STATE OF NEW YORK

2919--C

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 28, 2019

Introduced by M. of A. PEOPLES-STOKES, WRIGHT, TAYLOR, JAFFEE, MAGNAREL-LI, BENEDETTO, DICKENS, ENGLEBRIGHT, RIVERA, MORINELLO, JEAN-PIERRE, DE LA ROSA, SEAWRIGHT, D'URSO, LAWRENCE, COOK, BLAKE, L. ROSENTHAL, PERRY, LUPARDO, GOTTFRIED, BRONSON, LENTOL, ABBATE, RICHARDSON, DILAN, KIM, MOSLEY, PHEFFER AMATO, DINOWITZ, RODRIGUEZ, PRETLOW, NIOU, ROZIC, D. ROSENTHAL, JOYNER, HUNTER, PICHARDO, SOLAGES, HEVESI, HYNDMAN, GALEF, DenDEKKER, GUNTHER, STIRPE, BUCHWALD, WOERNER, CUSICK, QUART, SCHIMMINGER, FAHY, SANTABARBARA, BICHOTTE, WEPRIN, LAVINE, McDONALD, CYMBROWITZ, WALCZYK, VANEL, ZEBROWSKI, WALLACE, PAULIN, EICHENSTEIN, CARROLL, FALL, REYES, ORTIZ, WALKER, RYAN, FERNANDEZ, SAYEGH, McMAHON, BARNWELL, BARRETT, BUTTENSCHON, ARROYO, COLTON, BARRON, DARLING, BRAUNSTEIN, STERN, CAHILL, GRIFFIN, RAMOS, JONES, BURKE -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. BARCLAY, CROUCH, DAVILA, GIGLIO, GOODELL, M. L. MILLER, THIELE -- read once and referred to the Committee on Higher Education -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- recommitted to the Committee on Higher Education in accordance with Assembly Rule sec. 2 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- again reported from said committee with amendments, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the business corporation law, the partnership law and the limited liability company law, in relation to certified public accountants

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 1503 of the business corporation law is amended by 2 adding a new paragraph (h) to read as follows:

3 (h) Any firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as 4 a professional service corporation formed to lawfully engage in the 5 practice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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under article one hundred forty-nine of the education law shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the 2 3 firm, in terms of financial interests, and voting rights held by the 4 firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public 5 accountancy in some state, and (2) that all shareholders of a profes-6 sional service corporation whose principal place of business is in this 7 state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this 8 state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred 9 four of the education law. For purposes of this paragraph, "financial 10 interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital contributions, capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings of a business 11 entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and 12 13 its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of 14 regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm incorporated under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the 15 16 words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm 17 that is incorporated under this section shall be a natural person who 18 19 actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated 20 entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means 21 to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day business or management of the firm. Such a firm shall 22 have attached to its certificate of incorporation a certificate or 23 certificates demonstrating the firm's compliance with this paragraph, in 24 25 lieu of the certificate or certificates required by subparagraph (ii) of 26 paragraph (b) of this section.

- § 2. Section 1507 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:
- (c) Any firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article may issue shares to individuals who are authorized by law to practice in this state the profession which such corporation is authorized to practice and who are or have been engaged in the practice of such profession in such corporation or a predecessor entity, or who will engage in the practice of such profession in such corporation within thirty days of the date such shares are issued and may also issue shares to employees of the corporation not licensed as certified public accountants, provided that:
- (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants,
- 41 (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public 42 accountants,
- 43 <u>(iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public</u> 44 <u>accountants</u>,
- 45 (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the 46 chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor-47 48 porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a 49 50 voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in 51 another person, other than another shareholder of the same corporation, the authority to exercise voting power of any or all of his or her 52 53 shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in 54 violation of this section shall be void.
- 55 § 3. Section 1508 of the business corporation law is amended by adding 56 a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:

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(c) The directors and officers of any firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article may include individuals who are not licensed to practice public accountancy, provided however that at least fifty-one percent of the directors, at least fifty-one percent of the officers and the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are authorized by law to practice in any state the profession which such corporation is authorized to practice, and are either shareholders of such corporation or engaged in the practice of their professions in such corporation.

- § 4. Section 1509 of the business corporation law, as amended by chapter 550 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- § 1509. Disqualification of shareholders, directors, officers and employees.

any shareholder, director, officer or employee of a professional service corporation, including a design professional service corporation, who has been rendering professional service to the public becomes legally disqualified to practice his or her profession within this state, he or she shall sever all employment with, and financial interests (other than interests as a creditor) in, such corporation forthwith or as otherwise provided in section 1510 of this article. All provisions of law regulating the rendering of professional services by a person elected or appointed to a public office shall be applicable to a shareholder, director, officer and employee of such corporation in the same manner and to the same extent as if fully set forth herein. Such legal disqualification to practice his or her profession within this state shall be deemed to constitute an irrevocable offer by the disqualified shareholder to sell his or her shares to the corporation, pursuant to the provisions of section 1510 of this article or of the certificate incorporation, by-laws or agreement among the corporation and all shareholders, whichever is applicable. Compliance with the terms of such offer shall be specifically enforceable in the courts of this state. A professional service corporation's failure to enforce compliance with this provision shall constitute a ground for forfeiture of its certificate of incorporation and its dissolution.

- § 5. Paragraph (a) of section 1511 of the business corporation law, as amended by chapter 550 of the laws of 2011, is amended and a new paragraph (c) is added to read as follows:
- (a) No shareholder of a professional service corporation [ex], including a design professional service corporation, may sell or transfer his or her shares in such corporation except to another individual who is eligible to have shares issued to him or her by such corporation or except in trust to another individual who would be eligible to receive shares if he or she were employed by the corporation. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the transfer of shares by operation of law or by court decree. No transferee of shares by operation of law or court decree may vote the shares for any purpose whatsoever except with respect to corporate action under sections 909 and 1001 of this chapter. The restriction in the preceding sentence shall not apply, however, where such transferee would be eligible to have shares issued to him or her if he or she were an employee of the corporation and, if there are other shareholders, a majority of such other shareholders shall fail to redeem the shares so transferred, pursuant to section 1510 this article, within sixty days of receiving written notice of such transfer. Any sale or transfer, except by operation of law or court

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decree or except for a corporation having only one shareholder, may be made only after the same shall have been approved by the board of direc-3 tors, or at a shareholders' meeting specially called for such purpose by such proportion, not less than a majority, of the outstanding shares as may be provided in the certificate of incorporation or in the by-laws of such professional service corporation. At such shareholders' meeting the 7 shares held by the shareholder proposing to sell or transfer his or her 8 shares may not be voted or counted for any purpose, unless all share-9 holders consent that such shares be voted or counted. The certificate of 10 incorporation or the by-laws of the professional service corporation, or 11 the professional service corporation and the shareholders by private agreement, may provide, in lieu of or in addition to the foregoing 12 13 provisions, for the alienation of shares and may require the redemption 14 or purchase of such shares by such corporation at prices and in a manner 15 specifically set forth therein. The existence of the restrictions on the 16 sale or transfer of shares, as contained in this article and, if appli-17 cable, in the certificate of incorporation, by-laws, stock purchase or 18 stock redemption agreement, shall be noted conspicuously on the face or back of every certificate for shares issued by a professional service 19 20 corporation. Any sale or transfer in violation of such restrictions 21 shall be void.

- (c) A firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article, shall purchase or redeem the shares of a non-licensed professional shareholder in the case of his or her termination of employment within thirty days after such termination. A firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article, shall not be required to purchase or redeem the shares of a terminated non-licensed professional shareholder if such shares, within thirty days after such termination, are sold or transferred to another employee of the corporation pursuant to this article.
- § 6. Section 1514 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:
 - (c) Each firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall, at least once every three years on or before the date prescribed by the licensing authority, furnish a statement to the licensing authority listing the names and residence addresses of each shareholder, director and officer of such corporation and certify as the date of certification and at all times over the entire three year period that:
- 44 (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of 45 the corporation are and were owned by certified public accountants,
- 46 (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are and were certi-47 fied public accountants,
- 48 <u>(iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are and were certi-</u>
 49 <u>fied public accountants</u>,
- 50 <u>(iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the</u>
 51 <u>chief executive officer or officers are and were certified public</u>
 52 <u>accountants.</u>
- 53 The statement shall be signed by the president or any certified public 54 accountant vice-president and attested to by the secretary or any 55 assistant secretary of the corporation.

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§ 7. Paragraph (d) of section 1525 of the business corporation law, as 1 2 added by chapter 505 of the laws of 1983, is amended to read as follows: 3 (d) "Foreign professional service corporation" means a professional 4 service corporation, whether or not denominated as such, organized under 5 the laws of a jurisdiction other than this state, all of the sharehold-6 ers, directors and officers of which are authorized and licensed to 7 practice the profession for which such corporation is licensed to do business; except that all shareholders, directors and officers of a 9 foreign professional service corporation which provides health services 10 this state shall be licensed in this state. A foreign professional 11 service corporation formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice is defined under article one hundred 12 forty-nine of the education law, or equivalent state law, shall be 13 14 required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the 15 firm, in terms of financial interests, and voting rights held by the 16 firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public 17 accountancy in some state, and (2) that all shareholders of a foreign professional service corporation whose principal place of business is in 18 this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in 19 20 this state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four 21 hundred four of the education law. For purposes of this paragraph, 22 "financial interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital contributions, capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings 23 24 of a business entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, 25 the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state 26 board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered 27 under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public 28 accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee 29 30 owner of a firm that is operating under this section shall be a natural person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its 31 32 affiliated entities, provided each beneficial owner of an equity inter-33 est in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the 34 business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this paragraph, "actively participate" means to provide services to 35 36 clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day busi-37 ness or management of the firm. 38

§ 8. Subdivision (q) of section 121-1500 of the partnership law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

(q) Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide medical services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 131 of the education law to practice medicine in this state and each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide dental services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 133 of the education law to practice dentistry in this state. partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide veterinary services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 135 of the education law to practice veterinary medicine in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide public accountancy services, whose principal place of business is in this state and who provides public accountancy services, must be licensed pursuant to article 149 of the education law to practice public 54 accountancy in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide professional engineering, land surveying, geological services, architectural and/or landscape architectural

services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 145, article 147 and/or article 148 of the education law to practice one or more of 3 such professions in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide licensed clinical social work services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 154 of the education law to practice clinical social work in this state. Each part-7 ner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide creative arts therapy services in this state must be licensed pursuant 9 to article 163 of the education law to practice creative arts therapy in 10 state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership 11 formed to provide marriage and family therapy services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to prac-12 13 tice marriage and family therapy in this state. Each partner of a regis-14 tered limited liability partnership formed to provide mental health 15 counseling services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 16 163 of the education law to practice mental health counseling in this 17 state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed 18 to provide psychoanalysis services in this state must be licensed pursu-19 ant to article 163 of the education law to practice psychoanalysis in 20 this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership 21 formed to provide applied behavior analysis service in this state must be licensed or certified pursuant to article 167 of the education law to 22 practice applied behavior analysis in this state. A limited liability 23 24 partnership formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accoun-25 tancy, as such practice is respectively defined under article 149 of the 26 education law, shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of 27 the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, and voting 28 rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to 29 practice public accountancy in some state, and (2) that all partners of 30 a limited liability partnership whose principal place of business is in 31 this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in 32 this state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four 33 hundred four of the education law. For purposes of this subdivision, "financial interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital 34 35 contributions, capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings 36 of a business entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, 37 the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state 38 board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name 39 includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public 40 accounts, " or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner 41 42 of a firm that is formed under this section shall be (1) a natural 43 person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its 44 affiliated entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a 45 partnership or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner 46 of an equity interest in such entity is a natural person who actively 47 participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means 48 to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in 49 50 the day-to-day business or management of the firm. 51

§ 9. Subdivision (q) of section 121-1502 of the partnership law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

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(q) Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides medical services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 131 of the education law to practice medicine in the state and

each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides dental services in the state must be licensed pursuant to article 133 of the education law to practice dentistry in this state. Each partner of a 3 foreign limited liability partnership which provides veterinary service in the state shall be licensed pursuant to article 135 of the education law to practice veterinary medicine in this state. Each partner of a 7 foreign limited liability partnership which provides professional engineering, land surveying, geological services, architectural and/or land-9 scape architectural services in this state must be licensed pursuant to 10 article 145, article 147 and/or article 148 of the education law to 11 practice one or more of such professions. Each partner of a foreign registered limited liability partnership formed to provide public 12 accountancy services, whose principal place of business is in this state 13 14 and who provides public accountancy services, must be licensed pursuant 15 to article 149 of the education law to practice public accountancy in 16 this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership 17 which provides licensed clinical social work services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 154 of the education law to practice 18 licensed clinical social work in this state. Each partner of a foreign 19 20 limited liability partnership which provides creative arts therapy 21 services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice creative arts therapy in this state. Each 22 partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides 23 24 marriage and family therapy services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice marriage and 25 26 family therapy in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liabil-27 ity partnership which provides mental health counseling services in this 28 state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice mental health counseling in this state. Each partner of a 29 30 foreign limited liability partnership which provides psychoanalysis 31 services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the 32 education law to practice psychoanalysis in this state. Each partner of 33 a foreign limited liability partnership which provides applied behavior 34 analysis services in this state must be licensed or certified pursuant 35 to article 167 of the education law to practice applied behavior analy-36 sis in this state. A foreign limited liability partnership formed to 37 lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice 38 is respectively defined under article 149 of the education law, shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the 39 40 firm, in terms of financial interests, and voting rights held by the 41 firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public 42 accountancy in some state, and (2) that all partners of a foreign limit-43 ed liability partnership whose principal place of business is in this 44 state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this 45 state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred 46 four of the education law. For purposes of this subdivision, "financial 47 interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital contributions, 48 capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings of a business 49 entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of 50 51 regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this 52 section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the 53 words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm 54 that is formed under this section shall be (1) a natural person who 55 actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated

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entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day business or management of the firm.

§ 10. Subdivision (h) of section 121-101 of the partnership law, as added by chapter 950 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows: "Limited partnership" and "domestic limited partnership" mean, unless the context otherwise requires, a partnership (i) formed by two or more persons pursuant to this article or which complies with subdivision (a) of section 121-1202 of this article and (ii) having one or more general partners and one or more limited partners. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law a limited partnership or domestic limited partnership formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined under article 149 of the education law shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, including ownership-based compensation, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some state, and (2) that all partners of a limited partnership or domestic limited partnership, whose principal place of business is in this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred four of the education law or are public accountants licensed under section seventy-four hundred five of the education law. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public accountant, or "certified public accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is registered under this section shall be (1) a natural person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day business or management of the firm.

§ 11. Subdivision (b) of section 1207 of the limited liability company law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

(b) With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide medical services as such services are defined in article 131 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 131 of the education law to practice medicine in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide dental services as such services are defined in article 133 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 133 of the education law to practice dentistry in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide veterinary services as such services are defined in article 135 of the

education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 135 of the education law to practice veterinary medicine in this state. With respect to a professional service 3 limited liability company formed to provide professional engineering, land surveying, architectural, landscape architectural and/or geological services as such services are defined in article 145, article 147 and 7 article 148 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 145, article 147 and/or 9 article 148 of the education law to practice one or more of such 10 professions in this state. With respect to a professional service 11 limited liability company formed to provide public accountancy services as such services are defined in article 149 of the education law each 12 13 member of such limited liability company whose principal place of busi-14 ness is in this state and who provides public accountancy services, must 15 be licensed pursuant to article 149 of the education law to practice public accountancy in this state.
With respect to a professional service 16 17 limited liability company formed to provide licensed clinical social 18 work services as such services are defined in article 154 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company shall be 19 20 licensed pursuant to article 154 of the education law to practice 21 licensed clinical social work in this state. With respect to a profes-22 sional service limited liability company formed to provide creative arts 23 therapy services as such services are defined in article 163 of the 24 education law, each member of such limited liability company must be 25 licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice crea-26 tive arts therapy in this state. With respect to a professional service 27 limited liability company formed to provide marriage and family therapy 28 services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed 29 30 pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice marriage and 31 family therapy in this state. With respect to a professional service 32 limited liability company formed to provide mental health counseling 33 services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed 34 35 pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice mental health 36 counseling in this state. With respect to a professional service limited 37 liability company formed to provide psychoanalysis services as such 38 services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 163 39 40 the education law to practice psychoanalysis in this state. With 41 respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to 42 provide applied behavior analysis services as such services are defined 43 in article 167 of the education law, each member of such limited liabil-44 ity company must be licensed or certified pursuant to article 167 of the 45 education law to practice applied behavior analysis in this state. 46 professional service limited liability company formed to lawfully engage 47 in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively 48 defined under article 149 of the education law shall be required to show 49 (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, 50 51 belongs to individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some 52 state, and (2) that all members of a limited professional service limitliability company, whose principal place of business is in this 53 54 state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred 55 four of the education law. For purposes of this subdivision, "financial

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interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital contributions, capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings of a business 3 entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and 4 its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm 7 8 9 that is registered under this section shall be (1) a natural person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated 10 11 entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity 12 13 interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For 14 15 purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide 16 services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-17 to-day business or management of the firm.

§ 12. Subdivision (a) of section 1301 of the limited liability company law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

20 21 "Foreign professional service limited liability company" means a 22 professional service limited liability company, whether or not denominated as such, organized under the laws of a jurisdiction other than 23 24 this state, (i) each of whose members and managers, if any, is a professional authorized by law to render a professional service within this 25 26 state and who is or has been engaged in the practice of such profession 27 in such professional service limited liability company or a predecessor entity, or will engage in the practice of such profession in the profes-28 29 sional service limited liability company within thirty days of the date 30 such professional becomes a member, or each of whose members and manag-31 ers, if any, is a professional at least one of such members is author-32 ized by law to render a professional service within this state and who 33 is or has been engaged in the practice of such profession in such 34 professional service limited liability company or a predecessor entity, 35 or will engage in the practice of such profession in the professional 36 service limited liability company within thirty days of the date such 37 professional becomes a member, or (ii) authorized by, or holding a 38 license, certificate, registration or permit issued by the licensing authority pursuant to, the education law to render a professional 39 service within this state; except that all members and managers, if any, 40 41 of a foreign professional service limited liability company that 42 provides health services in this state shall be licensed in this state. 43 With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company 44 which provides veterinary services as such services are defined in arti-45 cle 135 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional 46 service limited liability company shall be licensed pursuant to article 47 135 of the education law to practice veterinary medicine. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which 48 provides medical services as such services are defined in article 131 of 49 the education law, each member of such foreign professional service 50 51 limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 131 of 52 the education law to practice medicine in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides 54 dental services as such services are defined in article 133 of the 55 education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 133 of the educa-

tion law to practice dentistry in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides professional engineering, land surveying, geologic, architectural and/or land-3 4 scape architectural services as such services are defined in article 145, article 147 and article 148 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company must be 7 licensed pursuant to article 145, article 147 and/or article 148 of the education law to practice one or more of such professions in this state. 9 With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company 10 which provides public accountancy services as such services are defined 11 in article 149 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company whose principal place of busi-12 13 ness is in this state and who provides public accountancy services, 14 shall be licensed pursuant to article 149 of the education law to prac-15 tice public accountancy in this state. With respect to a foreign profes-16 sional service limited liability company which provides licensed clin-17 ical social work services as such services are defined in article 154 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service 18 19 limited liability company shall be licensed pursuant to article 154 of 20 the education law to practice clinical social work in this state. With 21 respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company 22 which provides creative arts therapy services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign 23 24 professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant 25 to article 163 of the education law to practice creative arts therapy in 26 this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides marriage and family therapy services as 27 28 such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company 29 30 must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to prac-31 tice marriage and family therapy in this state. With respect to a 32 foreign professional service limited liability company which provides 33 mental health counseling services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional 34 35 service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 36 163 of the education law to practice mental health counseling in this 37 state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability 38 company which provides psychoanalysis services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign 39 40 professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant 41 to article 163 of the education law to practice psychoanalysis in this 42 state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability 43 company which provides applied behavior analysis services as such 44 services are defined in article 167 of the education law, each member of 45 such foreign professional service limited liability company must be 46 licensed or certified pursuant to article 167 of the education law to 47 practice applied behavior analysis in this state. A foreign professional service limited liability company formed to lawfully engage in the prac-48 tice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined 49 under article 149 of the education law shall be required to show (1) 50 51 that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of finan-52 cial interests, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to 53 individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some state, and 54 (2) that all members of a foreign limited professional service limited liability company, whose principal place of business is in this state, 55 and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state,

hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred four of the education law. For purposes of this subdivision, "financial interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital contributions, capi-3 tal interest, or interest in undistributed earnings of a business entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. 7 Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words 9 "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is 10 registered under this section shall be (1) a natural person who actively 11 participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, or 12 (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership or profes-13 14 sional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest 15 in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the 16 business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes 17 of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to 18 clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day busi-19 ness or management of the firm.

§ 13. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, there is hereby established a fee for each non-licensee owner of a firm that is registered in this state to lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy. Such non-licensee owner shall pay a fee of nine 23 24 hundred dollars to the department of education on a triennial basis.

§ 14. This act shall take effect immediately.

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