

STATE OF NEW YORK

8752

IN SENATE

May 10, 2018

Introduced by Sen. SEPULVEDA -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to the use of psychotropic medications in nursing homes and adult care facilities

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The public health law is amended by adding a new section
2 280-c to read as follows:

3 § 280-c. Use of psychotropic medications in nursing homes and adult
4 care facilities. 1. As used in this section:

5 (a) "psychotropic medication" means a drug that affects brain activ-
6 ities associated with mental processes and behavior, including, but not
7 limited to, antipsychotics, antidepressants, antianxiety drugs or anxio-
8 lytics, and hypnotics;

9 (b) "lawful representative" means, where a patient lacks capacity to
10 consent to health care, a person authorized to consent on behalf of the
11 patient, including, but not limited to, a health care agent authorized
12 by a health care proxy under article twenty-nine-C of this chapter or a
13 surrogate under article twenty-nine-CC of this chapter;

14 (c) "increase" when used in relation to an order for a psychotropic
15 medication, means an increase of the dosage or duration of the medica-
16 tion above the dosage or duration covered by the currently active
17 consent;

18 (d) "health care professional" means a health care professional,
19 licensed, certified or authorized to practice under title eight of the
20 education law, acting within his or her lawful scope of practice, who
21 has authority to order a psychotropic medication; and

22 (e) "patient" means an individual who is a resident of a residential
23 health care facility as defined in article twenty-eight of this chapter,
24 or an adult care facility certified under section four hundred sixty-
25 one-b of the social services law.

26 2. (a) An order for a psychotropic medication shall include the
27 dosage, frequency, and duration of the order which shall not exceed
28 fourteen days. A health care professional may not order or increase an
29 order for a psychotropic medication for a patient unless the health care
30 professional has obtained the written informed consent of the patient or
31 the patient's lawful representative, or is acting pursuant to an order

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 under this section, or is acting under subdivision three of this
2 section. Where a patient lacks capacity to consent to health care and
3 lacks a lawful representative, an order or increase of an order under
4 this section shall be subject to subdivision four of section twenty-nine
5 hundred ninety-four-g of this chapter as if the patient were an inpa-
6 tient of a general hospital. To constitute informed consent, the follow-
7 ing disclosure shall be given to the patient or, where the patient lacks
8 capacity to consent to health care, the patient's lawful representative,
9 in a clear and explicit manner:

10 (i) the reason for the medication, including the nature and serious-
11 ness of the patient's illness, disorder or condition that the medication
12 is intended to treat;

13 (ii) the anticipated benefit from the medication, and the dosage,
14 frequency, and duration of the order;

15 (iii) the probability of side effects and significant risks of the
16 medication, including the nature, degree, and duration of such effects
17 and reasonably known risks;

18 (iv) the reasonable alternative treatments to the proposed medication
19 and the reason that the health care professional prefers the proposed
20 medication in this instance; and

21 (v) that the patient or lawful representative has the right to consent
22 or refuse consent to use of the proposed medication, and that if he or
23 she consents, he or she has the right to revoke his or her consent for
24 any reason, at any time, including a description of how the consent
25 shall be revoked.

26 (b) The health care professional shall document in the patient's
27 medical record the date and time that the informed consent disclosure
28 was provided, and to whom and by whom it was provided, and include the
29 written consent.

30 (c) Where the patient's medical record notes that a family member has
31 requested notification of medication orders, and such notification is
32 otherwise lawful, the health care professional shall cause notice to be
33 provided within forty-eight hours of the prescription, order, or
34 increase of an order under this section. Such notice shall not be
35 provided if the patient specifically requests that the family member not
36 be given notification.

37 3. A health care professional is not required to obtain consent under
38 this section to issue an order for use of a psychotropic medication for
39 a patient where it is reasonably necessary in an emergency to protect
40 the life, health or safety of the patient or another person. Where an
41 order is made under this subdivision, the health care professional shall
42 immediately record the use of the psychotropic medication, the reason
43 for the use, and the dosage, in the patient's medical record; and shall
44 promptly notify the patient or the patient's lawful representative who
45 would have had the authority to consent, and any family member required
46 to be notified under this section and record such notifications in the
47 patient's medical record.

48 4. This section does not increase the lawful scope of practice of any
49 health care professional and does not diminish or impair any requirement
50 for or regulation of consent to health care treatment.

51 5. The commissioner may make regulations to implement this section.

52 § 2. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after
53 it shall have become a law; provided that, effective immediately, the
54 commissioner of health is authorized to make regulations and take any
55 other actions necessary to implement section 280-c of the public health
56 law.