

# STATE OF NEW YORK

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4872

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

February 5, 2019

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Introduced by M. of A. CUSICK, WALKER -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

AN ACT to amend the real property tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to applications by certain electric generating facilities for tax abatements for industrial and commercial construction work on properties in a city of one million or more persons

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Legislative findings. The legislature hereby finds that the  
2 2011 amendment to the industrial and commercial abatement program was  
3 successful in preventing a large increase in capacity rates for elec-  
4 tricity that would have cost ratepayers in the city of New York hundreds  
5 of millions of dollars had the law not been changed. However, in the  
6 haste to adopt that law, a new peaking power plant fell through the  
7 cracks and has been paying property taxes since it began operations in  
8 2012, even though the 2011 statute clearly intended that industrial and  
9 commercial abatement program benefits be provided to peaking power  
10 plants as a right. This act would correct that defect in the statute and  
11 enable the facility to receive industrial and commercial abatement  
12 program benefits prospectively.

13 § 2. Subdivision 17 of section 489-aaaaaa of the real property tax  
14 law, as amended by chapter 28 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as  
15 follows:

16 17. "Utility property" means property and equipment as described in  
17 paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f) and (i) of subdivision twelve of section  
18 one hundred two of this chapter that is used in the ordinary course of  
19 business by its owner or any other entity or property as described in  
20 paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision twelve of section one hundred two  
21 of this chapter that is owned by any entity that uses in the ordinary  
22 course of business property and equipment as described in paragraphs

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD08403-01-9

(c), (d), (e), (f) and (i) of subdivision twelve of section one hundred two of this chapter, without regard to the classification of such property and equipment for real property tax purposes pursuant to section eighteen hundred two of this chapter, except that any such property and equipment used solely to serve the building to which they are attached shall not be deemed utility property. Notwithstanding any provision of this title to the contrary, peaking units shall not be considered utility property. For purposes of this title, "peaking unit" shall mean a generating unit that: (a) is determined by the New York independent system operator or a federal or New York state energy regulatory commission to constitute a peaking unit as set forth in section 5.14.1.2 of the New York independent system operator's market administration and control area services tariff, as such term existed as of April first, two thousand eleven; or (b) has an annual average operation, during the calendar year preceding the taxable status date, of less than eighteen hours following each start of the unit; for purposes of calculating the annual average, operations during any period covered by any major emergency declaration issued by the New York independent system operator, northeast power coordinating council, or other similar entity shall be excluded; or (c) notwithstanding the requirements and provisions of this title, any peaking unit that was planned, approved and under construction between the effective date of this title and the effective date of chapter twenty-eight of the laws of two thousand eleven, and upon going into service exclusively provides electricity to Zone J, shall be deemed eligible for the benefits of this title; provided, however, that the benefit period for a peaking unit shall be as set forth in paragraph (b-1) of subdivision three of section four hundred eighty-nine-bbbbbb of this title; and provided, further, that such benefits shall commence upon the effective date of this paragraph. A "peaking unit" under this title shall include all real property used in connection with the generation of electricity, and any facilities used to interconnect the peaking unit with the electric transmission or distribution system, but shall not include any facilities that are part of the electric transmission or distribution system; it may be comprised of a single turbine and generator or multiple turbines and generators located at the same site. Notwithstanding any provision of this title to the contrary, a peaking unit shall be considered industrial property, provided however that the benefit period for a peaking unit shall be as set forth in paragraph (b-1) of subdivision three of section four hundred eighty-nine-bbbbbb of this title.

§ 3. Subdivision q of section 11-268 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by chapter 28 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

q. "Utility property" means property and equipment as described in paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f) and (i) of subdivision twelve of section one hundred two of the real property tax law that is used in the ordinary course of business by its owner or any other entity or property as described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision twelve of section one hundred two of such law that is owned by any entity that uses in the ordinary course of business property and equipment as described in paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f) and (i) of subdivision twelve of section one hundred two of such law, without regard to the classification of such property and equipment for real property tax purposes pursuant to section eighteen hundred two of such law, except that any such property and equipment used solely to serve the building to which they are attached shall not be deemed utility property. Notwithstanding any

1 provision of this part to the contrary, peaking units shall not be  
2 considered utility property. For purposes of this part, "peaking unit"  
3 shall mean a generating unit that: (a) is determined by the New York  
4 independent system operator or a federal or New York state energy regu-  
5 latory commission to constitute a peaking unit as set forth in section  
6 5.14.1.2 of the New York independent system operator's market adminis-  
7 tration and control area services tariff, as such term existed as of  
8 April first, two thousand eleven; or (b) has an annual average opera-  
9 tion, during the calendar year preceding the taxable status date, of  
10 less than eighteen hours following each start of the unit; for purposes  
11 of calculating the annual average, operations during any period covered  
12 by any major emergency declaration issued by the New York independent  
13 system operator, northeast power coordinating council, or other similar  
14 entity shall be excluded; or (c) notwithstanding the requirements and  
15 provisions of this part, any peaking unit that was planned, approved and  
16 under construction between the effective date of title two-F of article  
17 four of the real property tax law and the effective date of chapter  
18 twenty-eight of the laws of two thousand eleven, and upon going into  
19 service exclusively provides electricity to Zone J, shall be deemed  
20 eligible for the benefits of this part; provided, however, that the  
21 benefit period for a peaking unit shall be as set forth in paragraph  
22 two-a of subdivision c of section 11-269 of this part; and provided,  
23 further, that such benefits shall commence upon the effective date of  
24 this paragraph. A "peaking unit" under this part shall include all real  
25 property used in connection with the generation of electricity, and any  
26 facilities used to interconnect the peaking unit with the electric tran-  
27 smission or distribution system, but shall not include any facilities  
28 that are part of the electric transmission or distribution system; it  
29 may be comprised of a single turbine and generator or multiple turbines  
30 and generators located at the same site. Notwithstanding any provision  
31 of this part to the contrary, a peaking unit shall be considered indus-  
32 trial property, provided however that the benefit period for a peaking  
33 unit shall be as set forth in paragraph two-a of subdivision c of  
34 section 11-269 of this part.

35 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.