controversy in which the judgment shall have been rendered. § 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020. Effective immediately,</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 2 9 \\ 3 0 \\ 3 1 \\ 3 2 \\ 3 3 \\ 3 4 \\ 3 5 \\ 3 3 \\ 3 5 \\ 3 3 \\ 4 1 \\ 4 2 \\ 4 3 \\ 4 5 \\ 4 5 \\ 5 1 \\ 5 2 \\ 5 3 \end{array}$	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this section. § 2. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, para- graph, section or part of this act directly involved in the controversy in which the judgment shall have been rendered. § 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any rules or regulations neces-</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 2 9 \\ 3 1 \\ 3 2 \\ 3 3 \\ 3 4 \\ 3 5 \\ 3 3 \\ 3 5 \\ 3 3 \\ 4 1 \\ 4 2 \\ 4 4 \\ 4 5 \\ 5 1 \\ 5 2 \\ 5 3 \\ 5 \\ 5 4 \end{array}$	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and the department of all further judicial review, the judgment shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, para- graph, section or part of this act directly involved in the controversy in which the judgment shall have been rendered. § 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any rules or regulations neces- sary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 2 9 \\ 3 0 \\ 3 1 \\ 3 2 \\ 3 3 \\ 3 4 \\ 3 5 \\ 3 3 \\ 3 5 \\ 3 3 \\ 4 1 \\ 4 2 \\ 4 3 \\ 4 5 \\ 4 5 \\ 5 1 \\ 5 2 \\ 5 3 \end{array}$	<pre>vation shall provide the attorney general any information on the sale, lease, or distribution of prohibited children's products. 14. Enforcement. Where it is determined, following a hearing, that a manufacturer has violated one or more provisions of this section, the commissioner of environmental conservation may assess a civil penalty no greater than five thousand dollars per violation. Upon the occasion of a second violation, and subsequent violations of this section, a civil penalty of no greater than fifty thousand dollars may be assessed. Any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the state administrative procedure act. The hearing officer shall consider whether a retailer knowingly offered such items for sale as a defense to violations. The department of state, department of health and the department of environmental conservation may adopt such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this section. § 2. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, para- graph, section or part of this act directly involved in the controversy in which the judgment shall have been rendered. § 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any rules or regulations neces-</pre>