STATE OF NEW YORK

2072

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 22, 2019

Introduced by M. of A. ZEBROWSKI, GALEF, COLTON, GUNTHER, COOK, JAFFEE, ORTIZ -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. ABBATE -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the penal law, in relation to including the forgery of a certificate of insurance or an insurance identification card within the offense of forgery in the second degree and the forgery of ten or more instruments with the offense of forgery in the first degree

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subdivision 5 of section 170.10 of the penal law is amended and a new subdivision 6 is added to read as follows:

- 5. A prescription of a duly licensed physician or other person authorized to issue the same for any drug or any instrument or device used in the taking or administering of drugs for which a prescription is required by law[-]; or
- 7 <u>6. A certificate of insurance or an insurance identification card, as</u> 8 <u>defined in section three hundred eleven of the vehicle and traffic law.</u>
- 9 § 2. Section 170.15 of the penal law is amended to read as follows: 10 § 170.15 Forgery in the first degree.
- 11 A person is guilty of forgery in the first degree when, with intent to defraud, deceive or injure another, he <u>or she</u> falsely makes, completes 13 or alters [a]:
 - 1. Ten or more written instruments; or

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- 2. A written instrument which is or purports to be, or which is calculated to become or to represent if completed:
- 17 [1...] (a) Part of an issue of money, stamps, securities or other valu18 able instruments issued by a government or governmental instrumentality;
 19 or
- 20 [2.] (b) Part of an issue of stock, bonds or other instruments repres-21 enting interests in or claims against a corporate or other organization 22 or its property.
- 23 Forgery in the first degree is a class C felony.
- § 3. This act shall take effect on the first of November next succeeding the date on which it shall have become a law.

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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