STATE OF NEW YORK

5399--C

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

February 11, 2019

- Introduced by M. of A. CARROLL, COLTON, ARROYO, SIMON, PICHARDO, D'URSO, ORTIZ, GRIFFIN -- read once and referred to the Committee on Environmental Conservation -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- again reported from said committee with amendments, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- again reported from said committee with amendments, ordered reprinted and recommitted to said committee
- AN ACT to amend the environmental conservation law, in relation to declaring a climate emergency and placing a ban on new fossil fuel infrastructure

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a 2 new section 1-0103 to read as follows:

3 <u>§ 1-0103. Climate emergency declaration and policy.</u>

4 <u>1. The legislature finds and declares the following:</u>

5 (a) A climate emergency exists that threatens the state of New York, 6 the nation, and the world;

7 (b) Irrevocable damage to the environment has been caused by global 8 warming of approximately one degree celsius demonstrating that the earth 9 is already too hot for safety and justice, as attested by increased and 10 intensifying wildfires, floods, rising seas, diseases, droughts, and

extreme weather;
(c) On April twenty-second, two thousand sixteen, world leaders from
one hundred seventy-four countries and the European Union recognized the
threat of climate change and the urgent need to combat it by signing the
Darig Agreement agreeing to hear warming well below two degrees coloring.

- 15 Paris Agreement, agreeing to keep warming well below two degrees celsius
- 16 above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temper-
- 17 <u>ature increase to one and one-half degrees fahrenheit;</u>

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1	(d) On October eighth, two thousand eighteen, the United Nations
2	International Panel on Climate Change ("IPCC") released a special
3	report, which projected that limiting warming to the one and one-half
4	degrees celsius target this century will require an unprecedented trans-
5	formation of every sector of the global economy over the next twelve
6	years;
7	(e) On November twenty-third, two thousand eighteen, the United States
8	Fourth National Climate Assessment ("NCA4") was released and details the
9	massive threat that climate change poses to the American economy, our
10	environment and climate stability, and underscores the need for immedi-
11	ate climate emergency action at all levels of government;
12	(f) According to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration's
13	(NASA) Goddard Institute for Space Studies (GISS), global temperatures
14^{-1}	in two thousand eighteen were eighty-three one-hundredths degrees celsi-
15	us (one and one-half degrees fahrenheit) warmer than the nineteen
16	hundred fifty-one to nineteen hundred eighty mean, and the past five
17	years are collectively the warmest in modern history;
18	(g) World Wildlife Fund's 2018 Living Planet report finds that there
19	has been a sixty per centum decline in global wildlife populations
20	between nineteen hundred seventy and two thousand fourteen, with causes
21	including overfishing, pollution and climate change;
22	(h) According to the intergovernmental science-policy platform on
23	biodiversity and ecosystem services, human activity has already severely
24	altered forty per centum of the marine environment, fifty per centum of
25	inland waterways, and seventy-five per centum of the planet's land, and
26	it is projected that five hundred thousand to one million species are
27	threatened with extinction, many within the next few decades;
28	(i) Globally, eighteen of the nineteen hottest years on record have
29	occurred since two thousand one;
30	(j) The state of New York is particularly vulnerable to the effects of
31	climate change and has already been subjected to devastating disasters
32	caused by global warming, including increasing superstorms and severe
33	flooding;
34	(k) Marginalized populations in the state of New York and worldwide,
35	including people of color, immigrants, indigenous communities, low-in-
36	come individuals, people with disabilities, and the unhoused are already
37	disproportionately affected by climate change, and will continue to bear
38	an excess burden as temperatures increase, oceans rise, and disasters
39	
	<pre>worsen; (1) Restoring a safe and stable climate and reversing biodiversity</pre>
40	
41	loss requires an emergency mobilization on a scale not seen since World
42	War II to attain zero greenhouse gas emissions across all sectors at
43	wartime speed, to rapidly and safely draw down or remove all excess
44	carbon from the atmosphere, and to implement measures to protect all
45	people and species from the consequences of abrupt climate change and
46	ecological destruction;
47	(m) Building a society that is resilient to the current, expected, and
48	potential effects of climate change will protect health, lives, environ-
49	ments, and economies. Resilience is best achieved by preparing for the
50	most dramatic potential consequences of climate change; and
51	(n) Justice demands climate policy that addresses the specific experi-
52	ences, vulnerabilities, and needs of the marginalized communities most
53	affected by the effects of climate change, and includes those communi-
54	ties in climate and ecological resilience planning, policy and actions.
55	2. It is hereby declared to be the policy of the state of New York to
56	restore an optimal safe climate and to provide maximum protection from
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1	climate change to all people and species, globally, including the most
2	vulnerable.
3	3. It is the intent of the legislature that the state do all of the
4	following in furtherance of such policy:
5	(a) Convert the economy to net zero greenhouse gas emissions as quick-
6	ly as possible.
7	(b) Immediately initiate a multigenerational effort to draw down
8	greenhouse gases already in the atmosphere in as short a time as possi-
9	ble, and develop research in support of this goal.
10	(c) Immediately initiate a massive effort to restore ecosystems.
11	(d) Respond to the climate emergency based on a just transition frame-
12	work that focuses on equity, self-determination, culture, tradition,
13	democracy, and the fundamental human right of all people to clean, heal-
14	thy, and adequate air, water, land, food, education, and shelter.
15	(e) Engage the public in climate-emergency-related deliberations so
16	that citizens can see their influence on the policy and resource deci-
17	sions that impact their daily lives and their future.
18	(f) Encourage nongovernment actors to contribute to the development
19	and implementation of solutions.
20	(g) A sweeping overhaul of the economy that centers on equity and
21	justice in its solutions is vital to our future and must include the
22	following goals: dramatically expand existing renewable power sources
23	and deploy new production capacity with the goal of meeting one hundred
24	per centum of national power demand through renewable sources; build a
25	national, energy-efficient, "smart" grid; upgrade every residential and
26	industrial building for state-of-the-art energy efficiency, comfort and
27	safety; eliminate greenhouse gas emissions from manufacturing, agricul-
28	tural and other industries, including by investing in local-scale agri-
29	culture in communities across the country; repair and improve transpor-
30	tation and other infrastructure, and upgrade water infrastructure to
31	ensure universal access to clean water; fund massive investment in the
32	drawdown of greenhouse gases; and make "green" technology, industry,
33	expertise, products and services a major export of the United States,
34	with the aim of becoming the international leader in helping other coun-
35	tries become greenhouse gas neutral economies and bringing about a
36	global transition.
37	(h) Support efforts for an emergency mobilization to restore a safe
38	climate in other states and at the federal and global level.
39	§ 2. Article 23 of the environmental conservation law is amended by
40	adding a new title 29 to read as follows:
41	TITLE 29
42	BAN ON NEW FOSSIL FUEL INFRASTRUCTURE
43	Section 23-2901. Ban on new fossil fuel infrastructure.
44	<u>§ 23-2901. Ban on new fossil fuel infrastructure.</u>
45	1. Legislative intent. New York state faces an existential climate,
46	ecological, economic, and security emergency which threatens our munici-
47	palities, state, nation, and the world; a World War II-scale mobiliza-
48	tion is needed to eliminate greenhouse gas emissions. Human-caused
49	climate change and air pollution are due to using fossil fuels. Climate
50	change disproportionately impacts communities of color, children, elder-
51	ly, Native Americans, indigenous peoples, the ill, the poor, farmers,
52	and future generations. The state shall promote a controlled reduction
5∠ 53	of fossil fuel utilization and a transition to clean, renewable energy
53 54	for the purpose of improving safety, public health, environmental
54 55	protection, economic growth, and energy reliability as well as providing
55 56	cost savings, creating jobs, and preventing climate catastrophe.
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1	2. For the purposes of this section, "fossil fuel" shall mean coal,
2	petroleum products and fuel gases.
3	3. For the purposes of this section, "fossil fuel infrastructure"
4	shall mean a structure, such as a natural gas plant, coal power plant,
5	natural gas compressor station, or ancillary facilities used to move
6	fossil fuel from one location to another, such as a natural gas or oil
7	pipeline. The phrase does not include: motor vehicles; gas stations;
8	underground tanks or pipes located on the site of a motor vehicle
9	service station; retail, manufacturing or other facilities not primarily
10	used to produce or store fossil fuels; retail products; or pipes leading
11	to a residential or commercial building from a fuel tank to which fuel
12	is delivered by motor vehicle. Furthermore it includes:
13	a. large-scale uses and facilities engaged in the wholesale distrib-
14	<u>ution, extraction, refinement or processing of fossil fuels;</u>
15	b. terminals engaged in the bulk movement of fossil fuels, excluding
16	rail yards, fuel storage for airports and marine servicing facilities;
17	c. bulk storage of fossil fuels in excess of two million gallons and
18	fossil fuel facilities that do not provide direct sale or distribution
19	to consumers; and
20	d. any additional meaning of fossil fuel infrastructure for the
21	purposes of this section shall be determined by the commissioner in
22	accordance with the primary intent of this section.
23	e. This ban shall not apply to uses and facilities necessary to
24	address a bona fide imminent threat to public health, safety and
25	welfare. This ban shall also not apply to uses and facilities necessary
26	for public safety, including, but not limited to, police, fire and
27	rescue agencies.
28	4. A ban shall be established on any and all new fossil fuel infras-
29	tructure projects including as it relates to the distribution, process-
30	ing, storage, or extraction of fossil fuels. No new permits, licenses,
31	or any form of permission shall be granted for any new fossil fuel
32	infrastructure project nor shall any funding, investment, or any other
33	financial assistance be granted to any new fossil fuel infrastructure
34	project as long as there are economically and technologically feasible
35	alternatives to ensure energy reliability. This section shall not apply
26	
36	to the repair or maintenance of existing infrastructure as of the effec-
37	tive date of this section. Such ban shall apply to the entirety of the
37 38	tive date of this section. Such ban shall apply to the entirety of the state including all departments, agencies, offices, municipalities, and
37	tive date of this section. Such ban shall apply to the entirety of the

41 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.